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UM91255/256

10 Memory Tone/Pulse Dialer



### **Features**

- The ten 18-digit repertory memory and 24-digit redialing memory can be used in either tone or pulse mode
- Low-voltage CMOS process for direct operation from telephone line
- Independent inputs for selection of pulse dialing rate; interdigit pause (10PPS/617.9ms or 20PPS/463.4ms) and make/break ratio (331/3/662/3 or 40 - 60).
- Can be attached to inexpensive XY matrix keyboard
- Uses inexpensive TV crystal (3,58 MHz)

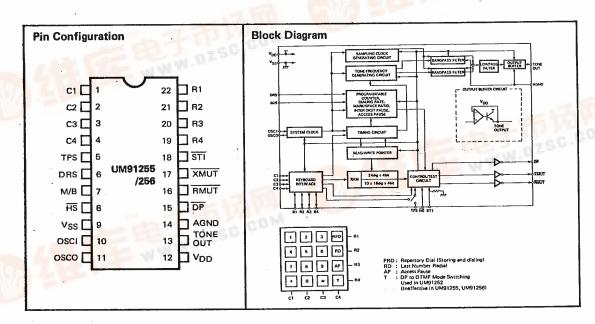
- Transmute and Receivemuter on chip
- The repertory memory can be stored in ON-Hook status (UM91256) or OFF-Hook status (UM91255)
- A built-in SCF-type BPF makes tone signal with low THD (typically 2.5% at 5V) without the use of external filters
- PABX auto-pause for 3.97 sec, can also be canceled during sending

## **General Description**

The UM91255/256 series is a CMOS LSI which provides a memory for telephone numbers, and makes Tone/pulse dialing possible on one chip.

The LSI contains Band Pass Filters (BPF) and switched capacitor filter (SCF) technology, so that the tone output has less distortion than the D/A conversion system used in a conventional tone dialer.

The UM91255/256 series can be used in lines connected to general mechanical-type rotary dial telephones. In such applications it first produces a dialing pulse train to call up a remote computer, then selects the DTMF mode and sends data, such as product codes, and DTMF signals. This LSI can be used effectively for general telephones or automatic order receiving and issuing systems.



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### Absolute Maximum Ratings\*

Power supply voltage ( $V_{SS} - V_{DD}$ ) . . . . -7.5V to 0.3V Input voltage ( $V_{I}$ ) . . . . .  $V_{SS}$  -0.3V to  $V_{DD}$  +0.3V Output voltage ( $V_{O}$ ) . . . . .  $V_{SS}$  -0.3V to  $V_{DD}$  +0.3V Operating temperature (Topr) . . . . . . . -20°C to 70°C Storage temperature (Tstg) . . . . . . . . -65°C to 150°C Soldering temperature and time 

### \*Comments

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specificationis not implied.

### **D.C.** Characteristics

 ${Ta = -20 \text{ to } 70^{\circ}C}$ 

	1 1		·					
Item	Symbol	. Con	ditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Operating Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	DP mode		-6,0		-1.5	V	
Sporating voltage	▼DD	DTMF mode		-6.0		-2.5	<u>*</u>	
Data Retention Voltage	V <sub>DDR</sub>	HS = V <sub>DD</sub>		-6.0	1	-1.0	٧	
		V <sub>SS</sub> = -5.0V,	Key input stand- by status	_	_	800	<b>μ</b> Α .	
Average Operating Current	IDDA	HŠ = V <sub>SS</sub> DP, TONE, RMUT,	DP mode and dial pulse output		_	1.0	mA	
•		XMUT are not loaded	DTMF mode and DTMF signal output		_	8,0	mA	
Data Retention Current	I <sub>DDR</sub>	$V_{SS} = -1.0V$ , $\overline{HS} = V_{DD}$ , $\overline{STI} = V_{SS}$ , $TPS = DRS = M/S = V_{DD}$ or $V_{SS}$		_	· <u>-</u>	0.75	μΑ	
Input Voltage High	V <sup>€</sup> H	TPS, DRS, M/S, HS, STÎ		V <sub>SS</sub> + 0.4	-	V <sub>DD</sub>	>	
Input Voltage Low	V <sub>IL</sub>	TPS, DRS, M/S, HS, STI		V <sub>SS</sub>	_	V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4	٧	
Input Voltage High (1)	11111	TPS, DRS, M/S, <del>HS</del> , V <sub>SS</sub> = -5.0V, V <sub>IH1</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub>		-	_	0.1	μΑ	
Input Voltage High (2)	I <sub>IH2</sub>	STI, V <sub>SS</sub> = -5.0	V, V <sub>IH2</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub>		-	300	μΑ	
Input Current Low	I <sub>IL1</sub>	TPS, DRS, M/S, $\overline{HS}$ , $\overline{STI}$ = -5.0V, V <sub>IL1</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub>		_	_	0,1	μΑ	
Input Current Low	I <sub>IL2</sub>	COL1 - COL4, ROW1 - ROW4, V <sub>SS</sub> = -5.0V, V <sub>IL2</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub>		10	23	. 50	μΑ	
High Level Output Current (Source)	Гонт	DP, XMUT, RMUT V <sub>SS</sub> = -5.0V, V <sub>OL1</sub> = -1.0V		4.0		_	mA	
Low Level Output Current (Sink)	I <sub>OL2</sub>	DP, XMUT, RMUT V <sub>SS</sub> = -5.0V, V <sub>OH1</sub> = -4.5V		4.0	- –	_	· mA	

