

National Semiconductor

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100371

Low Power Triple 4-Input Multiplexer with Enable

General Description

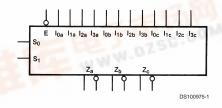
The 100371 contains three 4-input multiplexers which share a common decoder (inputs S₀ and S₁). Output buffer gates provide true and complement outputs. A HIGH on the Enable input (E) forces all true outputs LOW (see Truth Table). All inputs have 50 kΩ pull-down resistors.

- 2000V ESD protection
- Pin/function compatible with 100171
- Voltage compensated operating range = -4.2V to -5.7V
- Available to MIL-STD-883

Features

■ 35% power reduction of the 100171

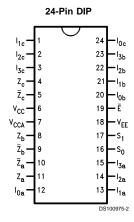
Logic Symbol



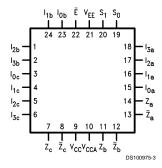
Pin Names	Description						
I _{0x} -I _{3x}	Data Inputs						
$I_{0x}-I_{3x}$ S_0 , S_1 \overline{E}	Select Inputs						
Ē	Enable Input (Active LOW)						
Z _a -Z _c	Data Outputs						
$Z_a - Z_c$ $\overline{Z}_a - \overline{Z}_c$	Complementary Data Outputs						



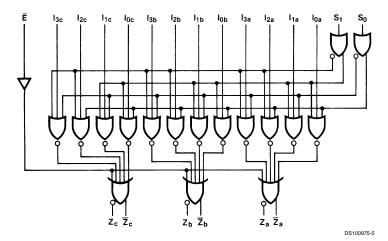
Connection Diagrams



24-Pin Quad Cerpak



Logic Diagram



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Truth Table

	Outputs		
Ē	So	S ₁	Z _n
L	L	L	l _{ox}
L	Н	L	I _{1x}
L	L	Н	l _{2x}
L	Н	Н	l _{3x}
Н	Х	X	L

H = HIGH Voltage Level L = LOW Voltage Level X = Don't Care

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

Storage Temperature (T_{STG})

-65°C to +150°C

Maximum Junction Temperature (T_J)

V_{FF} Pin Potential to Ground Pin

-7.0V to +0.5V

+175°C

Input Voltage (DC)

 V_{EE} to +0.5V

Output current (DC Output HIGH) ESD (Note 2)

-50 mA

≥2000V

Recommended Operating Conditions

Case Temperature (T_C)

Military

-55°C to +125°C

-5.7V to -4.2V

Supply Voltage (V_{EE}) Note 1: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device may be damaged or have its useful life impaired. Functional operation

under these conditions is not implied.

Note 2: ESD testing conforms to MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.

Military Version DC Electrical Characteristics

 V_{EE} = -4.2V to -5.7V, V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND, T_{C} = -55°C to +125°C

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units	T _C	Condit	Notes	
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	-1025	-870	mV	0°C to			
					+125°C			
		-1085	-870	mV	−55°C	V _{IN} = V (Max)	Loading with	(Notes 3, 4
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	-1830	-1620	mV	0°C to	or V _{IL (Min)}	50Ω to -2.0V	5)
					+125°C			
		-1830	-1555	mV	−55°C			
V _{OHC}	Output HIGH Voltage	-1035		mV	0°C to			
					+125°C			
		-1085		mV	−55°C	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} (Min)$	Loading with	(Notes 3, 4
V _{OLC}	Output LOW Voltage		-1610	mV	0°C to	or V _{IL} (Max)	50Ω to -2.0V	5)
					+125°C			
			-1555	mV	−55°C			
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	-1165	-870	mV	−55°C to	Guaranteed HIGH	(Notes 3, 4	
					+125°C	for All Inputs	5, 6)	
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	-1830	-1475	mV	−55°C to	Guaranteed LOW Signal		(Notes 3, 4,
					+125°C	for All Inputs	5, 6)	
I _{IL}	Input LOW Current	0.50		μA	−55°C to	V _{EE} = -4.2V		(Notes 3, 4
					+125°C	$V_{IN} = V_{IL} (Min)$		5)
I _{IH}	Input HIGH Current							
	$I_{0X}-I_{3X}$		340	μA	0°C to			(NI=4== 0 /
	S_0, S_1, \overline{E}		300		+125°C	V _{EE} = -5.7V		(Notes 3, 4 5)
	$I_{0X}-I_{3X}$		490	μA	−55°C	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} (Max)$		3)
	S_0, S_1, \overline{E}		450					
I _{EE}	Power Supply Current	-80	-30	mA	−55°C to	Inputs Open		(Notes 3, 4
					+125°C			5)

Note 3: F100K 300 Series cold temperature testing is performed by temperature soaking (to guarantee junction temperature equals -55°C), then testing immediately without allowing for the junction temperature to stabilize due to heat dissapation after power-up. This provides "cold start" specs which can be considered a worst case condition at cold temperatures.

