



May 2004

FDZ7064S

30V N-Channel PowerTrench[®] SyncFET[™] BGA MOSFET

General Description

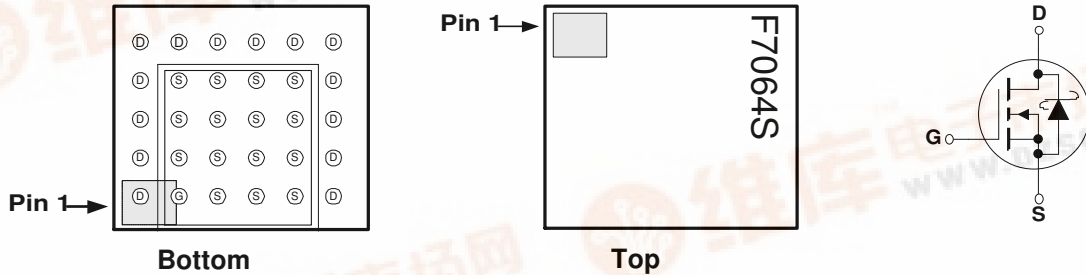
This MOSFET is designed to replace a single MOSFET and parallel Schottky diode in synchronous DC:DC power supplies. Combining Fairchild's 30V PowerTrench SyncFET process with state of the art BGA packaging, the FDZ7064S minimizes both PCB space and $R_{DS(ON)}$. This BGA SyncFET embodies a breakthrough in both packaging and power MOSFET integration which enables the device to combine excellent thermal transfer characteristics, high current handling capability, ultra-low profile packaging, low gate charge, ultra-low reverse recovery charge and low $R_{DS(ON)}$.

Applications

- DC/DC converters

Features

- 13.5 A, 30 V. $R_{DS(ON)} = 7 \text{ m}\Omega @ V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$
 $R_{DS(ON)} = 9 \text{ m}\Omega @ V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$
- Occupies only 14 mm² of PCB area. Only 42% of the area of SO-8
- Ultra-thin package: less than 0.8 mm height when mounted to PCB
- 3.5 x 4 mm² Footprint
- High power and current handling capability.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain-Source Voltage	30	V
V_{GSS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 16	V
I_D	Drain Current – Continuous (Note 1a)	13.5	A
		60	
P_D	Power Dissipation (Steady State) (Note 1a)	2.2	W
T_J, T_{stg}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1a)	56	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$R_{\theta JB}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ball (Note 1)	4.5	
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (Note 1)	0.6	

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
7064S	FDZ7064S	13"	12mm	3000

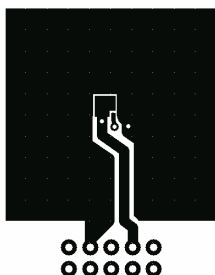


Electrical Characteristics $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

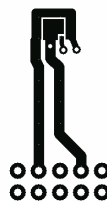
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Off Characteristics						
BV_{DSS}	Drain–Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 1\text{ mA}$	30			V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 10\text{ mA}$, Referenced to 25°C		26		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 24\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$			500	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate–Body Leakage	$V_{GS} = \pm 16\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$			± 100	nA
On Characteristics (Note 2)						
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 1\text{ mA}$	1	1.4	3	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 10\text{ mA}$, Referenced to 25°C		-0.5		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain–Source On–Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 13.5\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 12\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 13.5\text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		6 7 9	7 9 11	m Ω
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 5\text{ V}, I_D = 13.5\text{ A}$		66		S
Dynamic Characteristics						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V},$		2840		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	$f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$		525		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			190		pF
R_G	Gate Resistance	$V_{GS} = 15\text{ mV}, I_D = 6\text{ A}$		1.9		Ω
Switching Characteristics (Note 2)						
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn–On Delay Time	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 1\text{ A},$		11	20	ns
t_r	Turn–On Rise Time	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \square$		12	22	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn–Off Delay Time			50	80	ns
t_f	Turn–Off Fall Time			18	32	ns
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 13.5\text{ A},$		25	35	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate–Source Charge	$V_{GS} = 5\text{ V}$		7		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate–Drain Charge			6		nC
Drain–Source Diode Characteristics						
V_{SD}	Drain–Source Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = 3.2\text{ A}$ (Note 1)		0.4	0.7	V
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 13.5\text{ A}, d_I/d_t = 300\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$		22		ns
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	See Diode Characteristic, page 5		19		nC

Notes:

1. $R_{\theta JA}$ is determined with the device mounted on a 1 in² 2 oz. copper pad on a 1.5 x 1.5 in. board of FR-4 material. The thermal resistance from the junction to the circuit board side of the solder ball, $R_{\theta JB}$ is defined for reference. For $R_{\theta JC}$, the thermal reference point for the case is defined as the top surface of the copper chip carrier. $R_{\theta JC}$ and $R_{\theta JB}$ are guaranteed by design while $R_{\theta JA}$ is determined by the user's board design.



