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MIC5202

Dual 100mA Low-Dropout Voltage Regulator

Preliminary Information

General Description

The MIC5202 is a family of dual linear voltage regulators with very low dropout voltage (typically 17mV at light loads and 210mV at 100mA), and very low ground current (1mA at 100mA output-each section), offering better than 1% initial accuracy with a logic compatible ON/OFF switching input. Designed especially for hand-held battery powered devices, the MIC5202 is switched by a CMOS or TTL compatible logic signal. This ENABLE control my be tied directly to VIN if unneeded. When disabled, power consumption drops nearly to zero. The ground current of the MIC5202 increases only slightly in dropout, further prolonging battery life. Key MIC5202 features include protection against reversed battery, current limiting, and over-temperature shutdown.

The MIC5202 is available in several fixed voltages. Other options are available; contact Micrel for details. WWW.DZSC.COM

Features

- High output voltage accuracy
- Variety of output voltages
- Guaranteed 100mA output
- Low quiescent current
- Low dropout voltage
- Extremely tight load and line regulation
- Very low temperature coefficient
- Current and thermal limiting
- Reverse-battery protection
- Zero OFF mode current
- Logic-controlled electronic shutdown
- Available in SO-8 package

Applications

- **Cellular** Telephones
- Laptop, Notebook, and Palmtop Computers
- **Battery Powered Equipment**
- PCMCIA V_{CC} and V_{PP} Regulation/Switching
- **Bar Code Scanners**
- SMPS Post-Regulator/ DC to DC Modules

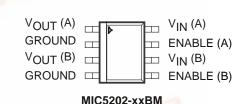
from separate supplies.

High Efficiency Linear Power Supplies

Ordering Information

Part Number	Volts	Accuracy	Temperature Range*	Package
MIC5202-3.0BM	3.0	1%	-40°C to +125°C	SO-8
MIC5202-3.3BM	3. <mark>3</mark>	1%	-40°C to +125°C	SO-8
MIC5202-4.8BM	4.85	1%	–40°C to +125°C	SO-8
MIC5202-5.0BM	5.0	1%	–40°C to +125°C	SO-8

Pin Configuration



Both GROUND pins must be tied to

the same potential. V_{IN} (A) and V_{IN} (B) may run

* Junction Temperature

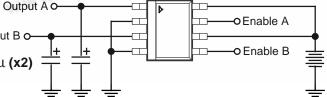
Other voltages are available; contact Micrel for details.

Typical Application



ENABLE pins may be tied directly to V_{IN}

MIC5202-3.3



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Electrical specifications do not apply when operating the device beyond its specified **Operating Ratings**.

Recommended Operating Conditions

Input Voltage 2.5V to 26V	/
Operating Junction Temperature Range40°C to +125°C	;
ENABLE Input Voltage 0V to V	J

Power Dissipation	Internally Limited
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 5 seconds)	260°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range	–40°C to +125°C
Input Supply Voltage	–20V to +60V
ENABLE Input Voltage	–20V to +60V
SO-8 θ _{JA}	See Note 1

Electrical Characteristics

Limits in standard typeface are for $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ and limits in **boldface** apply over the junction temperature range of -40°C to +125°C. Specifications are for each half of the (dual) MIC5202. Unless otherwise specified, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$, $I_L = 1mA$, $C_L = 10\mu$ F, and $V_{CONTROL} \ge 2.0V$.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Units
V _o	Output Voltage	Variation from specified V _{OUT} Accuracy	-1 -2		1 2	%
$\frac{\Delta V_{O}}{\Delta T}$	Output Voltage Temperature Coef.	(Note 2)		40	150	ppm/°C
$\frac{\Delta V_{O}}{V_{O}}$	Line Regulation	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1 V \text{ to } 26V$		0.004	0.10 0.40	%
$\frac{\Delta V_{O}}{V_{O}}$	Load Regulation	I _L = 0.1mA to 100mA (Note 3)		0.04	0.16 0.30	%
V _{IN} – V _O	Dropout Voltage (Note 4)	$I_{L} = 100\mu A$ $I_{L} = 20m A$ $I_{L} = 30m A$ $I_{L} = 50m A$ $I_{L} = 100m A$		17 130 150 180 225	350	mV
l _Q	Quiescent Current	$V_{CONTROL} \le 0.7V$ (Shutdown)		0.01		μΑ
I _{GND}	Ground Pin Current	$V_{CONTROL} \ge 2.0V, I_{L} = 100\mu A$ $I_{L} = 20m A$ $I_{L} = 30m A$ $I_{L} = 50m A$ $I_{L} = 100m A$		170 270 330 500 1200	1500	μΑ
PSRR	Ripple Rejection			75		dB
I _{GNDDO}	Ground Pin Current at Dropout	V_{IN} = 0.5V less specified $V_{\text{OUT}},~\text{I}_{\text{L}}$ = 100µA (Note 5)		270	330	μΑ
I _{LIMIT}	Current Limit	V _{OUT} = 0V		280		mA
$\frac{\Delta V_{O}}{\Delta P_{D}}$	Thermal Regulation	(Note 6)		0.05		%/W
e _n	Output Noise			100		μV

