CS5101

"CS5101EDW16G"

Secondary Side Post Regulator for AC/DC and DC/DC Multiple Output Converters

ON Semiconductor®

The CS5101 is a bipolar monolithic secondary side post regulator (SSPR) which provides tight regulation of multiple output voltages in AC/DC or DC/DC converters. Leading edge pulse width modulation is used with the CS5101.

The CS5101 is designed to operate over an 8.0 V to 45 V supply voltage (V_{CC}) range and up to a 75 V drive voltage (V_C).

The CS5101 features include a totem pole output with 1.5 A peak output current capability, externally programmable overcurrent protection, an on chip 2.0% precision 5.0 V reference, internally compensated error amplifier, externally synchronized switching frequency, and a power switch drain voltage monitor. It is available in a 14 lead plastic DIP or a 16 lead wide body SOIC package.
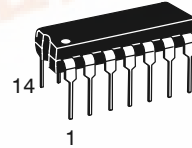
Features

- 1.5 A Peak Output (Grounded Totem Pole)
- 8.0 V to 75 V Gate Drive Voltage
- 8.0 V to 45 V Supply Voltage
- 300 ns Propagation Delay
- 1.0% Error Amplifier Reference Voltage
- Lossless Turn On and Turn Off
- Sleep Mode: < 100 μA
- Overcurrent Protection with Dedicated Differential Amp
- Synchronization to External Clock
- External Power Switch Drain Voltage Monitor
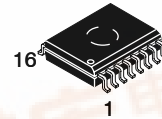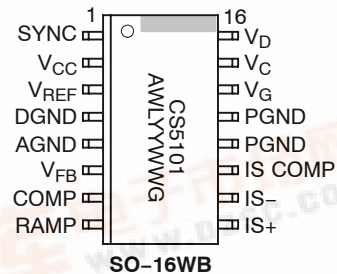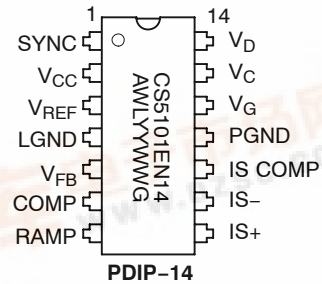- Pb−Free Packages are Available*

PDIP−14
N SUFFIX
CASE 646

SO−16WB
DW SUFFIX
CASE 751G

MARKING DIAGRAMS AND PIN ASSIGNMENTS

PDIP−14

Pin		Pin
1 SYNC		V_D 14
V_{CC}		V_C
V_{REF}	CS5101EN14 AWLYYWWG	V_G
LGND		PGND
V_{FB}		IS COMP
COMP		IS−
RAMP		IS+

SO−16WB

Pin		Pin
1 SYNC		V_D 16
V_{CC}		V_C
V_{REF}	CS5101 AWLYYWWG	V_G
DGND		PGND
AGND		PGND
V_{FB}		IS COMP
COMP		IS−
RAMP		IS+

A	= Assembly Location
WL	= Wafer Lot
YY	= Year
WW	= Work Week
G	= Pb−Free Package

*For additional information on our Pb−Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

