

MAXIM

LVDS or LVTT/LVCMOS Input to 14 LVTT/LVCMOS Output Clock Driver

General Description

The MAX9160 125MHz, 14-port LVTT/LVCMOS clock driver repeats the selected LVDS or LVTT/LVCMOS input on two output banks. Each bank consists of seven LVTT/LVCMOS series terminated outputs and a bank enable. The LVDS input has a fail-safe function. The MAX9160 has a propagation delay that can be adjusted using an external resistor to set the bias current for an internal delay cell. The LVTT/LVCMOS outputs feature 200ps maximum output-to-output skew and ± 100 ps maximum added peak-to-peak jitter.

The MAX9160 is designed to operate with a 3.3V supply voltage over the extended temperature range of -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$. This device is available in 28-pin exposed- and nonexposed-pad TSSOP and 32-lead 5mm x 5mm QFN packages.

Applications

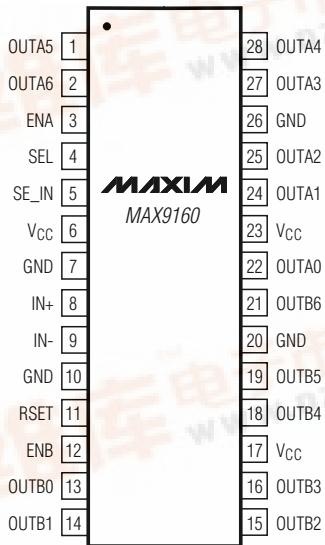
Cellular Base Stations
Servers
Add/Drop Multiplexers

Digital Cross-Connects
DSLAMs
Networking Equipment

Typical Application Circuit and Functional Diagram appear at end of data sheet.

Pin Configurations

TOP VIEW



TSSOP

Pin Configurations continued at end of data sheet.

Features

- ◆ LVDS or LVTT/LVCMOS Input Selection
- ◆ LVDS Input Fail-Safe Sets Outputs High for Open, Undriven Short, or Undriven Parallel Termination
- ◆ Two Output Banks with Separate Bank Enables
- ◆ Integrated Output Series Termination for 60Ω Lines
- ◆ 200ps (max) Output-to-Output Skew
- ◆ ± 100 ps (max) Peak-to-Peak Added Output Jitter
- ◆ 42% to 58% Output Duty Cycle at 125MHz
- ◆ Guaranteed 125MHz Operating Frequency
- ◆ LVDS Input Is High Impedance with $V_{CC} = 0\text{V}$ or Open (Hot Swappable)
- ◆ 28-Pin Exposed- and Nonexposed-Pad TSSOP or 32-Lead QFN Packages
- ◆ -40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$ Operating Temperature
- ◆ 3.0V to 3.6V Supply Voltage

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX9160EUI	-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	28 TSSOP
MAX9160AEUI	-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	28 TSSOP-EP**
MAX9160EGJ*	-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$	32 QFN-EP

*Future product—contact factory for availability.

**Exposed pad.

Function Table

EN	SEL	SE_IN	V _{ID}	OUT
H	H	H	X	H
H	H	L or open	X	L
H	L or open	X	$\geq +50\text{mV}$	H
H	L or open	X	$\leq -50\text{mV}$	L
H	L or open	X	Open, undriven short, or undriven parallel termination	H
L or Open	X	X	X	L

$V_{ID} = V_{IN+} - V_{IN-}$

H = high logic level

L = low logic level

X = don't care

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LVDS or LVTTL/LVCmos Input to 14 LVTT/LVCmos Output Clock Driver

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V _{CC} to GND	-0.3V to +4V
IN+, IN- to GND	-0.3V to +4V
SE_IN, EN-, SEL, RSET, OUT_ to GND	-0.3V to V _{CC} + 0.3V
Output Short-Circuit Duration (OUT_)	(Note 1) Continuous
Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C)	
28-Pin TSSOP (derate 12.8mW/°C above +70°C)	1024mW
28-Pin TSSOP-EP (derate 23.8mW/°C above +70°C)	1904mW
32-Pin QFN (derate 21.2mW/°C above +70°C)	1704mW

Note 1: Short one output at a time. Do not exceed the absolute maximum junction temperature.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = 3.0V to 3.6V, ENA = ENB = high, RSET = 12kΩ ±1%, differential input voltage |V_{ID}| = 0.05V to 1.2V, input common-mode voltage V_{CM} = |V_{ID}|/2 I to 2.4V - |V_{ID}|/2 I, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3V, |V_{ID}| = 0.2V, V_{CM} = 1.2V, T_A = +25°C.) (Notes 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
SINGLE-ENDED INPUTS (SE_IN, ENA, ENB, SEL)						
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}		2.0	V _{CC}		V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}		GND	0.8		V
Input Clamp Voltage	V _{CL}	I _{CL} = -18mA	-1.5	-0.85		V
Input Current	I _{IN}	V _{IN} = high or low	-20		+20	μA
SE_IN Capacitance (Note 4)	C _{IN}	SE_IN to GND		6.1		pF
LVDS INPUT (IN+, IN-)						
Differential Input High Threshold	V _{TH}			50		mV
Differential Input Low Threshold	V _{TL}		-50			mV
Input Current	I _{IN+} , I _{IN-}	0.05V ≤ V _{ID} ≤ 0.6V	-15	+15		μA
		0.6V < V _{ID} ≤ 1.2V	-20	+20		
Power-Off Input Current	I _{IN+(off)}	0.05V ≤ V _{ID} ≤ 0.6V, V _{CC} = 0V or open	-15	+15		μA
	I _{IN-(off)}	0.6V < V _{ID} ≤ 1.2V, V _{CC} = 0V or open	-20	+20		
Input Resistor 1	R _{IN1}	V _{CC} = 3.6V or 0V, Figure 1	51	100		kΩ
Input Resistor 2	R _{IN2}	V _{CC} = 3.6V or 0 V, Figure 1	200	341		kΩ
Input Capacitance (Note 4)	C _{IN}	IN+ or IN- to GND		6.0		pF
OUTPUTS (OUT_)						
Output Short-Circuit Current (Note 1)	I _{OS}	SEL = high, SE_IN = high, V _{OUT} = 0V	-115	-30		mA
		SEL = low, V _{ID} = 100mV, V _{OUT} = 0V				
Output Capacitance (Note 4)	C _O	OUT_ to GND		9		pF
Output High Voltage	V _{OH}	I _{OH} = -100μA	V _{CC} - 0.2			V
		I _{OH} = -4mA	2.4			
		I _{OH} = -8mA	2.1			
Fail-Safe Output High Voltage	V _{OHFS}	SEL = low, inputs open, undriven short, or undriven parallel terminated	I _{OH} = -100μA	V _{CC} - 0.2		V
			I _{OH} = -4mA	2.4		
			I _{OH} = -8mA	2.1		

