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- Meets or Exceeds the Requirements of ANSI EIA/TIA-232-E and ITU V.28
- Designed to Support Data Rates Up to 120 kbits/s Over 3-m Cable
- ESD Protection Exceeds 5 kV on All Pins
- Flow-Through Design
- Wide-Driver Supply Voltage . . . ±4.5 V to +15 V
- Functionally Interchangeable With Motorola MC145406 and Texas Instruments SN75C1406

DW OR N PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

√ _{DD} [IRA [1 2	16 15	V _{CC}
IDY [14	1DA
RA			2RY
2DY	5		2DA
BRA [6		3RY
BDY [7	10] 3DA
v _{ss} [8	9] GND

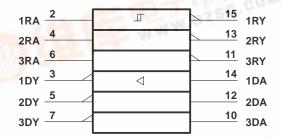
description

The TL145406 is a bipolar device containing three independent drivers and receivers that are used to interface data terminal equipment (DTE) with data circuit-terminating equipment (DCE). The drivers and receivers of the TL145406 are similar to those of the SN75188 quadruple driver and SN75189A quadruple receiver, respectively. The pinout matches the flow-through design of the SN75C1406 to reduce the board space required and allow easy interconnection. The bipolar circuits and processing of the TL145406 provide a rugged low-cost solution for this function at the expense of quiescent power and external passive components relative to the SN75C1406.

The TL145406 complies with the requirements of the EIA/TIA 232-E and ITU (formerly CCITT) V.28 standards. These standards are for data interchange between a host computer and peripheral at signalling rates up to 20 kbit/s. The switching speeds of the TL145406 are fast enough to support rates up to 120 kbit/s with lower capacitive loads (shorter cables). Interoperability at the higher signalling rates cannot be assured unless the designer has design control of the cable and the interface circuits at both ends. For interoperability at signalling rates to 120 kbit/s, use of EIA/TIA-423-B (ITU V.10) and EIA/TIA-422-B (ITU V.11) standards are recommended.

The TL145406 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.

logic symbol†



[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

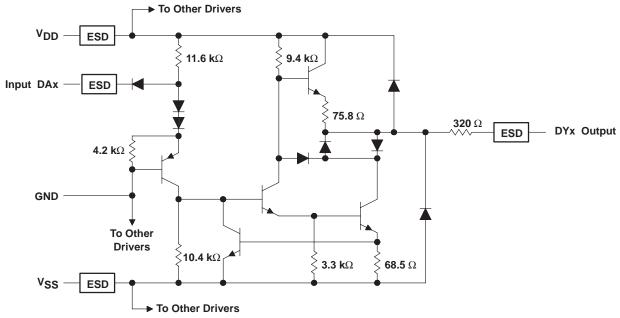
logic diagram (positive logic)

Typical of each receiver

Typical of each driver

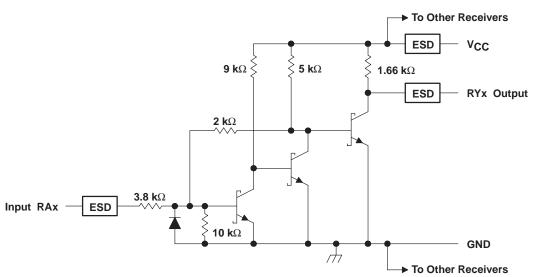
Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

schematic (each driver)



Resistor values shown are nominal.

schematic (each receiver)



Resistor values shown are nominal.



TL145406 TRIPLE RS-232 DRIVERS/RECEIVERS

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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V _{CC} (see Note 1)	10 V
Supply voltage, V _{DD} (see Note 1)	15 V
Supply voltage, V _{SS} (see Note 1)	
Input voltage range: Driver	
Receiver	30 V to 30 V
Driver output voltage range	
Receiver low-level output current	20 mA
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T _A	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range, T _{stq}	65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltages are with respect to the network ground terminal.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE‡

PACKAGE	$T_A \le 25^{\circ}C$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C	$T_{\mbox{$A$}} \leq 70^{\circ}\mbox{$C$}$ POWER RATING
DW	1256 mW	9.7 mW/°C	819 mW
N	1943 mW	14.9 mW/°C	1272 mW

[‡] Dissipation ratings are the inverse of the traditional junction-to-case thermal resistance ($R_{\theta JA}$).