ORDERING INFORMATION

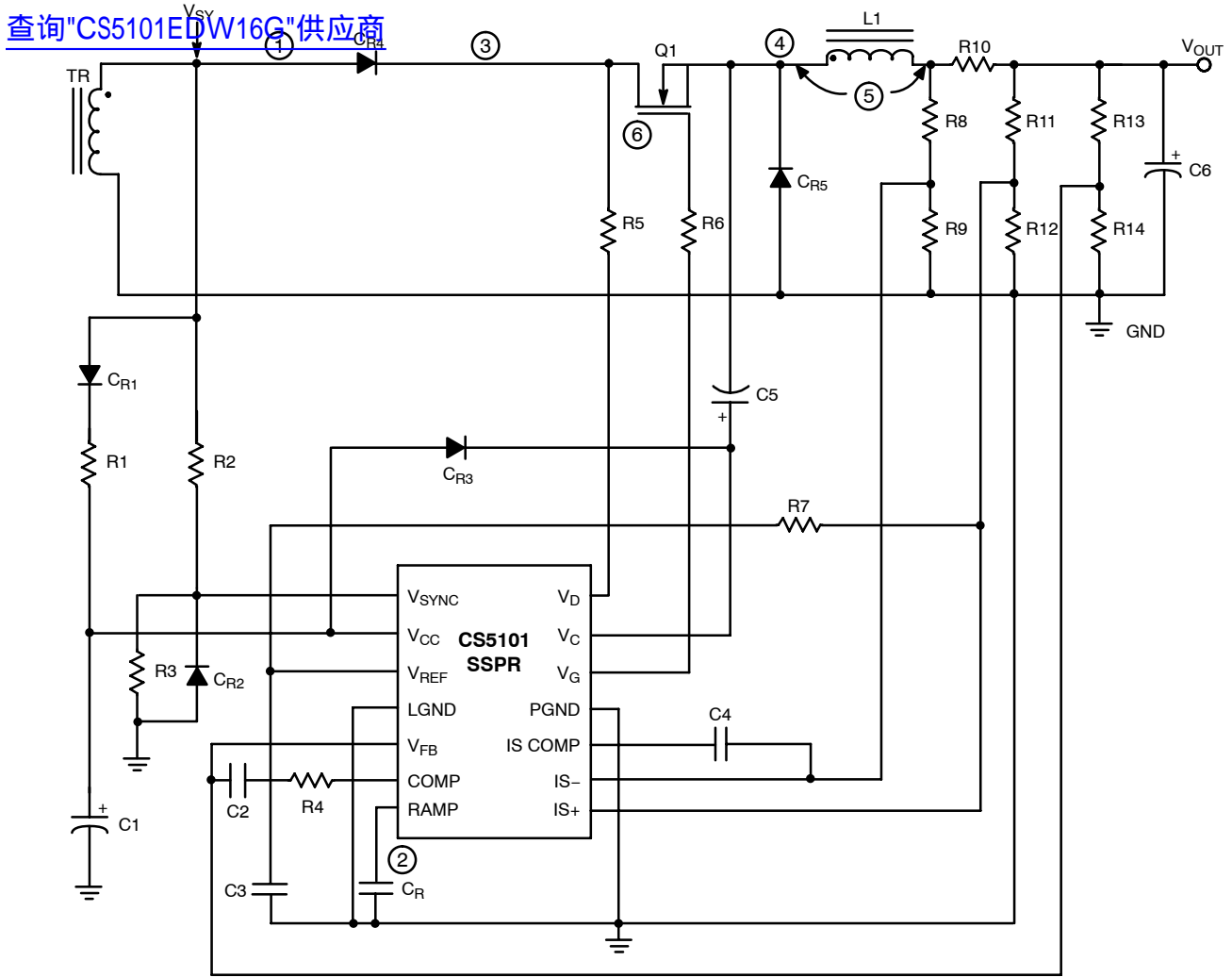See detailed ordering and shipping information in the package dimensions section on page 5 of this data sheet.

Publication Order Number:
CS5101/D

CS5101

Figure 1. Application Diagram

MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating		Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage, V_{CC}		−0.3 to 45	V
V_{SYNC} and Output Supply Voltages, V_C, V_G, V_{SYNC}, V_D		−0.3 to 75	V
V_{IS+}, V_{IS-} (V_{CC} − 4.0 V, up to 24 V)		−0.3 to 24	V
V_{REF}, V_{FB}, V_{COMP}, V_{RAMP}, V_{ISCOMP}		−0.3 to 10	V
Operating Junction Temperature, T_J		−40 to +150	°C
Operating Temperature Range		−40 to +85	°C
Storage Temperature Range		−65 to +150	°C
Output Energy (Capacitive Load Per Cycle)		5.0	μJ
ESD Human Body		2.0	kV
Lead Temperature Soldering	Wave Solder (through hole styles only) (Note 1)	260 peak	°C
	Reflow (SMD styles only) (Note 2)	230 peak	°C

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.
1. 10 second maximum
2. 60 second maximum above 183°C

