DS07-12512-7E

8-bit Proprietary Microcontroller

CMOS

F²MC-8L MB89190/190A Series

MB89191/193/195/P195/PV190 MB89191A/191AH/193A/193AH/195A/P195A/PV190A

■ OUTLINE

The MB89190/190A series microcontrollers contain various resources such as timers, serial interfaces, A/D converters, external interrupts, and remote-control functions, as well as an F²MC*-8L CPU core for low-voltage and high-speed operations. These single-chip microcontrollers are suitable for small devices such as remote controllers with compact packages.

*: F²MC stands for FUJITSU Flexible Microcontroller.

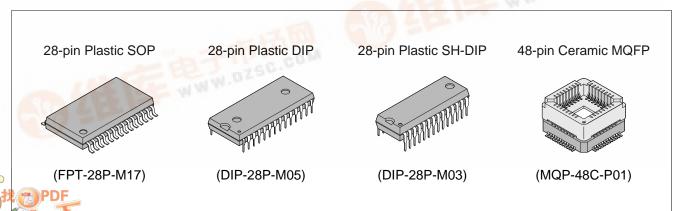
■ FEATURES

- Minimum execution time: 0.95 μs at 4.2 MHz (Vcc = 2.7 V)
- F2MC-8L family CPU core
- Two timers
 8/16-bit timer/counter
 20-bit timebase counter
- Serial interface

8-bit synchronous serial (Selectable transfer direction allows communication with various equipment.)

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■ PACKAGE



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- External interrupts
 - Edge detection (Selectable edge): 3 channels
 - Low-level interrupt (Wake-up function): 8 channels
- A/D converter (MB89190A series only)
 - 8-bit successive approximation type: 8 channels
- Built-in remote-control transmitting frequency generator
- Low-power consumption modes
 - Stop mode (Almost no current consumption occurs because oscillation stops.)
 - Sleep mode (The current consumption is reduced about 1/3 of that during normal operation because the CPU stops.)
- Packages SOP-28, SH-DIP-28, and DIP-28

■ PRODUCT LINEUP

| Part number | MB89191 MB89191A MB89191AH | MB89193 MB89193A MB89193AH | MB89195 MB89195A | MB89P195 MB89P195A | MB89PV190 MB89PV190A | | |
|--|---|--|---|---|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Classification | N | Лask ROM product | One-time product | For development and evaluation | | | |
| ROM size | 4 K × 8 bits (internal mask ROM) | 8 K × 8 bits (internal mask ROM) | 16 K × 8 bits (internal mask ROM) | 16 K × 8 bits (internal PROM, to be programmed with general- purpose EPROM programmer) | 32 K × 8 bits (external ROM) | | |
| RAM size | 128 × 8 bits | | 256× | 8 bits | | | |
| CPU functions | Instruction Instruction Data bit le Minimum | The number of basic instructions: Instruction bit length: Instruction length: Data bit length: Minimum execution time: Interrupt processing time: 136 8 bits 1 to 3 bytes 1, 8, and 16 bits 0.95 \mu at 4.2 MHz 8.57 \mu at 4.2 MHz | | | | | |
| Ports | Output port (N channel open drain): 4 (also serves as peripherals for MB89190A series) or 6 (for MB89190 series) I/O port (CMOS): 16 (also serves as peripherals) Total: 20 or 22 | | | | | | |
| Timer counter | 2 channels of 8-bit timer counter or one 16-bit event counter (operation clock: 1.9 μ s, 30.4 μ s, and 487.6 μ s at 4.2 MHz, and external clock) | | | | | | |
| Serial I/O | 8 bits LSB/MSB first selectable Transfer clock (external, 1.9 μs, 7.6 μs, 30.4 μs at 4.2 MHz) | | | | | | |
| A/D converter (MB89190A series only) | A/I | 8 bits x 8 channels A/D conversion mode (conversion time: 41.9 μs at 4.2 MHz) Sense mode (conversion time: 11.9 μs at 4.2 MHz) Capable of continuous activation by an internal timer. Reference voltage input | | | | | |

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|---|---|--|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Part number | MB89191 MB89191A MB89191AH | MB89193 MB89193A MB89193AH | MB89195 MB89195A | MB89P195 MB89P195A | MB89PV190 MB89PV190A | | |
| External interrupt 1 | 3 independent channels (selectable edge, interrupt vector, and interrupt source flag) Rising/falling/both edge selectable Used for wake-up from stop/sleep mode. (Edge detection is also permitted in the stop mode.) | | | | | | |
| External interrupt 2 (Wake-up function) | | 8 channels (low-level interrupt only) | | | | | |
| Remote-control transmitting frequency generator | 7 | The pulse width and cycle are software-programmable. | | | | | |
| Standby mode | | Sleep mode and stop mode | | | | | |
| Process | CMOS | | | | | | |
| Operating voltage* | 2.2 V to 6.0 V 2.7 V to 6.0 V | | | | | | |
| EPROM for use | MBM27C256A 20TVM | | | | | | |

^{*:} Varies with conditions such as operating frequencies (see "

Electrical Characteristics.") It differs from the operating voltage of an A/D converter.

■ PACKAGE AND CORRESPONDING PRODUCTS

| Package | MB89191 MB89191A MB89191AH MB89193 MB89193A MB89193AH MB89195 MB89195A | MB89P195 MB89P195A | MB89PV190 MB89PV190A | |
|-------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|
| DIP-28P-M05 | 0 | 0 | × | |
| DIP-28P-M03 | 0 | × | × | |
| FPT-28P-M17 | 0 | 0 | × | |
| MQP-48C-P01 | × | × | O* | |

^{○ :} Available ×: Not available

Inquiry: Sun Hayato Co., Ltd.: TEL (81)-3-3986-0403

FAX (81)-3-5396-9106

Note: For more information on each package, see "■ Package Dimensions."

^{* :} A socket (manufacturer: Sun Hayato Co., Ltd.) for pin pitch conversion is available. 48QF-28SOP-8L: (MQP-48C-P01) → for conversion to FPT-28P-M17

■ DIFFERENCES AMONG PRODUCTS

1. Memory Size

Before evaluating using the piggyback model, verify its difference from the model that will actually be used. Take particular care on the following points:

- On the MB89191/191A, addresses 0140H to 0180H cannot be used for register banks.
- The stack area, etc., is set in the upper limit of the RAM.

2. Current Consumption

- In the case of MB89PV190/PV190A, added is the current consumed by the EPROM which is connected to the top socket.
- When operated at low speed, the products with an OTPROM (EPROM) will consume more current than the products with a mask ROM.

However, the same is current consumption in the sleep/stop mode. (For more information, see "■ Electrical Characteristics.")

3. Mask Options

Functions that can be selected as options and how to designate these options vary with product.

Before using options, check "■ Mask Options."

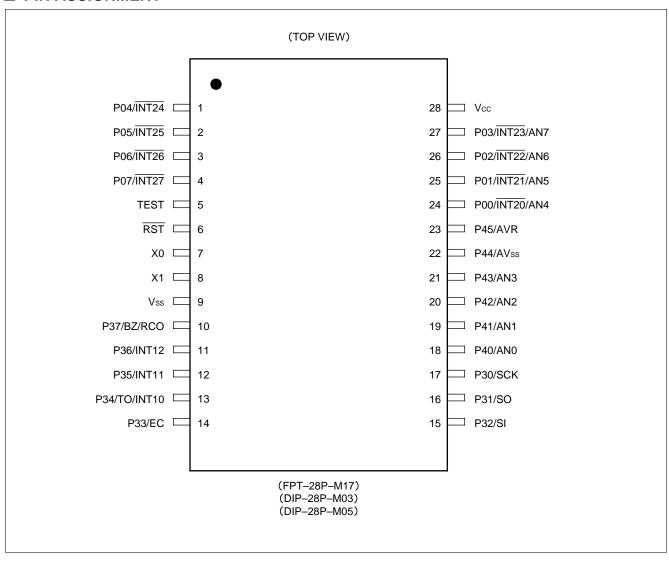
Take particular care on the following points:

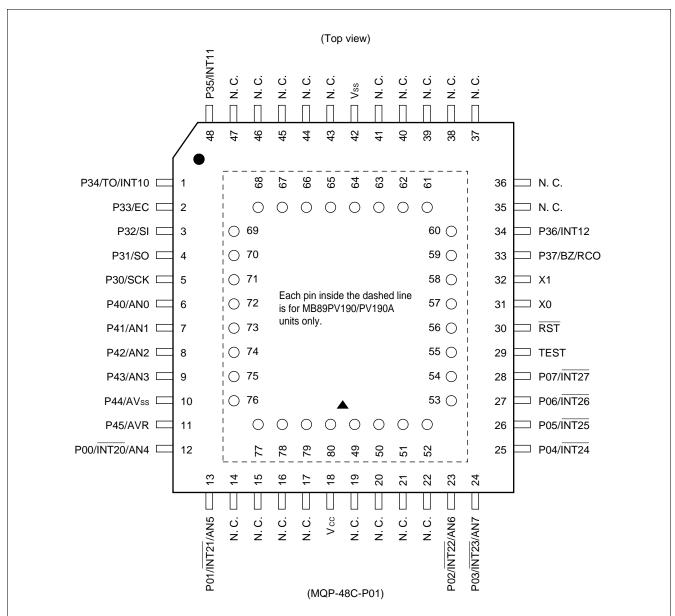
- Pull-up resistor optional cannot be set for P00 to P03, and P40 to P45 on the MB89191A/193A/195A/P195A.
- The power-on reset option is fixed as "enabled" for MB89P195/P195A.
- Options are fixed on the MB89PV190/PV190A.

4. MB89191AH/MB89193AH

MB89191AH/193AH are "L" level heavy output current drive type of P30 to P32 and P40 to P43 of MB89191A/193A. Characteristics other than "L" level output of P30 to P32 and P40 to P43 are the same as MB89191A/193A.

■ PIN ASSIGNMENT





• Pin assignment on the package top (MB89PV190/PV190A only)

| Pin no. | Pin name | Pin no. | Pin name | Pin no. | Pin name | Pin no. | Pin name |
|---------|-----------------|---------|----------|---------|----------|---------|----------|
| 49 | V _{PP} | 57 | N.C. | 65 | O4 | 73 | ŌĒ |
| 50 | A12 | 58 | A2 | 66 | O5 | 74 | N.C. |
| 51 | A7 | 59 | A1 | 67 | O6 | 75 | A11 |
| 52 | A6 | 60 | A0 | 68 | 07 | 76 | A9 |
| 53 | A5 | 61 | 01 | 69 | O8 | 77 | A8 |
| 54 | A4 | 62 | O2 | 70 | CE | 78 | A13 |
| 55 | А3 | 63 | O3 | 71 | A10 | 79 | A14 |
| 56 | N.C. | 64 | Vss | 72 | N.C. | 80 | Vcc |

N.C.: Internally connected. Do not use.