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V _{DD}		7.5	9	15	V
Supply voltage, VSS		-7.5	-9	-15	V
Supply voltage, VCC		4.5	5	5.5	V
High-level input voltage, VIH (dri	ver only)	1.9			V
Low-level input voltage, V _{IL} (driv	er only)			0.8	V
I Pak Javal autout avonant I	Driver			-6	mA
High-level output current, IOH	Receiver			-0.5	mA
Low lovel output current lov	Driver			6	A
Low-level output current, IOL	Receiver			16	mA
Operating free-air temperature,	ГА	0		70	°C

TL145406 TRIPLE RS-232 DRIVERS/RECEIVERS

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supply currents

	PARAMETER		TEST CO	NDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
				$V_{DD} = 9 V$,	$V_{SS} = -9 V$			15		
		All inputs at 1.9 V,	No load	$V_{DD} = 12 V$,	$V_{SS} = -12 \text{ V}$			19	mA	
	Cupply ourrent from \/==			V _{DD} = 15 V,	V _{SS} = -15 V			25		
IDD	Supply current from V _{DD}			V _{DD} = 9 V,	V _{SS} = -9 V			4.5		
		All inputs at 0.8 V,	No load	V _{DD} = 12 V,	V _{SS} = -12 V			5.5	mA	
				V _{DD} = 15 V,	$V_{SS} = -15 \text{ V}$			9		
				V _{DD} = 9 V,	$V_{SS} = -9 V$			-15		
		All inputs at 1.9 V,	No load	$V_{DD} = 12 V$,	$V_{SS} = -12 \text{ V}$			-19	mA	
	Cupply ourront from \/o a			V _{DD} = 15 V,	V _{SS} = -15 V			-25		
Iss	Supply current from VSS		No load	V _{DD} = 9 V,	V _{SS} = -9 V			-3.2		
		All inputs at 0.8 V,		V _{DD} = 12 V,	V _{SS} = -12 V			-3.2	mA	
				V _{DD} = 15 V,	V _{SS} = -15 V			-3.2		
ICC	Supply current from V _{CC}	All inputs at 5 V,	No load,	$V_{CC} = 5 V$			13.2	20	mA	

DRIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperture range, V_{DD} = 9 V, V_{SS} = -9 V, V_{CC} = 5 V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Vон	High-level output voltage	$V_{IL} = 0.8 V$,	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$,	See Figure 1	6	7.5		V
VOL	Low-level output voltage (see Note 2)	$V_{IH} = 1.9 V,$	$R_L = 3 k\Omega$,	See Figure 1		-7.5	-6	V
lн	High-level input current	V _I = 5 V,	See Figure 2				10	μΑ
I _I L	Low-level input current	$V_{I} = 0$,	See Figure 2				-1.6	mA
I _{OS(H)}	High-level short-circuit output current (see Note 3)	V _{IL} = 0.8 V,	$V_O = 0$ or V_{SS} ,	See Figure 1	-4.5	-10	-19.5	mA
IOS(L)	Low-level short-circuit output current	V _{IH} = 2 V,	$V_O = 0$ or V_{DD} ,	See Figure 1	4.5	10	19.5	mA
rO	Output resistance (see Note 4)	V _{CC} = V _{DD} =	$=V_{SS}=0,$	$V_0 = -2 \text{ V to } 2 \text{ V}$	300			Ω

- NOTES: 2. The algebraic convention, where the more positive (less negative) limit is designated as maximum, is used in this data sheet for logic levels only (e.g., if –10 V is maximum, the typical value is a more negative voltage).
 - 3. Output short-circuit conditions must maintain the total power dissipation below absolute maximum ratings.
 - 4. Test conditions are those specified by EIA/TIA-232-E and as listed above.

switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, V_{DD} = 12 V, V_{SS} = -12 V, T_A = 25°C

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
^t PLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output	R_L = 3 kΩ to 7 kΩ, C_L = 15 pF,		315	500	ns
tPHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	See Figure 3		75	175	ns
	Transition time law to high level output	R_L = 3 kΩ to 7 kΩ, C_L = 15 pF, See Figure 3		60	100	ns
tTLH	Transition time, low- to high-level output	$R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ to 7 k Ω , $C_L = 2500 \text{ pF}$, See Figure 3 and Note 5		1.7	500 175	μs
<u></u>	Transition time high to low level output	$R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ to } 7 \text{ k}\Omega, \qquad C_L = 15 \text{ pF},$ See Figure 3		40	75	ns
tTHL	Transition time, high- to low-level output	$R_L = 3 \text{ k}\Omega$ to 7 k Ω , $C_L = 2500 \text{ pF}$, See Figure 3 and Note 6		1.5	175 100 2.5 75	μs

NOTES: 5. Measured between -3 V and 3 V points of the output waveform (EIA/TIA-232-E conditions). All unused inputs are tied.

