捷多邦,专业PCB打样工厂,24小**SM7AAE**VCH162601 18-BIT UNIVERSAL BUS TRANSCEIVER WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

SCES026G - JULY 1995 - REVISED JUNE 1999

- Member of the Texas Instruments
 Widebus™ Family
- EPIC™ (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) Submicron Process
- UBT[™] (Universal Bus Transceiver)
 Combines D-Type Latches and D-Type
 Flip-Flops for Operation in Transparent,
 Latched, Clocked, or Clock-Enabled Mode
- B-Port Outputs Have Equivalent 26-Ω
 Series Resistors, So No External Resistors
 Are Required
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
- Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors
- Package Options Include Plastic 300-mil Shrink Small-Outline (DL) and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG) Packages

NOTE: For tape and reel order entry:
The DGGR package is abbreviated to GR.

description

This 18-bit universal bus transceiver is designed for 1.65-V to 3.6-V $\rm V_{CC}$ operation.

The SN74ALVCH162601 combines D-type latches and D-type flip-flops to allow data flow in transparent, latched, clocked, and clock-enabled modes.

DGG OR DL PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



Data flow in each direction is controlled by output-enable (OEAB and OEBA), latch-enable (LEAB and LEBA), and clock (CLKAB and CLKBA) inputs. The clock can be controlled by the clock-enable (CLKENAB and CLKENBA) inputs. For A-to-B data flow, the device operates in the transparent mode when LEAB is high. When LEAB is low, the A data is latched if CLKAB is held at a high or low logic level. If LEAB is low, the A data is stored in the latch/flip-flop on the low-to-high transition of CLKAB. When OEAB is low, the outputs are active. When OEAB is high, the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

Data flow for B to A is similar to that of A to B, but uses OEBA, LEBA, CLKBA, and CLKENBA.

The B-port outputs include equivalent $26-\Omega$ series resistors to reduce overshoot and undershoot.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

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description (continued)

The SN74ALVCH162601 is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C.

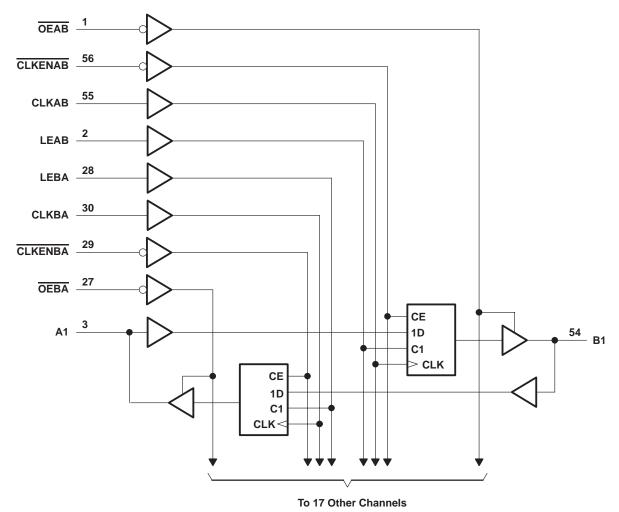
FUNCTION TABLE†

	INPUTS							
CLKENAB	OEAB	LEAB	CLKAB	Α	В			
Х	Н	Х	Х	Х	Z			
Х	L	Н	Χ	L	L			
Х	L	Н	Χ	Н	Н			
Н	L	L	Χ	X	В ₀ ‡ В ₀ ‡			
Н	L	L	Χ	X	в ₀ ‡			
L	L	L	\uparrow	L	L			
L	L	L	\uparrow	Н	Н			
L	L	L	L or H	Χ	в ₀ ‡			

[†] A-to-B data flow is shown: B-to-A flow is similar, but uses OEBA, LEBA, CLKBA, and CLKENBA.

