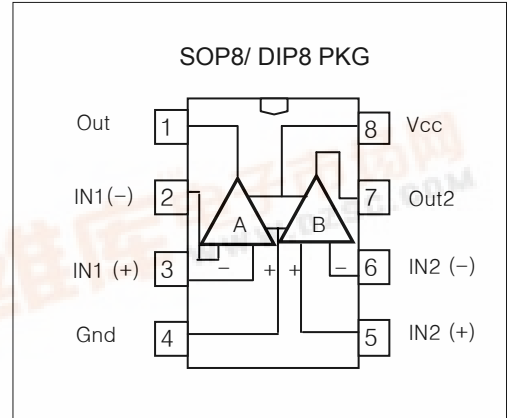


DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

LM4558

FEATURES

- No frequency Compensation Required
- No latch-up
- Large common mode and differential voltage range
- Parameter tracking over temperature range
- Gain and phase match between amplifiers
- Internally frequency compensated
- Low noise input transistors



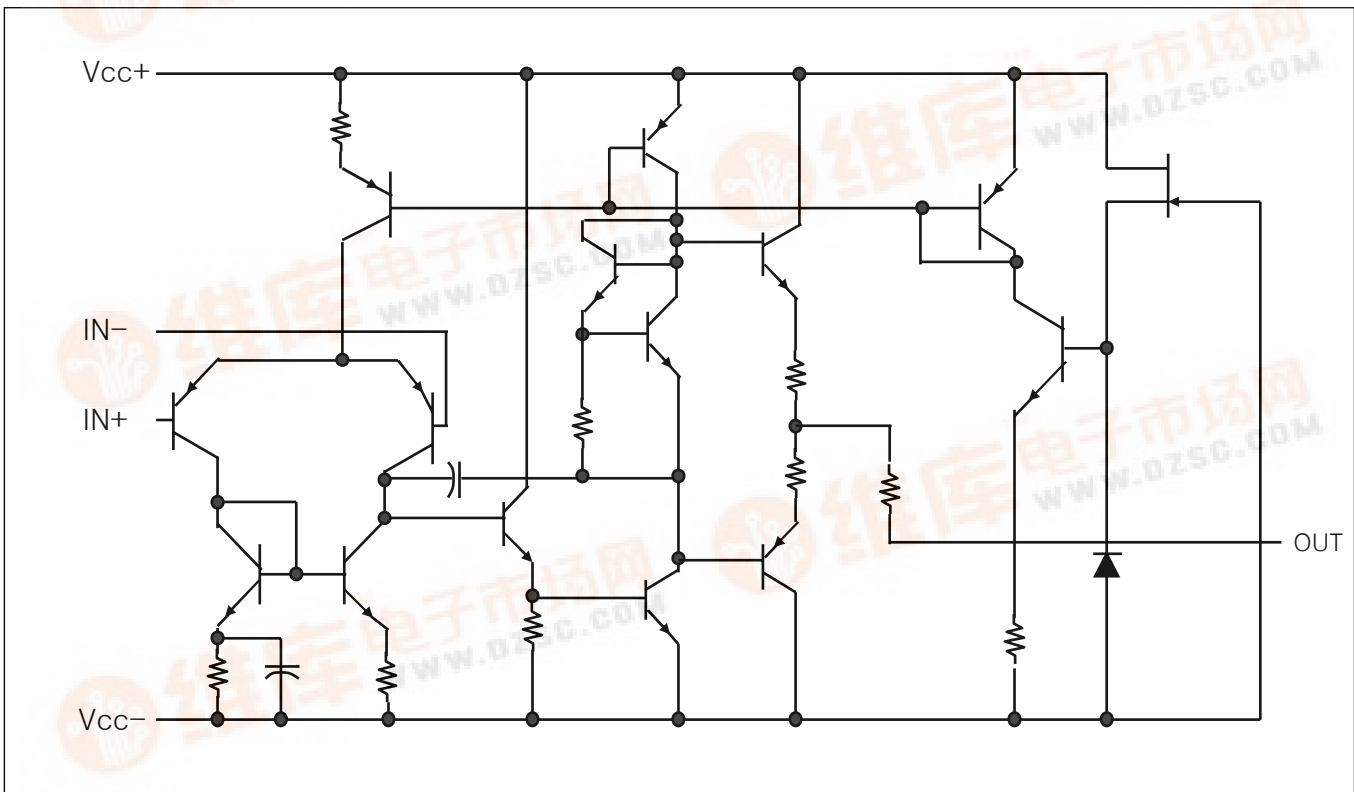
ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package
LM4558D	8 SOP
LM4558N	8 DIP

DESCRIPTIONS

The LM4558 devices is a monolithic integrated circuit designed for dual operational amplifier. The high common-mode input voltage range and the absence of latch-up make these amplifiers ideal for voltage-follower applications. The devices are short-circuit protected and the internal frequency compensation ensures stability without external components. The LM4558 is characterized for operation from 0°C TO 70°C.