CS5101

Characteristic	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Error Amplifier					
Input Voltage Initial Accuracy	V$_{FB}$ = V$_{COMP}$, V$_{CC}$ = 15 V, T = 25°C, Note 3	1.98	2.00	2.02	V
Input Voltage	V$_{FB}$ = V$_{COMP}$, includes line and temp	1.94	2.00	2.06	V
Input Bias Current	V$_{FB}$ = 0 V, IV$_{FB}$ flows out of pin	–	–	500	nA
Open Loop Gain	1.5 V < V$_{COMP}$ < 3.0 V	60	70	–	dB
Unity Gain Bandwidth	1.5 V < V$_{COMP}$ < 3.0 V, Note 3	0.7	1.0	–	MHz
Output Sink Current	V$_{COMP}$ = 2.0 V, V$_{FB}$ = 2.2 V	2.0	8.0	–	mA
Output Source Current	V$_{COMP}$ = 2.0 V, V$_{FB}$ = 1.8 V	2.0	6.0	–	mA
V$_{COMP}$ High	V$_{FB}$ = 1.8 V	3.3	3.5	3.7	V
V$_{COMP}$ Low	V$_{FB}$ = 2.2 V	0.85	1.0	1.15	V
PSRR	10 V < V$_{CC}$ < 45 V, V$_{FB}$ = V$_{COMP}$, Note 3	60	70	–	dB
Voltage Reference					
Output Voltage Initial Accuracy	V$_{CC}$ = 15 V, T = 25°C, Note 3	4.9	5.0	5.1	V
Output Voltage	0 A < I$_{REF}$ < 8.0 mA	4.8	5.0	5.2	V
Line Regulation	10 V < V$_{CC}$ < 45 V, I$_{REF}$ = 0 A	–	10	60	mV
Load Regulation	0 A < I$_{REF}$ < 8.0 mA	–	20	60	mV
Current Limit	V$_{REF}$ = 4.8 V	10	50	–	mA
V$_{REF\_}$OK FAULT V	V$_{SYNC}$ = 5.0 V, V$_{REF}$ = V$_{LOAD}$	4.10	4.40	4.60	V
V$_{REF\_}$OK V	V$_{SYNC}$ = 5.0 V, V$_{REF}$ = V$_{LOAD}$	4.30	4.50	4.80	V
V$_{REF\_}$OK Hysteresis	–	40	100	250	mV
Current Sense Amplifier					
IS COMP High V	IS+ = 5.0 V, IS− = IS COMP	4.7	5.0	5.3	V
IS COMP Low V	IS+ = 0 V, IS− = IS COMP	0.5	1.0	1.3	V
Source Current	IS+ = 5.0 V, IS− = 0 V	2.0	10	–	mA
Sink Current	IS− = 5.0 V, IS+ = 0 V	10	20	–	mA
Open Loop Gain	1.5 V ≤ V$_{COMP}$ ≤ 4.5 V, R$_L$ = 4.0 kΩ	60	80	–	dB
CMRR	Note 3	60	80	–	dB
PSRR	10 V < V$_{CC}$ < 45 V, Note 3	60	80	–	dB
Unity Gain Bandwidth	1.5 V ≤ V$_{COMP}$ ≤ 4.5 V, R$_L$ = 4.0 kΩ, Note 3	0.5	0.8	–	MHz
Input Offset Voltage	V$_{IS+}$ = 2.5 V, V$_{IS−}$ = V$_{ISCOMP}$	−8.0	0	8.0	mV
Input Bias Currents	V$_{IS+}$ = V$_{IS−}$ = 0 V, I$_{IS}$ flows out of pins	–	20	250	nA
Input Offset Current (IS+, IS−)	–	−250	0	250	nA
Input Signal Voltage Range	Note 3	−0.3	–	V$_{CC}$ − 4.0	V
RAMP/SYNC Generator					
RAMP Source Current Initial Accuracy	V$_{SYNC}$ = 5.0 V, V$_{RAMP}$ = 2.5 V, T = 25°C, Note 3	0.18	0.20	0.22	mA
RAMP Source Current	V$_{SYNC}$ = 5.0 V, V$_{RAMP}$ = 2.5 V	0.16	0.20	0.24	mA
RAMP Sink Current	V$_{SYNC}$ = 0 V, V$_{RAMP}$ = 2.5 V	1.0	4.0	–	mA
RAMP Peak Voltage	V$_{SYNC}$ = 5.0 V	3.3	3.5	3.7	V
RAMP Valley Voltage	V$_{SYNC}$ = 0 V	1.4	1.5	1.6	V
RAMP Dynamic Range	V$_{RAMPDR}$ = V$_{RAMPPK}$ − V$_{RAMPVY}$	1.7	2.0	2.3	V
RAMP Sleep Threshold Voltage	V$_{RAMP}$ @ V$_{REF}$ < 2.0 V	0.3	0.6	1.0	V
SYNC Threshold	V$_{SYNC}$ @ V$_{RAMP}$ > 2.5 V	2.3	2.5	2.7	V
SYNC Input Bias Current	V$_{SYNC}$ = 0 V, I$_{SYNC}$ flows out of pin	–	1.0	20	μA