LVDS or LVTTL/LVCMOS Input to 14 LVTTL/LVCMOS Output Clock Driver

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{CC} = 3.0V$ to $3.6V$, $ENA = ENB = \text{high}$, $RSET = 12k\Omega \pm 1\%$, differential input voltage $IV_{ID} = 0.05V$ to $1.2V$, input common-mode voltage $V_{CM} = IV_{ID}/2I$ to $2.4V - IV_{ID}/2I$, $TA = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $IV_{ID} = 0.2V$, $V_{CM} = 1.2V$, $TA = +25^\circ C$.) (Notes 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	$I_{OL} = 100\mu A$			0.2	V
		$I_{OL} = 4mA$			0.4	
		$I_{OL} = 8mA$			0.8	
Supply Current	I_{CC}	SEL = high, SE_{IN} = high or low, no load			15	μA
		SEL = low, $V_{ID} = -100mV$ or $100mV$, no load		7.0	10	mA
Output Series Resistance (Note 5)	R_S	Output switched high, $V_{OUT} = 1.65V$			72	Ω
		Output switched low, $V_{OUT} = 1.65V$			61	

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($V_{CC} = 3.0V$ to $3.6V$, $C_L = 20pF$, $ENA = ENB = \text{high}$, $SEL = \text{high or low}$, $RSET = 12k\Omega \pm 1\%$, differential input voltage $IV_{ID} = 0.15V$ to $1.2V$, input common-mode voltage $V_{CM} = IV_{ID}/2I$ to $2.4V - IV_{ID}/2I$, $TA = -40^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $IV_{ID} = 0.2V$, $V_{CM} = 1.2V$, $TA = +25^\circ C$.) (Notes 6, 7, 8)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Rise Time	t_R	Figures 2 and 3	1.4		2.95	ns
Fall Time	t_F		1.4		2.95	ns
Low-to-High Propagation Delay IN_+, IN_- to OUT_-	t_{PLH1}	SEL = low	$RSET = 12k\Omega$	5.3	6.5	8.0
			$RSET = \text{open}$	4.9		9.0
High-to-Low Propagation Delay IN_+, IN_- to OUT_-	t_{PHL1}	SEL = low	$RSET = 12k\Omega$	5.3	6.4	8.0
			$RSET = \text{open}$	4.9		9.0
Low-to-High Propagation Delay SE_{IN} to OUT_-	t_{PLH2}	SEL = high	2.2	2.9	3.8	ns
High-to-Low Propagation Delay SE_{IN} to OUT_-	t_{PHL2}	SEL = high	2.2	3.1	3.8	ns
Added Peak-to-Peak Output Jitter	t_J	100mV peak-to-peak supply noise at 200kHz, 3.3V supply			100	ps
Output Duty Cycle	ODC	$f_{IN} = 125MHz$	42	58		%
		$f_{IN} = 35MHz$	48.75		51.25	
Output-to-Output Skew (Note 9)	t_{SKOO}				200	ps
Part-to-Part Skew (Note 10)	t_{SKPP1}	SE_{IN} to OUT_- , SEL = high			0.9	ns
		IN_+, IN_- to OUT_- , SEL = low			2.2	
Part-to-Part Skew (Note 11)	t_{SKPP2}	SE_{IN} to OUT_- , SEL = high			1.6	ns
		IN_+, IN_- to OUT_- , SEL = low			2.7	
Maximum Switching Frequency (Note 12)	f_{MAX}		125			MHz

Note 2: Current into a pin is defined as positive. Current out of a pin is defined as negative. All voltages are referenced to ground except V_{TH} , V_{TL} , and V_{ID} .

Note 3: Parameter limits over temperature are guaranteed by design and characterization. Devices are production tested at $TA = +25^\circ C$.

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LVDS or LVTT/LVCMOS Input to 14 LVTT/LVCMOS Output Clock Driver

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

($V_{CC} = 3.0V$ to $3.6V$, $C_L = 20pF$, $ENA = ENB = \text{high}$, $SEL = \text{high or low}$, $RSET = 12k\Omega \pm 1\%$, differential input voltage $IV_{ID} = 0.15V$ to $1.2V$, input common-mode voltage $V_{CM} = IV_{ID}/2I$ to $2.4V - IV_{ID}/2I$, $T_A = -40^\circ\text{C}$ to $+85^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $IV_{ID} = 0.2V$, $V_{CM} = 1.2V$, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$.) (Notes 6, 7, 8)

Note 4: Guaranteed by design and characterization.

Note 5: Total of driver output resistance and integrated series resistor.

Note 6: AC parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization and are not production tested. Limits are set at ± 6 sigma.

Note 7: C_L includes scope probe and test jig capacitance.

Note 8: Pulse generator conditions for SE_{IN} input: frequency = 125MHz , 50% duty cycle, $Z_0 = 50\Omega$, $t_R = 1.2\text{ns}$, and $t_F = 1.2\text{ns}$ (20% to 80%), $V_{OH} = V_{CC}$, $V_{OL} = 0V$. Pulse generator conditions for IN_+ , IN_- input: frequency = 125MHz , 50% duty cycle, $Z_0 = 50\Omega$, $t_R = 1\text{ns}$, and $t_F = 1\text{ns}$ (20% to 80%). VID , V_{CM} as specified in *AC Electrical Characteristics* general conditions.

Note 9: Measured between outputs with identical loads at $V_{CC}/2$ for a same-edge transition.

