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LTC1263

12V, 60mA Flash Memory Programming Supply

FEATURES

- Guaranteed 60mA Output
- Regulated 12V ±5% Output Voltage

查询LTC1263CS8供应商

- No Inductors
- Supply Voltage Range: 4.75V to 5.5V
- I_{CC} 0.5μA Typ in Shutdown
- Low Power: I_{CC} = 300µA
- 8-Pin SO Package
- Same Pinout as LTC1262 and MAX662

APPLICATIONS

- 12V Flash Memory Programming Supplies
- Compact 12V Op Amp Supplies
- Battery-Powered Systems

DESCRIPTION

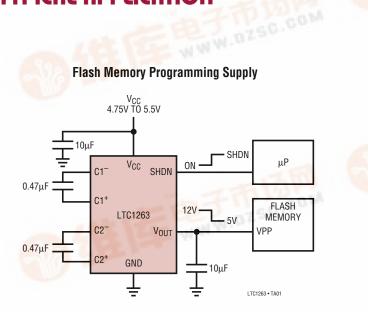
The LTC[®]1263 is a regulated 12V, 60mA output DC/DC converter. It provides the $12V \pm 5\%$ output necessary to program double byte-wide flash memories. The output provides 60mA from input voltages as low as 4.75V without using any inductors. Only four external capacitors are required to complete an extremely small, surface mountable circuit. The output can be momentarily shorted to ground without damaging the part.

The active high TTL compatible Shutdown pin can be directly connected to a microprocessor. In the shutdown mode, the supply current typically drops to 0.5μ A.

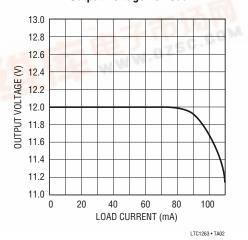
The LTC1263 is available in an 8-pin SO package.

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TYPICAL APPLICATION



Output Voltage vs Load



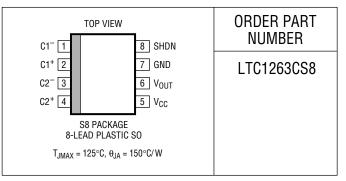


LTC1263

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

Supply Voltage (V _{DD})	6V
Input Voltage (SHDN)	
I _{OUT} Continuous	
Operating Temperature Range	0°C to 70°C
Storage Temperature Range	–65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering,	10 sec) 300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



Consult factory for Industrial and Military grade parts and TSSOP package option.

$\label{eq:constraint} \textbf{ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS} \quad 4.75 V \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5 V, \ T_{A} = 0^{\circ} C \ to \ 70^{\circ} C \ (Notes \ 2, \ 3).$

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS		MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
V _{OUT}	Output Voltage	$0mA \le I_{OUT} \le 60mA$, $V_{SHDN} = 0V$	•	11.4		12.6	V
I _{CC}	Supply Current	No Load, V _{SHDN} = 0V	٠		0.32	1.0	mA
I _{SHDN}	Shutdown Supply Current	No Load, $V_{SHDN} = V_{CC}$	٠		0.5	10	μA
f _{OSC}	Oscillator Frequency	$V_{CC} = 5V, I_{OUT} = 60mA$			300		kHz
	Power Efficiency	$V_{CC} = 5V, I_{OUT} = 60mA$			76		%
R _{SW}	V _{CC} to V _{OUT} Switch Impedance	V _{CC} = V _{SHDN} = 5V, I _{OUT} = 0mA	٠		0.3	1	kΩ
V _{IH}	SHDN Input High Voltage		٠	2.4			V
V _{IL}	SHDN Input Low Voltage		٠			0.8	V
	SHDN Input Current	$V_{CC} = 5V, V_{SHDN} = 0V$	•	- 40	- 20	-5	μA
		$V_{CC} = 5V, V_{SHDN} = 5V$	٠	-10	0	10	μA
t _{ON}	Turn-On Time	$C1 = C2 = 0.47 \mu$ F, $C3 = C4 = 10 \mu$ F (Note 4) (Figures 1, 2)			600		μs
t _{OFF}	Turn-Off Time	C1 = C2 = 0.47µF, C3 = C4 = 10µF (Figures 1, 2)	10		ms		

The \bullet denotes specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range.

Note 3: All typicals are given at $V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$.

Note 4: A higher value output capacitor can be used but the "turn-on" and "turn-off" time will increase proportionally.