- a) 56 $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ when mounted on a 1 in² pad of 2 oz copper



- b) 119 $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ when mounted on a minimum pad of 2 oz copper

Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300 μs , Duty Cycle < 2.0%

Typical Characteristics

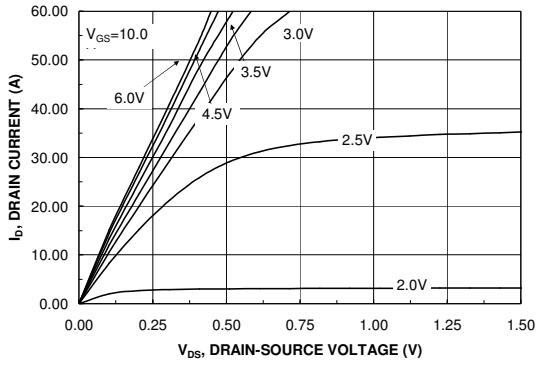


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

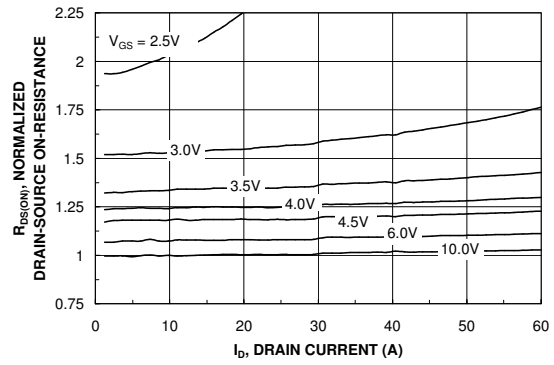


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

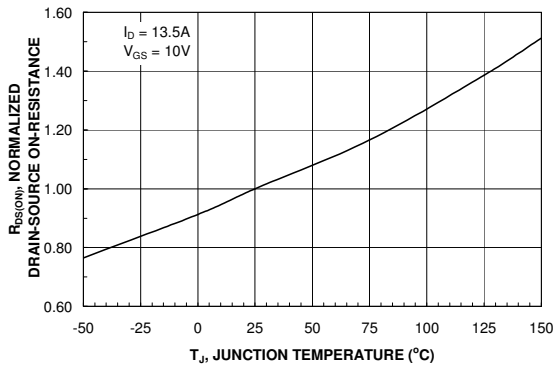


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

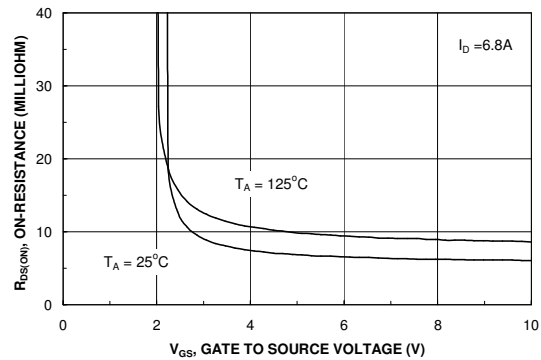


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