6. Measured between 3 V and -3 V points of the output waveform (EIA/TIA-232-E conditions). All unused inputs are tied.



RECEIVER SECTION

electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CO	TEST CONDITIONS			MAX	UNIT
\/	Positive-going threshold voltage See Figure 5		T _A = 25°C	1.75	1.9	2.3	
VIT+	Positive-going threshold voltage	See Figure 5	$T_A = 0$ °C to 70 °C	1.55		2.3	V I
V_{IT-}	Negative-going threshold voltage			0.75	0.97	1.25	V
V _{hys}	Input hysteresis (V _{IT+} - V _{IT-})			0.5			
V	Lligh lovel output valte ge	$I I_{OH} = -0.5 \text{ mA}$	V _{IH} = 0.75 V	2.6	4	5	V
VOH	High-level output voltage		Inputs open	2.6			V
VOL	Low-level output voltage	I _{OL} = 10 mA,	V _I = 3 V		0.2	0.45	V
1	High-level input current	V _I = 25 V,	See Figure 5	3.6		8.3	mA
lιΗ	r light-level input current	V _I = 3 V,	See Figure 5	0.43			ША
1	Low-level input current	$V_{I} = -25 \text{ V},$	See Figure 5	-3.6		-8.3	mA
lIL.	Low-level input current	$V_{I} = -3 V$,	See Figure 5	-0.43			ША
los	Short-circuit output current				-3.4	-12	mA

[†] All typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = 5$, $V_{DD} = 9$ V, and $V_{SS} = -9$ V.

switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, V_{DD} = 12 V, V_{SS} = -12 V, T_A = 25°C

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TYP	MAX	UNIT	
^t PLH	Propagation delay time, low- to high-level output					107	425	ns
tPHL	Propagation delay time, high- to low-level output	C _L = 50 pF,	$R_L = 5 k\Omega$,		42	150	ns	
tTLH	Transition time, low- to high-level output	See Figure 6			175	400	ns	
tTHL	Transition time, high- to low-level output				16	60	ns	

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

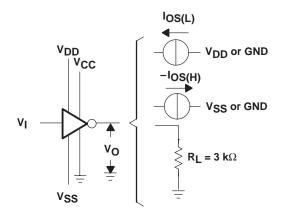


Figure 1. Driver Test Circuit for $V_{OH}, V_{OL}, I_{OS(H)},$ and $I_{OS(L)}$

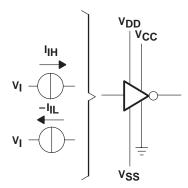
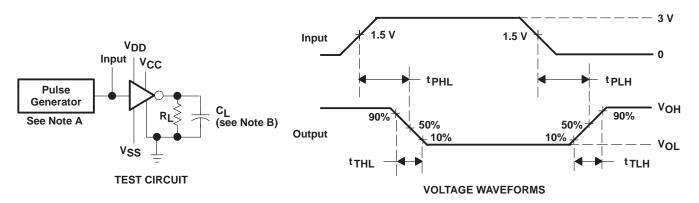


Figure 2. Driver Test Circuit for $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize IH}}$ and $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize IL}}$

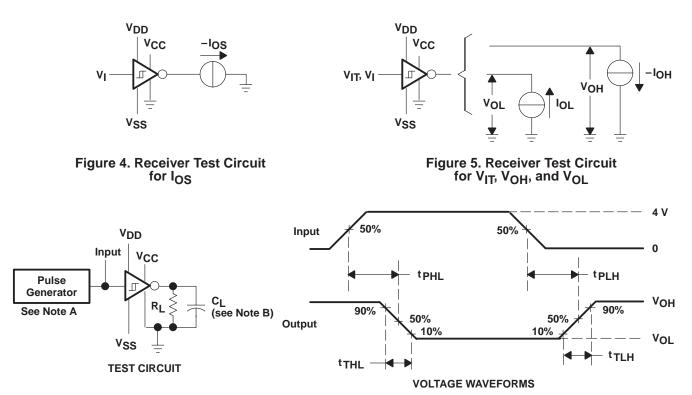
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: t_W = 25 μ s, PRR = 20 kHz, Z_O = 50 Ω , t_Γ = t_f < 50 ns.