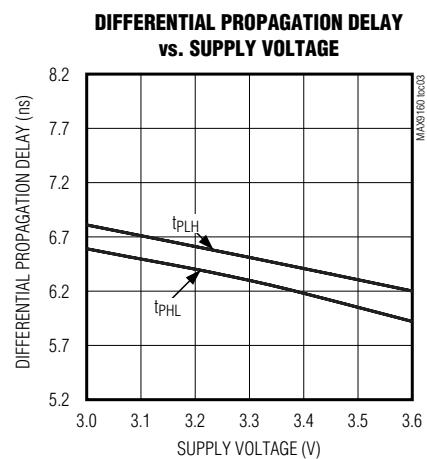
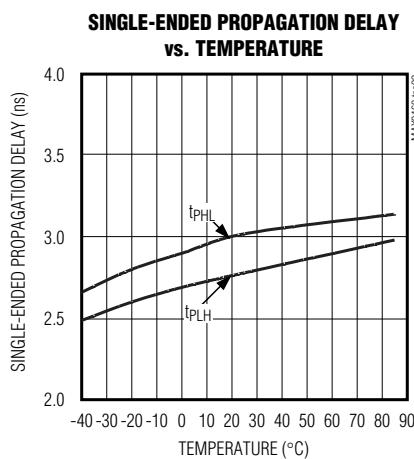
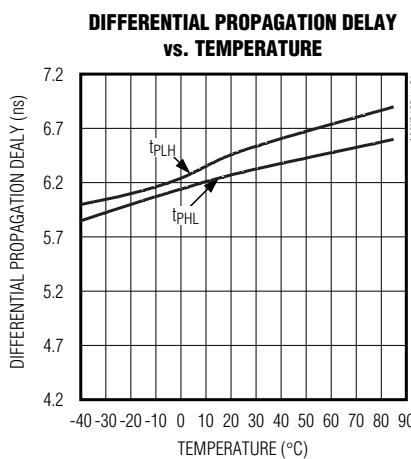
Note 10: t_{SKPP1} is the greatest difference in propagation delay between different parts operating under identical conditions within rated conditions.

Note 11: t_{SKPP2} is the greatest difference in propagation delay between different parts operating within rated conditions.

Note 12: All AC specifications met at f_{MAX} .

Typical Operating Characteristics

(MAX9160 with $RSET = 12k\Omega \pm 1\%$, $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $C_L = 20pF$, $ENA = ENB = \text{high}$, $IV_{ID} = 0.2$, $V_{CM} = 1.2V$, $f_{IN} = 125\text{MHz}$, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

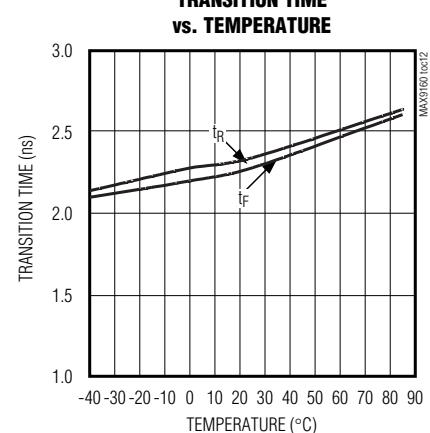
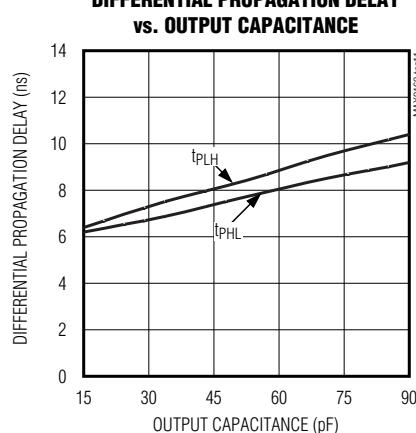
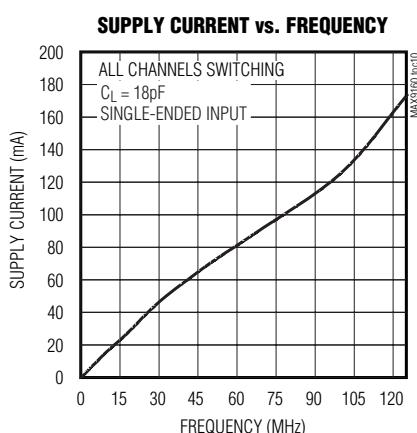
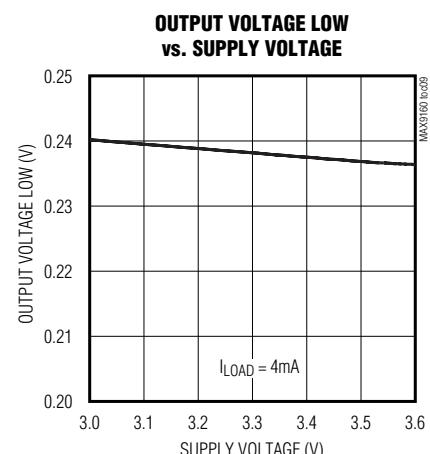
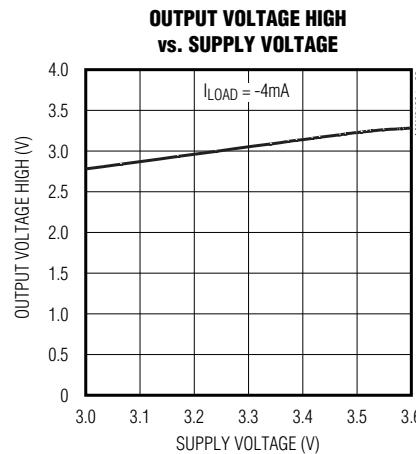
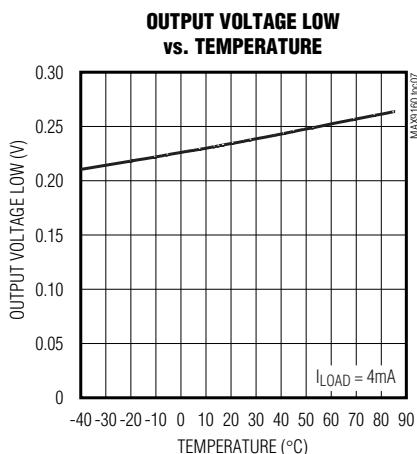
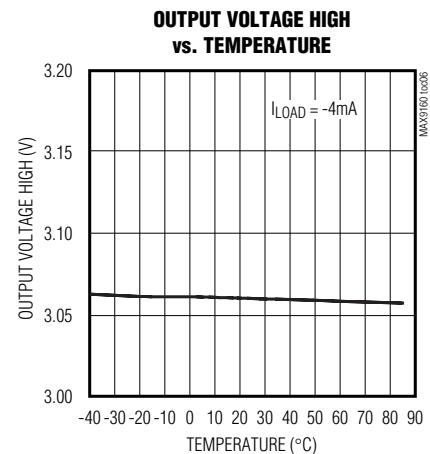
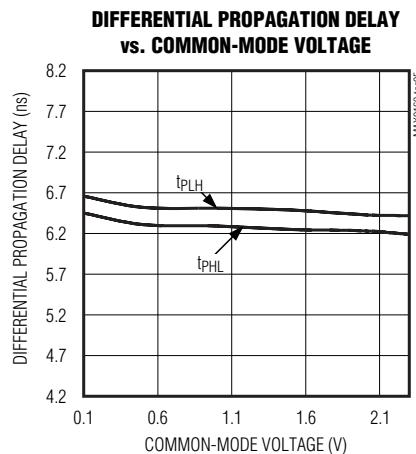
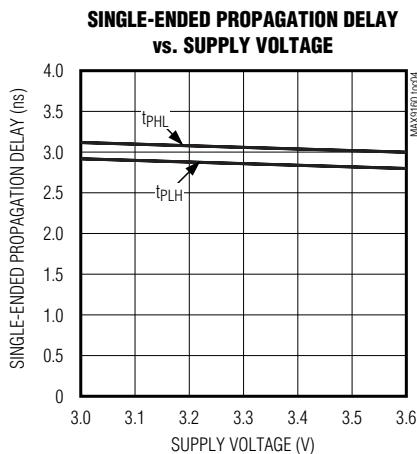


