

**SOLOMON SYSTECH  
SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA**

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**SSD1783**

***Advance Information***

**132 RGB x 160 CSTN  
LCD Segment / Common COLOR Driver with Controller**

This document contains information on a new product. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.

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## 1 General Description

SSD1783 is a single-chip CMOS color STN LCD driver with controller for dot-matrix graphic liquid crystal display system. SSD1783 consists of 556 high voltage driving output pins for driving maximum 132 RGB Segments, 160 Commons CSTN panel.

SSD1783 consists of 132 RGB x 168 x 18 bits Graphic Display Data RAM (GDDRAM). Data/Commands are sent from common MCU through 16-bit/8-bit 6800-series / 8080-series compatible Parallel Interface or 3-wires / 4-wires Serial Peripheral Interface by pins selection.

SSD1783 embeds On-Chip Oscillator, DC-DC Converter, bias divider so as to reduce the number of external component. With the advanced design, low power consumption, stable LCD operating voltage and flexible die package layout, SSD1783 is suitable for any portable battery-driven applications requiring long operation period with compact size.

## 2 FEATURES

- Power Supply:  $V_{DDIO} = 1.2V - V_{DD}$   
 $V_{DD} = 2.4V - 3.6V$   
 $V_{CI} = V_{DD} - 3.6V$
- LCD Driving Output Voltage: 18V max
- Low Current Sleep Mode
- Maximum display size: 132 RGB columns by 160 rows.
- Display color support: 262K/65K/4K/256 color selectable, with preset/programmable color look up table (CLUT)
- 16-bit/8-bit 6800-series Parallel Interface, 16-bit/8-bit 8080-series Parallel Interface, 3-wires Serial Peripheral Interface and 4-wires Serial Peripheral Interface
- On-Chip (132 RGB) X (168) x 18 = 399168 bits Graphic Display Data RAM
- Column Re-mapping and RAM Page scan direction control
- Center Screen Scrolling, Top Screen Scrolling, Bottom Screen Scrolling and Whole Screen Scrolling
- 4X / 5X / 6X / 7X On-Chip DC-DC Converter
- 64 Levels Internal Contrast Control
- Programmable LCD Driving Voltage Temperature Compensation Coefficients
- Programmable drive duty ratio: 1/32 to 1 /160
- Non-Volatile Memory (OTP) for calibration
- On-Chip 2-D Graphic Acceleration Engine featuring Line/Rectangle/Circle Drawing, Dim/Clear/Copy operation in Window mode.
- FRC or PWM Driving Scheme
- Interlace/progressive LCD common pins sequence selectable

## 3 ORDERING INFORMATION

Ordering Part Number	SEG	COM	Package Form	Reference	Remark
SSD1783Z	132x3 (396)	160	Gold Bump Die	Figure 2 on page 7	
SSD1783U	132x3 (396)	160	COF with SMD	Section 15.1	
SSD1783U2R1	128x3 (384)	160	COF	Section 15.2	

