

Solid State Relay OCMOS FET

# PS7360-1A,PS7360L-1A

## 6-PIN DIP, HIGH ISOLATION VOLTAGE 1-ch Optical Coupled MOS FET

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The PS7360-1A and PS7360L-1A are solid state relays containing GaAs LEDs on the light emitting side (input side) and MOS FETs on the output side.

They are suitable for analog signal control because of their low offset and high linearity.

The PS7360L-1A has a surface mount type lead.

#### **★ FEATURES**

- High isolation voltage (BV = 3 750 Vr.m.s.)
- 1 channel type (1 a output)
- Low LED operating current (IF = 2 mA)
- · Designed for AC/DC switching line changer
- Small package (6-pin DIP)
- · Low offset voltage
- PS7360L-1A: Surface mount type
- UL approved: File No. E72422 (S)
- BSI approved: No. 8252/8253
- CSA approved: No. CA 101391

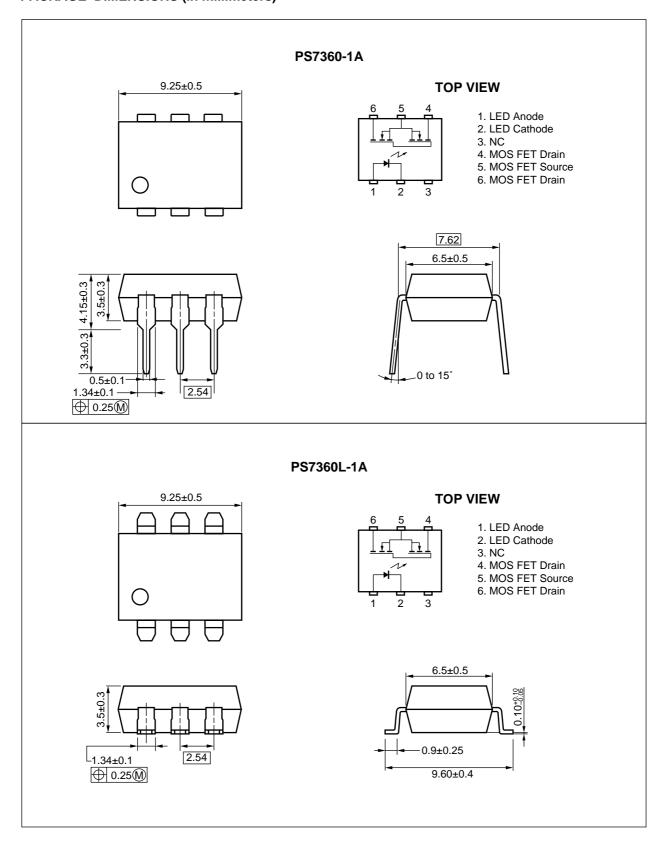
#### **APPLICATIONS**

- Exchange equipment
- Measurement equipment
- FA/OA equipment

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Not all devices/types available in every country. Please check with local NEC representative for availability and additional information.

### **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (in millimeters)**



### **★ ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part Number	Package	Packing Style	Application Part Number*1
PS7360-1A	6-pin DIP	Magazine case 50 pcs	PS7360-1A
PS7360L-1A			PS7360L-1A
PS7360L-1A-E3		Embossed Tape 1 000 pcs/reel	
PS7360L-1A-E4			

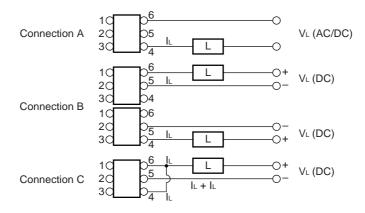
<sup>\*1</sup> For the application of the Safety Standard, following part number should be used.

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter			Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Diode	Forward Current (DC)		lF	50	mA
	Reverse Voltage		VR	5.0	V
	Power Dissipation		Po	50	mW
	Peak Forward Current <sup>™</sup>		<b>I</b> FP	1	Α
MOS FET	Break Down Voltage		VL	600	V
	Continuous	Connection A	l <sub>L</sub>	90	mA
	Load Current <sup>*2</sup>	Connection B		130	
		Connection C		200	
	Pulse Load Current <sup>-3</sup> (AC/DC Connection)		ILP	250	mA
Power Dissipation		Po	560	mW	
Isolation Voltage <sup>*4</sup>		BV	3 750	Vr.m.s.	
Total Power Dissipation		Рт	610	mW	
Operating Ambient Temperature		TA	-40 to +85	°C	
Storage Temperature		T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +125	°C	

<sup>\*1</sup> PW = 100  $\mu$ s, Duty Cycle = 1 %

<sup>\*2</sup> Conditions: If  $\geq$  2 mA. The following types of load connections are available.