LVDS or LVTT/LVCMOS Input to 14 LVTT/LVCMOS Output Clock Driver

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(MAX9160 with $R_{SET} = 12k\Omega \pm 1\%$, $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $C_L = 20pF$, $ENA = ENB = \text{high}$, $|V_{ID}| = 0.2$, $V_{CM} = 1.2V$, $f_{IN} = 125\text{MHz}$, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

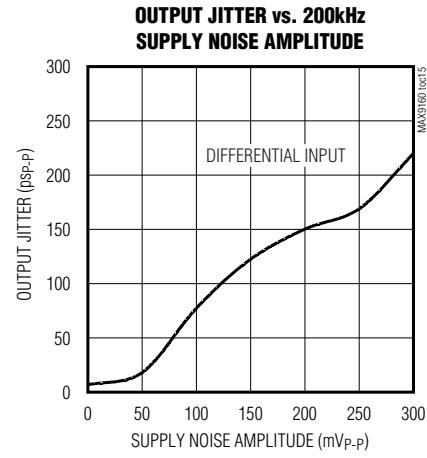
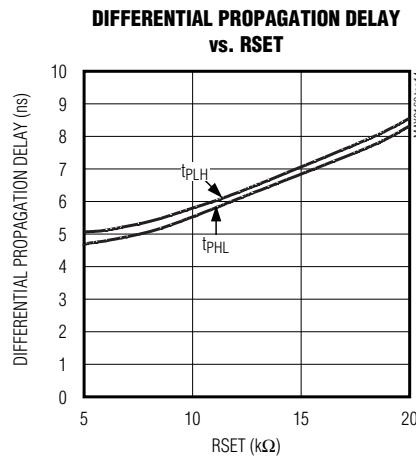
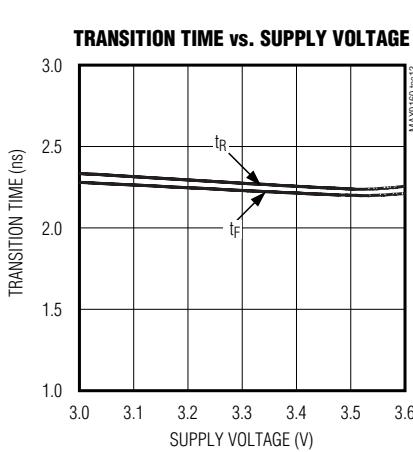
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LVDS or LVTT/LVCMOS Input to 14 LVTT/LVCMOS Output Clock Driver

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(MAX9160 with $R_{SET} = 12k\Omega \pm 1\%$, $V_{CC} = 3.3V$, $C_L = 20pF$, $ENA = ENB = \text{high}$, $IV_{DI} = 0.2$, $V_{CM} = 1.2V$, $f_{IN} = 125\text{MHz}$, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)



Pin Description

PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
QFN	TSSOP		
1	4	SEL	LVCMOS/LVTT Level Logic Input. SEL = high selects SE_IN. SEL = low or open selects IN+, IN-. SEL is pulled to GND by an internal resistor.
2	5	SE_IN	LVCMOS/LVTT Level Input. SE_IN is pulled to GND by an internal resistor.
3, 12, 16, 22, 29	6, 17, 23	VCC	Positive Supply Voltage. Bypass with 0.1 μF and 0.001 μF capacitors to ground.
4, 7, 13, 19, 25, 28	7, 10, 20, 26	GND	Ground
5	8	IN+	Noninverting Input of Differential Input
6	9	IN-	Inverting Input of Differential Input
8	11	RSET	Connect a $12k\Omega \pm 1\%$ resistor to ground to decrease the minimum to maximum IN+, IN- to OUT_ propagation delay.
9	12	ENB	LVCMOS/LVTT Level Logic Input. When ENB = high, outputs OUTB_ are enabled and follow the selected input. When ENB = low or open, outputs OUTB_ are driven low. ENB is pulled to GND by an internal resistor.
10, 11, 14, 15, 17, 18, 20	13–16, 18, 19, 21	OUTB_	Bank B LVCMOS/LVTT Outputs

LVDS or LVTT/LVCMOS Input to 14 LVTT/LVCMOS Output Clock Driver

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Pin Description (continued)

PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
QFN	TSSOP		
21, 23, 24, 26, 27, 30, 31	1, 2, 22, 24, 25, 27, 28	OUTA_	Bank A LVCMOS/LVTT Outputs
32	3	ENA	LVCMOS/LVTT Level Logic Input. When ENA = high, outputs OUTA_ are enabled and follow the selected input. When ENA = low or open, outputs OUTA_ are driven low. ENA is pulled to GND by an internal resistor.
EP*		Exposed Pad	Solder to PC board

*MAX9160EGJ and MAX9160AEUI.

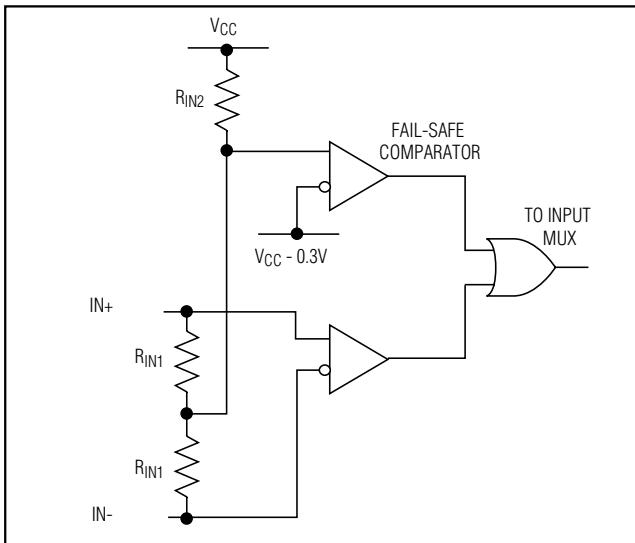


Figure 1. Fail-Safe Input Circuit

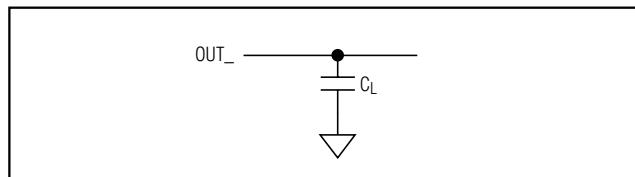


Figure 2. Output Load

-40°C to +85°C. This device is available in 28-pin exposed and nonexposed pad TSSOP and 32-lead 5mm x 5mm QFN packages.