[‡] Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established

logic diagram (positive logic)



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V _{CC}	
Input voltage range, V _I : Except I/O ports (see Note 1)	
I/O ports (see Notes 1 and 2)	\dots -0.5 V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V
Output voltage range, V _O (see Notes 1 and 2)	0.5 V to V _{CC} + 0.5 V
Input clamp current, I _{IK} (V _I < 0)	–50 mA
Output clamp current, I _{OK} (V _O < 0)	–50 mA
Continuous output current, I _O	±50 mA
Continuous current through each V _{CC} or GND	±100 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ _{JA} (see Note 3): DGG package	81°C/W
DL package	
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}	–65°C to 150°C

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

- 2. This value is limited to 4.6 V maximum.
- 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.



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recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT	
VCC	Supply voltage		1.65	3.6	V	
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$	0.65 × V _{CC}			
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$	1.7		V	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2			
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		0.35 × V _{CC}		
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$		0.7	V	
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V to 3.6 V		0.8	1	
٧ _I	Input voltage	-	0	VCC	V	
٧o	Output voltage		0	VCC	V	
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V		-4		
	High-level output current (A port)	V _{CC} = 2.3 V		-12	1	
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V		-12	mA	
1		V _{CC} = 3 V		-24		
ЮН		V _{CC} = 1.65 V		-2		
	High-level output current (B port)	V _{CC} = 2.3 V		-6		
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V		-8	-	
		V _{CC} = 3 V		-12		
		V _{CC} = 1.65 V		4		
	Low lovel output ourset (A north)	V _{CC} = 2.3 V	12		1	
	Low-level output current (A port)	V _{CC} = 2.7 V		12		
1		V _{CC} = 3 V		24	mA	
lOL		V _{CC} = 1.65 V		2		
	Low lovel output ourrent (D north)	V _{CC} = 2.3 V		6		
	Low-level output current (B port)	V _{CC} = 2.7 V		8		
	V _{CC} = 3 V			12		
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate			10	ns/V	
TA	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C	

NOTE 4: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PAF	RAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	vcc	MIN TYPT	MAX	UNIT
		I _{OH} = -100 μA	1.65 V to 3.6 V	V _{CC} -0.2		
		I _{OH} = -4 mA	1.65 V	1.2		
		I _{OH} = -6 mA	2.3 V	2		
	A port		2.3 V	1.7		
		I _{OH} = -12 mA	2.7 V	2.2		
			3 V	2.4		
		I _{OH} = -24 mA	3 V	2		
VOH		I _{OH} = -100 μA	1.65 V to 3.6 V	V _{CC} -0.2		V
		$I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$	1.65 V	1.2		
		I _{OH} = -4 mA	2.3 V	1.9		
	B port		2.3 V	1.7		
		IOH = -6 mA	3 V	2.4		
		$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.7 V	2		
		I _{OH} = -12 mA	3 V	2		
		I _{OL} = 100 μA	1.65 V to 3.6 V		0.2	
		I _{OL} = 4 mA	1.65 V		0.45	.4 .7 .4 .55
	A port	I _{OL} = 6 mA	2.3 V		0.4	
			2.3 V		0.7	
		I _{OL} = 12 mA	2.7 V		0.4	
		I _{OL} = 24 mA	3 V		0.55	
V_{OL}		I _{OL} = 100 μA	1.65 V to 3.6 V		0.2	
		I _{OL} = 2 mA	1.65 V		0.45	
		I _{OL} = 4 mA	2.3 V		0.4	
	B port		2.3 V		0.55	
		IOL = 6 mA	3 V		0.55	
		I _{OL} = 8 mA	2.7 V		0.6	
		I _{OL} = 12 mA	3 V		0.8	
Ц	•	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	3.6 V		±5	μΑ
		V _I = 0.58 V	4.65.1/	25		
		V _I = 1.07 V	1.65 V	-25		
		V _I = 0.7 V	0.01/	45		
I _{I(hold)}		V _I = 1.7 V	2.3 V	-45		μΑ
` ,		V _I = 0.8 V	2.1/	75		
		V _I = 2 V	3 V	- 75		
		$V_{I} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}^{\ddagger}$	3.6 V		±500	
I _{OZ} §		$V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND	3.6 V		±10	μΑ
ICC		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	3.6 V		40	μΑ
Δlcc		One input at V _{CC} – 0.6 V, Other inputs at V _{CC} or GND	3 V to 3.6 V		750	μΑ
Ci	Control inputs	V _I = V _{CC} or GND	3.3 V	4		pF