Table 1 - Ordering Information

#### 4 BLOCK DIAGRAM

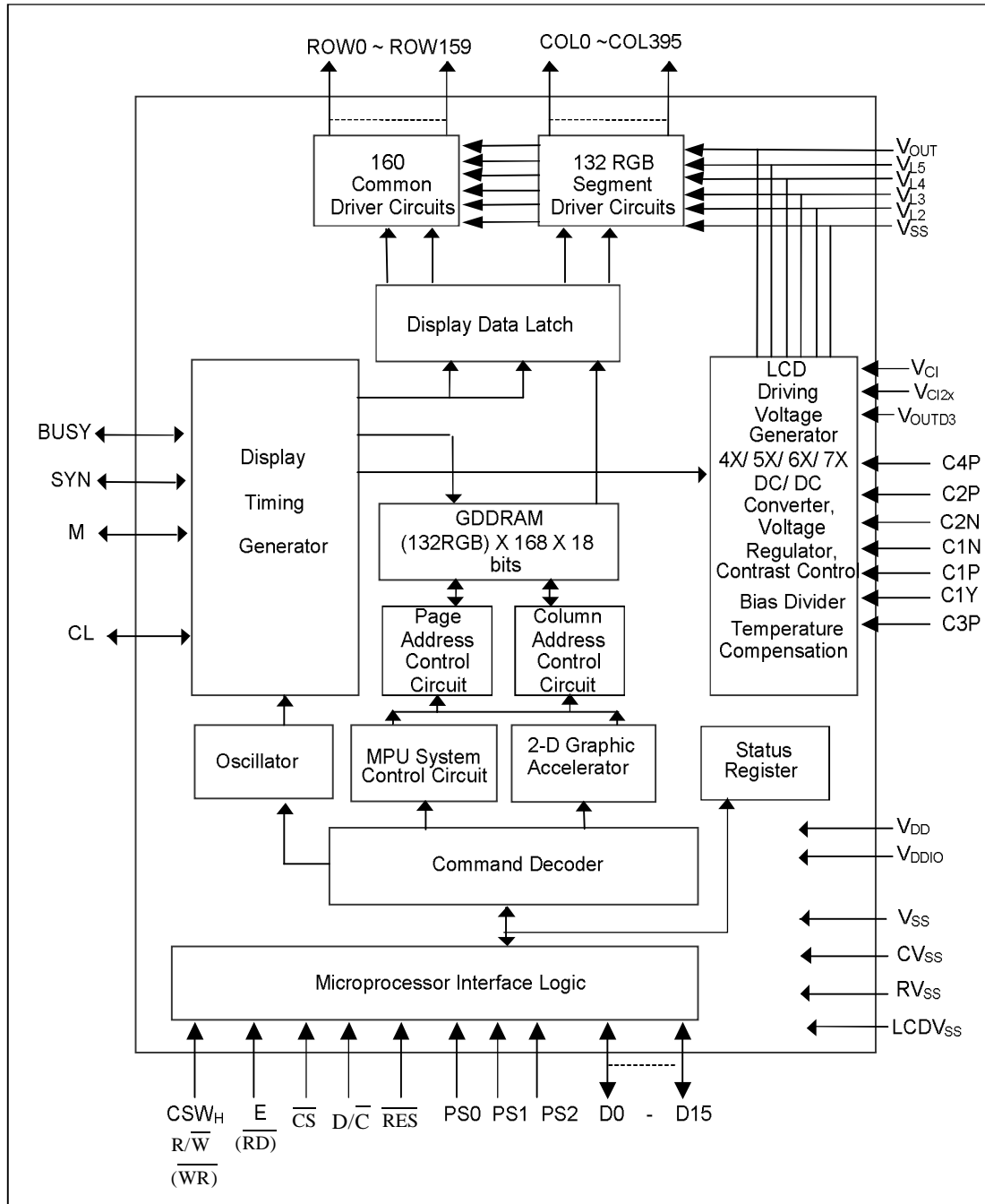
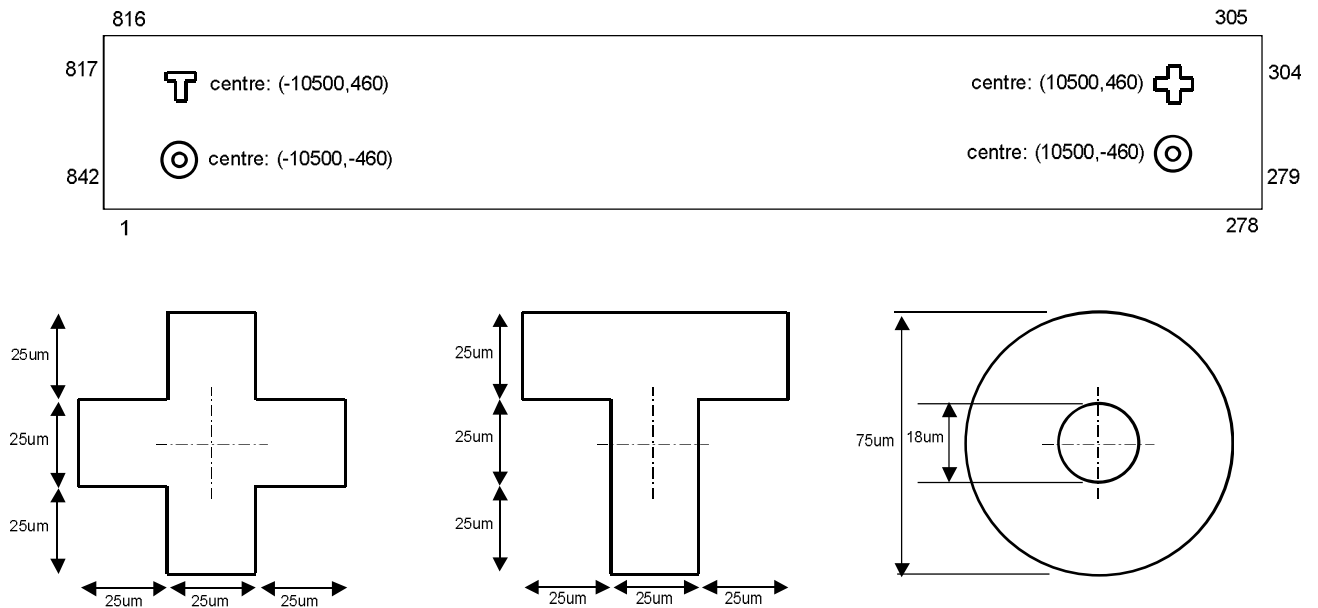