■ PIN DESCRIPTION

| Pin no. | | | 0:: | |
|--------------------------|------------------------|--|-----------------|--|
| SOP*1, DIP*2 SH-DIP*3 | MQFP*4 | Pin name | Circuit type | Function |
| 7 | 31 | X0 | А | Clock oscillation pins |
| 8 | 32 | X1 | | |
| 5 | 29 | TEST | В | Test input pin Connect directly to Vss. |
| 6 | 30 | RST | С | Reset I/O pin This pin consists of an N-ch open-drain output with a pull-up resistor and of hysteresis input. A low level is output from this pin by internal source. The internal circuit is initialized by the input of a low level. |
| 24 to 27 | 12 13, 23, 24 | P00/INT20/ AN4 to P03/ INT23/AN7 | G | General-purpose I/O ports Also serve as external interrupt input pins. In the MB89190A series, also serve as analog input pins. External interrupt input is of hysteresis input type. |
| 1 to 4 | 25 to 28 | P04/INT24 to P07/INT27 | D | General-purpose I/O ports Also serve as external interrupt input. External interrupt input is of hysteresis input type. |
| 17 | 5 | P30/SCK | D | General-purpose I/O port Also serves as clock I/O for the 8-bit serial I/O interface. The serial I/O clock input is of hysteresis input type with a built-in noise filter. |
| 16 | 4 | P31/SO | Е | General-purpose I/O port Also serves as a serial I/O data output pin. |
| 15 | 3 | P32/SI | D | General-purpose I/O port Also serves as a serial I/O data input pin. The serial I/O data input is of hysteresis input type with a built-in noise filter. |
| 14 | 2 | P33/EC | D | General-purpose I/O port Also serves as an external clock input pin for the 8-bit timer/counter. External clock input of the 8-bit timer/counter is hysteresis input type with a built-in noise filter. |
| 13 | 1 | P34/TO/ INT10 | D | General-purpose I/O port Also serves as the overflow output and external interrupt input for the 8-bit timer/counter. External interrupt input is of hysteresis input type with a built-in noise filter. |

*1: FPT-28P-M17

*2: DIP-28C-M05

*3: DIP-28P-M03

*4: MQP-48C-P01

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| Pin n | 0. | | Oimanit | | | |
|--------------------------|--------|-----------------------|-----------------|---|--|--|
| SOP*1, DIP*2 SH-DIP*3 | MQFP*4 | Pin name | Circuit type | Function | | |
| 12 | 48 | P35/INT11 | D | General-purpose I/O port | | |
| 11 | 34 | P35/INT12 | | Also serve as external interrupt input pins. External interrupt input is of hysteresis input type with a built-in noise filter. | | |
| 10 | 33 | P37/BZ/RCO | Е | General-purpose I/O port Also serves as a buzzer output pin and remote- control output pin. | | |
| 18 to 21 | 6 to 9 | P40/AN0 to P43/AN3 | F | N-ch open-drain output ports Also serve as analog input pins for the A/D converter. | | |
| 23 | 11 | P45/AVR | F | In the MB89190A series, also serves as a reference voltage input pin for the A/D converter. In the MB89190 series, serves as an N-ch opendrain output port. | | |
| 22 | 10 | P44/AVss | F | In the MB89190A series, also serves as a power pin for the A/D converter, and should be applied the same voltage as Vss to. In the MB89190 series, also serves as an N-ch open-drain output port. | | |
| 28 | 18 | Vcc | _ | Power supply pin | | |
| 9 | 42 | Vss | _ | Power supply (GND) pin | | |

*1: FPT-28P-M17

*2: DIP-28P-M05

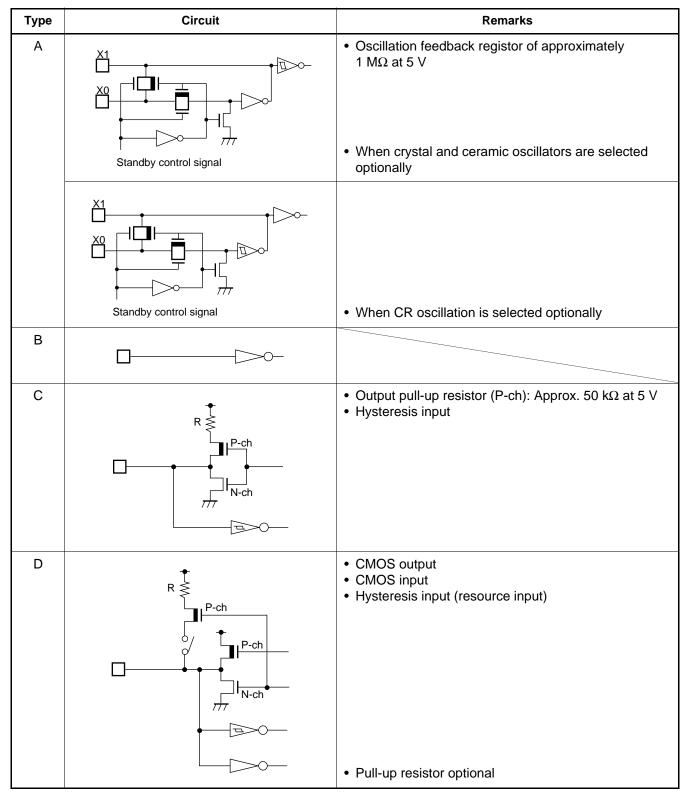
*3: DIP-28P-M03

*4: MQP-48C-P01

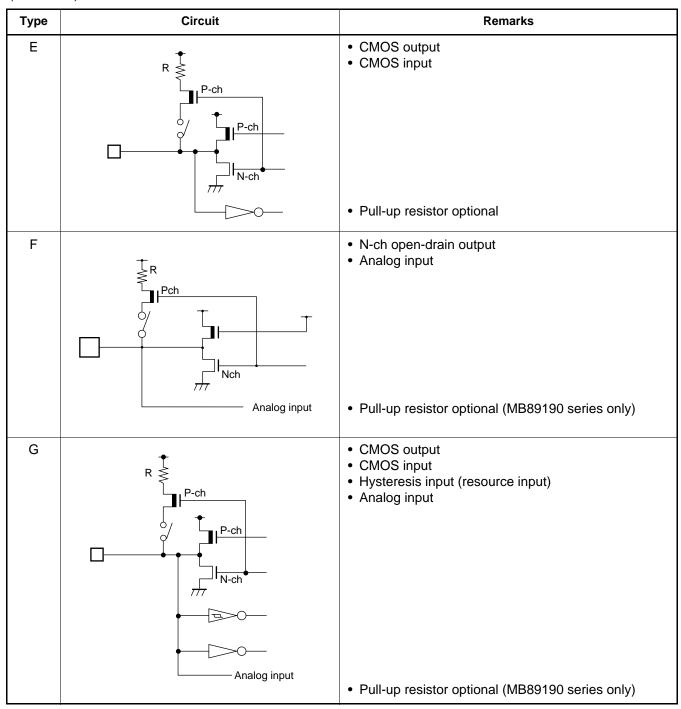
• External EPROM pins (MB89PV190/PV190A)

| Pin no. | Pin name | I/O | Function |
|--|---|-----|--|
| 49 | V _{PP} | 0 | "H" level output pin |
| 79 78 50 75 71 76 77 51 52 53 54 55 58 59 60 | A14 A13 A12 A11 A10 A9 A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 | 0 | Address output pins |
| 61 62 63 65 66 67 68 69 | O1 O2 O3 O4 O5 O6 O7 O8 | I | Data input pins |
| 70 | CE | 0 | ROM chip enable pin Outputs "H" during standby. |
| 73 | ŌĒ | 0 | ROM output enable pin Outputs "L" at all times. |
| 80 | Vcc | 0 | EPROM power pin |
| 64 | Vss | 0 | Power supply (GND) pin |

■ I/O CIRCUIT TYPE



(Continued)



HANDLING DEVICES

1. Preventing Latch-up

Latchup may occur on CMOS ICs if voltage higher than Vcc or lower than Vss is applied to input or output pins other than medium- and high-voltage pins or if higher than the voltage which shows on "1. Absolute Maximum Ratings" in "■ Electrical Characteristics" is applied between Vcc to Vss.

When latchup occurs, power supply current increases rapidly and might thermally damage elements. When using, take great care not to exceed the absolute maximum ratings.

Also, take care to prevent the analog power supply (AVcc and AVR) and analog input from exceeding the digital power supply (Vcc) when the analog system power supply is turned on and off.

2. Treatment of Unused Input Pins

Leaving unused input pins open could cause malfunctions. They should be connected to pull-up or pull-down resistor.

3. Treatment of Power Supply Pins on Microcontrollers with A/D and D/A Converters

Connect to be AVcc=DAVC=Vcc and AVss=AVR=Vss even if the A/D and D/A converters are not in use.

4. Treatment of N.C. Pin

Be sure to leave (internally connected) N.C. pins open.

5. Power Supply Voltage Fluctuations

Although operation is assured within the rated range of Vcc power supply voltage, a rapid fluctuation of the voltage could cause malfunctions within the rated range. Stabilizing voltage supplied to the IC is therefore important. As stabilization guidelines, it is recommended to control power so that Vcc ripple fluctuations (P-P value) will be less than 10% of the standard Vcc value at the commercial frequency (50 to 60 Hz) and the transient fluctuation rate will be less than 0.1 V/ms at the time of a momentary fluctuation such as when power is switched.

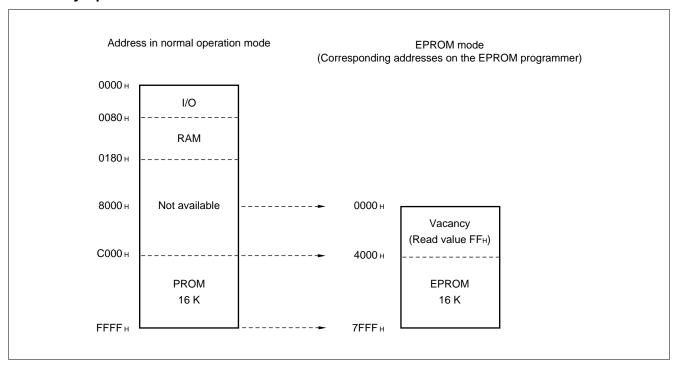
6. Precautions when Using an External Clock

Even when an external clock is used, oscillation stabilization time is required for power-on reset (optional) and release from stop mode.

■ PROGRAMMING TO PROM ON THE MB89P195/P195A

The MB89P195/P195A can program data in the internal PROM using a dedicated conversion adaptor and specified general-purpose EPROM programmer.

1. Memory Space



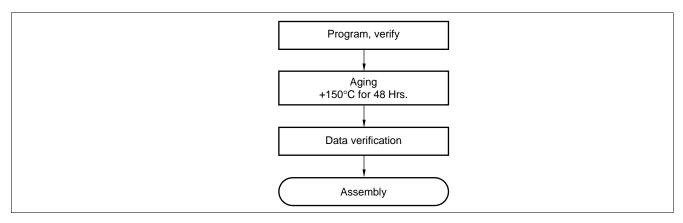
• Programming procedure

- (1) Load program data into the ROM programmer at addresses 4000H to 7FFFH. (Addresses 0C000H to 0FFFFH in the operation mode correspond to 4000H to 7FFFH in ROM programmer. See the illustration above.)
- (2) Set the data at addresses 0000H to 3FFFH of the programmer ROM in the ROM programmer, to FFH.
- (3) Program in the successive-address write mode of the ROM programmer.

Note: Program must be started at the address 00000H. For details, contact our Sales Division.

2. Recommended Screening Conditions

High-temperature aging is recommended as the pre-assembly screening procedure for a product with a blanked OTPROM microcontroller program.



3. Programming Yield

Due to its nature, bit programming test can't be conducted as Fujitsu delivery test. For this reason, a programming yield of 100% cannot be assured at all times.

4. EPROM Programmer Socket Adapter

| | | | Recommended programmer manufacturer and programmer name | | | | |
|-------------|---------|------------------------------------|---|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Boot or a | Davis | Compatible Minato Electronics Inc | | Data I/O Co., Ltd. | | | |
| Part no. | Package | adapter Sun Hayato Co., Ltd. | Sun Hayato MODEL1890A | | 3900 (ver.2.8 or later) | 2900 (ver.3.8 or later) | |
| MB89P195 | DIP-28 | ROM-28DP- | Recommended | | Recommended | | |
| MB89P195A | DIF-20 | 28DP-8L | Recommended | Recommended | | | |
| MB89P195PF | SOP-28 | ROM-28SOP- | Recommended | Recommended | | | |
| MB89P195APF | 30P-20 | 28DP-8L | Necommended | | Recommended | | |

Inquiry: Sun Hayato Co., Ltd.: TEL: (81)-3-3986-0403

FAX: (81)-3-5396-9106

Minato Electronics Inc.: TEL: USA (1)-916-348-6066

JAPAN (81)-45-591-5611

Data I/O Co., Ltd.:TEL: USA/ASIA (1)-206-881-6444

EUROPE (49)-8-985-8580

■ PROGRAMMING TO THE EPROM WITH PIGGYBACK/EVALUATION DEVICE

1. EPROM for Use

MBM27C256A-20TVM

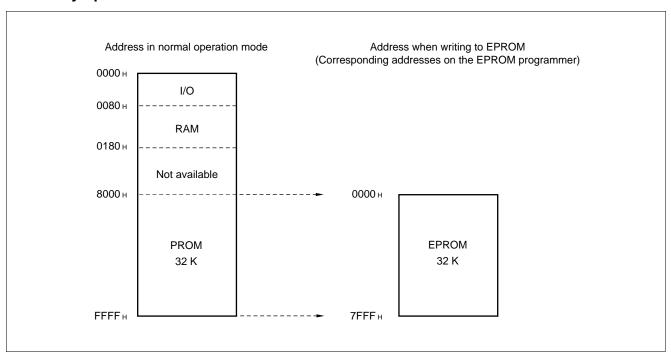
2. Programming Socket Adapter

To program to the EPROM using an EPROM programmer, use the socket adapter (manufacturer: Sun Hayato Co., Ltd.) below.