3. Guaranteed by design. Not 100% tested in production.

CS5101

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($-40°C \leq T_A \leq 85°C$, $-40°C \leq T_J \leq 150°C$, $10\,V < V_{CC} < 45\,V$, $8.0\,V < V_C < 75\,V$; unless otherwise specified.)

Characteristic	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Stage					
V_G, High	$V_{SYNC} = 5.0\,V$, $IV_G = 200\,mA$, $V_C - V_G$	–	1.6	2.5	V
V_G, Low	$V_{SYNC} = 0\,V$, $IV_G = 200\,mA$	–	0.9	1.5	V
V_G Rise Time	Switch V_{SYNC} High, $C_G = 1.0\,nF$, $V_{CC} = 15\,V$, measure 2.0 V to 8.0 V	–	30	75	ns
V_G Fall Time	Switch V_{SYNC} Low, $C_G = 1.0\,nF$, $V_{CC} = 15\,V$, measure 8.0 V to 2.0 V	–	40	100	ns
V_G Resistance to GND	Remove supplies, $V_G = 10\,V$	–	50	100	kΩ
V_D Resistance to GND	Remove supplies, $V_D = 10\,V$	500	1500	–	Ω
General					
I_{CC}, Operating	$V_{SYNC} = 5.0\,V$	–	12	18	mA
I_{CC} in UVL	$V_{CC} = 6.0\,V$	–	300	500	μA
I_{CC} in Sleep Mode High	$V_{RAMP} = 0\,V$, $V_{CC} = 45\,V$	–	80	200	μA
I_{CC} in Sleep Mode Low	$V_{RAMP} = 0\,V$, $V_{CC} = 10\,V$	–	20	50	μA
I_C, Operating High	$V_{SYNC} = 5.0\,V$, $V_{FB} = V_{IS-} = 0\,V$, $V_C = 75\,V$	–	4.0	8.0	mA
I_C, Operating Low	$V_{SYNC} = 5.0\,V$, $V_{FB} = V_{IS-} = 0\,V$, $V_C = 8.0\,V$	–	3.0	6.0	mA
UVLO Start Voltage	–	7.4	8.0	9.2	V
UVLO Stop Voltage	–	6.4	7.0	8.3	V
UVLO Hysteresis	–	0.8	1.0	1.2	V
Leading Edge, t_{DELAY}	$V_{SYNC} = 2.5\,V$ to $V_G = 8.0\,V$	–	280	–	ns
Trailing Edge, t_{DELAY}	$V_{SYNC} = 2.5\,V$ to $V_G = 2.0\,V$	–	750	–	ns

PACKAGE PIN DESCRIPTION

PACKAGE LEAD #		LEAD SYMBOL	FUNCTION
PDIP–14	**SO–16WB**		
1	1	SYNC	Synchronization input.
2	2	V_{CC}	Logic supply (10 V to 45 V).
3	3	V_{REF}	5.0 V voltage reference.
4	–	LGND	Logic level ground (analog and digital ground tied).
5	6	V_{FB}	Error amplifier inverting input.
6	7	COMP	Error amplifier output and compensation.
7	8	RAMP	RAMP programmable with the external capacitor.
8	9	IS+	Current sense amplifier non–inverting input.
9	10	IS–	Current sense amplifier inverting input.
10	11	IS COMP	Current sense amplifier compensation and output.
11	12, 13	PGND	Power ground.
12	14	V_G	External power switch gate drive.
13	15	V_C	Output power stage supply voltage (8.0 V to 75 V).
14	16	V_D	External FET DRAIN voltage monitor.
–	5	AGND	Analog ground.
–	4	DGND	Digital ground.