<sup>\*3</sup> PW = 100 ms, 1 shot

<sup>\*4</sup> AC voltage for 1 minute at  $T_A = 25$  °C, RH = 60 % between input and output

---· 50 %

**—** 0

- 90 %

– 10 %

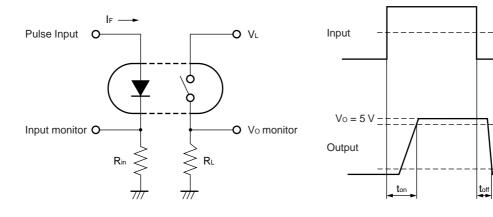
### RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS (TA = 25 °C)

	Parameter	Symbol	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
*	LED Operating Current	lF	2	10	20	mA
	LED Off Voltage	VF	0		0.5	V

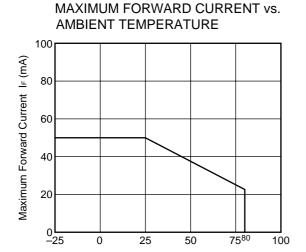
### **★** ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25 °C)

	Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Diode	Forward Voltage	VF	IF = 10 mA		1.2	1.4	V
	Reverse Current	lR	V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V			5.0	μΑ
MOS FET	Off-state Leakage Current	Loff	V <sub>D</sub> = 600 V		0.03	1.0	μΑ
	Output Capacitance	Cout	V <sub>D</sub> = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		110		pF
Coupled	LED On-state Current	<b>I</b> Fon	I∟ = 90 mA			2.0	mA
	On-state Resistance	R <sub>on1</sub>	IF = 10 mA, IL = 10 mA		41	50	Ω
		Ron2	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, I_L = 90 \text{ mA}, t \le 10 \text{ ms}$		33	45	
	Turn-on Time 1	<b>t</b> on	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}, V_O = 5 \text{ V}, PW \ge 10 \text{ ms}$		0.6	2.0	ms
	Turn-off Time <sup>*1</sup>	<b>t</b> off			0.03	0.2	
	Isolation Resistance	Rı-o	Vi-o = 1.0 kVpc	10°			Ω
	Isolation Capacitance	C <sub>I-O</sub>	V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz		1.1		pF

### \*1 Test Circuit for Switching Time

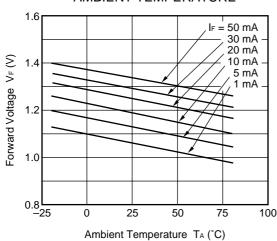


### **★** TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified)

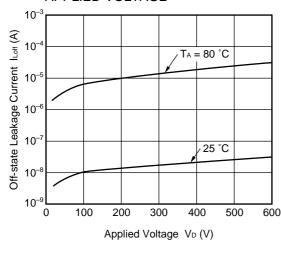


### FORWARD VOLTAGE vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

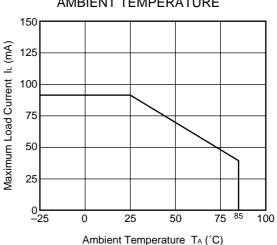
Ambient Temperature TA (°C)



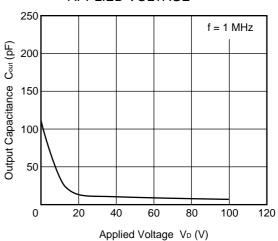
### OFF-STATE LEAKAGE CURRENT vs. APPLIED VOLTAGE



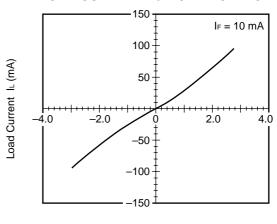
### MAXIMUM LOAD CURRENT vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



### OUTPUT CAPACITANCE vs. APPLIED VOLTAGE

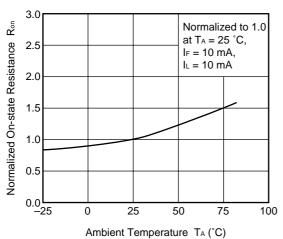


#### LOAD CURRENT vs. LOAD VOLTAGE

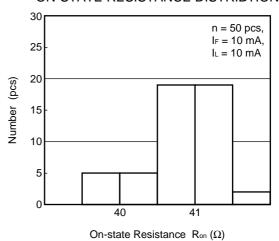


Load Voltage V<sub>L</sub> (V)

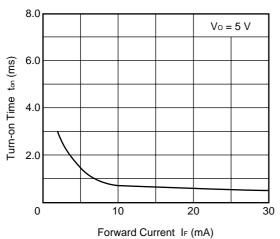
### NORMALIZED ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



