

## General Description

The AON6405L combines advanced trench MOSFET technology with a low resistance package to provide extremely low  $R_{DS(ON)}$ . This device is ideal for load switch and battery protection applications.

## Features

$V_{DS}$  (V) = -30V

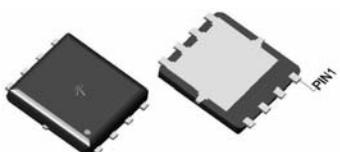
$I_D$  = -30A ( $V_{GS}$  = -10V)

$R_{DS(ON)}$  < 7mΩ ( $V_{GS}$  = -10V)

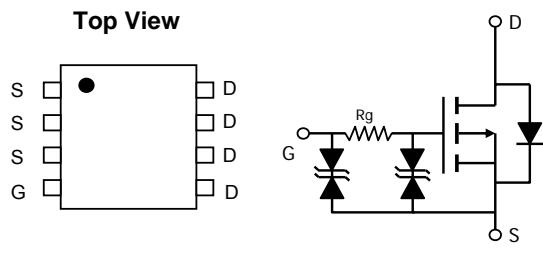
$R_{DS(ON)}$  < 8mΩ ( $V_{GS}$  = -4.5V)



Fits SOIC8  
footprint!



DFN5X6



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>G</sup>	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	-30	A
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D$	-23	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	-160	
Continuous Drain Current <sup>G</sup>	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	-15	A
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	$I_{DSM}$	-12	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AR}$	-54	A
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.1\text{mH}$ <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AR}$	146	mJ
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$	83	W
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	33	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$	2.5	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	$P_{DSM}$	1.6	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$t \leq 10\text{s}$	14.2	17	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>AD</sup>		42	50	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.2	1.5	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$			-1	$\mu\text{A}$
					-5	
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 16\text{V}$			$\pm 10$	$\mu\text{A}$
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-0.8	-1.2	-1.6	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-160			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-20\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		5.5	7	$\text{m}\Omega$
				7	8.5	
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}, I_D=-20\text{A}$		70		S
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.65	-1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-50	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		4580	5500	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance			755		pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			564		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		160	210	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(-10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, I_D=-20\text{A}$		87	105	nC
$Q_g(-4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			41		nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge			12.8		nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge			17		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, R_L=0.75\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		180		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			260		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			1.2		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			9.7		$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-20\text{A}, dI/dt=300\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		32	40	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-20\text{A}, dI/dt=300\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		77		nC

A: The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ . The Power dissipation  $P_{\text{DSM}}$  is based on  $R_{\theta JA}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of  $150^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\theta JC}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300  $\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

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## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