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

 $[\]mbox{\$ For I/O ports, the parameter IOZ}$ includes the input leakage current.



[‡] This is the bus-hold maximum dynamic current. It is the minimum overdrive current required to switch the input from one state to another.

timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 1 through 3)

		V _{CC} =	1.8 V	V _{CC} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V _{CC} = 2.7 V		V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT			
				MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
fclock	Clock frequen	су			†		140		150		150	MHz	
	, Pulse	LE high		†		3.3		3.3		3.3			
t _W	duration	CLK high or low		†		3.3		3.3		3.3		ns	
		Data before CLK↑		†		2.3		2.4		2.1			
١.	Setup time	Data before LE↓	CLK high	†		2		1.6		1.6			
t _{su}		Setup time Data before LEV	CLK low	†		1.3		1.2		1.1		ns	
		CLKEN before CLK↑		†		2		2		1.7]	
		Data after CLK↑		†		0.7		0.7		0.8		ns	
_	Hold time	Hald See	CLK high	†		1.3		1.6		1.4			
^t h		Hold time Data after LE↓ CLK low	CLK low	†		1.7		2		1.7			
		CLKEN after CLK↑		†		0.3		0.5		0.6			

[†] This information was not available at the time of publication.

switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 1 through 3)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V _{CC} =	1.8 V	V _{CC} = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V _{CC} = 2.7 V		V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT
	(INFOT)	(001F01)	MIN	TYP	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f _{max}			†		140		150		150		MHz
	Α	В		†	1.3	4.8		5.2	1.6	4.5	
	В	Α		†	1	4.3		4.6	1	4.1	ns
	LEAB	В		†	1	5.5		5.9	1.5	5.1	
^t pd	LEBA	Α		†	1	5		5.3	1	4.7	
	CLKAB	В		†	1.5	6.1		6.3	1.6	5.5	
	CLKBA	Α		†	1.3	5.6		5.8	1.4	5	
t _{en}	OEAB	В		†	1.6	6.1		6.7	1.6	5.7	ns
t _{dis}	OEAB	В		†	1.8	5.7		5.3	1.8	4.8	ns
t _{en}	OEBA	Α		†	1.1	5.5		6.1	1.1	5.2	ns
t _{dis}	OEBA	А		†	1.3	5.2		4.8	1.6	4.4	ns

[†] This information was not available at the time of publication.

operating characteristics, T_A = 25°C

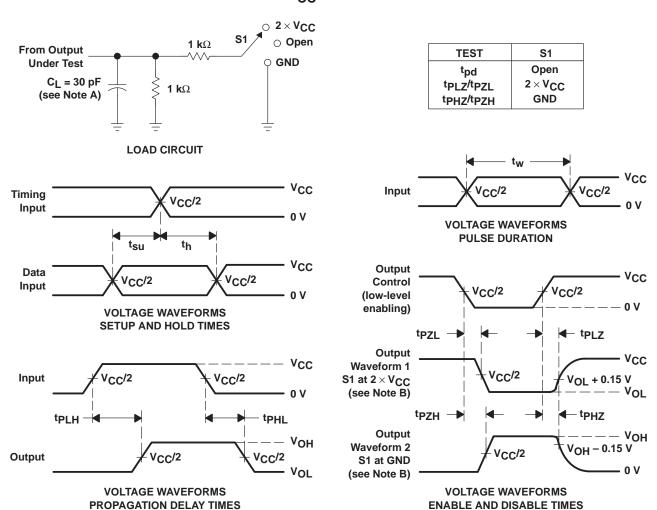
PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	V _{CC} = 1.8 V V _{CC} = 2.5 V V _{CC} =		V _{CC} = 3.3 V	UNIT	
	PARAMETER		1E31 CONDITIONS	TYP	TYP	TYP	UNIT
	Power dissipation	Outputs enabled	C ₁ = 50 pF. f = 10 MHz	†	41	50	pF
Cpd	capacitance	Outputs disabled		†	6	6	PΓ