Figure 1 - SSD1783 Block Diagram

## 5 DIE PAD FLOOR PLAN



**Note:**

1. Diagram showing die face up
2. Coordinates are reference to die centre (in um)
3. All alignment keys do not contain gold bump

Die size: 22.10 x 1.96 sq mm  
 Die thickness: 457 +/- 25 um  
 Bump height: 15um (normal)  
 Bump co-planarity: <3um (within die)

**Bump size:**

PAD #	x (um)	y (um)
1-278	56	92
279	118	50
280-303	118	27
304	118	50
305-306	50	118
307-814	27	118
815-816	50	118
817	118	50
818-841	118	27
842	118	50

**Figure 2 - SSD1783 Die Pad Floor Plan**

Table 2 - SSD1783 Series Bump Die Pad Coordinates (Bump center)

Pad no.	Signal	x coor	y coor	Pad no.	Signal	x coor	y coor	Pad no.	Signal	x coor	y coor
1	DUMMY	-10842.40	-818.00	51	NC	-6752.55	-818.00	101	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-2937.55	-818.00
2	DUMMY	-10491.25	-818.00	52	NC	-6676.25	-818.00	102	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-2861.25	-818.00
3	DUMMY	-10414.95	-818.00	53	C1Y	-6599.95	-818.00	103	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-2784.95	-818.00
4	C4P	-10338.65	-818.00	54	C1Y	-6523.65	-818.00	104	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-2708.65	-818.00
5	C4P	-10262.35	-818.00	55	C1Y	-6447.35	-818.00	105	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-2632.35	-818.00
6	C4P	-10186.05	-818.00	56	C1Y	-6371.05	-818.00	106	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-2556.05	-818.00
7	C4P	-10109.75	-818.00	57	C1Y	-6294.75	-818.00	107	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-2479.75	-818.00
8	C4P	-10033.45	-818.00	58	C1Y	-6218.45	-818.00	108	NC	-2403.45	-818.00
9	C4P	-9957.15	-818.00	59	C1Y	-6142.15	-818.00	109	NC	-2327.15	-818.00
10	C4P	-9880.85	-818.00	60	C1Y	-6065.85	-818.00	110	NC	-2250.85	-818.00
11	C4P	-9804.55	-818.00	61	C3P	-5989.55	-818.00	111	NC	-2174.55	-818.00
12	C2P	-9728.25	-818.00	62	C3P	-5913.25	-818.00	112	NC	-2098.25	-818.00
13	C2P	-9651.95	-818.00	63	C3P	-5836.95	-818.00	113	M	-2021.95	-818.00
14	C2P	-9575.65	-818.00	64	C3P	-5760.65	-818.00	114	SYN	-1945.65	-818.00
15	C2P	-9499.35	-818.00	65	C3P	-5684.35	-818.00	115	CL	-1869.35	-818.00
16	C2P	-9423.05	-818.00	66	C3P	-5608.05	-818.00	116	RES	-1793.05	-818.00
17	C2P	-9346.75	-818.00	67	C3P	-5531.75	-818.00	117	D/C	-1716.75	-818.00
18	C2P	-9270.45	-818.00	68	C3P	-5455.45	-818.00	118	D/C	-1640.45	-818.00
19	C2P	-9194.15	-818.00	69	NC	-5379.15	-818.00	119	D/C	-1564.15	-818.00
20	C2N	-9117.85	-818.00	70	NC	-5302.85	-818.00	120	CS	-1487.85	-818.00
21	C2N	-9041.55	-818.00	71	NC	-5226.55	-818.00	121	CS	-1411.55	-818.00
22	C2N	-8965.25	-818.00	72	NC	-5150.25	-818.00	122	V <sub>SS</sub>	-1335.25	-818.00
23	C2N	-8888.95	-818.00	73	NC	-5073.95	-818.00	123	PS2	-1258.95	-818.00