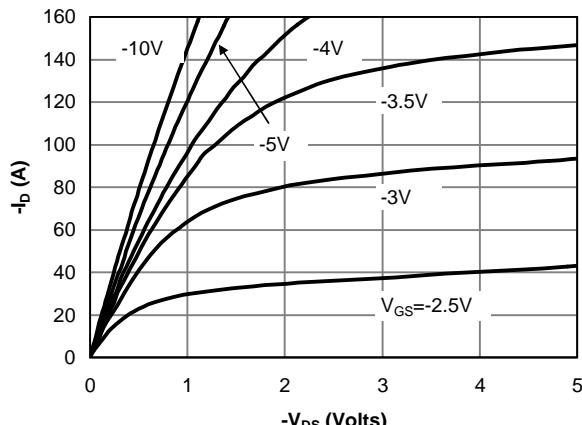


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

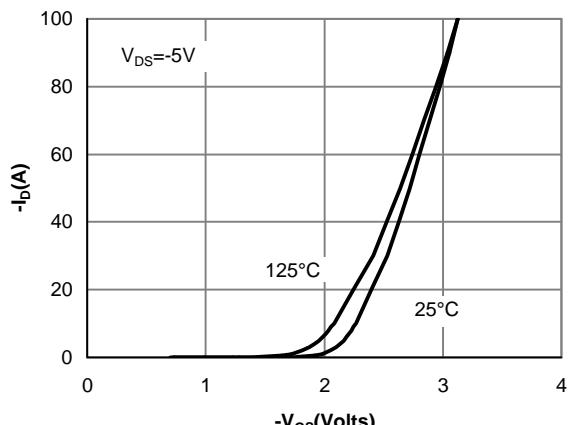


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

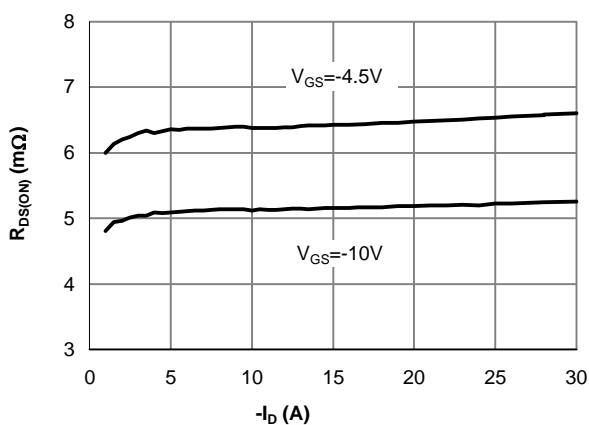


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

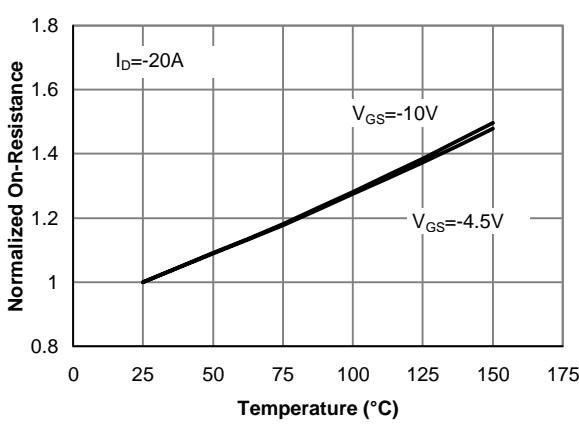


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