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## **AC Characteristics**

 $(Ta = 25^{\circ}C Fosc = 3.579545MHz)$ 

Item	Symbol	Conditions		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Key input ON effective	t <sub>ON1</sub> *1	normal dialing	No showering	15.45	-	_	
period	t <sub>ON2</sub> *2	DTMF mode normal dialing	No chattering	77.24		_	ms
Key inpút OFF effective period	off,	No chattering		1.72	_	-	ms
Pulse width of allowable noise at input terminal	t <sub>N</sub>			-	<del>,</del>	14.37	ms
Oscillator start-up time	tos	V <sub>SS</sub> = -5.0V C	< 100Ω	-	_	5.0	ms
	t <sub>KJ1</sub>	DP mode norma	l dialing	30.25	30.90	31.97	
Key judgement time	t <sub>KJ2</sub>	DTMF mode normal dialing		17.37	18.02	19.10	ms
-	t <sub>KJ3</sub>	DP/DTMF mode auto dialing *3		19.95	20.60	21.67	
Dog was the c	·t <sub>MP1</sub>	DTMF mode normal dialing			9.01	_	ms
Pre-mute time	t <sub>MP2</sub>	DTMF mode auto dialing		_	9.87	_	,,,,,
Maradalandara	t <sub>MD1</sub>	- DP and DTMF mode auto dialing DTMF mode normal dialing		_	9.87	-	ms
Mute delay time	t <sub>MD2</sub>			9,22	9.33	9.44	1115
Distance and flamests and	_	M/S = V <sub>DD</sub>	M/S = V <sub>DD</sub>		40/60	-	
Dial pulse mark/break ratio	_	M/S = V <sub>SS</sub>			33,3/66.6	_	] -
Dial auto sets	-	DRS = V <sub>DD</sub>		_	19.42	-	nna
Dial pulse rate		DRS = V <sub>SS</sub>		_	9.71	<del>-</del>	pps
		DB made	Dial rate = 19.42 PPS	. –	463.4		_
Inter-digit pause	t <sub>1DP1</sub>	DP mode	Dial rate = 9.71 PPS		617.9	-	ms
	t <sub>1DP2</sub>	DTMF mode auto dialing		-	61,36		
DTMF make time	<sup>t</sup> TM	DTMF mode auto dialing		_	93.12		ms
Auto access pause	t <sub>AP</sub>			_	3.965	_	s

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## A.C. Characteristics (Continued)