CS5101

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping†
CS5101EN14	PDIP−14	25 Units / Rail
CS5101EN14G	PDIP−14 (Pb−Free)	
CS5101EDW16	SOIC−16WB	47 Units / Rail
CS5101EDW16G	SOIC−16WB (Pb−Free)	
CS5101EDWR16	SOIC−16WB	1000 / Tape & Reel
CS5101EDWR16G	SOIC−16WB (Pb−Free)	

†For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION
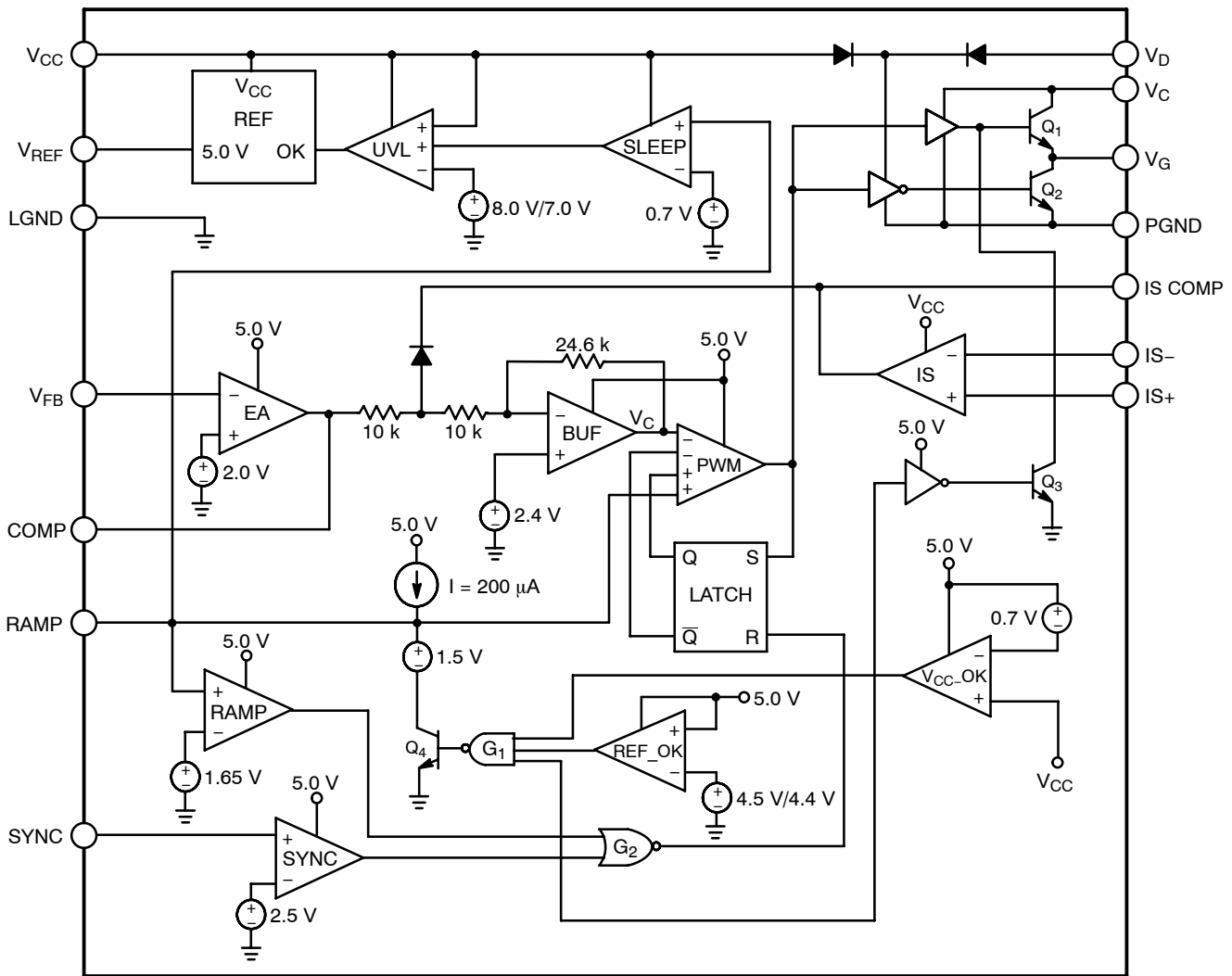
Figure 2. Block Diagram