24	C2N	-8812.65	-818.00	74	NC	-4997.65	-818.00	124	V <sub>DD</sub>	-1182.65	-818.00
25	C2N	-8736.35	-818.00	75	V <sub>OUTD3</sub>	-4921.35	-818.00	125	PS1	-1106.35	-818.00
26	C2N	-8660.05	-818.00	76	V <sub>OUTD3</sub>	-4845.05	-818.00	126	V <sub>SS</sub>	-1030.05	-818.00
27	C2N	-8583.75	-818.00	77	V <sub>OUTD3</sub>	-4768.75	-818.00	127	PS0	-953.75	-818.00
28	NC	-8507.45	-818.00	78	V <sub>OUTD3</sub>	-4692.45	-818.00	128	V <sub>DD</sub>	-877.45	-818.00
29	NC	-8431.15	-818.00	79	V <sub>OUTD3</sub>	-4616.15	-818.00	129	V <sub>SS</sub>	-801.15	-818.00
30	NC	-8354.85	-818.00	80	V <sub>OUTD3</sub>	-4539.85	-818.00	130	R/W (WR)	-724.85	-818.00
31	NC	-8278.55	-818.00	81	V <sub>OUTD3</sub>	-4463.55	-818.00	131	R/W (WR)	-648.55	-818.00
32	NC	-8202.25	-818.00	82	V <sub>OUTD3</sub>	-4387.25	-818.00	132	E (RD)	-572.25	-818.00
33	C1N	-8125.95	-818.00	83	V <sub>OUTD3</sub>	-4310.95	-818.00	133	E (RD)	-495.95	-818.00
34	C1N	-8049.65	-818.00	84	V <sub>OUTD3</sub>	-4234.65	-818.00	134	V <sub>DD</sub>	-419.65	-818.00
35	C1N	-7973.35	-818.00	85	V <sub>OUTD3</sub>	-4158.35	-818.00	135	D0	-343.35	-818.00
36	C1N	-7897.05	-818.00	86	V <sub>OUTD3</sub>	-4082.05	-818.00	136	D1	-267.05	-818.00
37	C1N	-7820.75	-818.00	87	V <sub>OUTD3</sub>	-4005.75	-818.00	137	D2	-190.75	-818.00
38	C1N	-7744.45	-818.00	88	V <sub>SS</sub>	-3929.45	-818.00	138	D3	-114.45	-818.00
39	C1N	-7668.15	-818.00	89	V <sub>SS</sub>	-3853.15	-818.00	139	D4	-38.15	-818.00
40	C1N	-7591.85	-818.00	90	V <sub>SS</sub>	-3776.85	-818.00	140	D5	38.15	-818.00
41	C1P	-7515.55	-818.00	91	V <sub>SS</sub>	-3700.55	-818.00	141	D6 (SCK)	114.45	-818.00
42	C1P	-7439.25	-818.00	92	V <sub>SS</sub>	-3624.25	-818.00	142	D7 (SDA)	190.75	-818.00
43	C1P	-7362.95	-818.00	93	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-3547.95	-818.00	143	D8	267.05	-818.00
44	C1P	-7286.65	-818.00	94	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-3471.65	-818.00	144	D9	343.35	-818.00
45	C1P	-7210.35	-818.00	95	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-3395.35	-818.00	145	D10	419.65	-818.00
46	C1P	-7134.05	-818.00	96	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-3319.05	-818.00	146	D11	495.95	-818.00
47	C1P	-7057.75	-818.00	97	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-3242.75	-818.00	147	D12	572.25	-818.00
48	C1P	-6981.45	-818.00	98	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-3166.45	-818.00	148	D13	648.55	-818.00
49	V <sub>SS</sub>	-6905.15	-818.00	99	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-3090.15	-818.00	149	D14	724.85	-818.00
50	NC	-6828.85	-818.00	100	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-3013.85	-818.00	150	D15	801.15	-818.00