Item	Symbol	Cond	litions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Oscillator frequency	fosc	: '		-	3,579545	· <u> </u>	MHz
Oscillator frequency/ voltage variance	Δf/f	V <sub>SS</sub> = -1.5 to -6	V <sub>SS</sub> = -1.5 to -6.0V		-	30	ppm/v
-		COL		-	-10	-	
Tone output voltage (single tone)	V <sub>TONE</sub>	ROW	V <sub>SS</sub> = -5.0V Bipolar transistor load = 120 ohms	-	11		dBm
COL-ROW tone output voltage ratio *4	d <sub>BCR</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> = -3.0 to -6	3.0V .		-	2	dB
Tone distortion	% <sub>DIS</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub> = -5.0V		-	_	5.0	%
	f <sub>R1</sub>	ROW1		-	699.13	1	
	f <sub>R2</sub>	ROW2		_	766.17	_	
	f <sub>R3</sub>	ROW3		_	847.43	-	
Tone output frequency	f <sub>R4</sub>	ROW4		_	947.97	_	Hz
	f <sub>C1</sub>	COL1		_	1215.88	_	-
	f <sub>C2</sub>	COL2		-	1331.68	_	
	f <sub>C3</sub>	COL3		_	1471.85	_	
Minimum assured key detection time	t <sub>MOP</sub>	t <sub>ON1</sub> < t <sub>MOP</sub> key to be free of chattering		42.91	44.63	46.35	ms
Oscillator stop time	t <sub>OD</sub>	t <sub>ON1</sub> > t <sub>MOP</sub> and t <sub>DT</sub> to be free of chattering		1.28	_	3.01	ms
Memory address specifica- tion time	t <sub>DT</sub>	t <sub>ON1</sub> < t <sub>DT</sub> key to be free of chattering		#5 3.433xn + 18.88	_	3.44xn + 20.60	ms
Noise judgement time	t <sub>NJ</sub>	$t_N < t_{NJ}$			3,433	_	ms

# Notes:

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\*1 Key input On effective time

When writing data to the repertory memory while in ON-Hook status (UM91256), it is necessary to add the oscillator starting time to the effective time

 $t_{ON3} = t_{ON1} + t_{OS}$  (no key chattering) Key input ON effective time (DTMF mode normal dialing)

This is the key read time + mute time + engineering reference signal sending time of 50 ms.

- \*3 Auto dialing
  - Indicates redialing and repertory dialing.
- \*4 COL-ROW tone output voltage ratio The output gain of COL is higher than that of ROW.
- \*5 Indicates the number of digits of the telephone number to be stored in the repertory memory.

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# Pin Description

# Key Board (R1, R2, R3, R4, C1, C2, C3, C4)

These input can be attached to an XY matrix or 2 of 8 keyboard. C1 ~ C4 are set to High and R1 ~ R4 are set to low at OFF-Hook, enabling the key-input to operate. Scanning signals will be produced to R1 ~ R4 and C1 ~ C4 when a key is pressed. For the UM91255, there is no need to accept key inputs in the ON-Hook status. Each COL and ROW is made identical in order to prevent current flowing when a key is held down. The UM91256 is designed for ON-Hook storing repertory memory. Each COL and ROW has the same state in OH-Hook and OFF-Hook Status enabling the ON-Hook storing to operate.

\* and # keys are invalid in DP mode

### Tone Pulse Selection (TPS)

DTMF/DP mode select input for UM91255, 91256, DP mode correspond VSS. level, DTMF mode correspond  $V_{
m DD}$ ,  $oxed{ extstyle exts$ 

### **Dialing Rate Selection (DRS)**

The pulse dialing rate can be selected via this input.

DRS Input	Dialing Rate	Inter Digit Pause
V <sub>DD</sub>	19.42 pps	463.4 ms
V <sub>SS</sub>	9.71 pps	617.9 ms

## Make/Break Ratio (M/B)

The pulse make/break ratio can be selected via this input.

M/B Input	Make/Break Ratio		
V <sub>DD</sub>	40/60 (2/3)		
V <sub>SS</sub>	33.3/66.6 (1/2)		

### Oscillator (OSCI, OSCO)

These Pins are connected across the terminals of a 3.58 MHz crystal oscillator which is used for the reference signal generator. Oscillator starts running during OFF-Hook status.

# Power Supply ( $V_{DD}$ , $V_{SS}$ )

These pins are the power supply input. This device is designed to operate on 2.0 to 5.5V.

### Hook Switch (HS)

This input is provided to detect the ON/OFF Status of the hook switch. On hook Corresponded to VDD Condition. Off hook corresponds to  $\ensuremath{V_{SS}}$  condition.

### Analoge Ground (AGND)

This output is the grounding point of switching capacitor filter (SCF) section by connecting a capacitor (Typ: 0.1  $\mu$ F) to this point, which stabilizes the level.