Theory of Operation

The CS5101 is designed to regulate voltages in multiple output power supplies. Functionally, it is similar to a magnetic amplifier, operating as a switch with a delayed turn−on. It can be used with both single ended and dual ended topologies.

The V_{FB} voltage is monitored by the error amplifier EA. It is compared to an internal reference voltage and the amplified differential signal is fed through an inverting amplifier into the buffer, BUF. The buffered signal is compared at the PWM comparator with the ramp voltage generated by capacitor C_R. When the ramp voltage V_R, exceeds the control voltage V_C, the output of the PWM comparator goes high, latching its state through the LATCH, the output stage transistor Q_1 turns on, and the external power switch, usually an N−FET, turns on.

SYNC Function

The SYNC circuit is activated at time t_1 (Figure 3) when the voltage at the SYNC pin exceeds the threshold level (2.5V) of the SYNC comparator. The external ramp capacitor C_R is allowed to charge through the internal current source I (200 μA). At time t_2, the ramp voltage intersects with the control voltage V_C and the output of the PWM comparator goes high, turning on the output stage and the external power switch. At the same time, the PWM comparator is latched by the RS latch, LATCH.
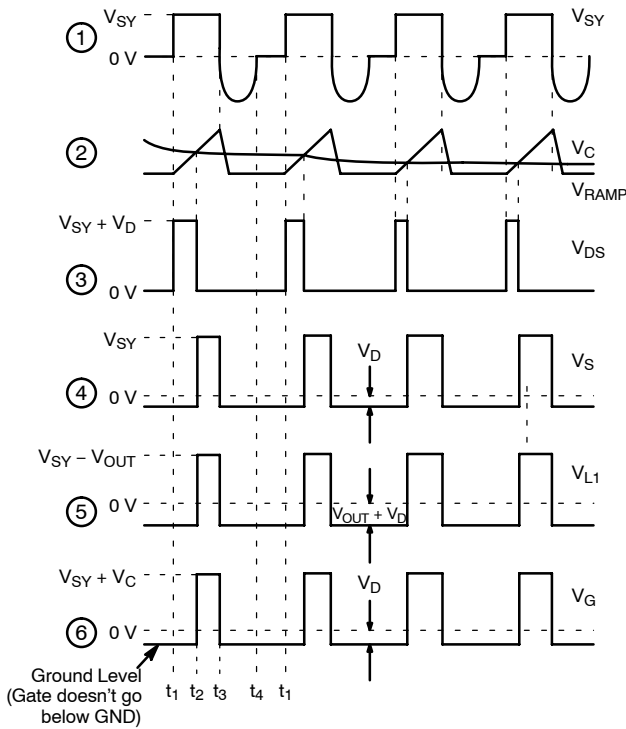
Figure 3. Waveforms for CS5101. The Number to the Left of Each Curve Refers to a Node On the Application Diagram on Page 2.

The logic state of the LATCH can be changed only when both the voltage level of the trailing edge of the power pulse at the SYNC pin is less than the threshold voltage of the SYNC comparator (2.5 V) and the RAMP voltage is less than the threshold voltage of the RAMP comparator (1.65 V). On the negative going transition of the secondary side pulse V_{SY}, gate G_2 output goes high, resetting the latch at time t_3. Capacitor C_R is discharged through transistor Q_4. C_R's output goes low disabling the output stage, and the external power switch (an N−FET) is turned off.