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

Note 2: All currents into device pins are positive; all currents out of device pins are negative. All voltages are referenced to ground unless otherwise specified.

Supply Current Output Voltage Supply Current 328 12.8 220 I_{OUT} = 60mA $V_{CC} = 5V$ $I_{OUT} = 0$ 326 12.6 215 324 12.4 210 SUPPLY CURRENT (µA) SUPPLY CURRENT (mA) OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V) 322 $V_{\rm CC} = 5V$ 12.2 205 V_{CC} = 4.75V I_{OUT} = 60mA 320 12.0 200 $V_{CC} = 5V$ I_{OUT} = 0mA 318 11.8 195 I_{OUT} = 90mA V_{CC} = 5.5V 316 11.6 190 185 314 11.4 312 112 180 -55 -35 -15 5 25 45 65 85 . -55 -35 -15 5 25 45 65 85 105 -55 -35 -15 5 25 45 105 105 65 85 TEMPERATURE (°C) TEMPERATURE (°C) TEMPERATURE (°C) LTC1263 • TPC01 LTC1263 • TPC02 LTC1263 • TPC03 **Output Voltage Oscillator Frequency** 12.8 460 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 12.6 420 () 12.4 12.2 12.2 12.0 12.0 11.8 11.6 380 FREQUENCY (kHz) = 0mA, 60mA IOUT 340 300 260 I_{OUT} = 90mÅ 11.6 220 180 11.4 140 112 4.7 4.8 4.9 5.0 5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 -55 -35 -15 5 25 45 65 85 105 SUPPLY VOLTAGE (V) TEMPERATURE (°C) LTC1263 • TPC04 I TC1263 • TPC05

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

PIN FUNCTIONS

C1⁻ (Pin 1): First Charge Capacitor Negative Input. Connect a 0.47μ F capacitor (C1) between C1⁺ and C1⁻.

C1+ (Pin 2): First Charge Capacitor Positive Input. Connect a 0.47μ F capacitor (C1) between C1⁺ and C1⁻.

C2⁻ (**Pin 3**): Second Charge Capacitor Negative Input. Connect a 0.47μ F capacitor (C2) between C2⁺ and C2⁻.

C2⁺ (Pin 4): Second Charge Capacitor Positive Input. Connect a 0.47μ F capacitor (C2) between C2⁺ and C2⁻.

 V_{CC} (Pin 5): Positive Supply Input. 4.75V $\leq V_{CC} \leq$ 5.5V. Requires a 10µF bypass capacitor to ground (C4).

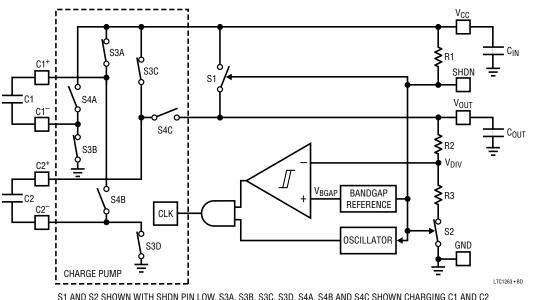
V_{OUT} (**Pin 6**): 12V Output. Requires a 10μ F or a higher value bypass capacitor to ground (C3). V_{OUT} = V_{CC} when in the shutdown mode.

GND (Pin 7): Ground.

SHDN (Pin 8): Active-High TTL Logic Level Shutdown Pin. SHDN is internally pulled up to V_{CC} . Connect to GND for normal operation. In shutdown mode, the charge pump is turned off and $V_{OUT} = V_{CC}$.

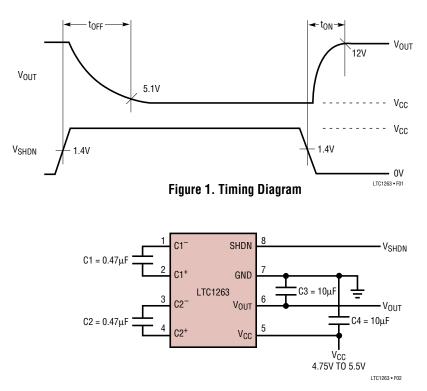
LTC1263

BLOCK DIAGRAM



S1 AND S2 SHOWN WITH SHDN PIN LOW. S3A, S3B, S3C, S3D, S4A, S4B AND S4C SHOWN CHARGING C1 AND C2 WITH OSCILLATOR OUTPUT LOW AND V_{DIV} < V_{BGAP} – V_{HYST}. AT OSCILLATOR OUTPUT HIGH, S3A, S3B, S3C AND S3D OPEN WHILE S4A, S4B AND S4C CLOSE TO CHARGE V_{OUT}. COMPARATOR HYSTERESIS IS ±V_{HYST}