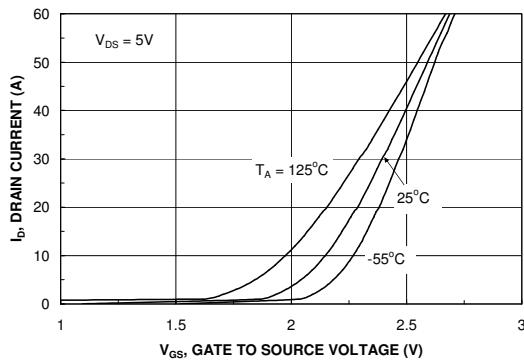


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

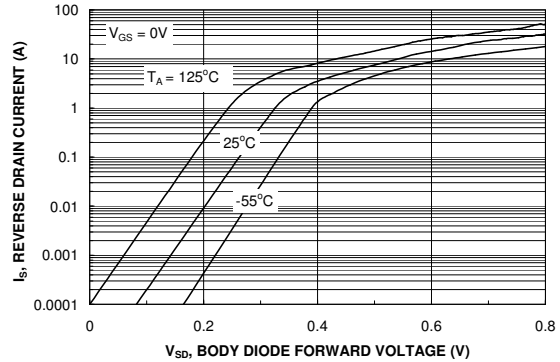


Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

Typical Characteristics

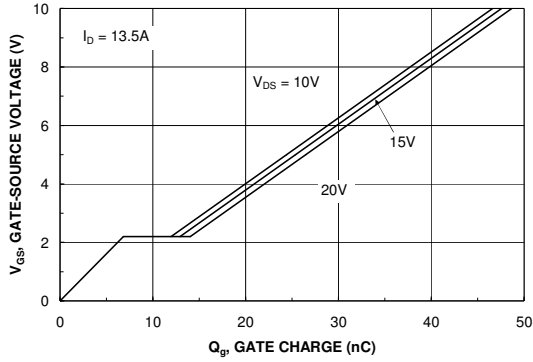


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics.

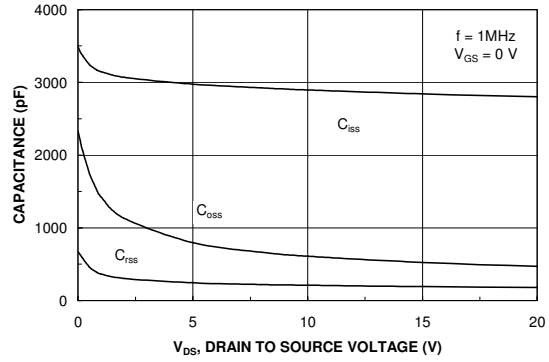


Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics.

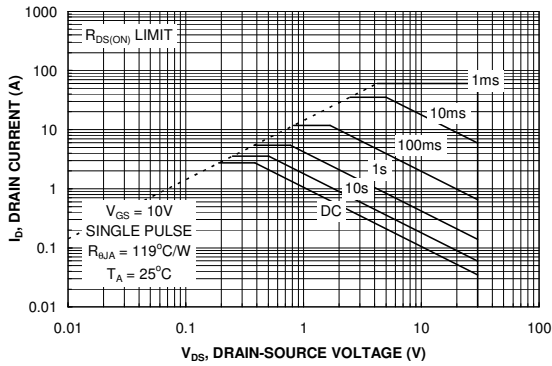


Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area.

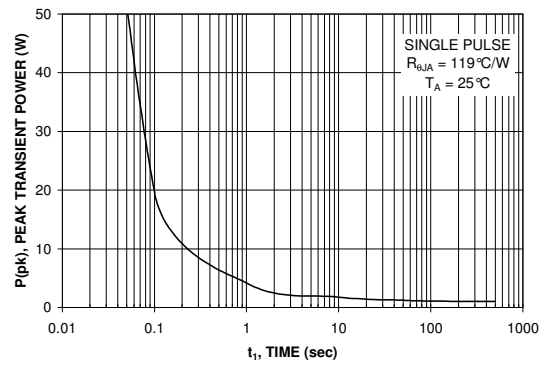


Figure 10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation.

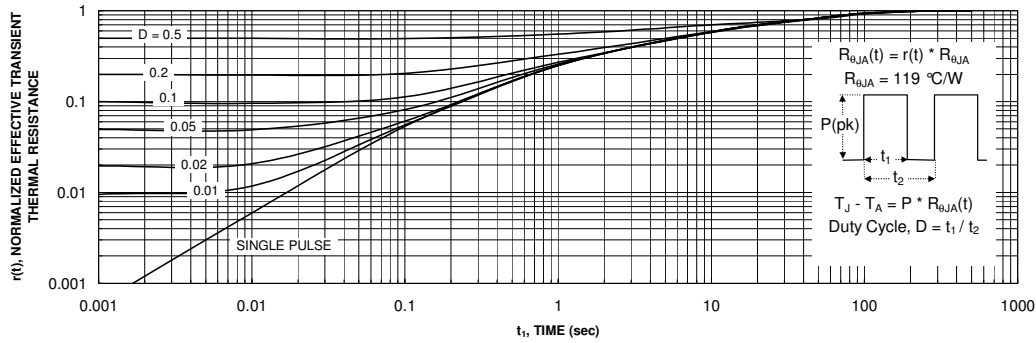


Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve.