RAMP Function

The value of the ramp capacitor C_R is based on the switching frequency of the regulator and the maximum duty cycle of the secondary pulse V_{SY}.

If the RAMP pin is pulled externally to 0.3 V or below, the SSPR is disabled. Current drawn by the IC is reduced to less than 100 μA, and the IC is in SLEEP mode.

FAULT Function

The voltage at the V_{CC} pin is monitored by the undervoltage lockout comparator with hysteresis. When V_{CC} falls below the UVL threshold, the 5.0 V reference and all the circuitry running off of it is disabled. Under this condition the supply current is reduced to less than 500 μA.

The V_{CC} supply voltage is further monitored by the V_{CC}_OK comparator. When V_{CC} is reduced below V_{REF} − 0.7 V, a fault signal is sent to gate G_1. This fault signal, which determines if V_{CC} is absent, works in conjunction with the ramp signal to disable the output, but only after the current cycle has finished and the RS latch is reset. Therefore this fault will not cause the output to turn off during the middle of an on pulse, but rather will utilize lossless turn−off. This feature protects the FET from overvoltage stress. This is accomplished through gate G_1 by driving transistor Q_4 on.

An additional fault signal is derived from the REF_OK comparator. V_{REF} is monitored so to disable the output through gate G_1 when the V_{REF} voltage falls below the OK threshold. As in the V_{CC}_OK fault, the REF_OK fault disables the output after the current cycle has been completed. The fault logic will operate normally only when V_{REF} voltage is within the specification limits of REF_OK.

DRAIN Function

The drain pin, V_D monitors the voltage on the drain of the power switch and derives energy from it to keep the output stage in an off state when V_C or V_{CC} is below the minimum specified voltage.
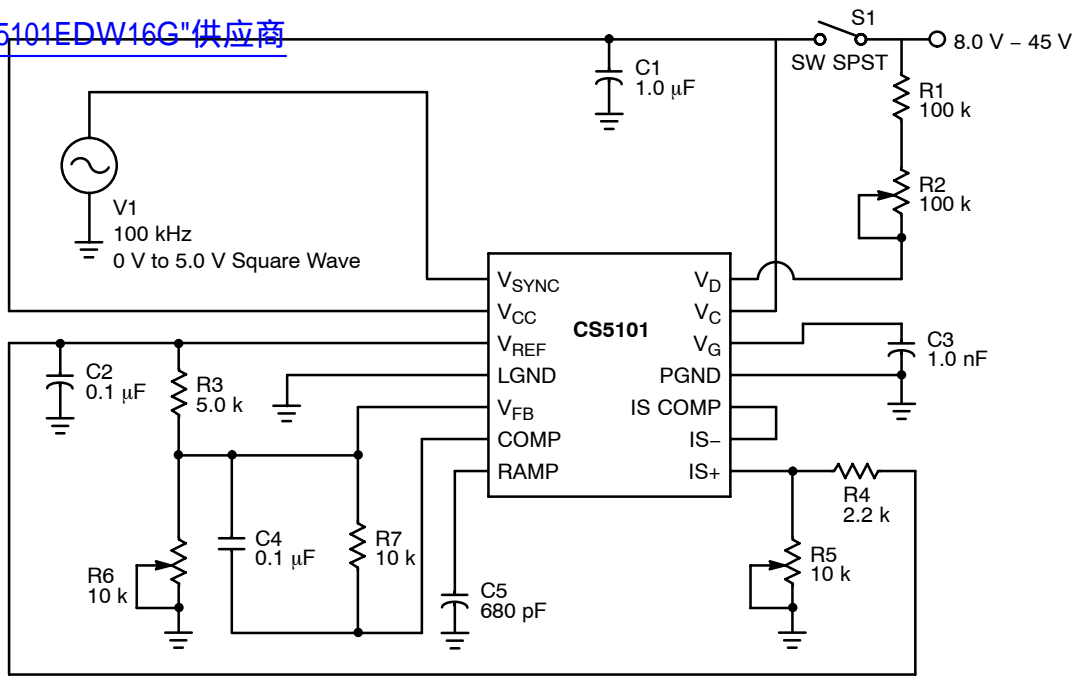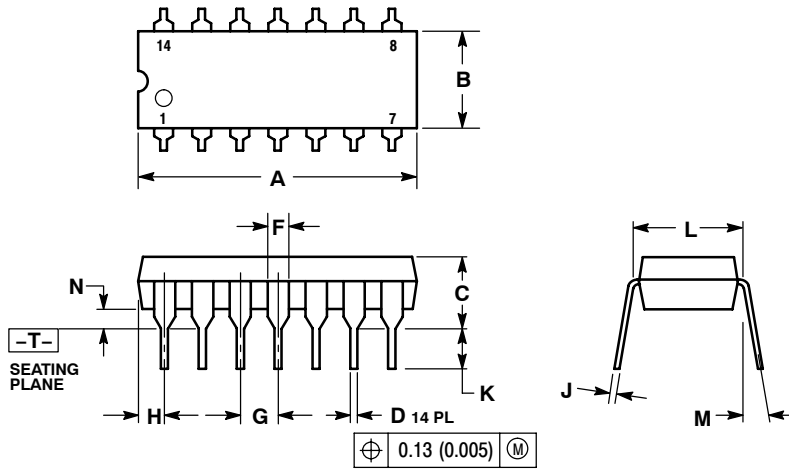
Figure 4. CS5101 Bench Test on DIP−14 Package