Fail-Safe

A fail-safe circuit on the MAX9160 sets enabled outputs high when the LVDS input is:

- Open
- Undriven and shorted
- Undriven and terminated

Without a fail-safe circuit, when the LVDS input is selected and undriven, noise may cause the enabled outputs to switch. Open or undriven terminated input conditions can occur when a cable is disconnected or cut, or when a driver output is in high impedance. A shorted input can occur because of a cable failure.

When the MAX9160 LVDS input is driven with a differential signal with a common-mode voltage between $V_{ID}/2$ and $2.4V - V_{ID}/2$, the fail-safe circuit is not activated. If the input is open, undriven and shorted, or undriven and parallel terminated, an internal resistor in the fail-safe circuit pulls both of the LVDS inputs above $V_{CC} - 0.3V$, activating the fail-safe circuit and forcing the output high (Figure 1).

Detailed Description

The MAX9160 125MHz, 14-port LVTT/LVCMOS clock driver repeats the selected LVDS or LVTT/LVCMOS input on two output banks. Each bank consists of seven LVTT/LVCMOS series terminated outputs and a bank enable. The LVDS input has a fail-safe function. The MAX9160 has a propagation delay that can be adjusted using an external resistor to set the bias current for an internal delay cell. The LVTT/LVCMOS outputs feature 200ps maximum output-to-output skew and ± 100 ps maximum added peak-to-peak jitter.

The MAX9160 is designed to operate with a 3.3V supply voltage over the extended temperature range of

LVDS or LVTT/LVCMOS Input to 14 LVTT/LVCMOS Output Clock Driver

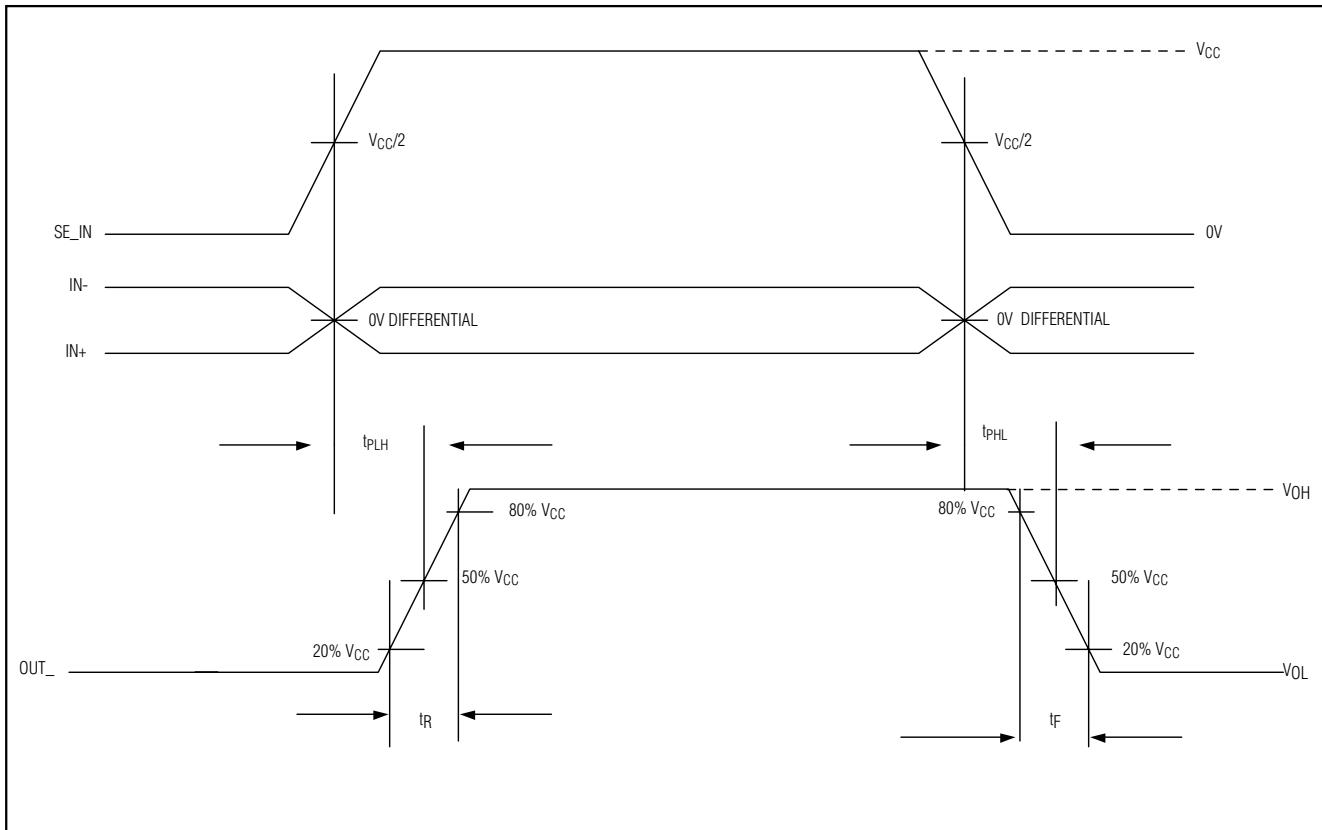


Figure 3. Transition Time and Propagation Delay Timing Diagram

Propagation Delay and RSET

The MAX9160 delay can be adjusted by connecting a resistor from RSET to ground. See *Typical Operating Characteristics* for a graph of delay vs. RSET.

Output Enables

Each bank of seven LVTT/LVCMOS drivers is controlled by an output enable. Outputs follow the selected input when EN_ is high. Outputs are low (not high impedance) when EN_ = low.

Power Dissipation and Package Type

Power dissipation at high switching frequencies may exceed the power dissipation capacity of the standard TSSOP package (see the Supply Current vs. Frequency graph in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*). An EP version of the TSSOP package is available that dissipates higher power. Also, a space-saving QFN package with EP is available. The EP must be soldered to the PC board.