| Package | Adapter socket part number | | |
|---------|----------------------------|--|--|
| LCC-32 | ROM-32LC-28DP-YS | | |

Inquiry: Sun Hayato Co., Ltd.: TEL (81)-3-3986-0403 FAX (81)-3-5396-9106

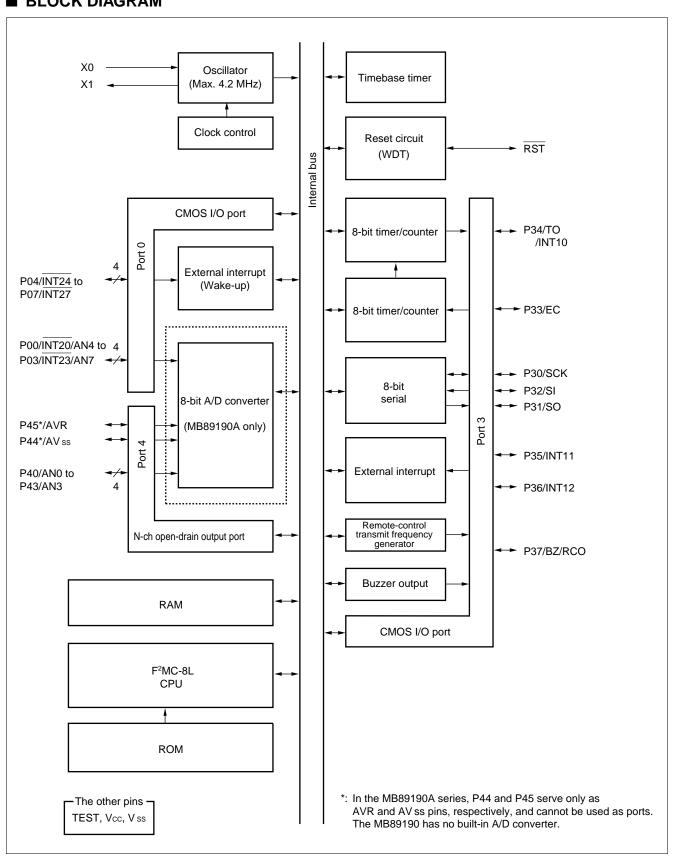
3. Memory Space



4. Programming to the EPROM

- (1) Set the EPROM programmer for MBM27C256A.
- (2) Load program data into the EPROM programmer at 0000H to 7FFFH.
- (3) Program to 0000H to 7FFFH with the EPROM programmer.

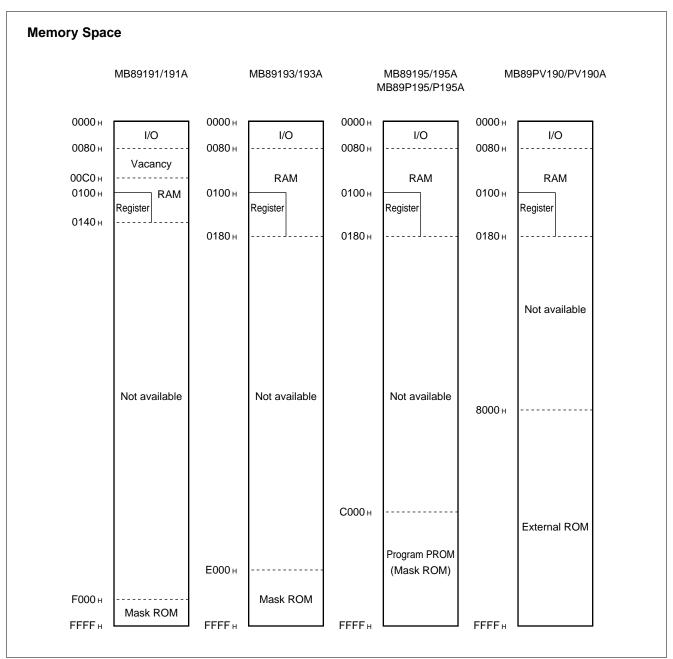
■ BLOCK DIAGRAM



■ CPU CORE

1. Memory Space

The microcontrollers of MB89190/190A series offer a 64 Kbytes of memory for storing all of I/O, data, and program areas. The I/O area is allocated from the lowest address. The data area is allocated immediately above the I/O area. The data area can be divided into register, stack, and direct areas according to the application. The program area is allocated from exactly the opposite end of I/O area, that is, the highest address. The tables of interrupt reset vectors, and vector call instructions are allocated from the highest address within the program area. The memory space of the MB89190/190A series is structured below:



2. Registers

The F²MC-8L family has two types of registers; dedicated hardware registers and general-purpose memory registers. The following dedicated registers are provided:

Program counter (PC): A 16-bit-long register for indicating the instruction storage positions

Accumulator (A): A 16-bit-long temporary register for arithmetic operations, etc. When the

instruction is an 8-bit data processing instruction, the lower byte is used.

Temporary accumulator (T): A 16-bit-long register which is used for arithmetic operations with the accumulator.

When the instruction is an 8-bit data processing instruction, the lower byte is

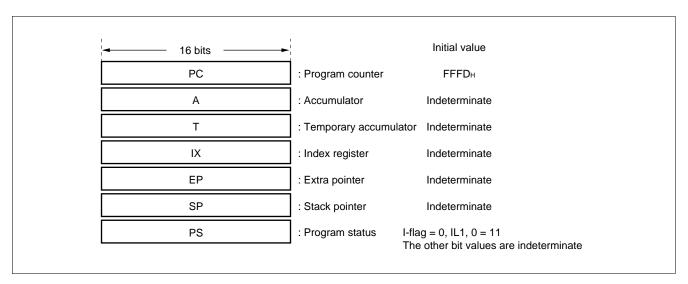
used.

Index register (IX): A 16-bit-long register for index modification

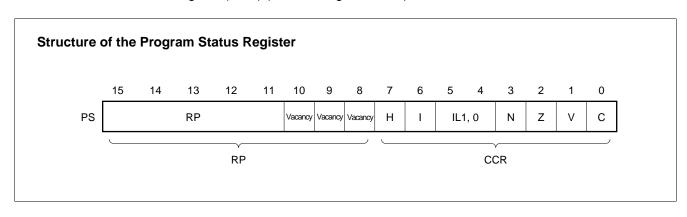
Extra pointer (EP): A 16-bit-long pointer for indicating a memory address

Stack pointer (SP): A 16-bit-long pointer for indicating a stack area

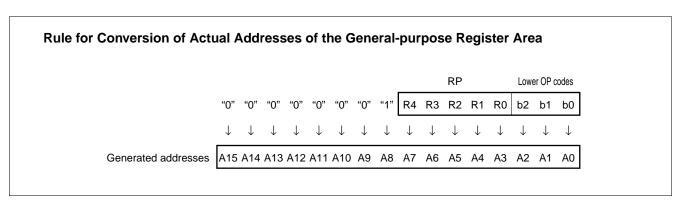
Program status (PS): A 16-bit-long register for storing a register pointer, a condition code



The PS can further be divided into higher 8 bits for use as a register bank pointer (RP) and the lower 8 bits for use as a condition code register (CCR) (see the diagram below).



The RP indicates the address of the register bank currently in use. The relationship between the pointer contents and the actual address is based on the conversion rule illustrated below.



The CCR consists of bits indicating the results of arithmetic operations and the contents of transfer data, and bits for control of CPU operations at the time of an interrupt.

H-flag: Set to '1' when a carry or a borrow from bit 3 to bit 4 occurs as a result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to '0' otherwise. This flag is for decimal adjustment instructions.

I-flag: Interrupt is enabled when this flag is set to '1'. Interrupt is disabled when the flag is cleared to '0'. Cleared to '0' at the reset.

IL1, 0: Indicates the level of the interrupt currently allowed. Processes an interrupt only if its request level is higher than the value indicated by this bit.

| IL1 | IL0 | Interrupt level | High-low |
|-----|-----|-----------------|----------|
| 0 | 0 | 1 | High |
| 0 | 1 | l | † |
| 1 | 0 | 2 | |
| 1 | 1 | 3 | Low |

N-flag: Set to '1' if the MSB becomes '1' as the result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to '0' otherwise.

Z-flag: Set to '1' when an arithmetic operation results in 0. Cleared to '0' otherwise.

V-flag: Set to '1' if the complement on '2' overflows as a result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to '0' if the overflow does not occur.

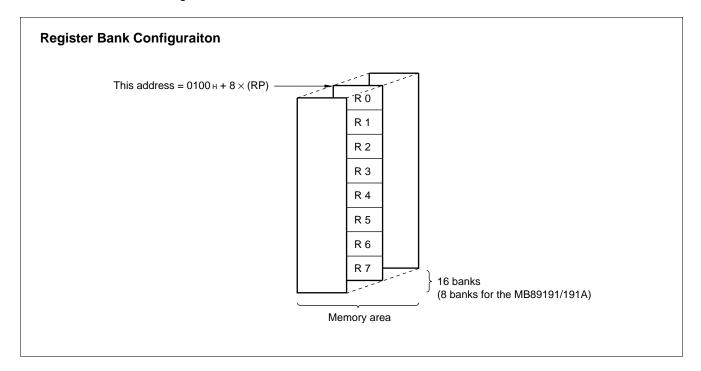
C-flag: Set to '1' when a carry or a borrow from bit 7 occurs as a result of an arithmetic operation. Cleared to '0' otherwise. Set to '1' the shift-out value in the case of a shift instruction.

The following general-purpose registers are provided:

General-purpose registers: An 8-bit-long register for storing data

The general-purpose registers are of 8 bits and located in register banks of the memory. One bank contains eight registers and up to a total of 16 banks can be used on the MB89190/190A (8 banks on MB89191/191A). The bank currently in use is indicated by the register bank pointer. (RP)

Note: The number of register banks that can be used varies with the RAM size.



■ I/O MAP

| Address | Read/write | Register name | Register description |
|-----------------|------------|---------------|--|
| 00н | (R/W) | PDR0 | Port 0 data register |
| 01н | (W) | DDR0 | Port 0 data direction register |
| 02н | (R/W) | ENI0 | Port 0 input enable register |
| 03н to 07н | | | Vacancy |
| 08н | (R/W) | STBC | Standby control register |
| 09н | (R/W) | WDTC | Watchdog control register |
| 0Ан | (R/W) | TBTC | Time-base timer control register |
| 0Вн | | | Vacancy |
| 0Сн | (R/W) | PDR3 | Port 3 data register |
| 0Дн | (W) | DDR3 | Port 3 data direction register |
| 0Ен | (R/W) | PDR4 | Port 4 data register |
| 0F _H | (R/W) | BUZR | Buzzer register |
| 10н to 13н | | | Vacancy |
| 14н | (R/W) | RCR1 | Remote-control transmit control register 1 |
| 15н | (R/W) | RCR2 | Remote-control transmit control register 2 |
| 16н | | | Vacancy |
| 17н | | | Vacancy |
| 18н | (R/W) | T2CR | Timer 2 control register |
| 19н | (R/W) | T1CR | Timer 1 control register |
| 1Ан | (R/W) | T2DR | Timer 2 data register |
| 1Вн | (R/W) | T1DR | Timer 1 data register |
| 1Сн | (R/W) | SMR | Serial mode register |
| 1Dн | (R/W) | SDR | Serial data register |
| 1Ен | | | Vacancy |
| 1F _H | | | Vacancy |
| 20н | (R/W) | ADC1 | A/D converter control register 1 |
| 21н | (R/W) | ADC2 | A/D converter control register 2 |
| 22н | (R/W) | ADCD | A/D converter data register |
| 23н | (R/W) | EIC1 | External interrupt control register 1 |
| 24н | (R/W) | EIC2 | External interrupt control register 2 |
| 25н to 31н | | Vacancy | |
| 32н | (R/W) | EIE2 | External interrupt 2 enable register |
| 33н | (R/W) | EIF2 | External interrupt 2 flag register |
| 34н to 7Вн | | | Vacancy |
| 7Сн | (W) | ILR1 | Interrupt level register 1 |
| 7Dн | (W) | ILR2 | Interrupt level register 2 |
| 7Ен | (W) | ILR3 | Interrupt level register 3 |
| 7Fн | | | Vacancy |

Note: Do not use vacancies.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. Absolute Maximum Rating