TIMING DIAGRAMS





OPERATION

The LTC1263 uses a charge pump tripler to generate 12V from a V_{CC} of 5V. The charge pump is clocked by an internal oscillator. The oscillator frequency is not critical and may vary from the typical value of 300kHz. When the oscillator output is low, C1 and C2 are each connected between V_{CC} and GND, charging them to V_{CC} (see Figure 3). When the oscillator output goes high, C1 and C2 are stacked in series with the bottom plate of C1 pulled to V_{CC} (see Figure 4). The top plate of C2 is switched to charge C_{OUT}, which enables V_{OUT} to rise.

 V_{OUT} is regulated to within 5% of 12V by an oscillator pulse gating scheme that turns the charge pump on and off based on the comparator results of V_{OUT} and a reference voltage. First, a resistor divider senses V_{OUT} ; if the output of the divider (V_{DIV}) is less than the output of a bandgap (V_{BGAP}) by the hysteresis voltage (V_{HYST}) of the comparator, then oscillator pulses are applied to the charge pump to raise V_{OUT} . When V_{DIV} is above V_{BGAP} by V_{HYST} , the

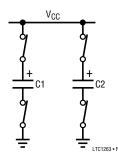


Figure 3. C1 and C2 Charge to V_{CC}

oscillator pulses are prevented from clocking the charge pump. As a result, V_{OUT} drops until V_{DIV} is below V_{BGAP} by V_{HYST} again.

To ensure proper start-up when V_{OUT} is lower than V_{CC} and maintain proper operation when V_{OUT} is higher than V_{CC}, the gates of all internal switches are driven between GND and the higher of either V_{OUT} or V_{CC}.

To reduce supply current, the LTC1263 may be put into shutdown mode by "floating" the SHDN pin or connecting it to V_{CC}. In this mode, the bandgap, comparator, oscillator and resistor divider are switched off to reduce the supply current to typically 0.5μ A. At the same time an internal switch shorts V_{OUT} to V_{CC}; V_{OUT} takes 10ms (typ) to reach 5.1V (see t_{OFF} in Figure 1). When the SHDN pin is low, the LTC1263 exits shutdown and the charge pump operates to raise V_{OUT} to 12V. V_{OUT} takes 600µs (typ) to reach the lower regulation limit of 11.4V (see t_{ON} in Figure 1).

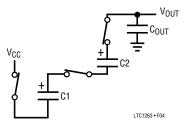


Figure 4. C1 and C2 Stacked in Series with C1⁻ Tied to V_{CC}

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Choice of Capacitors

The LTC1263 is tested with the capacitors shown in Figure 2. C1 and C2 are 0.47μ F ceramic capacitors and C_{IN} and C_{OUT} are 10μ F tantalum capacitors. Refer to Table 1 if other choices are desired.

CAPACITOR	CERAMIC	TANTALUM	ALUMINUM
C1, C2	0.47µF to 1µF	Not Recommended	Not Recommended
C _{OUT}	10µF (Min)	10μF (Min)	10μF (Min)
CIN	10µF (Min)	10μF (Min)	10μF (Min)

C1 and C2 should be ceramic capacitors with values in the range of 0.47μ F to 1μ F. Higher values provide better load regulation. Tantalum capacitors are not recommended as the higher ESR of these capacitors degrades performance at high load currents and V_{CC} = 4.75V.

 $C_{\rm IN}$ and $C_{\rm OUT}$ can be ceramic, tantalum or electrolytic capacitors. The ESR of $C_{\rm OUT}$ introduces steps in the $V_{\rm OUT}$ waveform whenever the charge pump charges $C_{\rm OUT}$. This tends to increase $V_{\rm OUT}$ ripple. Ceramic or tantalum capacitors are recommended for $C_{\rm OUT}$ if minimum ripple is

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

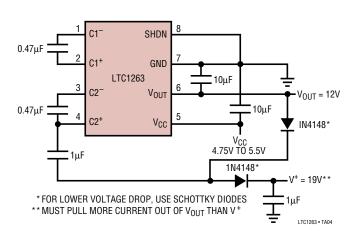
desired. (The LTC1263 does not require a 0.1 μF capacitor between V_{CC} and V_{OUT} for stability.)