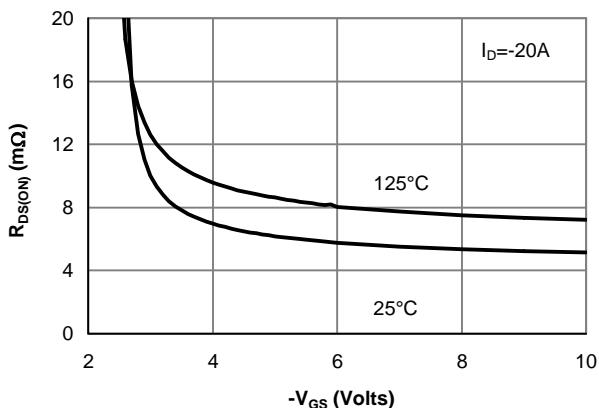


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

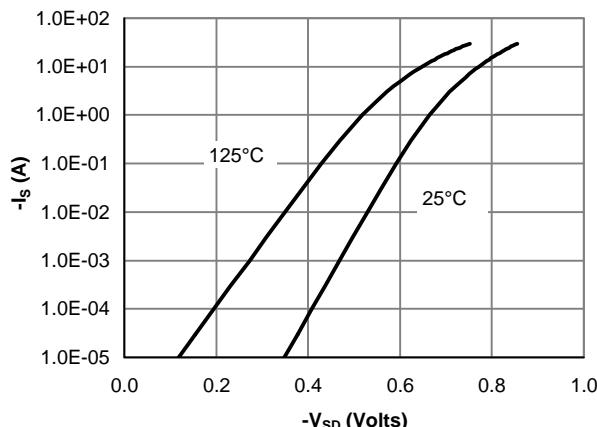
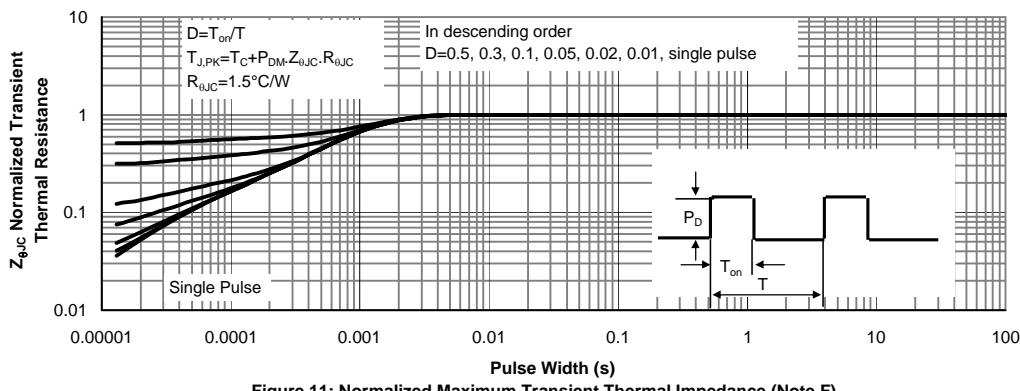
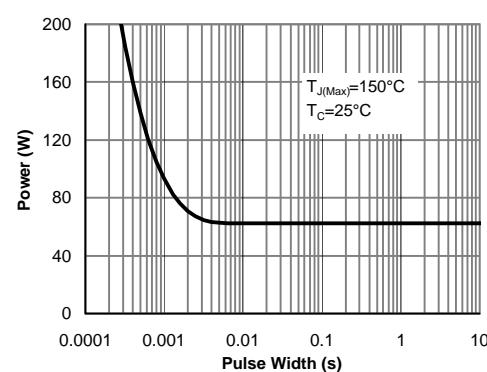
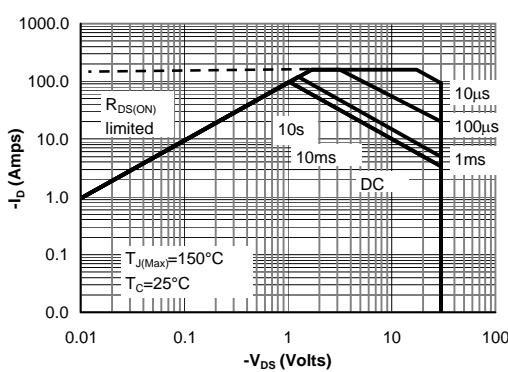
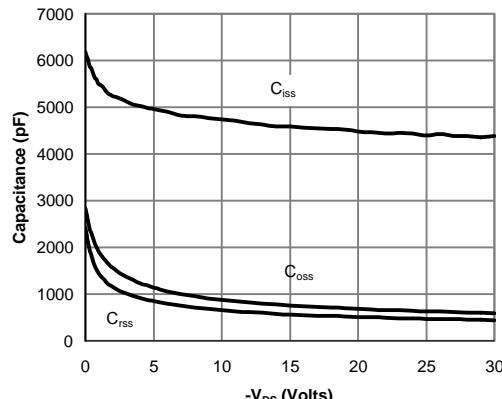
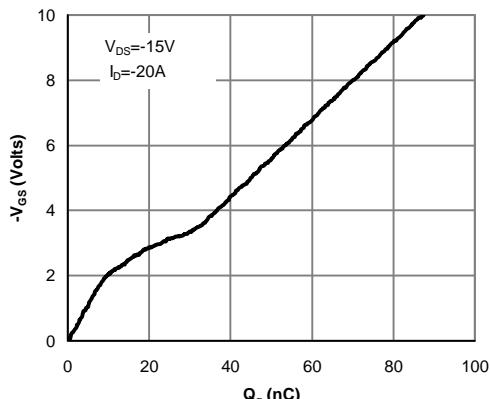
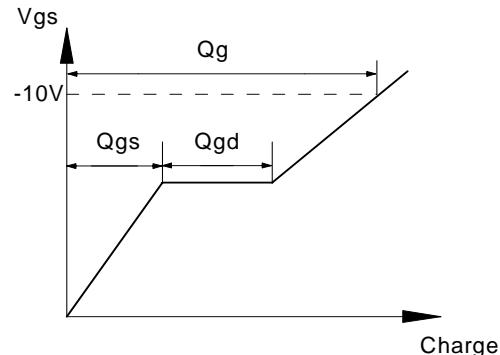
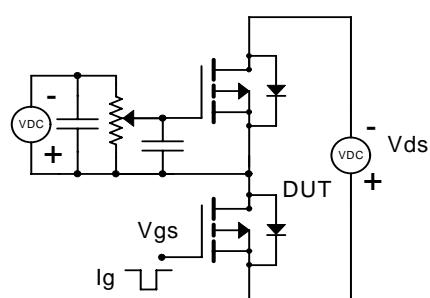