(AVss = Vss = 0.0 V)

| Doromotor | Symbol | Value | | Unit | Remarks | |
|--|------------------|-------------|------------|------|---|--|
| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Max. | Onit | Remarks | |
| | Vcc | Vss-0.3 | Vss + 7.0 | V | | |
| Power supply voltage | AVR | Vss-0.3 | Vss + 7.0 | V | Must not exceed Vcc + 0.3 V. MB89190A series only | |
| EPROM program voltage | V _{PP} | Vss-0.3 | Vss + 13.0 | V | MB89P195/P195A only | |
| Input voltage | Vı | Vss-0.3 | Vcc + 0.3 | V | | |
| Output voltage | Vo | Vss-0.3 | Vcc + 0.3 | V | | |
| "L" level maximum output | l _{OL1} | _ | 10 | mA | Except P33 and P34 (Except P30 toP34 and P40 to P43 for MB89191AH/193AH) | |
| Current | lo _{L2} | _ | 20 | mA | P33, P34(P30 toP34 and P40 to P43 for MB89191AH/193AH) | |
| "L" level average output current | lolav1 | _ | 4 | mA | Except P33 and P34 (Except P30 toP34 and P40 to P43 for MB89191AH/193AH) Average value (operating current × operation rate) | |
| | lolav2 | | 8 | mA | P33 and P34(P30 toP34 and P40 to P43 for MB89191AH/193AH) Average value (operating current × operation rate) | |
| "L" level total average output current | ΣΙοιαν | _ | 20 | mA | Average value (operating current × operation rate) | |
| "L" level total maximum output current | ΣΙοι | _ | 100 | mA | | |
| "H" level maximum output | І он1 | | -10 | mA | Except P33, P34, and P37 | |
| current | І он2 | _ | -20 | mA | P33, P34, P37 | |
| "H" level average output | І онаv1 | | -2 | mA | Except P33, P34, and P37 Average value (operating current × operation rate) | |
| current | lohav2 | | -4 | mA | Except P33, P34, and P37 Average value (operating current × operation rate) | |
| "H" level total average output current | ΣΙοнαν | | -10 | mA | Average value (operating current × operation rate) | |
| "H" level total maximum output current | ΣІон | _ | -30 | mA | | |
| Power consumption | PD | _ | 200 | mW | | |
| Operating temperature | Та | -40 | +85 | °C | | |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | - 55 | +150 | °C | | |

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

2. Recommended Operating Conditions

(Vss = 0.0 V)

| Parameter | Symbol | Va | lue | Unit | Remarks | | |
|---------------------------------------|----------|------|------|-------|--|--|--|
| Farameter | Syllibol | Min. | Max. | Oilit | Remarks | | |
| | | 2.2* | 6.0* | V | Normal operation assurance range* MB89191/191A/193/193A/195/195A | | |
| Power supply voltage | Vcc | 2.7* | 6.0* | V | Normal operation assurance range* MB89P195/P195A/PV190/PV190A | | |
| | | 1.5 | 6.0 | V | Retains the RAM state in the stop mode | | |
| A/D converter reference input voltage | AVR | 0.0 | Vcc | V | | | |
| Operating temperature | TA | -40 | +85 | °C | | | |

^{*:} These values vary with the operation frequency and the assured analog operation range. See Figure 1 and "5. A/D Converter Electrical Characteristics."

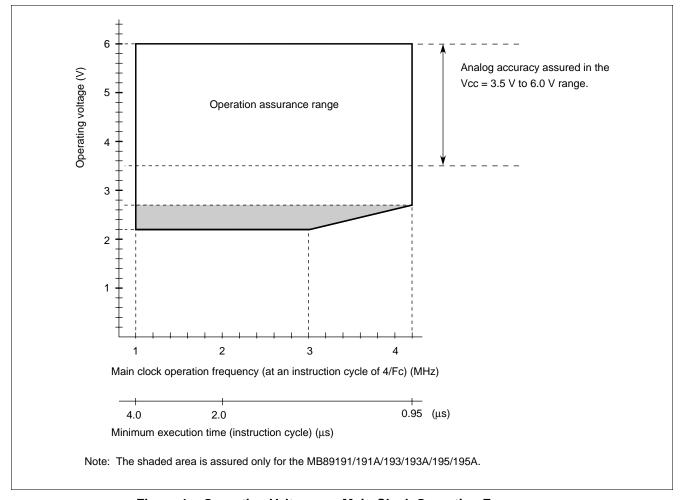


Figure 1 Operating Voltage vs. Main Clock Operating Frequency

Figure 1 indicates the operating frequency of the external oscillator at an instruction cycle of 4/Fc.

WARNING: Recommended operating conditions are normal operating ranges for the semiconductor device. All the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within the recommended operating conditions. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representative beforehand.

3. DC Characteristics

 $(Vcc = +5.0 \text{ V}, \text{AVss} = \text{Vss} = 0.0 \text{ V}, \text{T}_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C})$

| Parameter. | Svm- | D'- | Ì | | Value | 0.0 1, 1 | | 0°C to +85°C) |
|--|------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|-------|-------------|------|---|
| Parameter | Sym- bol | Pin | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
| "H" level | VIH | P00 to P07, P30 to P37, TEST | _ | 0.7 Vcc | _ | Vcc+ 0.3 | V | |
| input voltage | Vihs | RST, INT10 to INT12, EC, SCK, SI, INT20 to INT27 | _ | 0.8 Vcc | | Vcc+ 0.3 | V | |
| "L" level input voltage | VIL | P00 to P03, P33 to P36, TEST | _ | V _{SS} - 0.3 | _ | 0.3 Vcc | V | |
| | VILS | RST, INT10 to INT12, EC, SCK, SI, INT 20 to INT27 | _ | V _{SS} – 0.3 | | 0.2 Vcc | V | |
| Open-drain output pin applied voltage | VD | P40 to P44 | | Vss- 0.3 | _ | Vss + 0.3 | V | |
| "H" level | V _{OH1} | P00 to P07, P30 to P32, P35, P36 | Iон = −2.0 mA | 2.4 | _ | _ | ٧ | |
| output voltage | V _{OH2} | P33, P34 | Iон = −15 mA | 2.4 | _ | | V | |
| | Vонз | P37 | $I_{OH} = -7.0 \text{ mA}$ | 2.4 | | _ | V | |
| | V _{OL1} | P00 to P07, P40 to P45, P30 to P32, P35 to P37 P00 to P07, | IoL = 1.8 mA | _ | _ | 0.4 | V | Except MB89191AH/ 193AH MB89191AH/ |
| "L" level | | P35 to P37 | | | | | | 193AH |
| output voltage | V _{OL2} | RST | IoL = 4.0 mA | | | 0.4 | V | |
| | Vol3 | P33, P34 | IoL = 12 mA | _ | _ | 0.4 | V | Except MB89191AH/ 193AH |
| | | P30 to P34, P40 to P43 | | | | | | MB89191AH/ 193AH |
| Input leakage current(Hi-z output leakage current) | ILI1 | P00 to P07, P30 to P37, TEST | 0.0 V < V1 < Vcc | _ | _ | ±5 | μА | Without pull-up resistor |
| Open-drain output leakage current (Off state) | ILD1 | P40 to P45 | 0.0 V < V1 < Vcc | _ | _ | ±1 | μΑ | Without pull-up resistor |

(Continued)

(Continued)

 $(Vcc = 5.0 \text{ V}, \text{AVss} = \text{Vss} = 0.0 \text{ V}, \text{T}_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C})$

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin | Condition | | Value | | Unit | Remarks |
|-----------------------|--------|--|---|------|-------|------|---|-----------------------------------|
| Farameter | Symbol | | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Oilit | Remarks |
| Pull-up resistance | Rpull | P00 to P07, P30 to P37, P40 to P45, RST | V _I = 0.0 V | 25 | 50 | 100 | kΩ | |
| | Icc | Fc = 4.2 MHz | _ | 5 | 10 | mA | MB89191/ 191A/193/ 193A/195/ 195A/PV190/ PV190A | |
| Power supply | | Vcc | | _ | 7 | 12 | mA | MB89P195/ P195A |
| voltage* | Iccs | | Fc = 4.2 MHz | _ | 3 | 7 | mΑ | Sleep mode |
| | Іссн | | T _A = +25 °C | _ | _ | 1 | μΑ | Stop mode |
| | ICCA | | Fc = 4.2 MHz During A/D converter | _ | 6 | 13 | mA | MB89191A/ 193A/195A/ PV190A |
| | | | operation | _ | 8 | 15 | mA | MB89P195A |
| Input capacitance | Cin | Except AVR, AVss, Vcc, and Vss | f = 1 MHz | | 10 | _ | pF | |

^{*:} For the MB89PV190/PV190A, the current consumption of a connected EPROM and ICE is not included. The mesurement condition of the power supply current are set as Vcc = 5.0 V with an external clock.

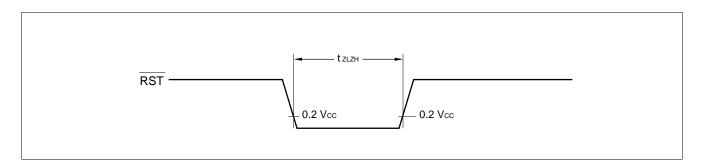
4. AC Characteristics

(1) Reset Timing

 $(Vcc = +5.0 V \pm 10\%, AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C to +85^{\circ}C)$

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Valu | ue | Unit | Remarks |
|---------------------|---------------|-----------|----------|------|------|---------|
| Parameter | Syllibol | Condition | Min. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
| RST "L" pulse width | t zlzh | _ | 16 txcyl | _ | ns | |

Note: txcyL is the oscillation period (1/Fc) input to the X0 pin.



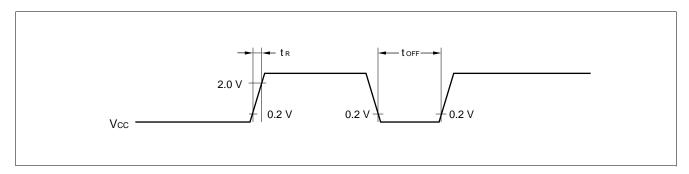
(2) Power-on Reset

 $(AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C to +85^{\circ}C)$

| Parameter | Symbol | Condition | Value | | Unit | Remarks | |
|---------------------------|------------|-----------|-------|------|-------|----------------------------|--|
| Farameter | Syllibol | Condition | Min. | Max. | Oilit | iveillai va | |
| Power supply rising time | t R | | _ | 50 | ms | | |
| Power supply cut-off time | toff | _ | 1 | _ | ms | Due to repeated operations | |

Note: Make sure that power supply rises within the oscillation stabilization time selected.

If power supply voltage needs to be varied in the course of operation, a smooth voltage rise is recommended.

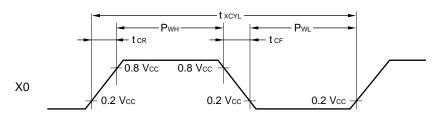


(3) Clock Timings

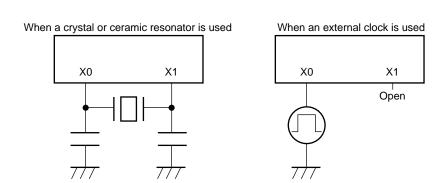
 $(AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C)$

| Doromotor | Symbol Pin | | Condition | Va | lue | Unit | Remarks |
|--|------------------------------------|--------|-----------|------|------|-------|----------------|
| Parameter | Symbol | FIII | Condition | Min. | Max. | Ullit | Remarks |
| Clock frequency | Fc | X0, X1 | _ | 1 | 4.2 | MHz | |
| Clock cycle time | txcyL | X0, X1 | _ | 238 | 1000 | ns | |
| Input clock pulse width | P _{WH} P _{WL} | X0 | _ | 20 | _ | ns | External clock |
| Input clock pulse risilng/falling time | tcr tcr | X0 | _ | _ | 10 | ns | External clock |

X0, X1 Timings and Conditions of Applied Voltage



Clock Conditions



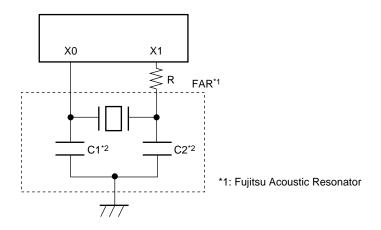
(4) Instruction Cycles

 $(AVss = Vss = 0.0 \text{ V}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C})$

| Parameter | Symbol | Value (typical) | Unit | Remarks |
|--|--------|-----------------|------|--|
| Instruction cycle (minimum execution time) | tinst | 4/Fc | μs | t_{inst} = 0.95 μs when operating at Fc = 4.2 MHz |