Thermal characterization performed using the conditions described in Note 1b. Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.

Typical Characteristics

SyncFET Diode Characteristics

Fairchild's SyncFET process embeds a Schottky diode in parallel with PowerTrench MOSFET. This diode exhibits similar characteristics to a discrete external Schottky diode in parallel with a MOSFET. Figure 12 FDZ7064S.

Schottky barrier diodes exhibit significant leakage at high temperature and high reverse voltage. This will increase the power in the device.

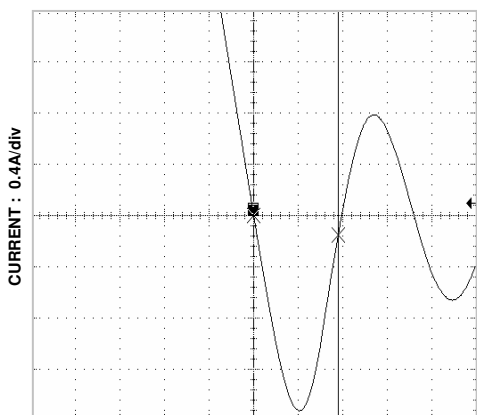


Figure 12. FDZ7064S SyncFET body diode reverse recovery characteristic.

For comparison purposes, Figure 13 shows the reverse recovery characteristics of the body diode of an equivalent size MOSFET produced without SyncFET .

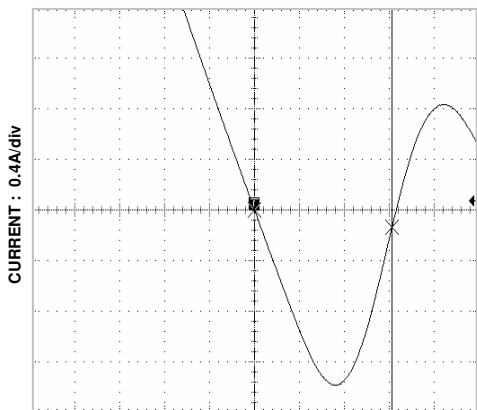


Figure 13. Non-SyncFET (FDZ7064N) body diode reverse recovery characteristic.