Supply Bypassing

Bypass each supply pin with high-frequency surface-mount ceramic 0.1 μ F and 0.001 μ F capacitors in parallel as close to the device as possible, with the smaller value capacitor closest to the device.

Board Layout

A four-layer PC board that provides separate power, ground, input, and output signals is recommended. Keep input and output signals separated to prevent coupling.

Chip Information

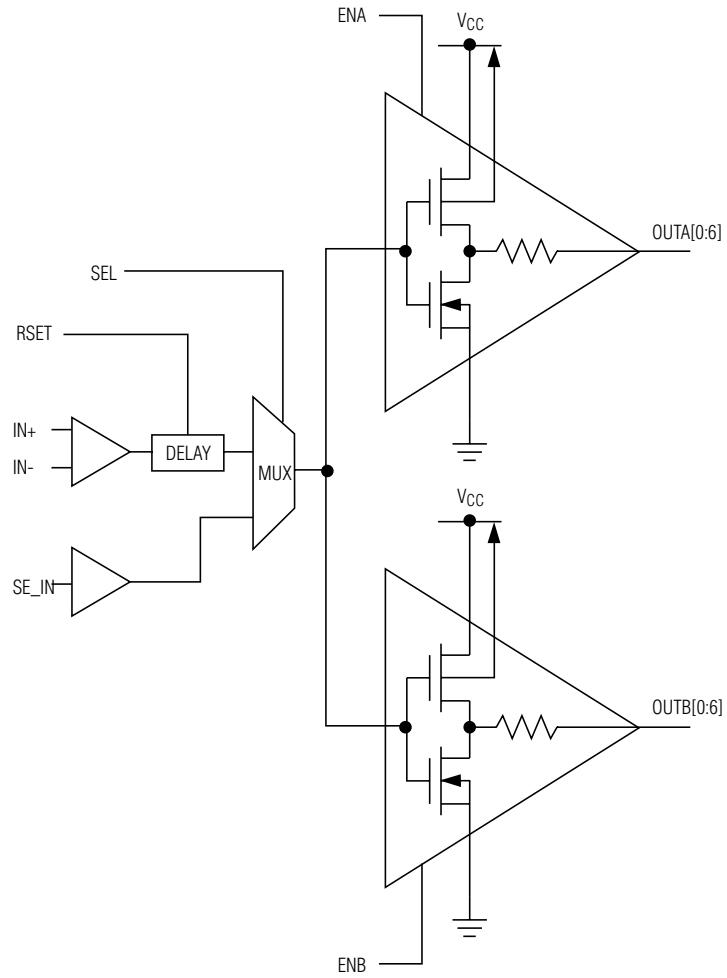
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PROCESS: CMOS