(5) Recommended Resonator Manufacturers

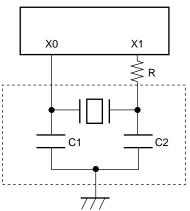
• Sample Application of Piezoelectric Resonator (FAR Series)



| FAR part number (built-in capacitor type) | Frequency (MHz) | Dumping resistor | Initial deviation of FAR frequency (T _A = +25°C) | Temperature characteristics of FAR frequency (T _A = -20°C to +60°C) | Loading capacitors*2 |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|----------------------|
| FAR-C4SA-04000-□01M | 4.00 | 200 Ω | ±0.5% | ±0.5% | Built-in |

Inquiry: FUJITSU LIMITED

• Sample Application of Ceramic Resonator



• Mask ROM products

| Resonator manufacturer* | Resonator | Frequency (MHz) | C1 (pF) | C2 (pF) | R |
|-------------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| | CSA2.00MG040 | 2.00 | 100 | 100 | Not required |
| Murata Mfg. Co., Ltd. | CST2.00MG040 | 2.00 | Built-in | Built-in | Not required |
| | CSA4.00MG | | 30 | 30 | Not required |
| | CST4.00MGW | 4.00 | Built-in | Built-in | Not required |
| | CSTCS4.00MG0C5 | | Built-in | Built-in | Not required |
| TDK. Co., Ltd. | CCR4.0MC3 | 4.00 | Built-in | Built-in | Not required |
| TDK. Co., Ltd. | FCR4.0MC5 | 4.00 | Built-in | Built-in | Not required |

· One-time products

| Resonator manufacturer* | Resonator | Frequency (MHz) | C1 (pF) | C2 (pF) | R |
|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------|----------|--------------|
| | CSA3.20MGCA | | 30 | 30 | 1 kΩ |
| | CST3.20MGA | 3.20 | Built-in | Built-in | 1 kΩ |
| Murata Mfg. Co., Ltd. | CSA3.20MGA040 | 3.20 | 100 | 100 | Not required |
| ividiata iviig. Co., Ltd. | CST3.20MGWA040 | | Built-in | Built-in | Not required |
| | CSA3.58MGCA | 2.50 | 30 | 30 | Not required |
| | CST3.58MGWHA | 3.58 | Built-in | Built-in | Not required |

Inquiry: Murata Mfg. Co., Ltd

- Murata Electronics North America. Inc.: TEL 1-404-436-1300
- Murata Europe Mnagement GmbH: TEL 49-911-66870
- Murata Electronics Singapore (Pte.) Ltd.: TEL 65-758-4233

TDK Corporation

• TDK Corporation of America

Chicago Regional Office: TEL 1-708-803-6100

• TDK Electronics Europe GmbH

Components Division: TEL 49-2102-9450

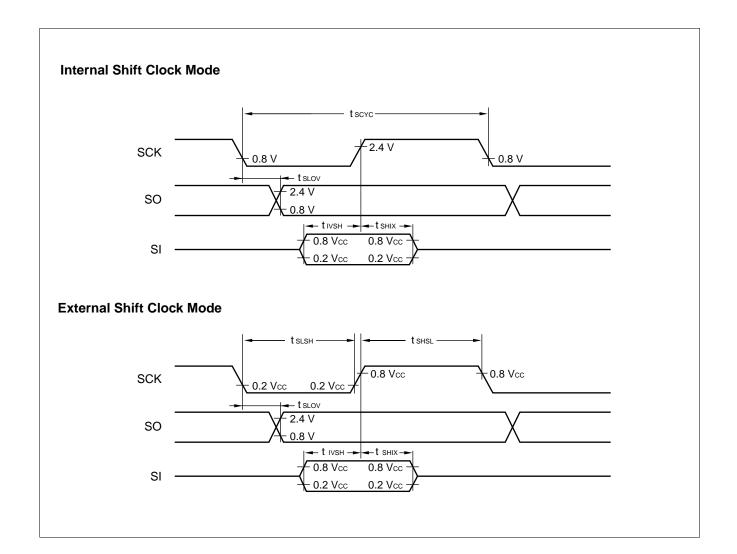
- TDK Singapore (PTE) Ltd.: TEL 65-273-5022
- TDK Hongkong Co., Ltd.: TEL 852-736-2238
- Korea Branch, TDK Corporation: TEL 82-2-554-6633

(6) Serial I/O Timings

 $(Vcc = 5.0 V \pm 10\%, AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C to +85^{\circ}C)$

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin | Condition | Valu | ıe | Unit | Remarks |
|--|---------------|---------|--------------------------|------------|------|------|---------|
| Parameter | Syllibol | FIII | Condition | Min. | Max. | Oill | Remarks |
| Serial clock cycle time | tscyc | SCK | Internal clock operation | 2 tinst* | _ | μs | |
| $SCK \downarrow \to SO time $ | tslov | SCK, SO | | -200 | 200 | ns | |
| Valid SI \rightarrow SCK $↑$ | tıvsн | SI, SCK | | 1/2 tinst* | _ | μs | |
| $SCK \uparrow \to valid \; SI \; hold \; time$ | t sHIX | SCK, SI | | 1/2 tinst* | _ | μs | |
| Serial clock "H" pulse width | tshsl | SCK | | 1 tinst* | _ | μs | |
| Serial clock "L" pulse width | tslsh | SUN | External | 1 tinst* | _ | μs | |
| $SCK \downarrow \to SO time $ | tslov | SCK, SO | clock | 0 | 200 | ns | |
| Valid SI \rightarrow SCK ↑ | tıvsн | SI, SCK | operation | 1/2 tinst* | _ | μs | |
| $SCK \uparrow \to valid \; SI \; hold \; time$ | t sнıx | SCK, SI | | 1/2 tinst* | _ | μs | |

^{*:} For information on tinst, see "(4) Instruction Cycles."

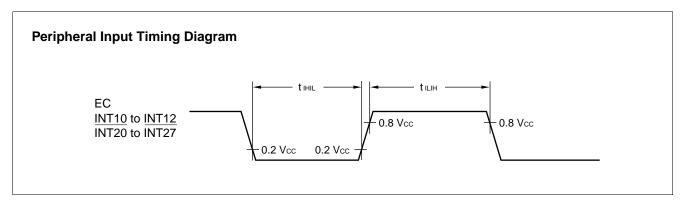


(7) Peripheral Input Timings

 $(Vcc = 5.0 V \pm 10\%, AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C to +85^{\circ}C)$

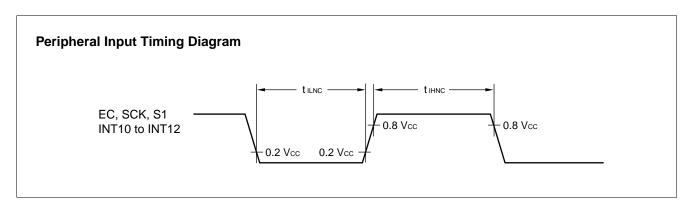
| Parameter | Symbol | Pin | Val | ue | Unit | Remarks |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|---------------------|----------|------|------|---------|
| Parameter | Syllibol | FIII | Min. | Max. | | Remarks |
| Peripheral input "H" pulse width 1 | t _{ILIH1} | EC, INT10 to INT12, | 2 tinst* | _ | μs | |
| Peripheral input "L" pulse width 1 | t _{IHIL1} | INT20 to INT27 | 2 tinst* | _ | μs | |

*: For information on tinst, see "(4) Instruction Cycles."



 $(Vcc = 5.0 V \pm 10\%, AVss = Vss = 0.0 V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C to +85^{\circ}C)$

| Parameter | Symbol | Pin | | Value | Unit | Remarks | |
|--|----------|-------------------------------|------|-------|------|---------|-------------|
| Parameter | Syllibol | FIII | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Oilit | IVEIIIAI NS |
| Peripheral input "H" noise limit width | tihnc | EC, SI, SCK INT10 to INT12 | 7 | 15 | 23 | ns | |
| Peripheral input "L" noise limit width | tilnc | EC, SI, SCK INT10 to INT12 | 7 | 15 | 23 | ns | |



5. A/D Converter Electrical Characteristics (MB89190A Series Only)

 $(AVcc = Vcc = 3.5 \text{ V to } 6.0 \text{ V}, AVss = Vss = 0.0 \text{ V}, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } +85^{\circ}\text{C})$

| Parameter | Sym- | Pin | Condition | | Value | | Unit | Remarks |
|----------------------------------|------------------|------------|--|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------|---------|
| Parameter | bol | PIII | Condition | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Offic | Remarks |
| Resolution | | | _ | _ | _ | 8 | bit | |
| Total error | | | | _ | _ | ±1.5 | LSB | |
| Linearity error | <u> </u> | | | _ | _ | ±1.0 | LSB | |
| Differential linearity error | | | | _ | _ | ±0.9 | LSB | |
| Zero transition voltage | Vот | | AVR = AVcc | AVss -1.0 LSB | AVss +0.5 LSB | AVss +2.0 LSB | mV | |
| Full-scale transition voltage | VFST | _ | | AVR -3.0 LSB | AVR -1.5 LSB | AVR | mV | |
| Inter channel disparity | | | | _ | _ | 0.5 | LSB | |
| A/D mode conversion time | _ | | | _ | 44 tinst* | _ | μs | |
| Sense mode conversion time | | | | _ | 12 tinst* | _ | μs | |
| Analog port input current | I _{AIN} | AN0 to AN7 | _ | _ | _ | 10 | μΑ | |
| Analog input voltage | | = | | 0 | _ | AVR | V | |
| Reference voltage | | | | 0 | _ | Vcc | V | |
| | IR | A) (D) | AVR = Vcc = | _ | 100 | 300 | μΑ | |
| Reference voltage supply current | IrH | AVR | 5.0 V when A/D conversion is operating | _ | _ | 1 | μА | |

^{*:} For information on tinst, see "(4) Instruction Cycles" in "4. AC Characteristics."

6. A/D Converter Glossary

• Resolution

Analog changes that are identifiable by the A/D converter.

When the number of bits is 8, analog voltage can be divided into 28=256.

Linearity error (unit: LSB)

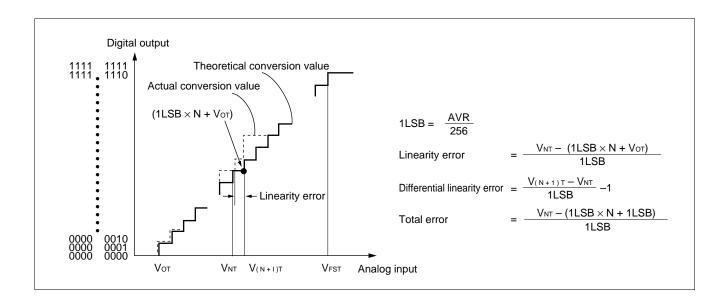
The deviation of the straight line connecting the zero transition point ("0000 0000" \leftrightarrow "0000 0001") with the full-scale transition point ("1111 1110" \leftrightarrow "1111 1111") from actual conversion characteristics.

Differential linearity error (unit: LSB)

The deviation of input voltage needed change the output code by 1 LSB from the theoretical value.

• Total error (unit: LSB)

The difference between theoretical and actual conversion values.



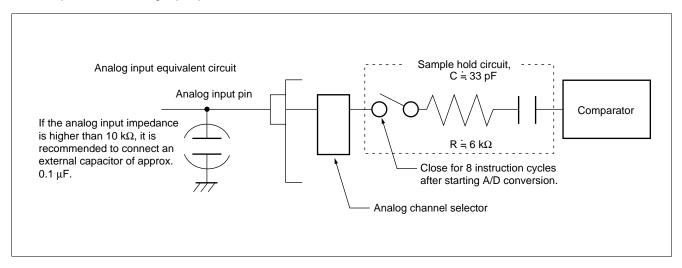
7. Notes on Using A/D Converter

Input impedance of analog input pins

The A/D converter used for the MB89190A series contains a sample hold circuit as illustrated below to fetch analog input voltage into the sample hold capacitor for eight instruction cycles after starting A/D conversion.

For this reason, if the output impedance of the external circuit for the analog input is high, analog input voltage might not stabilize within the analog input sampling period. Therefore, it is recommended to keep the output impedance of the external circuit low (below $10 \text{ k}\Omega$).

Note that if the impedance cannot be kept low, it is recommended to connect an external capacitor of approx. 0.1 μ F for the analog input pin.