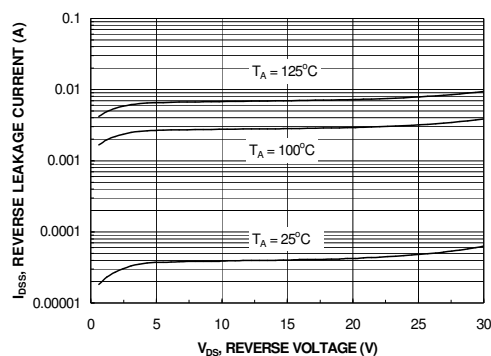
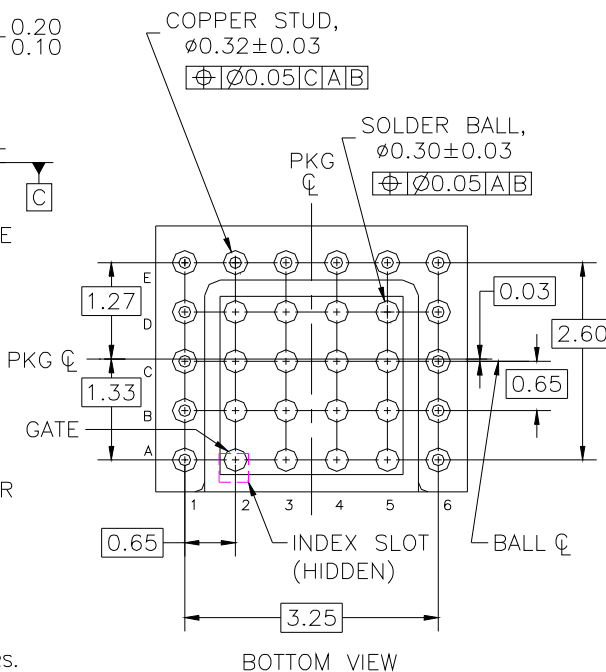
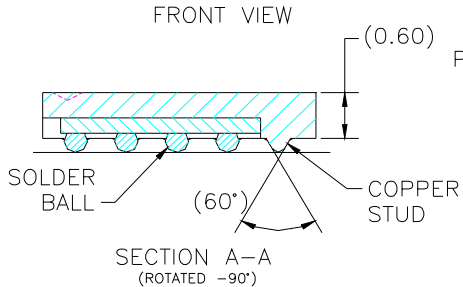
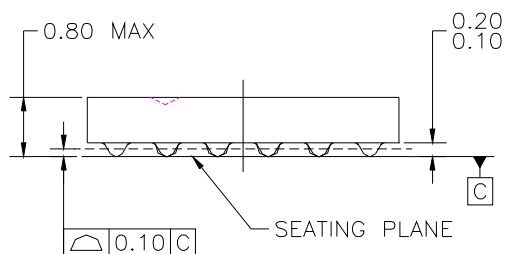
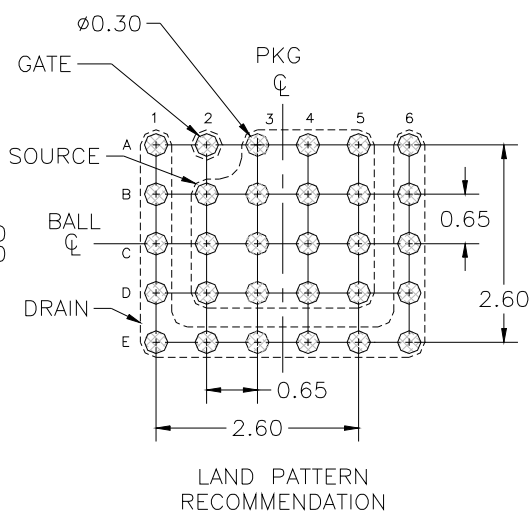
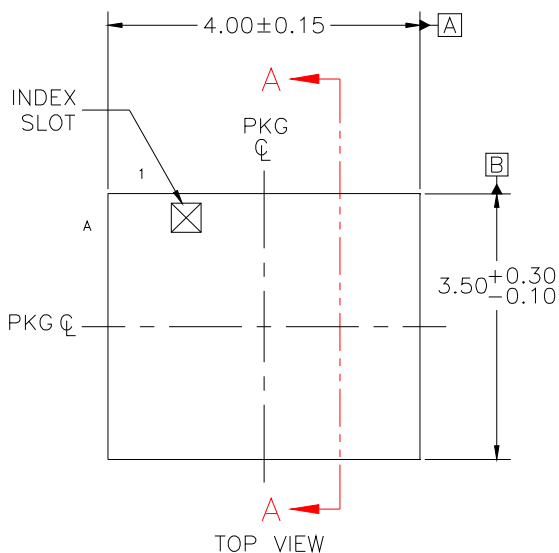


Figure 14. SyncFET diode reverse leakage versus drain-source voltage and temperature.

Dimensional Outline and Pad Layout



- NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED
- A) ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
 - B) NO JEDEC REGISTRATION REFERENCE AS OF JULY 1999.
 - C) TERMINAL CONFIGURATION TABLE

POSITION	DESIGNATION	TYPE
A1,B1,C1,D1,E1, E2,E3,E4,E5,E6, D6,C6,B6,A6	DRAIN	COPPER STUD
A2	GATE	SOLDER BALL
A3,A4,A5,B2,B3, B4,B5,C2,C3,C4, C5,D2,D3,D4,D5	SOURCE	

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CROSSVOLT™	GlobalOptoisolator™	MicroPak™	QS™	SyncFET™
DOME™	GTO™	MICROWIRE™	QT Optoelectronics™	TinyLogic®
EcoSPARK™	HiSeC™	MSX™	Quiet Series™	TINYOPTO™
E ² CMOST™	PC™	MSXPro™	RapidConfigure™	TruTranslation™
EnSigna™	i-Lo™	OCX™	RapidConnect™	UHC™
FACT™	ImpliedDisconnect™	OCXPro™	µSerDes™	UltraFET®
FACT Quiet Series™		OPTOLOGIC®	SILENT SWITCHER®	VCX™
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The Power Franchise®		PACMAN™	SPM™	
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