LVDS or LVTTL/LVCMOS Input to 14 LVTTL/LVCMOS Output Clock Driver

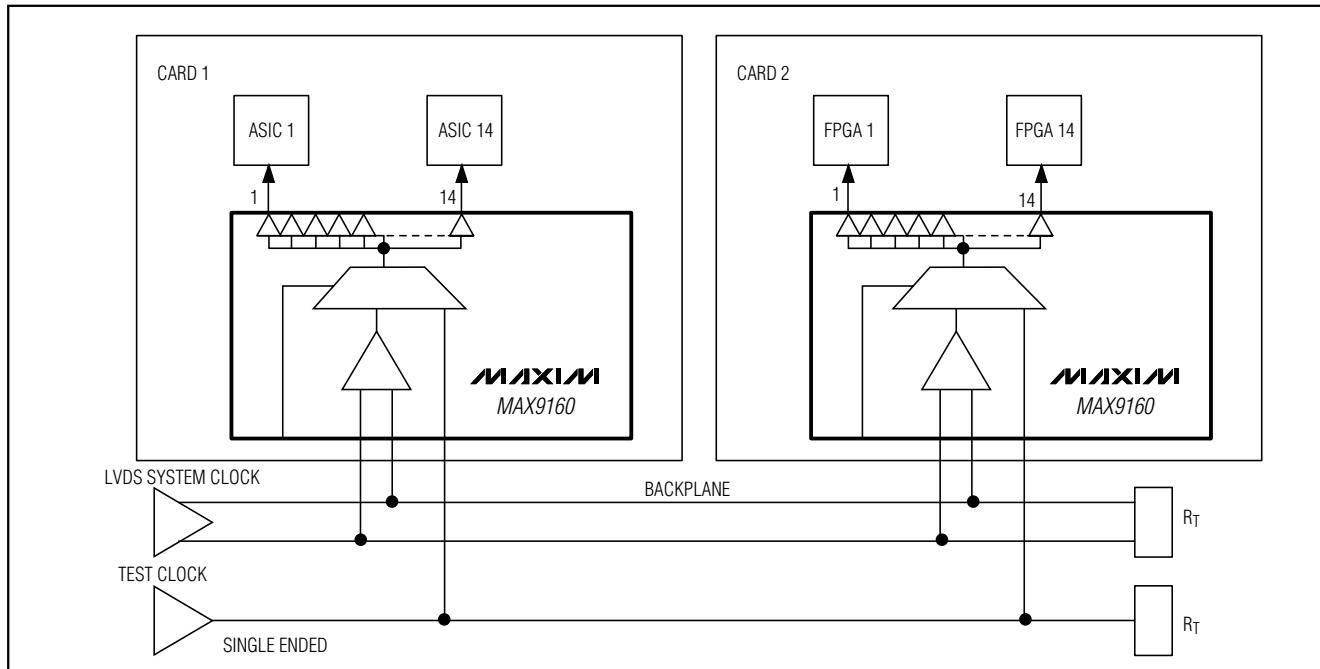
Functional Diagram

MAX9160

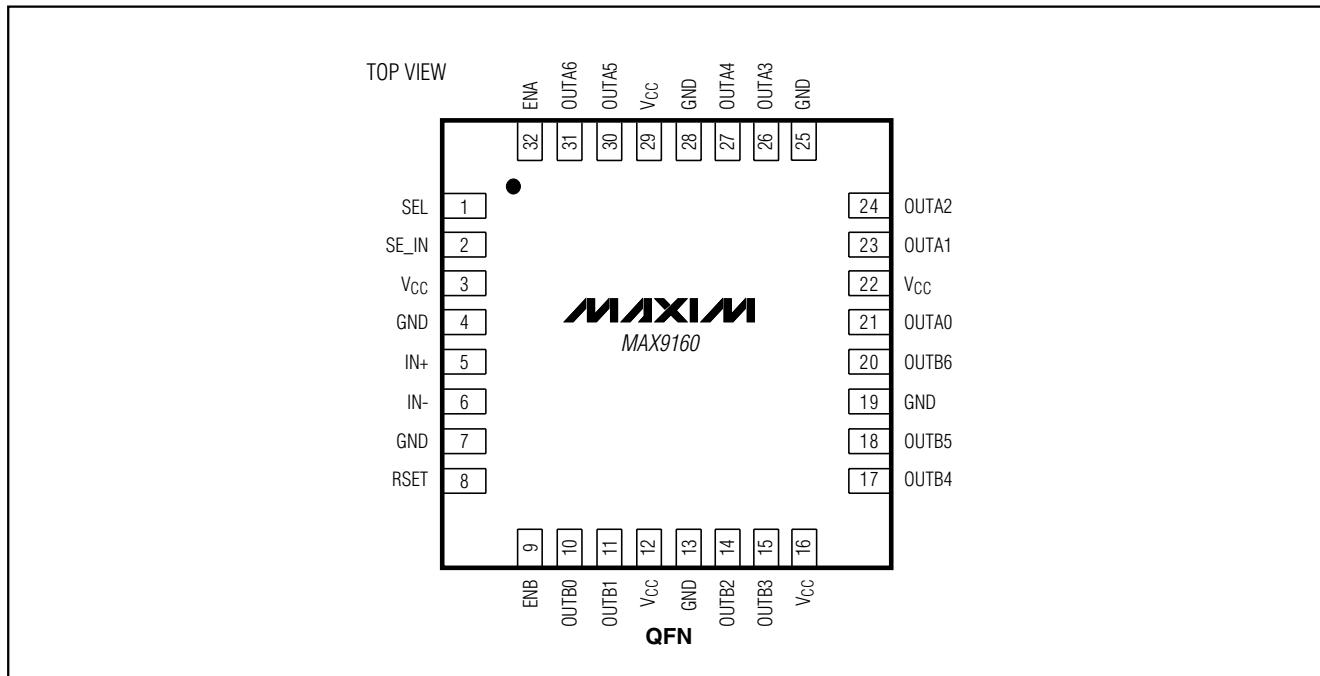


LVDS or LVTT/LVCMOS Input to 14 LVTT/LVCMOS Output Clock Driver

Typical Application Circuit



Pin Configurations (continued)

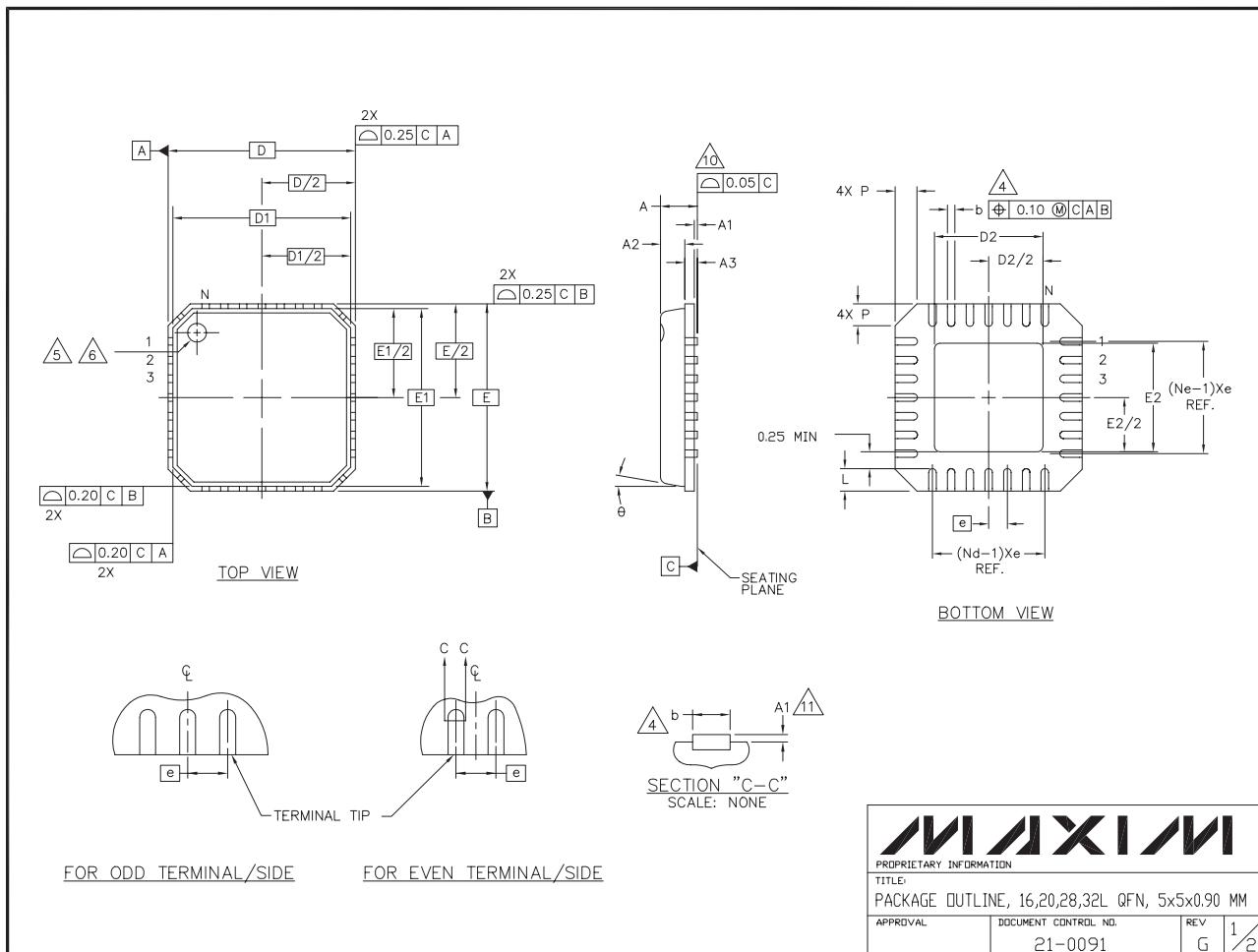


LVDS or LVTT/LVCMOS Input to 14 LVTT/LVCMOS Output Clock Driver

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

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LVDS or LVTT/LVCMOS Input to 14 LVTT/LVCMOS Output Clock Driver

Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

NOTES:

1. DIE THICKNESS ALLOWABLE IS 0.305mm MAXIMUM (.012 INCHES MAXIMUM)
2. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCES CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M. - 1994.
3. \triangle N IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
Nd IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS IN X-DIRECTION &
Ne IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS IN Y-DIRECTION.
4. \triangle DIMENSION b APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED
BETWEEN 0.20 AND 0.25mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
5. \triangle THE PIN #1 IDENTIFIER MUST BE EXISTED ON THE TOP SURFACE OF THE
PACKAGE BY USING INDENTATION MARK OR INK/ LASER MARKED.
6. \triangle EXACT SHAPE AND SIZE OF THIS FEATURE IS OPTIONAL.
7. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
8. PACKAGE WARPAGE MAX 0.05mm.
9. \triangle APPLIED FOR EXPOSED PAD AND TERMINALS.
EXCLUDE EMBEDDED PART OF EXPOSED PAD FROM MEASURING.
10. MEETS JEDEC MO220.
11. THIS PACKAGE OUTLINE APPLIES TO ANVIL SINGULATION (STEPS SIDES)
AND TO SAW SINGULATION (STRAIGHT SIDES) QFN STYLES.

S _Y M _Y B _Y O _Y L	COMMON DIMENSIONS			N _O T _E
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
A	0.80	0.90	1.00	
A1	0.00	0.01	0.05	
A2	0.00	0.65	1.00	
A3	0.20 REF.			
D	5.00 BSC			
D1	4.75 BSC			
E	5.00 BSC			
E1	4.75 BSC			
θ	0°	—		12°
P	0	—		0.60
D2	1.25	—		3.25
E2	1.25	—		3.25

S _Y M _Y B _Y O _Y L	PITCH VARIATION B			S _Y M _Y B _Y O _Y L	PITCH VARIATION B			S _Y M _Y B _Y O _Y L	PITCH VARIATION C			S _Y M _Y B _Y O _Y L	PITCH VARIATION D			N _O T _E		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.															
(E)	0.80	BSC		(E)	0.65	BSC		(E)	0.50	BSC		(E)	0.50	BSC				
N	16	3	N	20	3	N	28	3	N	32		3						
Nd	4	3	Nd	5	3	Nd	7	3	Nd	8		3						
Ne	4	3	Ne	5	3	Ne	7	3	Ne	8		3						
L	0.35	0.55	0.75	L	0.35	0.55	0.75	L	0.35	0.55	0.75	L	0.30	0.40	0.50			
b	0.28	0.33	0.40	4	b	0.23	0.28	0.35	4	b	0.18	0.23	0.30	4	b	0.18	0.23	0.30
																4		

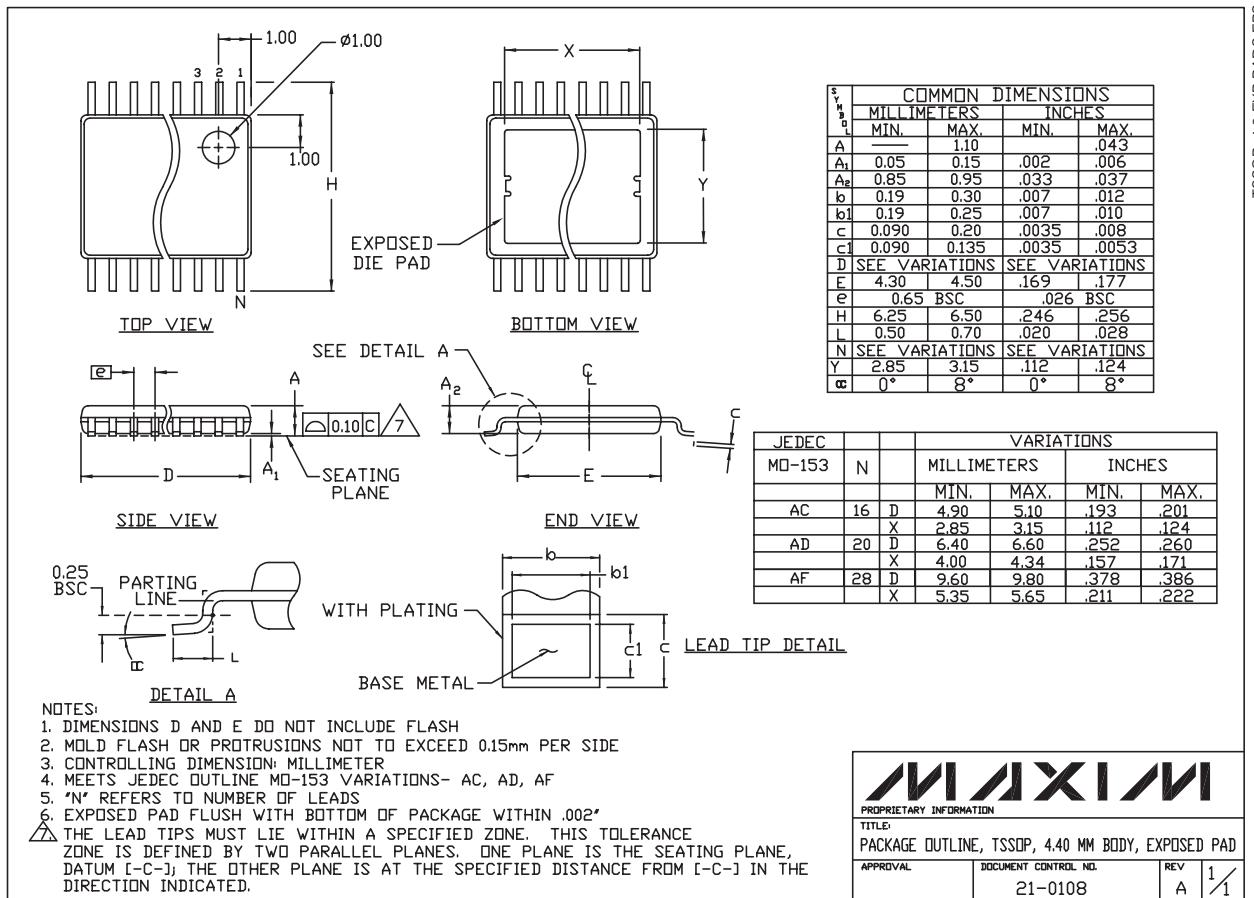
 PROPRIETARY INFORMATION TITLE: PACKAGE OUTLINE, 16,20,28,32L QFN, 5x5x0.90 MM	
APPROVAL	DOCUMENT CONTROL NO. 21-0091
REV G	2 /2

LVDS or LVTT/LVCMOS Input to 14 LVTT/LVCMOS Output Clock Driver

Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

MAX9160



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