[†] This information was not available at the time of publication.



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION V_{CC} = 1.8 V

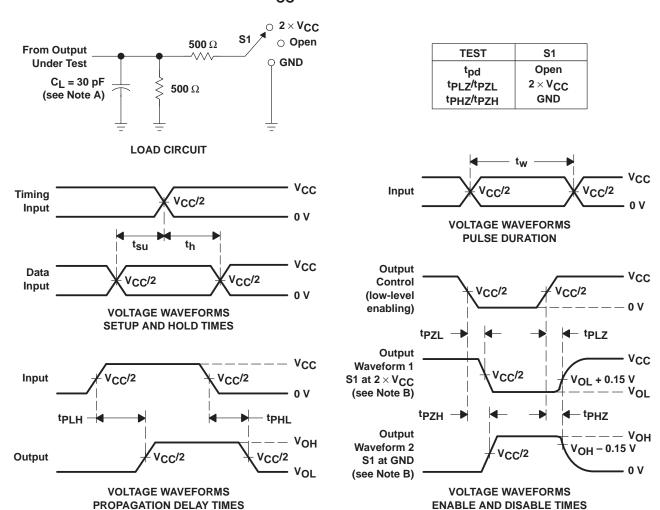


- NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
 - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
 - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_Q = 50 \Omega$, $t_f \leq$ 2 ns, $t_f \leq$ 2 ns.
 - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
 - E. tpLz and tpHz are the same as tdis.
 - F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.
 - G. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION V_{CC} = 2.5 V \pm 0.2 V



NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.

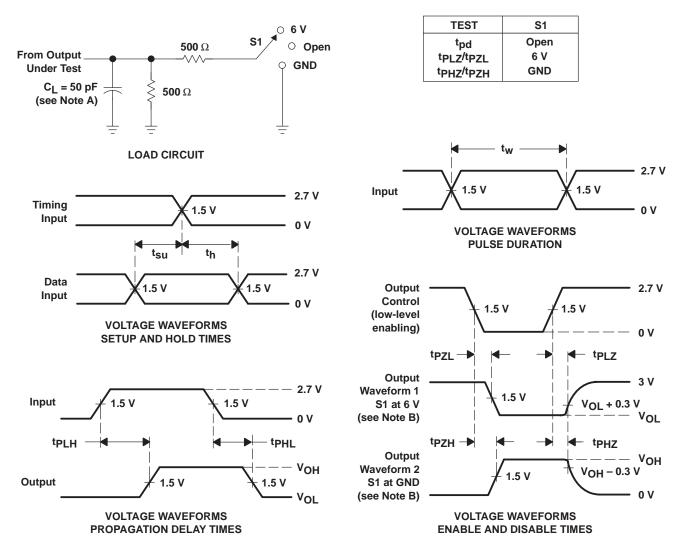
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω , $t_f \leq$ 2 ns. $t_f \leq$ 2 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- E. tpLz and tpHz are the same as tdis.
- F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.
- G. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$ AND 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V



- NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
 - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
 - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, $Z_Q = 50 \Omega$, $t_f \leq 2.5 \text{ ns.}$
 - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
 - E. tpLz and tpHz are the same as tdis.
 - F. t_{PZL} and t_{PZH} are the same as t_{en} .
 - G. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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