CS5101

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

PDIP−14
CASE 646−06
ISSUE P

NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEADS WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.
4. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH.
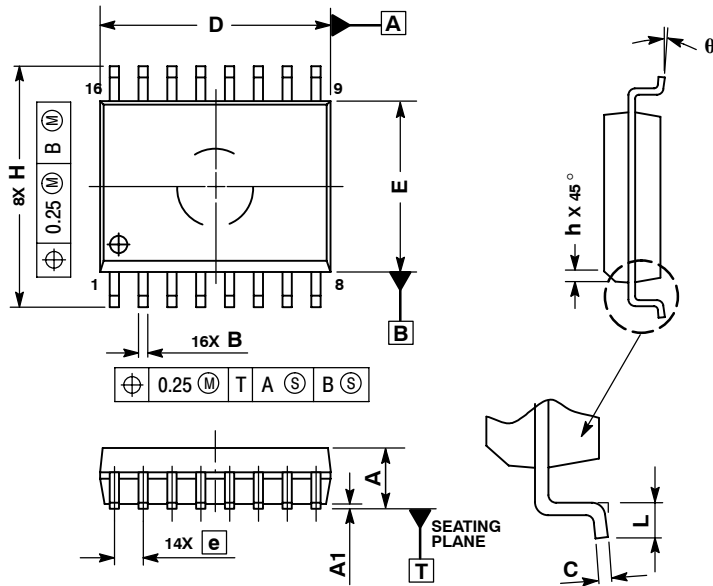5. ROUNDED CORNERS OPTIONAL.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.715	0.770	18.16	19.56
B	0.240	0.260	6.10	6.60
C	0.145	0.185	3.69	4.69
D	0.015	0.021	0.38	0.53
F	0.040	0.070	1.02	1.78
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
H	0.052	0.095	1.32	2.41
J	0.008	0.015	0.20	0.38
K	0.115	0.135	2.92	3.43
L	0.290	0.310	7.37	7.87
M	−−−	10 °	−−−	10 °
N	0.015	0.039	0.38	1.01

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOIC−16WB
CASE 751G−03
ISSUE C

NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
2. INTERPRET DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES PER ASME Y14.5M, 1994.
3. DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INLCUDE MOLD PROTRUSION.
4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 PER SIDE.
5. DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.13 TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE B DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

DIM	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX
A	2.35	2.65
A1	0.10	0.25
B	0.35	0.49
C	0.23	0.32
D	10.15	10.45
E	7.40	7.60
e	1.27 BSC	
H	10.05	10.55
h	0.25	0.75
L	0.50	0.90
q	0 °	7 °

PACKAGE THERMAL DATA

Parameter		PDIP−14	SOIC−16WB	Unit
$R_{\theta JC}$	Typical	23	48	°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Typical	105	85	°C/W