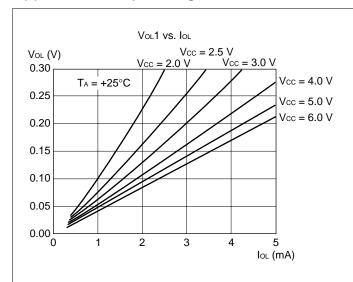


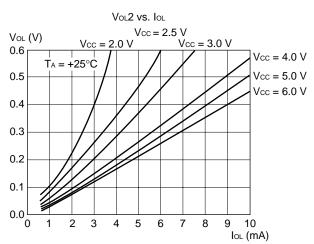
Error

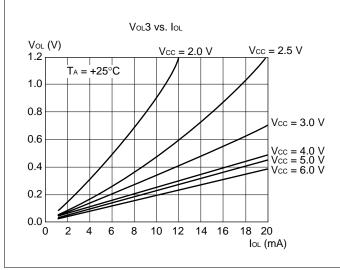
The smaller the AVR-AVss, the greater the error would become relatively.

■ EXAMPLE CHARACTERISTICS

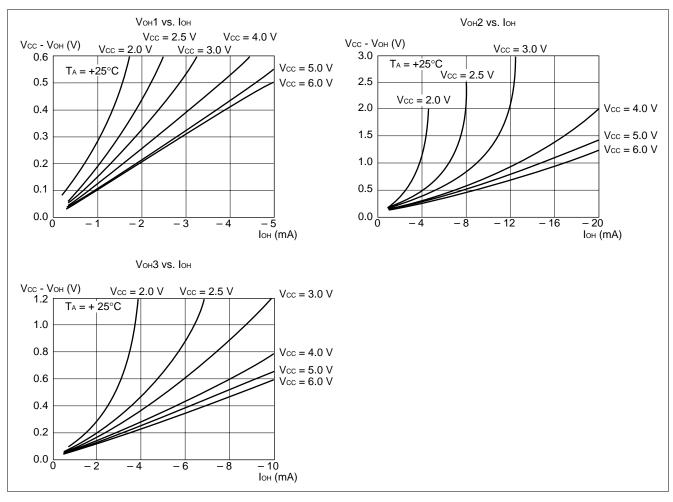
(1) "L" Level Output Voltage







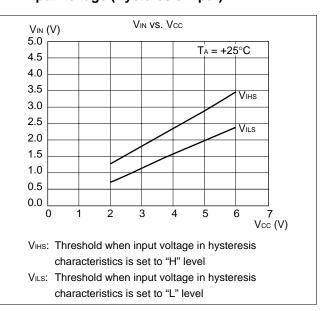
(2) "H" Level Output Voltage



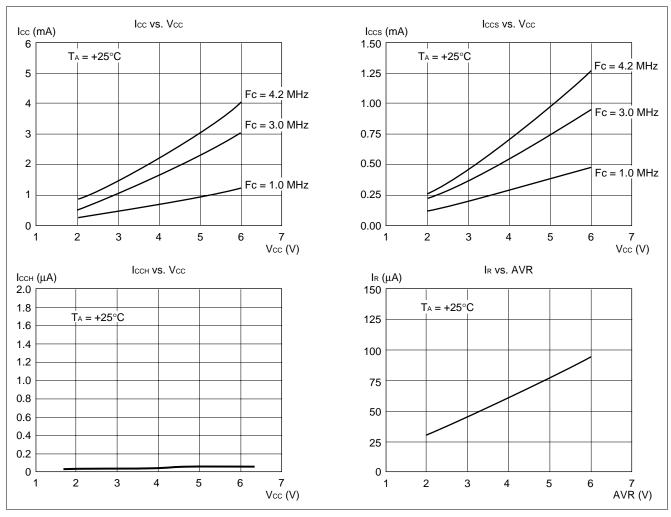
(3) "H" Level Input Voltage/"L" Level Input Voltage (CMOS Input)

V_{IN} (V) 5.0 4.5 4.0 3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0.0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Vcc (V)

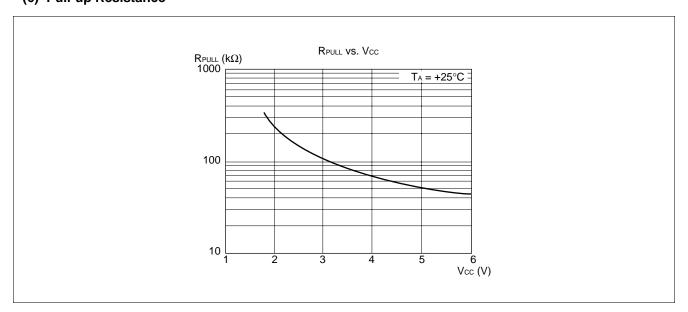
(4) "H" Level Input Voltage/"L" Level Input Voltage (Hysteresis Input)



(5) Power Supply Current (External Clock)



(6) Pull-up Resistance



■ INSTRUCTIONS (136 INSTRUCTIONS)

Execution instructions can be divided into the following four groups:

- Transfer
- Arithmetic operation
- Branch
- Others

Table 1 lists symbols used for notation of instructions.

Table 1 Instruction Symbols

| Symbol | Meaning |
|--------|---|
| dir | Direct address (8 bits) |
| off | Offset (8 bits) |
| ext | Extended address (16 bits) |
| #vct | Vector table number (3 bits) |
| #d8 | Immediate data (8 bits) |
| #d16 | Immediate data (16 bits) |
| dir: b | Bit direct address (8:3 bits) |
| rel | Branch relative address (8 bits) |
| @ | Register indirect (Example: @A, @IX, @EP) |
| Α | Accumulator A (Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.) |
| АН | Upper 8 bits of accumulator A (8 bits) |
| AL | Lower 8 bits of accumulator A (8 bits) |
| Т | Temporary accumulator T (Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.) |
| TH | Upper 8 bits of temporary accumulator T (8 bits) |
| TL | Lower 8 bits of temporary accumulator T (8 bits) |
| IX | Index register IX (16 bits) |
| EP | Extra pointer EP (16 bits) |
| PC | Program counter PC (16 bits) |
| SP | Stack pointer SP (16 bits) |
| PS | Program status PS (16 bits) |
| dr | Accumulator A or index register IX (16 bits) |
| CCR | Condition code register CCR (8 bits) |
| RP | Register bank pointer RP (5 bits) |
| Ri | General-purpose register Ri (8 bits, i = 0 to 7) |
| × | Indicates that the very \times is the immediate data. (Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.) |
| (×) | Indicates that the contents of \times is the target of accessing. (Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.) |
| ((×)) | The address indicated by the contents of \times is the target of accessing. (Whether its length is 8 or 16 bits is determined by the instruction in use.) |

Columns indicate the following:

Mnemonic: Assembler notation of an instruction

~: The number of instructions

#: The number of bytes

Operation: Operation of an instruction

TL, TH, AH: A content change when each of the TL, TH, and AH instructions is executed. Symbols in

the column indicate the following:

• "-" indicates no change.

• dH is the 8 upper bits of operation description data.

• AL and AH must become the contents of AL and AH prior to the instruction executed.

• 00 becomes 00.

N, Z, V, C: An instruction of which the corresponding flag will change. If + is written in this column,

the relevant instruction will change its corresponding flag.

OP code: Code of an instruction. If an instruction is more than one code, it is written according to

the following rule:

Example: 48 to 4F \leftarrow This indicates 48, 49, ... 4F.

Table 2 Transfer Instructions (48 instructions)

| Mnemonic | ~ | # | Operation | TL | TH | АН | NZVC | OP code |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|-----|-------|-------|------|----------|
| MOV dir,A | 3 | 2 | $(dir) \leftarrow (A)$ | _ | _ | _ | | 45 |
| MOV @IX +off,A | 4 | 2 | $((IX) + off) \leftarrow (A)$ | _ | _ | _ | | 46 |
| MOV ext,A | 4 | 3 | $(ext) \leftarrow (A)$ | _ | _ | _ | | 61 |
| MOV @EP,A | 3 | 1 | ((EP)) ← (A) | _ | _ | _ | | 47 |
| MOV Ri,A | 3 | 1 | (Ri) ← (A) | _ | _ | _ | | 48 to 4F |
| MOV A,#d8 | 2 | 2 | (A) ← d8 | AL | _ | _ | ++ | 04 |
| MOV A,dir | 3 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (dir)$ | AL | _ | _ | ++ | 05 |
| MOV A,@IX +off | 4 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow ((IX) + off)$ | AL | _ | _ | ++ | 06 |
| MOV A,ext | 4 | 3 | $(A) \leftarrow (ext)$ | AL | _ | _ | ++ | 60 |
| MOV A,@A | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow ((A))$ | AL | _ | _ | ++ | 92 |
| MOV A,@EP | 3 | 1 | (A) ← ((EP)) | AL | _ | _ | ++ | 07 |
| MOV A,Ri | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (Ri)$ | AL | _ | _ | ++ | 08 to 0F |
| MOV dir,#d8 | 4 | 3 | (dír) ← d8 | _ | _ | _ | | 85 |
| MOV @IX +off,#d8 | 5 | 3 | $((IX) + off) \leftarrow d8$ | _ | _ | _ | | 86 |
| MOV @EP,#d8 | 4 | 2 | ((EP)) ← d8 | _ | _ | _ | | 87 |
| MOV Ri,#d8 | 4 | 2 | ((Ci) / / d8 (Ri) ← d8 | _ | _ | _ | | 88 to 8F |
| MOVW dir,A | 4 | 2 | $(dir) \leftarrow (AH), (dir + 1) \leftarrow (AL)$ | _ | _ | _ | | D5 |
| MOVW @IX +off,A | 5 | 2 | $((IX) + off) \leftarrow (AH),$ | _ | _ | _ | | D6 |
| | | _ | $((IX) + off + 1) \leftarrow (AL)$ | | | | | |
| MOVW ext,A | 5 | 3 | $(ext) \leftarrow (AH), (ext + 1) \leftarrow (AL)$ | _ | _ | _ | | D4 |
| MOVW @EP,A | 4 | 1 | $((EP)) \leftarrow (AH), ((EP) + 1) \leftarrow (AL)$ | _ | _ | _ | | D7 |
| MOVW EP,A | 2 | 1 | $(EP) \leftarrow (A)$ | _ | _ | _ | | E3 |
| MOVW A,#d16 | 3 | 3 | (A) ← d16 | AL | АН | dH | ++ | E4 |
| MOVW A,#a10 | 4 | 2 | $(AH) \leftarrow (dir), (AL) \leftarrow (dir + 1)$ | AL | AH | dH | ++ | C5 |
| MOVW A,@IX +off | 5 | 2 | $(AH) \leftarrow (IX) + (AH) \leftarrow (IX) + (AH) \leftarrow (IX) + (AH) \leftarrow (IX) + (AH) + $ | AL | AH | dH | ++ | C6 |
| WOVV A, SIX TOIL | | _ | $(AL) \leftarrow ((IX) + OH),$ $(AL) \leftarrow ((IX) + off + 1)$ | /\L | / (1) | uii | | 00 |
| MOVW A,ext | 5 | 3 | $(AH) \leftarrow (ext), (AL) \leftarrow (ext + 1)$ | AL | АН | dH | | C4 |
| MOVW A, ext | 4 | 1 | $(AH) \leftarrow (BA), (AL) \leftarrow (BA) + 1$ $(AH) \leftarrow (A), (AL) \leftarrow (A) + 1$ | AL | AH | dH | ++ | 93 |
| MOVW A, @ EP | 4 | 1 | $(AH) \leftarrow ((BP)), (AL) \leftarrow ((A)) + 1)$ | AL | AH | dH | ++ | C7 |
| MOVW A, @ LI | 2 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (EP)$ | _ | _ | dH | | F3 |
| MOVW A,EP MOVW EP,#d16 | 3 | 3 | $(EP) \leftarrow d16$ | _ | _ | _ uii | | E7 |
| MOVW IX,A | 2 | 1 | $(IX) \leftarrow (A)$ | | _ | _ | | E2 |
| MOVW A,IX | 2 | 1 | $(X) \leftarrow (X)$ $(A) \leftarrow (IX)$ | | _ | dH | | F2 |
| MOVW A,IX | 2 | 1 | (A) ← (IA) (SP) ← (A) | _ | _ | _ uii | | E1 |
| MOVW SF,A | 2 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A)$ $(A) \leftarrow (SP)$ | _ | _ | dH | | F1 |
| MOV @A,T | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (BF)$ $((A)) \leftarrow (T)$ | _ | _ | _ | | 82 |
| MOVW @A,T | 4 | 1 | | _ | _ | _ | | 83 |
| MOVW WA,1 | 3 | 3 | ((A)) ← (TH),((A) + 1) ← (TL) (IX) ← d16 | _ | _ | | | E6 |
| MOVW A,PS | 2 | 1 | (A) ← (PS) | _ | _ | dH | | 70 |
| MOVW A,PS | | 1 | | _ | _ | | | |
| | 2 | 3 | (PS) ← (A) | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 71 55 |
| MOVW SP,#d16 | | | (SP) ← d16 | _ | _ | _ | | E5 |
| SWAP | 2 | 1 | $(AH) \leftrightarrow (AL)$ | _ | _ | AL | | 10 |
| SETB dir: b | 4 | 2 | (dir): b ← 1 | _ | _ | _ | | A8 to AF |
| CLRB dir: b | 4 | 2 | (dir): $b \leftarrow 0$ | _ | _ | _ | | A0 to A7 |
| XCH A,T | 2 | 1 | $(AL) \leftrightarrow (TL)$ | AL | | | | 42 |
| XCHW A,T | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftrightarrow (T)$ | AL | AH | dH | | 43 |
| XCHW A,EP | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftrightarrow (EP)$ | - | _ | dH | | F7 |
| XCHW A,IX | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftrightarrow (IX)$ | _ | _ | dH | | F6 |
| XCHW A,SP | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftrightarrow (SP)$ | _ | _ | dH | | F5 |
| MOVW A,PC | 2 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (PC)$ | _ | _ | dH | | F0 |

Notes: • During byte transfer to A, $T \leftarrow A$ is restricted to low bytes.

