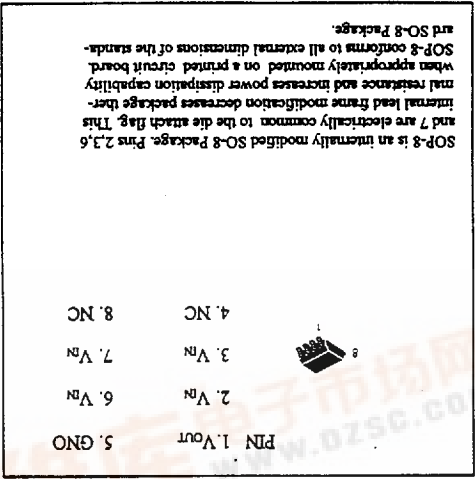
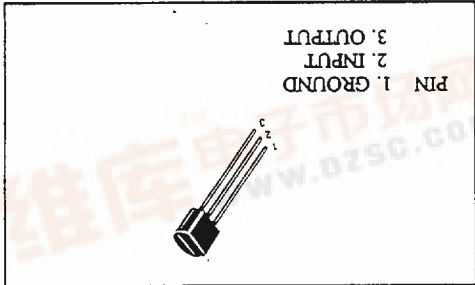




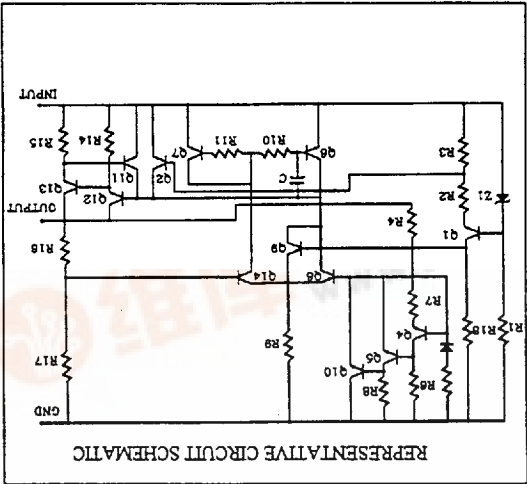
TYPICAL CONNECTING CIRCUIT



PIN ARRANGEMENT

most applications, no external components are required for operation.

The LM79L00 devices are useful for on-card regulation or any other application where a regulated negative voltage at a modest current level is needed. These regulators offer substantial advantages over the common resistor/zenor diode approach.



CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC

- Available in $\pm 2\%$ Voltage Tolerance (LM78L00 Series)
- Complementary Positive Regulators Offered
- Low Cost
- Internal Thermal Overload Protection
- Internal Short-Circuit Current Limiting
- No External Components Required

FEATURES

The LM79L00 Series negative voltage regulators are inexpensive, easy-to-use devices suitable for numerous applications requiring up to 100 mA. Like the higher powered LM7900 Series negative regulators, this series features thermal shutdown and current limiting, making them remarkably rugged. In

THREE-TERMINAL NEGATIVE VOLTAGE REGULATORS



LM79L00 Series 3-Terminal Negative Output Voltage Regulators

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T_a = +25°C)

Rating		Symbol	LM79L00 Series	Unit
Input Voltage		V _{in} *1	-30	V
Input Voltage		V _{in} *2	-35	V
Input Voltage		V _{in} *3	-40	V
Storage Temperature		T _{stg}	-65 to 150	°C
Junction Temperature Range		T _j	0 to 150	°C

Note: *1. LM79L05
*2. LM79L12, LM79L15, LM79L18
*3. LM79L24

LM79L05 Series ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_i = -10V, I_o = 40 mA, C_i = 0.33 µF, C_o = 0.1 µF, 0°C < T_j < 125°C unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic		Symbol	LM79L05		Unit
			Min	Typ	
Output Voltage (T _j = +25°C)		V _o	-4.9	-5.0	Vdc
Line Regulation (T _j = +25°C)		REG _{line}	-	-	mV
			-	-	150
			-	-	100
Load Regulation		REG _{load}	-	-	mV
			-	-	60
			-	-	30
Output Voltage			-7.0 Vdc ≤ V _i ≤ -20 Vdc		
			-8.0 Vdc ≤ V _i ≤ -20 Vdc		
			1.0 mA ≤ I _o ≤ 40 mA		
Input Bias Current		I _{ib}	-	-	mA
			-	-	6.0
			-	-	5.5
Input Bias Current Change		ΔI _{ib}	-	-	mA
			-	-	1.5
			-	-	0.1
Output Noise Voltage		V _n	-	40	µV
			(T _a = +25°C, 10 Hz ≤ f ≤ 100 kHz)		
Ripple Rejection		RR	41	49	dB
			(-8.0 ≥ V _i ≥ 18 Vdc, f = 120 Hz, T _j = 25°C)		
Dropout Voltage		V _i - V _o	-	1.7	Vdc
			I _o = 40 mA, T _j = +25°C		