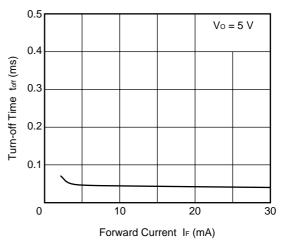
### ON-STATE RESISTANCE DISTRIBTION



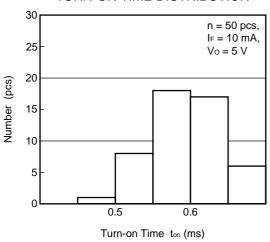
### TURN-ON TIME vs. FORWARD CURRENT



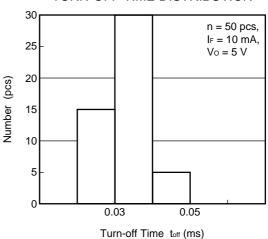
TURN-OFF TIME vs. FORWARD CURRENT



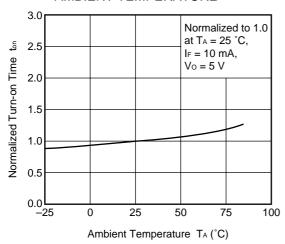
### TURN-ON TIME DISTRIBUTION



#### TURN-OFF TIME DISTRIBUTION

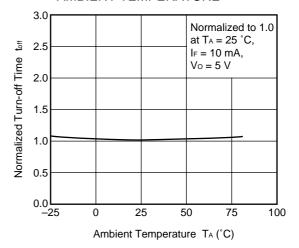


### NORMALIZED TURN-ON TIME vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

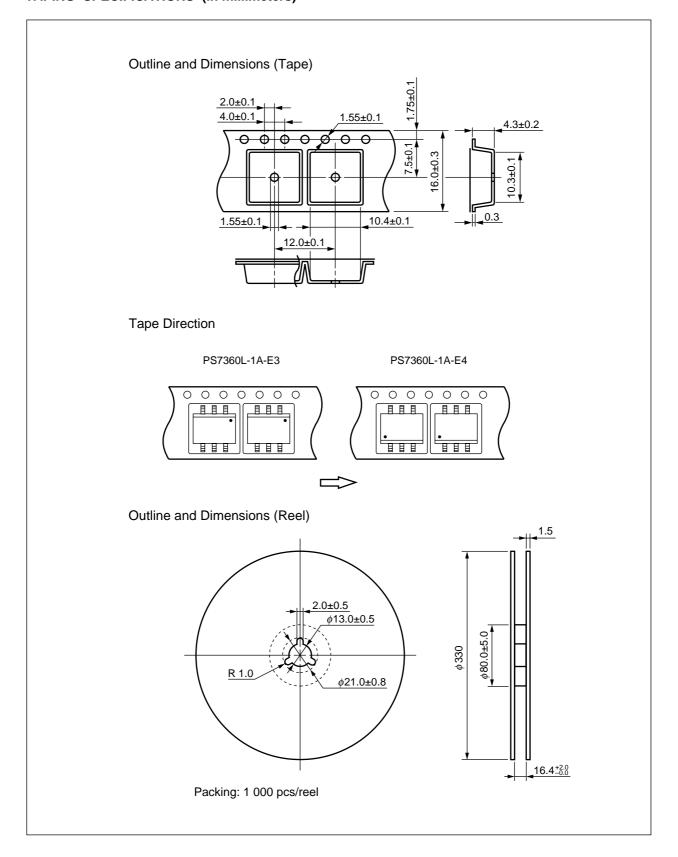


**Remark** The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

### NORMALIZED TURN-OFF TIME vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



### **★ TAPING SPECIFICATIONS (in millimeters)**



#### RECOMMENDED SOLDERING CONDITIONS

### (1) Infrared reflow soldering

Peak reflow temperature
 235 °C (package surface temperature)

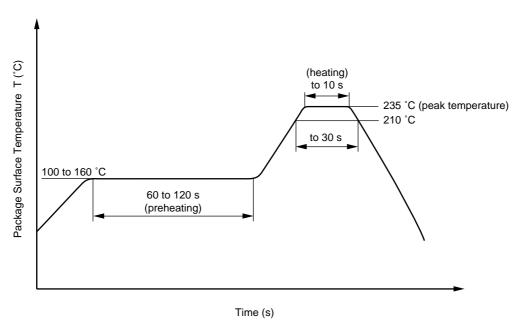
• Time of temperature higher than 210 °C 30 seconds or less

• Number of reflows One

• Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a

maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt % is recommended.)

### Recommended Temperature Profile of Infrared Reflow



### (2) Dip soldering

• Temperature 260 °C or below (molten solder temperature)

• Time 10 seconds or less

• Number of times One

• Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of

0.2 Wt % is recommended.)

### (3) Cautions

Fluxes

Avoid removing the residual flux with freon-based and chlorine-based cleaning solvent.

Products in dry pack

After opening the dry pack, solder the products within the valid storage period specified on the label on the dry pack.

[MEMO]

#### CAUTION

Within this device there exists GaAs (Gallium Arsenide) material which is a harmful substance if ingested. Please do not under any circumstances break the hermetic seal.

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