SCHEMATIC (EACH AMPLIFIER)



DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

LM4558

Absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range.

		LM4558	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V_{CC}	± 22	V
Differential Input Voltage	$V_{I(DIFF)}$	± 30	V
Input Voltage	V_I	± 15	V
Duration of output short circuit to ground, one amplifier at a time		Unlimited	
Short temperature range	T_{stg}	-65 to 150	$^{\circ}C$

Recommended operating conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage	V_{CC+}	5	15	V
	V_{CC-}	-5	-15	
Operating free-air temperature, T_A	LM4558	0	70	$^{\circ}C$

Electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{CC} = 15V$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS*	LM4558			UNIT	
		MIN	TYP	MAX		
V_{IO} Input Offset Voltage	$VO=0$	25 $^{\circ}C$	0.5	5	mV	
	Full Range			6		
V_{O1}/V_{O2} Crosstalk attenuation	Open $A_{VD}=100$	$R_S=100\ \Omega$ $f=1\ kHz$	25 $^{\circ}C$	85		
				100		
I_{IO} Input Offset Current	$VO=0$	25 $^{\circ}C$	5	200	nA	
	Full Range			500		
r_J	Input resistance	25 $^{\circ}C$	0	5	M Ω	
I_{IB} Input Bias Current	$VO=0$	25 $^{\circ}C$	140	500	nA	
	Full Range			1500		
V_{ICR} Common-Mode Input Voltage range		25 $^{\circ}C$	± 12	± 14	V	
VOM Maximum output voltage swing	$R_L = 10\ k\Omega$	25 $^{\circ}C$	± 12	± 14	V	
	$R_L = 2\ k\Omega$	25 $^{\circ}C$	± 10	± 13		
	$R_L \geq 2\ k\Omega$	Full Range	± 10			
A_{VD} Large-Signal Differential Voltage Amplification	$V_O = \pm 10V$ $R_L \geq 2\ k\Omega$	25 $^{\circ}C$	50	350	V/mV	
		Full Range	25			
CMRR Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	$V_{CC}=5V$ to MAX, $V_{IC}=V_{ICR}$ MIN	25 $^{\circ}C$	65	80	dB	
K_{SVS} Supply Voltage Sensitivity Ratio ($\Delta V_{IO}/\Delta V_{CC}$)		25 $^{\circ}C$		30	150	$\mu V/V$
V_{O1}/V_{O2} Crosstalk Attenuation	$f=1\ kHz$ to 20kHz	25 $^{\circ}C$		120		dB
I_{CC} Supply Current (Both Amplifiers)	$V_O=0$, No Load	25 $^{\circ}C$	2.5	5.6	mA	
		T_A (min)	3.0	6.6		
		T_A (max)	2.0	5.0		

* All characteristics are measured under open-loop conditions with zero common-mode input voltage unless otherwise specified. Full range is 0 $^{\circ}C$ to 70 $^{\circ}C$. T_A (min) = 0 $^{\circ}C$. T_A (max) = 70 $^{\circ}C$.



TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

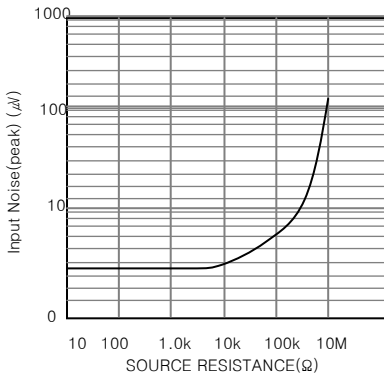


Figure 1. Burst Noise vs Source Resistance

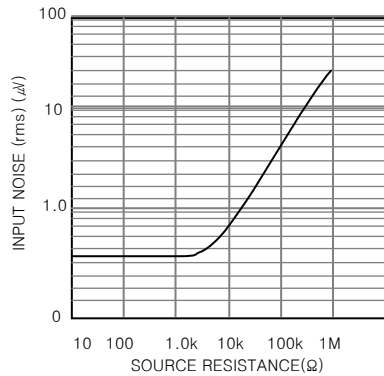


Figure 2. RMS Noise vs Source Resistance

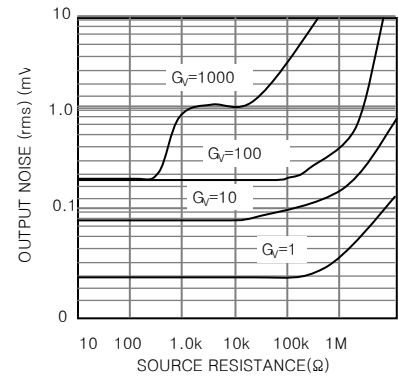


Figure 3. Output Noise vs Source Resistance

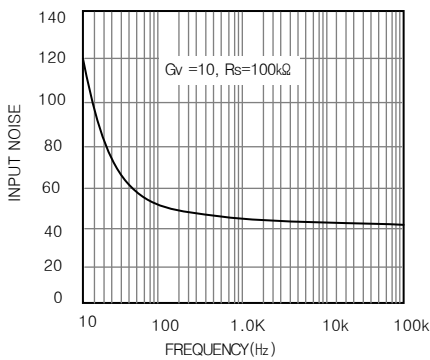


Figure 4. Spectral Noise Density

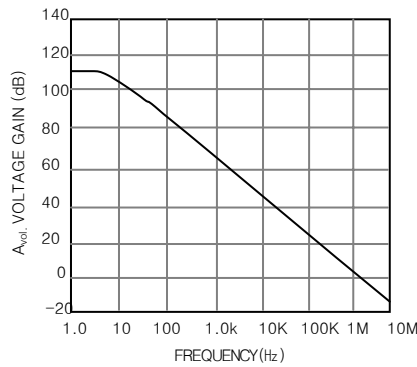


Figure 5. Open Loop Frequency Response

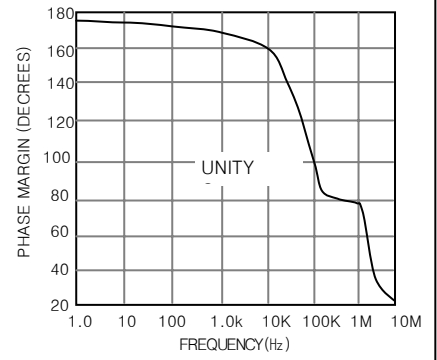


Figure 6. Phase Margin vs Frequency

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS CURRENT SINKING

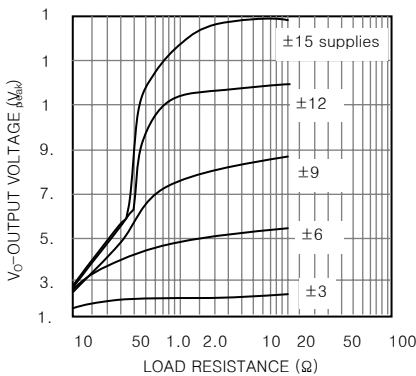


Figure 7. Positive Output Voltage Swing vs Load Resistance

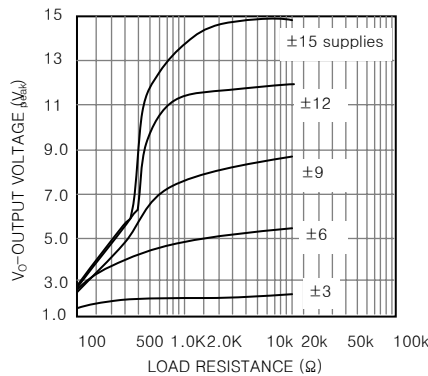


Figure 7. Negative Output Voltage Swing vs Load Resistance

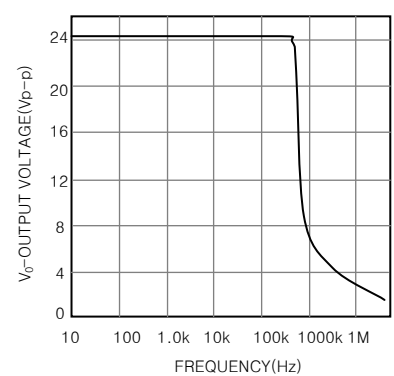


Figure 9. Power Bandwidth