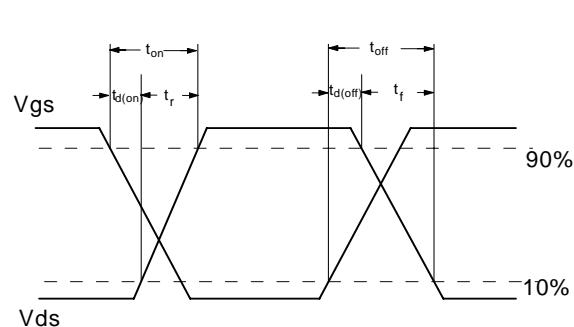
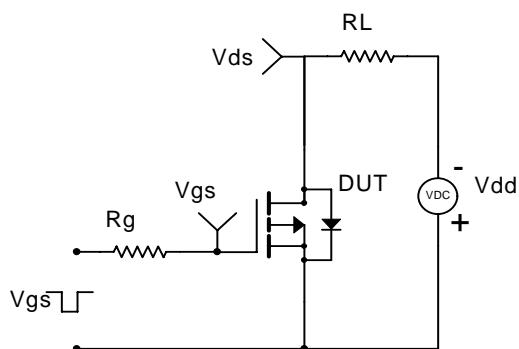
Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

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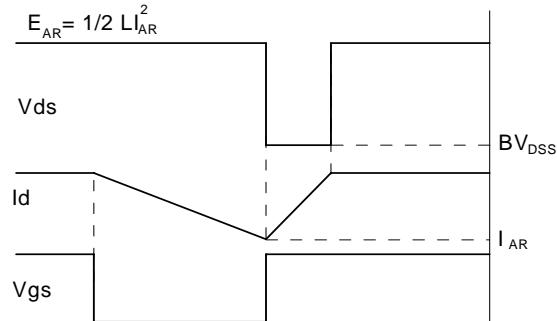
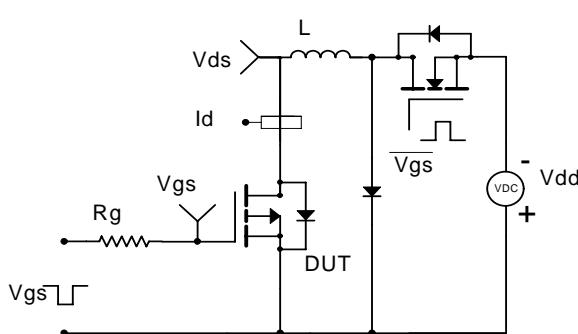
Gate Charge Test Circuit &amp; Waveform



Resistive Switching Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms



Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms



Diode Recovery Test Circuit &amp; Waveforms