### **DTMF Signal Output (Tone Output)**

This output is an emitter-follower structure, DTMF signal is generated when a keypress is detected in DTMF mode. Tone out is off state in DP mode. Tone Duration/inter tone pause is-93.12ms/61.36ms. (in redialing or repertory dialling)

# Dialing Pulse Output (DP)

This output is an inverterstructure. The output level is  $V_{SS}$  during ON-Hook or break period,  $V_{DD}$  during OFF-Hook or make period.

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## Receiver Mute Output (RMUT)

This output is valid in the DP mode. In the DTMF mode, muting is not applicable. The level of this pin is:

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Mode		ON-Hook	OFF-Hook	Dialing
	DTMF	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>
	Pulse	V <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>SS</sub>

<sup>\*</sup> Inverter output structure.

### Transmitter Mute Output (TMUT)

This output provides mute signal for the transmitter, which is usable in both the DP mode and DTMF mode, during dialing in DP and DTMF mode  $\rightarrow$  V<sub>SS</sub> level and during OFF-Hook: V<sub>DD</sub> level.

### Single Tone Inhibit (STI)

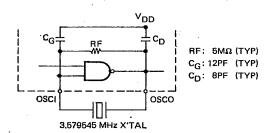
This input consists of a pull down resistor (Typical:  $50k\Omega$ ) which inhibits the single tone operation when this pin is floating or common to the  $V_{SS}$  level. The single tone generating mode is selected by applying the  $V_{DD}$  level which makes single tone generation possible. To generate a single Column tone. Press two or three keys in the column simultaneously.

To generate a single Row tone: Press two or three keys in the Correspond Row simultaneously.

If this chip is in the single tone mode. Redialing and DP are invalid providing no operation.

### **Function Description**

### System Clock



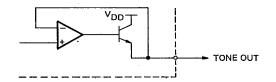
As figure shown above, these pins are simply connecting a 3.579545MHz crystal oscillator which form a refer-

ence signal generators circuit with UM91255. There is no need to accept key-in during ON-Hook status when the Oscillator is OFF.

With UM91256, it is necessary to accept key-in while in ON-HOOK status, so the oscillator circuit will operate when the key is pressed.

### **Tone Signal Output**

The DTMF Signal is produced from the tone frequency generator circuit and is passed through the S.C.F. type band pass filter. The output buffer is an NPN transistor-emitter-follower.



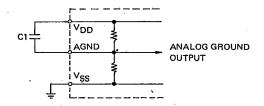
The idle status in the case of the NPN is ON and the level rises to the bias point ( $\cong$ ½  $V_{DD}$ ). The DTMF signal is generated on the bias point. During redialing or repertory dialing, the make period and inter-tone pause are fixed, 93.12ms/61.36ms.

### Redialing Inhibit

This LSI has three redialing inhibit functions, as follows:

- (a) More than 24-digit during normal dialing.
- (b) If the DTMF/DP mode are switched during normal dialing, subsequent dialing is continued.
- (c) First key-in was from the AP key.

### **Generation of Operation Bias for Analog Circuit**



To increase the stability and noise immunity of the internal analog circuit, connecting a capacitor is necessary. The resistance-woltage divider, together with the NPN transistor output section, reduce power consumption.

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### **Key Operation**

### **Normal Dialing**

Normal dialing can be performed in either the DP mode or the DTMF mode. In the case of UM91255, 91256, mode is detected and fixed by pin TPS.

Example: OFF-HOOK D<sub>1</sub> ..... D<sub>N</sub> ( \* , # keys are disabled in DP mode)

### Redialing

Redialing is performed by pressing the RD key in the OFF-Hook mode to repeat up to 24-digit. AP key is considered one digit.

When 0 to 9 keys and AP key are pressed for normal dialing, redialing can be done in either the DP or DTMF mode. But there are some difference as shown in the following examples:

< Example > DP mode normal dialing

1 2 3 \* 4 # 5 DTMF mode redialing = "1", "2", "3", "4", "5"

< Example > DTMF mode Normal dialing

1 2 3 \* 4 # 5 DP mode redialing = "1", "2", "3"

The key operation is: OFF-Hook RD

### Repertory Dialing

OFF-Hook RPD LOC (LOC = 0, ..., 9). Repertory memory has 18-digit data storing capacity. AP key is treated as one digit.

In case of UM91256. (ON-Hook stored version) ON-Hook RPD D<sub>1</sub> .... DN RPD LOC

(D = 0, ..., 9, \*, #, AP, LOC = 0, ..., 9).