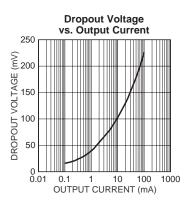
Control Input

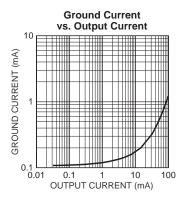
V _{IL}	Input Voltage Level Logic Low Logic High	OFF ON	2.0		0.7	V
I _{IL} IH	Control Input Current	$V_{IL} \le 0.7V$ $V_{IH} \ge 2.0V$		0.01 8	50	μA

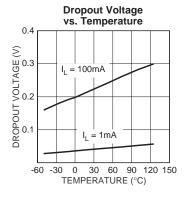
MIC5202

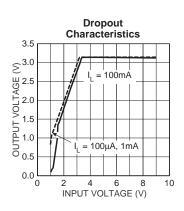
Note 1:	Absolute maximum ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the component may occur. Electrical specifications do not apply when operating the device outside of its rated operating conditions. The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature, $T_{J(MAX)}$ the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance, θ_{JA} , and the ambient temperature, T_A . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is calculated using: $P_{(MAX)} = (T_{J(MAX)} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$. Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will result in excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. The junction to ambient thermal resistance of the MIC5202BM is 160°C/W mounted on a PC board.
Note 2:	Output voltage temperature coefficient is defined as the worst case voltage change divided by the total temperature range.
Note 3:	Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Parts are tested for load regulation in the load range from 0.1mA to 100mA. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.
Note 4:	Dropout Voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at 1V differential.
Note 5:	Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current plus pass transistor base current. The total current drawn from the supply is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.
Note 6:	Thermal regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time t after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a 100mA load pulse at $V_{IN} = 26V$ for t = 10ms, and is measured separately for each section.

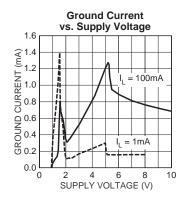
Typical Characteristics (Each Regulator—2 Regulators/Package)

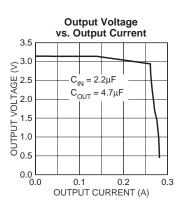


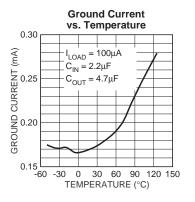


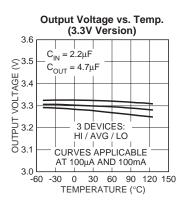


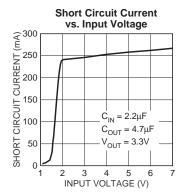


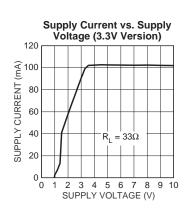


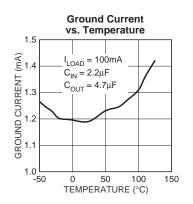


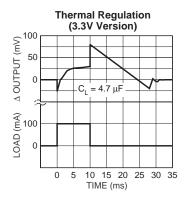












Output Current vs. Temperature 300 280 € 260 240 220 200 180 $V_{OUT} = 3.3V$ 0 180 160 140 120

V_{OUT} = 0V (SHORT CIRCUIT)

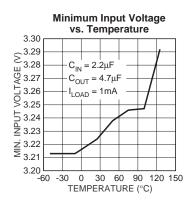
TEMPERATURE (°C)

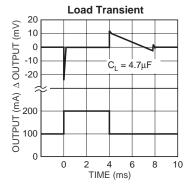
60 90 120 150

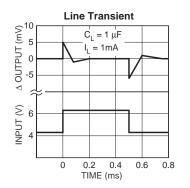
120

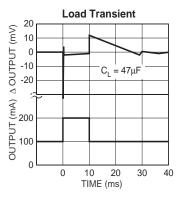
100

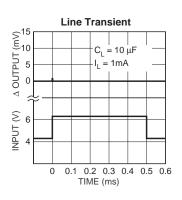
-60 -30 0 30

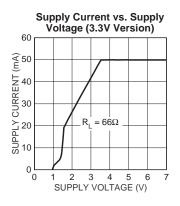












Output Impedance

= 1mA

1x10³ 10×10³

FREQUENCY (Hz)