LM79L12 Series ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($V_I = -19\text{ V}$, $I_O = 40\text{ mA}$, $C_I = 0.33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $C_O = 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $0^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	LM79L12			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Output Voltage ($T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$)	V_O	-11.76	-12	-12.24	Vdc
Line Regulation ($T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$)		--	--	250	mV
Load Regulation	REGload	--	--	100	mV
Output Voltage	V_O	-11.66	--	-12.34	Vdc
Input Bias Current	I_B	--	--	6.5	mA
Input Bias Current Change ($T_J = +125^\circ\text{C}$)		--	--	6.0	mA
Input Bias Current Change	ΔI_B	--	--	1.5	mA
Output Noise Voltage	V_n	--	80	--	μV
Ripple Rejection	RR	37	42	--	dB
Dropout Voltage	$ V - V_O $	--	1.7	--	Vdc

LM79L15 Series ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($V_I = -23\text{ V}$, $I_O = 40\text{ mA}$, $C_I = 0.33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $C_O = 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $0^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	LM79L15			Unit
		Min	Typ	Max	
Output Voltage ($T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$)	V_O	-14.7	-15	-15.3	Vdc
Line Regulation ($T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$)		--	--	300	mV
Load Regulation	REGload	--	--	250	mV
Output Voltage	V_O	-14.25	--	-15.75	Vdc
Input Bias Current	I_B	--	--	6.5	mA
Input Bias Current Change ($T_J = +125^\circ\text{C}$)		--	--	6.0	mA
Input Bias Current Change	ΔI_B	--	--	1.5	mA
Output Noise Voltage	V_n	--	90	--	μV
Ripple Rejection	RR	34	39	--	dB
Dropout Voltage	$ V - V_O $	--	1.7	--	Vdc

LM79L18 Series ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_i = -27V, I_o = 40 mA, C_i = 0.33 μ F, C_o = 0.1 μ F, 0 $^{\circ}$ C < T_j < 125 $^{\circ}$ C unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic					Unit
Symbol	Min	Typ	Max		
Output Voltage ($T_j = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$)	V_o	-17.64	-18	-18.36	Vdc
Line Regulation ($T_j = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$)	REGline	--	--	325	mV
-20.7 Vdc $\geq V_i \geq$ -33 Vdc		--	--	--	
-21.4 Vdc $\geq V_i \geq$ -33 Vdc		--	--	--	
-22 Vdc $\geq V_i \geq$ -33 Vdc		--	--	275	
-21 Vdc $\geq V_i \geq$ -33 Vdc		--	--	170	
1.0 mA $\leq I_o \leq$ 40 mA		--	--	85	
Load Regulation $T_j = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$, 1.0 mA $\leq I_o \leq$ 100 mA	REGload	--	--	--	mV
Output Voltage	V_o	-17.44	--	-18.56	Vdc
-20.7 Vdc $\geq V_i \geq$ -33 Vdc, 1.0mA $\leq I_o \leq$ 40 mA					
-21.4 Vdc $\geq V_i \geq$ -33 Vdc, 1.0mA $\leq I_o \leq$ 40 mA					
$V_i = -27$ Vdc, 1.0mA $\leq I_o \leq$ 70 mA					
Input Bias Current ($T_j = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$)	I_b	--	--	6.5	mA
($T_j = +125^{\circ}\text{C}$)		--	--	6.0	
Input Bias Current Change	ΔI_b	--	--	1.5	mA
-21 Vdc $\geq V_i \geq$ -33 Vdc		--	--	--	
-27 Vdc $\geq V_i \geq$ -33 Vdc		--	--	--	
1.0 mA $\leq I_o \leq$ 40 mA		--	--	0.1	
Output Noise Voltage ($T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$, 10 Hz $\leq f \leq$ 100 kHz)	V_n	--	150	--	μV
Ripple Rejection (-23 $\geq V_i \geq$ -33 Vdc, $f = 120$ Hz, $T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$)	RR	33	48	--	dB
Dropout Voltage $I_o = 40$ mA, $T_j = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$ V_i - V_o $	--	1.7	--	Vdc

LM79L24 Series ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

($V_I = -33V$, $I_O = 40\text{ mA}$, $C_I = 0.33\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $C_O = 0.1\text{ }\mu\text{F}$, $0^\circ\text{C} < T_J < 125^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Voltage ($T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$)	V_O	-23.52	-24	-24.48	Vdc
Line Regulation ($T_J = +25^\circ\text{C}$)		--	--	350	mV
	REGline	--	--	--	
		--	--	300	mV
Load Regulation		--	--	200	mV
	REGload	--	--	100	mV
Output Voltage	V_O	-23.32	--	-24.68	Vdc
		-23.32	--	-24.68	
Input Bias Current	I_{IB}	--	--	6.5	mA
		--	--	6.0	
Input Bias Current Change	ΔI_{IB}	--	--	1.5	mA
		--	--	0.1	
Output Noise Voltage	V_n	--	200	--	μV
		--	--	--	
Ripple Rejection	RR	31	47	--	dB
		--	--	--	
Dropout Voltage	$ V_I - V_O $	--	1.7	--	Vdc

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Design Considerations

The LM79L00 Series of fixed voltage regulators are designed with Thermal Overload Protection that shuts down the circuit when subjected to an excessive power overload condition. Internal Short-Circuit Protection that limits the maximum current the circuit will pass.