Besides using it to program flash memories, the LTC1263 can also provide multiple supply voltages with the help of

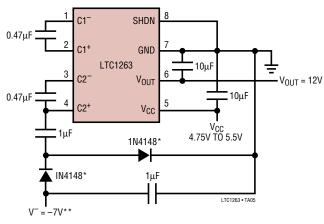
Dual Voltage Supply Output at 12V and 19V

two diodes and two capacitors. Output voltages of 19V and -7V can easily be obtained. In other words, the LTC1263 can power dual supply (\pm 5V) and single supply (15V) op amps.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

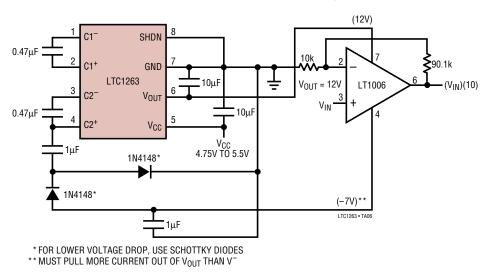




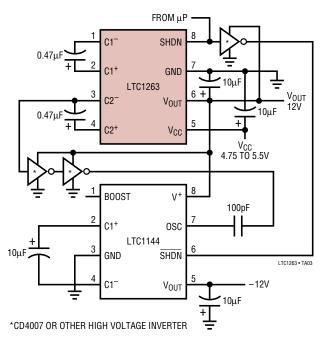


*FOR LOWER VOLTAGE DROP, USE SCHOTTKY DIODES **MUST PULL MORE CURRENT OUT OF V_{OUT} THAN V^-

Gain of 10 Amplifier Using LT[®]1006 Powered by LTC1263

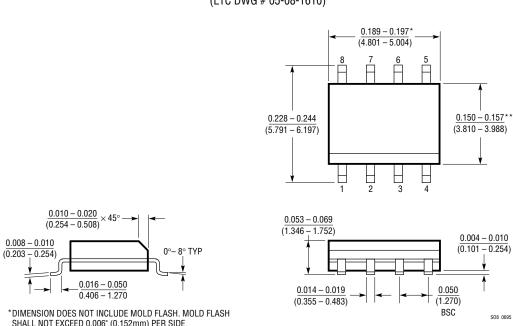


TYPICAL APPLICATIONS



Dual Voltage Supply Output at 12V and -12V

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.



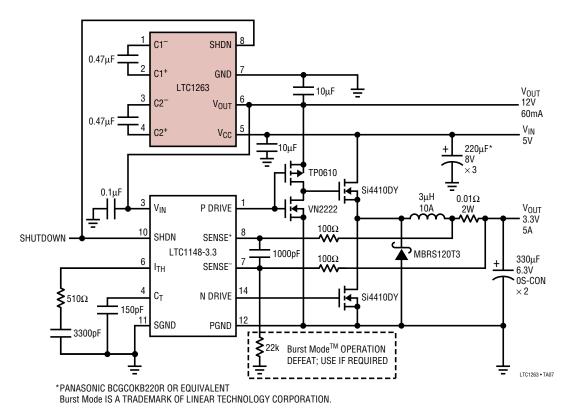
S8 Package 8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (Narrow 0.150) (LTC DWG # 05-08-1610)

SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE **DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH. INTERLEAD

FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010" (0.254mm) PER SIDE

LTC1263

TYPICAL APPLICATION



5V to 3.3V/5A Converter with 12V/60mA Auxiliary Output

RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
LTC1044A	12V CMOS Voltage Converter	1.5V to 12V Supply Range, 95% Efficiency, $\pm V_{OUT}$
LT1106/LT1107/LT1108	Micropower DC/DC Converter, 5V and 12V	Adjustable V_{OUT} from V_{IN} = 3V, Use Inductor
LTC 1262	12V, 30mA Flash Memory Program Supply	1/2 Source Current as LTC1263, Cannot Short $V_{\mbox{OUT}}$ to GND
LT1301/LT1302/LT1303	Micropower High Efficiency 5V/12V, DC/DC Converter	5V at 600mA or 12V at 120mA, Use Inductor
LT1312	Single PCMCIA VPP Driver/Regulator	120mA Output, Current Limit, Thermal Shutdown
LTC1429	Regulating Positive to Negative Charge Pump	Fixed –4.1V or Adjustable Output, No Inductors