[•] Operands in more than one operand instruction must be stored in the order in which their mnemonics are written. (Reverse arrangement of F²MC-8 family)

Table 3 Arithmetic Operation Instructions (62 instructions)

| | | | | <u>`</u> | | | | |
|-----------------|----|---|---|----------|----|----------|--------------|----------|
| Mnemonic | ~ | # | Operation | TL | TH | AH | NZVC | OP code |
| ADDC A,Ri | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + (Ri) + C$ | - | _ | _ | ++++ | 28 to 2F |
| ADDC A,#d8 | 2 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + d8 + C$ | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 24 |
| ADDC A,dir | 3 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + (dir) + C$ | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 25 |
| ADDC A,@IX +off | 4 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + ((IX) + off) + C$ | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 26 |
| ADDC A,@EP | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + ((EP)) + C$ | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 27 |
| ADDCW A | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + (T) + C$ | _ | _ | dH | ++++ | 23 |
| ADDC A | 2 | 1 | $(AL) \leftarrow (AL) + (TL) + C$ | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 22 |
| SUBC A,Ri | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) - (Ri) - C$ | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 38 to 3F |
| SUBC A,#d8 | 2 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) - d8 - C$ | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 34 |
| SUBC A,dir | 3 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) - (dir) - C$ | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 35 |
| SUBC A,@IX +off | 4 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) - ((IX) + off) - C$ | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 36 |
| SUBC A,@EP | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) - ((EP)) - C$ | _ | _ | | ++++ | 37 |
| SUBCW A | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (T) - (A) - C$ | _ | _ | dH | ++++ | 33 |
| SUBC A | 2 | 1 | $(AL) \leftarrow (TL) - (AL) - C$ | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 32 |
| INC Ri | 4 | 1 | (Ri) ← (Ri) + 1 | _ | _ | _ | +++- | C8 to CF |
| INCW EP | 3 | 1 | (EP) ← (EP) + 1 | _ | _ | _ | | C3 |
| INCW IX | 3 | 1 | $(IX) \leftarrow (IX) + 1$ | _ | _ | | | C2 |
| INCW A | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) + 1$ | _ | _ | dH | ++ | C0 |
| DEC Ri | 4 | 1 | $(Ri) \leftarrow (Ri) - 1$ | _ | _ | _ | +++- | D8 to DF |
| DECW EP | 3 | 1 | (EP) ← (EP) – 1 | _ | _ | _ | | D3 |
| DECW IX | 3 | 1 | $(IX) \leftarrow (IX) - 1$ | _ | _ | _ | | D2 |
| DECW A | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) - 1$ | _ | _ | dH | ++ | D0 |
| MULU A | 19 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \times (TL)$ | | - | dH | | 01 |
| DIVU A | 21 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (T) / (AL), MOD \rightarrow (T)$ | dL | 00 | 00 | | 11 |
| ANDW A | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) \wedge (T)$ | - | _ | dH dH | ++R- | 63 |
| ORW A XORW A | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) \vee (T)$ | - | _ | dН | ++R- | 73 |
| CMP A | 2 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (A) \ \forall \ (T) (TL) - (AL)$ | _ | _ | un _ | ++R- ++++ | 53 12 |
| CMPW A | 3 | 1 | (TL) - (AL) (T) - (A) | | | _ | ++++ | 13 |
| RORC A | 2 | 1 | | _ | _ | _ | ++-+ | 03 |
| | _ | ' | $\rightarrow C \rightarrow A -$ | | _ | _ | T T T | |
| ROLC A | 2 | 1 | | - | _ | _ | ++-+ | 02 |
| CMP A,#d8 | 2 | 2 | (A) – d8 | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 14 |
| CMP A,dir | 3 | 2 | (A) – (dir) | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 15 |
| CMP A,@EP | 3 | 1 | (A) – ((EP)) | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 17 |
| CMP A,@IX +off | 4 | 2 | (A) - ((IX) + off) | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 16 |
| CMP A,Ri | 3 | 1 | (A) – (Ri) | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 18 to 1F |
| DAA | 2 | 1 | Decimal adjust for addition | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 84 |
| DAS | 2 | 1 | Decimal adjust for subtraction | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 94 |
| XOR A | 2 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \ \forall \ (TL)$ | _ | _ | _ | ++R- | 52 |
| XOR A,#d8 | 2 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \ \forall \ d8$ | _ | _ | _ | + + R - | 54 |
| XOR A,dir | 3 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \ \forall \ (dir)$ | _ | _ | _ | + + R - | 55 |
| XOR A,@EP | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \ \forall \ (\ (EP) \)$ | _ | _ | _ | + + R - | 57 |
| XOR A,@IX +off | 4 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \ \forall \ (IX) + off)$ | _ | _ | _ | ++R- | 56 |
| XOR A,Ri | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \ \forall \ (Ri)$ | _ | _ | _ | ++R- | 58 to 5F |
| AND A ((-10) | 2 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \wedge (TL)$ | _ | _ | _ | ++R- | 62 |
| AND A dis | 2 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \land d8$ | _ | _ | _ | ++R- | 64 |
| AND A,dir | 3 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \land (dir)$ | ı | _ | _ | + + R – | 65 |

(Continued)

(Continued)

| Mnemonic | ı | # | Operation | TL | TH | AH | NZVC | OP code |
|------------------|---|---|--|----|----|----|---------|----------|
| AND A,@EP | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \land ((EP))$ | - | _ | _ | + + R – | 67 |
| AND A,@IX +off | 4 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \land ((IX) + off)$ | _ | _ | _ | + + R – | 66 |
| AND A,Ri | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \wedge (Ri)$ | _ | _ | _ | + + R - | 68 to 6F |
| OR A | 2 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \lor (TL)$ | _ | _ | _ | ++R- | 72 |
| OR A,#d8 | 2 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \lor d8$ | _ | _ | _ | + + R - | 74 |
| OR A,dir | 3 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \lor (dir)$ | _ | _ | _ | + + R - | 75 |
| OR A,@EP | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \lor ((EP))$ | _ | _ | _ | + + R - | 77 |
| OR A,@IX +off | 4 | 2 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \lor ((IX) + off)$ | _ | _ | _ | + + R - | 76 |
| OR A,Ri | 3 | 1 | $(A) \leftarrow (AL) \lor (Ri)$ | _ | _ | _ | + + R - | 78 to 7F |
| CMP dir,#d8 | 5 | 3 | (dir) – d8 | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 95 |
| CMP @EP,#d8 | 4 | 2 | ((EP)) – d8 | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 97 |
| CMP @IX +off,#d8 | 5 | 3 | ((IX) + off) - d8 | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 96 |
| CMP Ri,#d8 | 4 | 2 | (Ri) – d8 | _ | _ | _ | ++++ | 98 to 9F |
| INCW SP | 3 | 1 | (SP) ← (ŚP) + 1 | _ | _ | _ | | C1 |
| DECW SP | 3 | 1 | $(SP) \leftarrow (SP) - 1$ | ı | _ | _ | | D1 |

Table 4 Branch Instructions (17 instructions)

| Mnemonic | ł | # | Operation | TL | TH | AH | NZVC | OP code |
|----------------|---|---|--|----|----|----|---------|----------|
| BZ/BEQ rel | 3 | 2 | If $Z = 1$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + rel$ | _ | _ | _ | | FD |
| BNZ/BNE rel | 3 | 2 | If $Z = 0$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + rel$ | _ | _ | _ | | FC |
| BC/BLO rel | 3 | 2 | If $C = 1$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + rel$ | _ | _ | _ | | F9 |
| BNC/BHS rel | 3 | 2 | If $C = 0$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + rel$ | _ | _ | _ | | F8 |
| BN rel | 3 | 2 | If N = 1 then PC \leftarrow PC + rel | _ | _ | _ | | FB |
| BP rel | 3 | 2 | If N = 0 then PC \leftarrow PC + rel | _ | _ | _ | | FA |
| BLT rel | 3 | 2 | If $V \forall N = 1$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + rel$ | _ | _ | _ | | FF |
| BGE rel | 3 | 2 | If $V \forall N = 0$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + rel$ | _ | _ | _ | | FE |
| BBC dir: b,rel | 5 | 3 | If (dir: b) = 0 then $PC \leftarrow PC + rel$ | _ | _ | _ | -+ | B0 to B7 |
| BBS dir: b,rel | 5 | 3 | If (dir: b) = 1 then PC \leftarrow PC + rel | _ | _ | _ | -+ | B8 to BF |
| JMP @A | 2 | 1 | $(PC) \leftarrow (A)$ | _ | _ | _ | | E0 |
| JMP ext | 3 | 3 | (PC) ← ext | _ | _ | _ | | 21 |
| CALLV #vct | 6 | 1 | Vector call | _ | _ | _ | | E8 to EF |
| CALL ext | 6 | 3 | Subroutine call | _ | _ | _ | | 31 |
| XCHW A,PC | 3 | 1 | $(PC) \leftarrow (A),(A) \leftarrow (PC) + 1$ | _ | _ | dΗ | | F4 |
| RET | 4 | 1 | Return from subrountine | _ | _ | _ | | 20 |
| RETI | 6 | 1 | Return form interrupt | _ | _ | _ | Restore | 30 |

Table 5 Other Instructions (9 instructions)

| Mnemonic | ~ | # | Operation | TL | TH | AH | NZVC | OP code |
|----------|---|---|-----------|----|----|----|------|---------|
| PUSHW A | 4 | 1 | | _ | _ | _ | | 40 |
| POPW A | 4 | 1 | | _ | _ | dΗ | | 50 |
| PUSHW IX | 4 | 1 | | _ | _ | _ | | 41 |
| POPW IX | 4 | 1 | | _ | _ | _ | | 51 |
| NOP | 1 | 1 | | _ | _ | _ | | 00 |
| CLRC | 1 | 1 | | _ | _ | _ | R | 81 |
| SETC | 1 | 1 | | _ | _ | _ | S | 91 |
| CLRI | 1 | 1 | | _ | _ | _ | | 80 |
| SETI | 1 | 1 | | _ | _ | _ | | 90 |