In many low current applications, compensation capacitors are not required. However, it is recommended that the regulator input be bypassed with a capacitor if the regulator is connected to the power supply filter with long

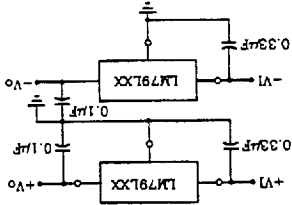


FIGURE 1 - POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE REGULATOR

A common ground is required between the input and the output voltage. The input voltage must remain typically 2.0 V above the output voltage even during the low point on the input ripple voltage.

* C_I is required if regulator is located an appreciable distance from power supply filter.

** C_O improves stability and transient response.

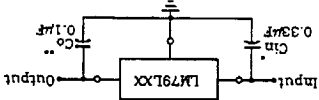


FIGURE 2-STANDARD APPLICATION

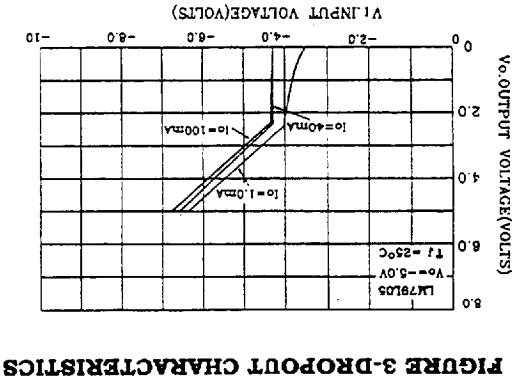


FIGURE 3-DROPOUT CHARACTERISTICS

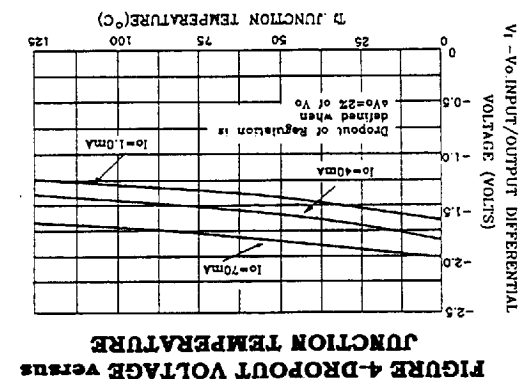


FIGURE 4-DROPOUT VOLTAGE versus JUNCTION TEMPERATURE

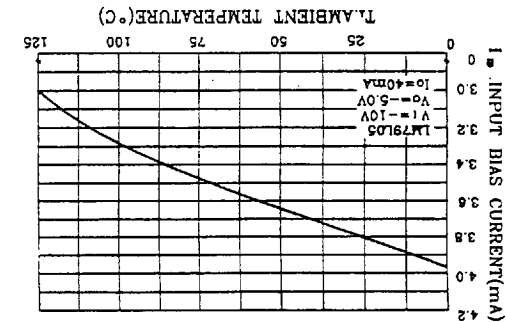


FIGURE 5-INPUT BIAS CURRENT versus AMBIENT TEMPERATURE

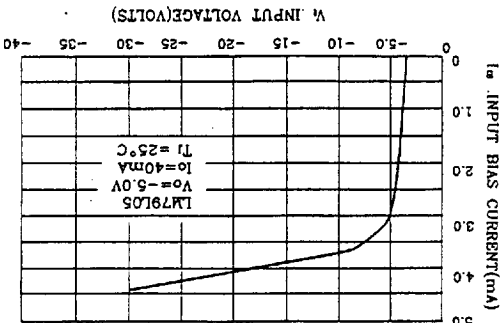


FIGURE 6-INPUT BIAS CURRENT versus INPUT VOLTAGE

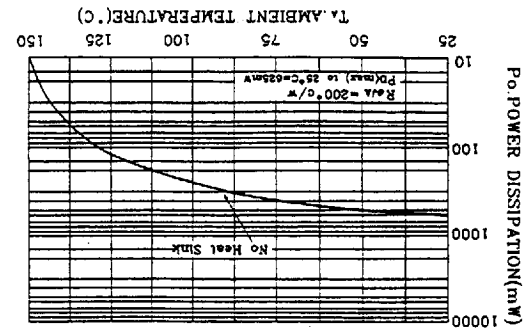


FIGURE 7-MAXIMUM AVERAGE POWER DISSIPATION versus AMBIENT TEMPERATURE -TO-92 Type Package