B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 3. Driver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



NOTES: A. The pulse generator has the following characteristics: t_W = 25 μ s, PRR = 20 kHz, Z_O = 50 Ω , t_Γ = t_f < 50 ns.

B. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 6. Receiver Propagation and Transition Times



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

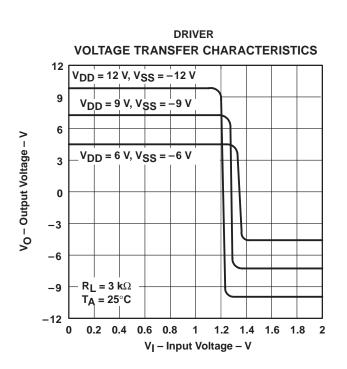


Figure 7

DRIVER

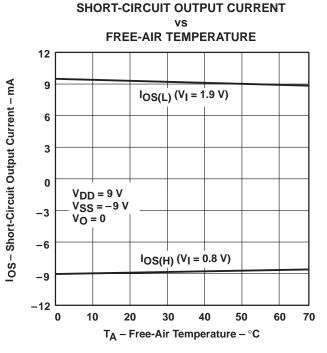


Figure 9

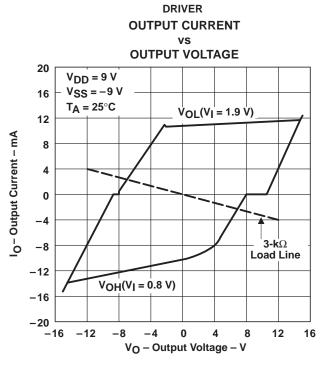


Figure 8

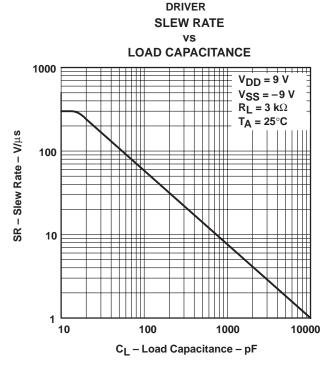


Figure 10



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

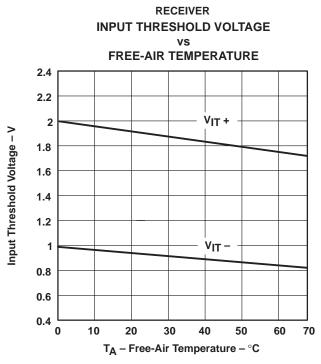
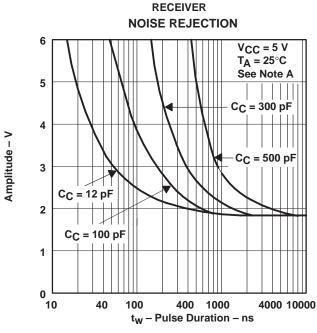


Figure 11



NOTE A:This figure shows the maximum amplitude of a positive-going pulse that, starting from 0, does not cause a change of the output level.

Figure 13

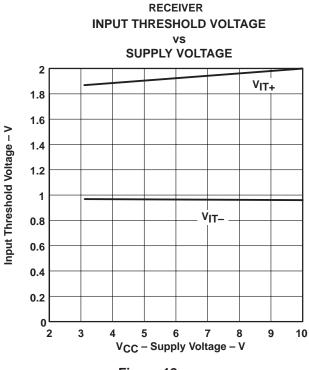


Figure 12

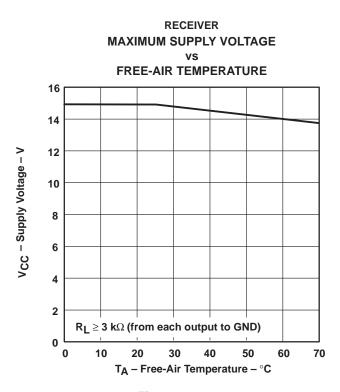


Figure 14



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APPLICATION INFORMATION

Diodes placed in series with the V_{DD} and V_{SS} leads protect the TL145406 during the fault condition in which the device outputs are shorted to \pm 15 V and the power supplies are at low. Diodes also provide low-impedance paths to ground (see Figure 15).

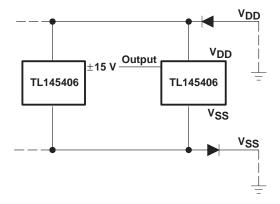


Figure 15. Power-Supply Protection to Meet Power-Off Fault Conditions of ANSI EIA/TIA-232-E

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