■ INSTRUCTION MAP

| I INSI | RUC | HON | MAF | • | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| ш | MOVW A,PC | MOVW A,SP | MOVW A,IX | MOVW A,EP | XCHW A,PC | XCHW A,SP | XCHW A,IX | XCHW A,EP | BNC | C <u>e</u> | P <u>ē</u> | BN rel | BNZ | Z rel | BGE rel | BLT rel |
| ш | M @A @A | MOVW SP,A | MOVW M | MOVW EP,A | MOVW Xi A,#d16 | MOVW Xi | MOVW X(IX,#d16 | MOVW Xe | CALLV BI | CALLV BC | CALLV BP | CALLV BI | CALLV BI | CALLV BZ | CALLV Be | CALLV BI |
| Q | DECW A | DECW | DECW IX | DECW | MOVW ext,A | MOVW dir,A | MOVW @IX +d,A | MOVW @EP,A | DEC R0 | DEC R1 | DEC R2 | DEC R3 | DEC R4 | DEC R5 | DEC R6 | DEC R7 |
| ပ | INCW A | INCW SP | INCW IX | INCW EP | MOVW A,ext | MOVW A,dir | MOVW A,@IX +d | MOWW A,@EP | INC R0 | NC R1 | INC R2 | INC R3 | INC R4 | INC R5 | INC R6 | INC R7 |
| В | BBC dir: 0,rel | BBC dir: 1,rel | BBC dir: 2,rel | BBC dir: 3,rel | BBC dir: 4,rel | BBC dir: 5,rel | BBC dir: 6,rel | BBC dir: 7,rel | BBS dir: 0,rel | BBS dir: 1,rel | BBS dir: 2,rel | BBS dir: 3,rel | BBS dir: 4,rel | BBS dir: 5,rel | BBS dir: 6,rel | BBS dir: 7,rel |
| 4 | CLRB dir: 0 | CLRB dir: 1 | CLRB dir: 2 | CLRB dir: 3 | CLRB dir: 4 | CLRB dir: 5 | CLRB dir: 6 | CLRB dir: 7 | SETB dir: 0 | SETB dir: 1 | SETB dir: 2 | SETB dir: 3 | SETB dir: 4 | SETB dir: 5 | SETB dir: 6 | SETB dir: 7 |
| 6 | SETI | SETC | MOV A, @A | MOVW A,@A | DAS | CMP dir,#d8 | CMP @IX+d,#d8 | CMP @EP,#d8 | CMP R0,#d8 | CMP R1,#d8 | CMP R2,#d8 | CMP R3,#d8 | CMP R4,#d8 | CMP R5,#d8 | CMP R6,#d8 | CMP R7,#d8 |
| 80 | CLRI | CLRC | MOV @A,T | MOVW @A,T | DAA | MOV dir,#d8 | MOV @IX +d,#d8 | MOV @EP,#d8 | MOV R0,#d8 | MOV R1,#d8 | MOV R2,#d8 | MOV R3,#d8 | MOV R4,#d8 | MOV R5,#d8 | MOV R6,#d8 | MOV R7,#d8 |
| 7 | MOVW A,PS | MOVW PS,A | OR A | ORW A | OR A,#d8 | OR A,dir | OR A,@IX +d | OR A,@EP | OR A,R0 | OR A,R1 | OR A,R2 | OR A,R3 | OR A,R4 | OR A,R5 | OR A,R6 | OR A,R7 |
| 9 | MOV A,ext | MOV ext,A | AND A | ANDW A | AND A,#d8 | AND A,dir | AND A,@IX +d | AND A,@EP | AND A,R0 | AND A,R1 | AND A,R2 | AND A,R3 | AND A,R4 | AND A,R5 | AND A,R6 | AND A,R7 |
| 5 | POPW A | POPW IX | XOR A | XORW A | XOR A,#d8 | XOR A,dir | XOR A,@IX +d | XOR A,@EP | XOR A,R0 | XOR A,R1 | XOR A,R2 | XOR A,R3 | XOR A,R4 | XOR A,R5 | XOR A,R6 | XOR A,R7 |
| 4 | PUSHW A | PUSHW IX | XCH A, T | XCHW A, T | | MOV dir,A | MOV @IX +d,A | MOV @EP,A | MOV R0,A | MOV R1,A | MOV R2,A | MOV R3,A | MOV R4,A | MOV R5,A | MOV R6,A | MOV R7,A |
| က | RETI | CALL addr16 | SUBC A | SUBCW | SUBC A,#d8 | SUBC A,dir | SUBC A,@IX +d | SUBC A,@EP | SUBC A,R0 | SUBC A,R1 | SUBC A,R2 | SUBC A,R3 | SUBC A,R4 | SUBC A,R5 | SUBC A,R6 | SUBC A,R7 |
| 2 | RET | JMP addr16 | ADDC A | ADDCW A | ADDC A,#d8 | ADDC A,dir | ADDC A,@IX+d | ADDC A,@EP | ADDC A,R0 | ADDC A,R1 | ADDC A,R2 | ADDC A,R3 | ADDC A,R4 | ADDC A,R5 | ADDC A,R6 | ADDC A,R7 |
| - | SWAP | DIVU | CMP | CMPW A | CMP A,#d8 | CMP A,dir | CMP A,@IX +d | CMP A,@EP | CMP A,R0 | CMP A,R1 | CMP A,R2 | CMP A,R3 | CMP A,R4 | CMP A,R5 | CMP A,R6 | CMP A,R7 |
| 0 | NOP | MULU | ROLC A | RORC A | MOV A,#d8 | MOV A,dir | MOV A,@IX +d | MOV A,@EP | MOV A,R0 | MOV A,R1 | MOV A,R2 | MOV A,R3 | MOV A,R4 | MOV A,R5 | MOV A,R6 | MOV A,R7 |
| L | 0 | - | 2 | က | 4 | 2 | 9 | 7 | 80 | 6 | 4 | В | ပ | Q | ш | ш |

■ MASK OPTION LIST

| No. | Part nu | umber | MB89191 MB89193 MB89195 | | MB8 | 9P195 | MB89 | P195A | MB89PV190 MB89PV190A | | | | |
|-----|--|--|------------------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|----------|-------------------|----------|---------------|
| | Specifying | procedure | Specify when ordering masking | | -101*2 | Specify when ordering masking | | -201*² | Fixed | | | | |
| | Port pull-up | P00 to P07 P30 to P37 | Selectab | ole by pin | None | Selectabl | Selectable by pin | | Selectable by pin | | Selectable by pin | | Not available |
| 1 | resistors | P00 to P03 P40 to P45 | Selectable by pin | Not available | None | Selectable by pin | Not available | None | Not available | | | | |
| 2 | Power-on res • Power-on res • No power | eset provided | Selec | ctable | Provided | Provided | | Provided | | Provided | | Provided | Provided |
| 3 | • 2 ¹⁶ /Fc (app | wait time frox. 62.4 ms) rox. 15.6 ms) frox. 0.98 ms) | Seled | ctable | Fixed to 2 ¹⁶ /Fc | Selectable | | Fixed to 2 ¹⁶ /Fc | Fixed to 216/Fc | | | | |
| 4 | Reset pin output Reset output provided No reset output | | • Reset output provided Selectable | | Provided | Selectable | | Provided | Provided | | | | |
| 5 | Oscillation type of clock 1 Crystal and ceramic oscillators 2 CR | | Seled | ctable | "1" only | Selectable | | "1" only | "1" only | | | | |

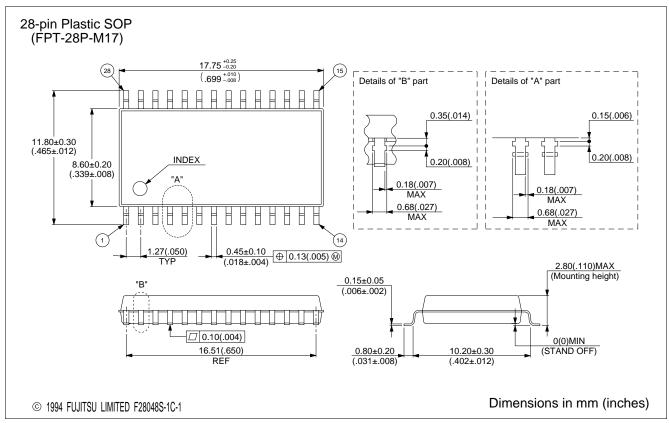
^{*1:} The oscillation stabilization time is generated by dividing the original clock oscillation. The time described in this item should be used as a rough guideline since the oscillation cycle is unstable immediately after oscillation starts. "Fc" indicates the original oscillation frequency.

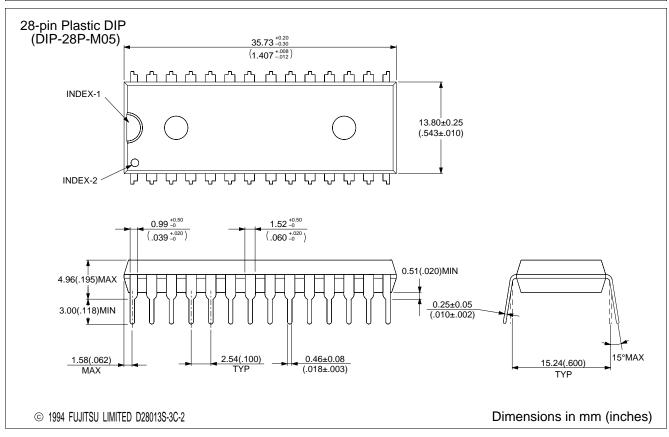
^{*2: -101} and -201 are provided respectively for the MB89P195 and MB89P195A OTP versions as the standard products.

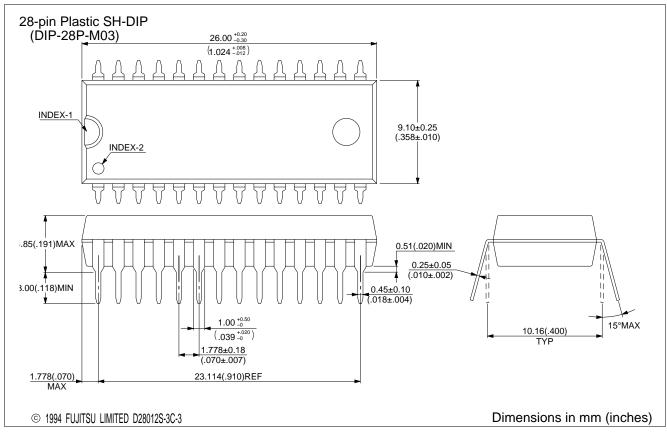
■ ORDERING INFORMATION

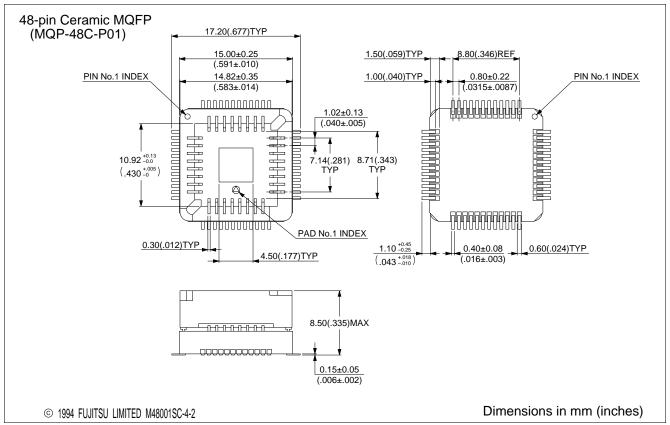
| Part number | Package | Remarks |
|---|--|---------|
| MB89191PF MB89193PF MB89195PF MB89P195PF-101 MB89191APF MB89191AHPF MB89193APF MB89193AHPF MB89195APF MB89195APF | 28-pin Plastic SOP (FPT-28P-M17) | |
| MB89191P-SH MB89193P-SH MB89195P-SH MB89191AP-SH MB89191AHP-SH MB89193AP-SH MB89193AHP-SH MB89195AP-SH | 28-pin Plastic SH-DIP (DIP-28C-M03) | |
| MB89191P MB89193P MB89195P MB89P195P-101 MB89191AP MB89191AHP MB89193AP MB89193AHP MB89195AP MB89195AP | 28-pin Plastic DIP (DIP-28P-M05) | |
| MB89PV190CF MB89PV190ACF | 48-pin Ceramic MQFP (MQP-48C-P01) | |

■ PACKAGE DIMENSION









FUJITSU LIMITED

For further information please contact:

Japan

FUJITSU LIMITED Corporate Global Business Support Division Electronic Devices KAWASAKI PLANT, 4-1-1, Kamikodanaka Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi Kanagawa 211-8588, Japan

Tel: 81(44) 754-3763 Fax: 81(44) 754-3329

http://www.fujitsu.co.jp/

North and South America

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS, INC. Semiconductor Division 3545 North First Street San Jose, CA 95134-1804, USA

Tel: (408) 922-9000 Fax: (408) 922-9179

Customer Response Center Mon. - Fri.: 7 am - 5 pm (PST)

Tel: (800) 866-8608 Fax: (408) 922-9179

http://www.fujitsumicro.com/

Europe

FUJITSU MIKROELEKTRONIK GmbH Am Siebenstein 6-10 D-63303 Dreieich-Buchschlag Germany

Tel: (06103) 690-0 Fax: (06103) 690-122

http://www.fujitsu-ede.com/

Asia Pacific

FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS ASIA PTE LTD #05-08, 151 Lorong Chuan New Tech Park

Singapore 556741 Tel: (65) 281-0770 Fax: (65) 281-0220

http://www.fmap.com.sg/

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