Note 4: Screen tested 100% on each device at -55°C, +25°C, and +125°C, Subgroups 1, 2, 3, 7, and 8.

Note 5: Sample tested (Method 5005, Table I) on each manufactured lot at -55°C, +25°C, and +125°C, Subgroups 1, 2, 3, 7, and 8.

Note 6: Guaranteed by applying specified input condition and testing V_{OH}/V_{OL}.

Military Version AC Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{EE} = -4.2V \text{ to } -5.7V, V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$

Symbol	Parameter	T _C =	T _C = -55°C		T _C = +25°C		T _C = +125°C		Conditions	Notes
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max			
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay	0.10	1.90	0.20	1.70	0.20	2.00	ns		
t_{PHL}	I _{0x} -I _{3x} to Output									
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay	0.40	2.70	0.60	2.40	0.50	2.90	ns		(Notes 7,
t_{PHL}	S₀, S₁to Output								Figures 1, 2	8, 9, 11)
t _{PLH}	Propagation Delay	0.50	2.70	0.60	2.40	0.50	2.90	ns		
t_{PHL}	E to Output									
t _{TLH}	Transition Time	0.20	1.60	0.30	1.50	0.20	1.60	ns		(Note 10)
t_{THL}	20% to 80%, 80% to 20%									(Note 10)

Note 7: F100K 300 Series cold temperature testing is performed by temperature soaking (to guarantee junction temperature equals –55°C), then testing immediately after power-up. This provides "cold start" specs which can be considered a worst case condition at cold temperatures.

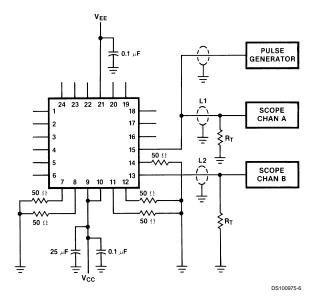
Note 8: Screen tested 100% on each device at +25°C temperature only, Subgroup A9.

Note 9: Sample tested (Method 5005, Table I) on each mfg. lot at +25°C, Subgroup A9, and at +125°C and -55°C temperatures, Subgroups A10 and A11.

Note 10: Not tested at +25°C, +125°C and -55°C temperature (design characterization data).

Note 11: The propagation delay specified is for single output switching. Delays may vary up to 300 ps with multiple outputs switching.

Test Circuitry



Notes:

V_{CC}, V_{CCA} = +2V, V_{EE} = -2.5V L1 and L2 = equal length 50Ω impedance lines R_T = 50Ω terminator internal to scope

Decoupling 0.1 μF from GND to V_{CC} and V_{EE}

All unused outputs are loaded with 50 Ω to GND

 C_L = Fixture and stray capacitance \leq 3 pF Pin numbers shown are for flatpak; for DIP see logic symbol

FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit

Switching Waveforms

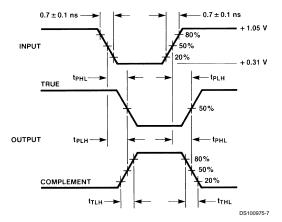
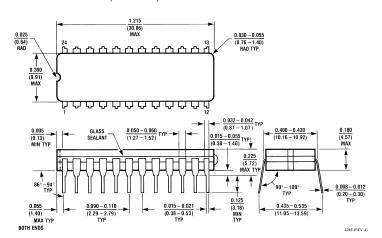
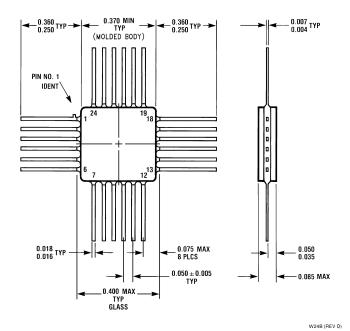


FIGURE 2. Propagation Delay and Transition Times

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24-Lead Ceramic Dual-In-Line Package (D) Package Number J24E



24-Lead Ceramic Flatpak (F) Package Number W24B

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