= 100mA

100×10³ 1×10⁶

100µA

=

10×10⁰

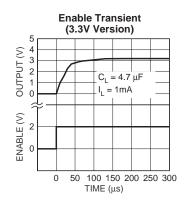
100×10⁰

1000

001TPUT IMPEDANCE (Ω) 10 0.01 0.01

0.001

1×10⁰



Enable Current Threshold

vs. Temperature

 $V_{EN} = 2V$

 $C_{IN} = 2.2 \mu F$

 $C_{OUT} = 4.7 \mu F$

30 60 90

TEMPERATURE (°C)

 $V_{EN} = 5V$

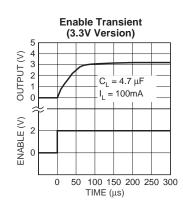
120 150

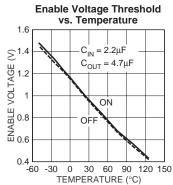
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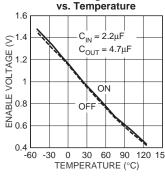
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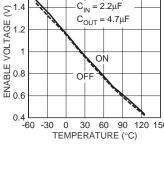
0

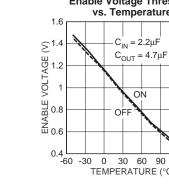
-5 L -60 -30 0

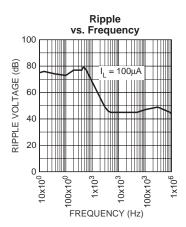


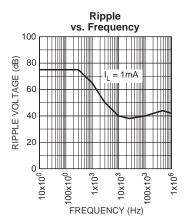


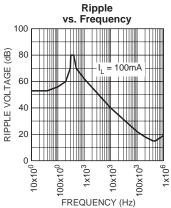












Applications Information

External Capacitors

A 1µF capacitor is recommended between the MIC5202 output and ground to prevent oscillations due to instability. Larger values serve to improve the regulator's transient response. Most types of tantalum or aluminum electrolytics will be adequate; film types will work, but are costly and therefore not recommended. Many aluminum electrolytics have electrolytes that freeze at about –30°C, so solid tantalums are recommended for operation below –25°C. The important parameters of the capacitor are an effective series resistance of about 5 Ω or less and a resonant frequency above 500kHz. The value of this capacitor may be increased without limit.

At lower values of output current, less output capacitance is required for output stability. The capacitor can be reduced to 0.47μ F for current below 10mA or 0.33μ F for currents below 1 mA. A 1 μ F capacitor should be placed from the MIC5202 input to ground if there is more than 10 inches of wire between the input and the AC filter capacitor or if a battery is used as the supply.

ENABLE Input

The MIC5202 features nearly zero OFF mode current. When the ENABLE input is held below 0.7V, all internal circuitry is powered off. Pulling this pin high (over 2.0V) re-enables the device and allows operation. The ENABLE pin requires a small amount of current, typically 15 μ A. While the logic threshold is TTL/CMOS compatible, ENABLE may be pulled as high as 30V, independent of the voltage on V_{IN}. The two portions of the MIC5202 may be enabled separately.

General Notes

The MIC5202 will remain stable and in regulation with no load in addition to the internal voltage divider, unlike many other voltage regulators. This is especially important in CMOS RAM keep-alive applications. Thermal shutdown is independant on both halfs of the dual MIC5202, however an over-temperature condition on one half might affect the other because of proximity. When used in dual supply systems where the regulator load is returned to a negative supply, the output voltage must be diode clamped to ground.

Both MIC5202 GROUND pins must be tied to the same ground potential. Isolation between the two halfs allows connecting the two V_{IN} pins to different supplies.

Thermal Considerations Part I. Layout

The MIC5202-xxBM (8-pin surface mount package) has the following thermal characteristics when mounted on a single layer copper-clad printed circuit board.

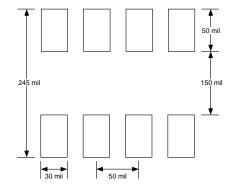
PC Board Dielectric	θ_{AA}	
FR4	160°C/W	
Ceramic	120°C/W	

Multi-layer boards having a ground plane, wide traces near the pads, and large supply bus lines provide better thermal conductivity.

The "worst case" value of 160°C/W assumes no ground plane, minimum trace widths, and a FR4 material board.

Part II. Nominal Power Dissipation and Die Temperature

The MIC5202-xxBM at a 25°C ambient temperature will operate reliably at up to 625mW power dissipation when mounted in the "worst case" manner described above. At an ambient temperature of 55°C, the device may safely dissipate 440mW. These power levels are equivalent to a die temperature of 125°C, the recommended maximum temperature for non-military grade silicon integrated circuits.



Minimum recommended board pad size, SO-8.