In case of UM91255 (OFF-Hook stored version).

OFF-Hook AP RPD D<sub>1</sub> ... D<sub>N</sub> RPD LOC1 (first storage operation)

.... DM RPD LOC2

(Second storage operation).

### Tone/Pulse Mixed Dialing

Repertory Memory Storage

There are three kinds of dialing sequence.

- 1. Normal Dialing (Symbolize ND ).
- Redialing (RD).
- Repertory dialing ( RPD LOC ).

These can be combined in as many types as possible except for "Normal dialing + redialing" which is not possible. Some examples of mixed dialing are shown below.

Normal dialing + repertory dialing

OFF-Hook ND T/P RPD LOC ( T/P means mode switching, it can be accomplished via T key or TPS Pin).

Redialing + repertory dialing

OFF-Hook RD T/P RPD LOC

Repertory dialing + normal dialing

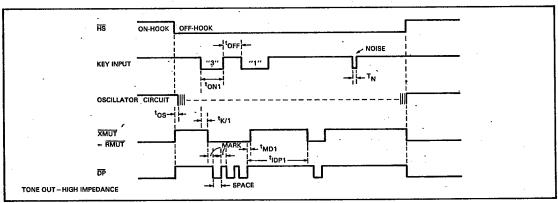
OFF-Hook RPD LOC T/P ND

Repertory dialing + Repertory dialing

OFF-Hook RPD LOCI T/P RPD LOC2

### **Timing Diagram**

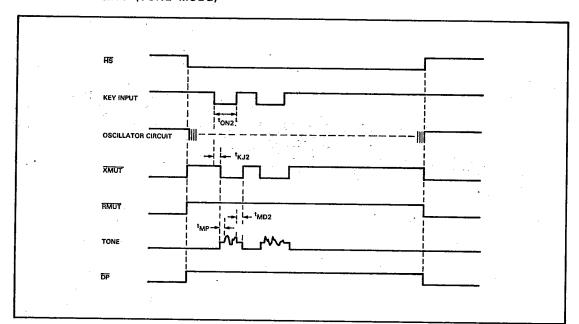
# NORMAL DIALING (DP MODE)



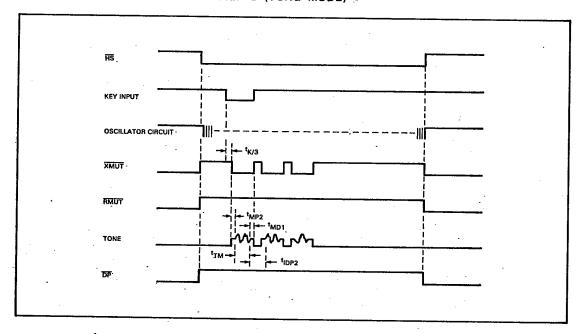
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NORMAL DIALING (TONE MODE)



REDIALING AND REPERTORY DIALING (TONE MODE)



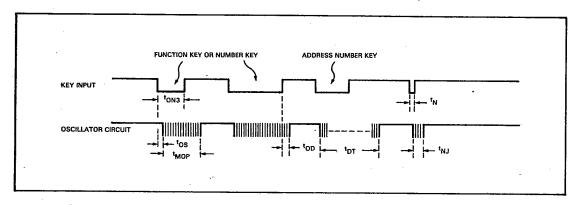
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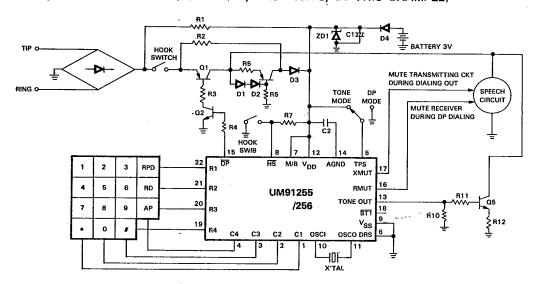


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# STORAGE IN REPERTORY MEMORY IN ON-HOOK MODE (UM91256)



# UM91255, UM91256 VERSION (M/B = 40/60, DRS = 10PPS, IN THIS EXAMPLE)



### **Order Information**

Туре	Repertory Storage	Tone/Pulse Mode Section
UM91255	OFF-Hook Store	Via Tone/Pulse Selection Pin
UM91256	ON-Hook Store	Via Tone/Pulse Selection Pin