Pad no.	Signal	x coor	y coor	Pad no.	Signal	x coor	y coor	Pad no.	Signal	x coor	y coor
151	BUSY	877.45	-818.00	201	V <sub>DD</sub>	4692.45	-818.00	251	V <sub>L2</sub>	8507.45	-818.00
152	NC	953.75	-818.00	202	V <sub>DD</sub>	4768.75	-818.00	252	V <sub>L2</sub>	8583.75	-818.00
153	NC	1030.05	-818.00	203	V <sub>DD</sub>	4845.05	-818.00	253	V <sub>L2</sub>	8660.05	-818.00
154	NC	1106.35	-818.00	204	V <sub>DD</sub>	4921.35	-818.00	254	V <sub>L2</sub>	8736.35	-818.00
155	RV <sub>SS</sub>	1182.65	-818.00	205	V <sub>DD</sub>	4997.65	-818.00	255	V <sub>L2</sub>	8812.65	-818.00
156	CV <sub>SS</sub>	1258.95	-818.00	206	V <sub>DD</sub>	5073.95	-818.00	256	V <sub>L3</sub>	8888.95	-818.00
157	CV <sub>SS</sub>	1335.25	-818.00	207	V <sub>DD</sub>	5150.25	-818.00	257	V <sub>L3</sub>	8965.25	-818.00
158	CV <sub>SS</sub>	1411.55	-818.00	208	V <sub>DD</sub>	5226.55	-818.00	258	V <sub>L3</sub>	9041.55	-818.00
159	CV <sub>SS</sub>	1487.85	-818.00	209	V <sub>DD</sub>	5302.85	-818.00	259	V <sub>L3</sub>	9117.85	-818.00
160	CV <sub>SS</sub>	1564.15	-818.00	210	V <sub>DD</sub>	5379.15	-818.00	260	V <sub>L3</sub>	9194.15	-818.00
161	CV <sub>SS</sub>	1640.45	-818.00	211	V <sub>DD</sub>	5455.45	-818.00	261	V <sub>L3</sub>	9270.45	-818.00
162	CV <sub>SS</sub>	1716.75	-818.00	212	V <sub>DDIO</sub>	5531.75	-818.00	262	V <sub>L4</sub>	9346.75	-818.00
163	CV <sub>SS</sub>	1793.05	-818.00	213	V <sub>DDIO</sub>	5608.05	-818.00	263	V <sub>L4</sub>	9423.05	-818.00
164	CV <sub>SS</sub>	1869.35	-818.00	214	V <sub>CIX2</sub>	5684.35	-818.00	264	V <sub>L4</sub>	9499.35	-818.00
165	CV <sub>SS</sub>	1945.65	-818.00	215	V <sub>CIX2</sub>	5760.65	-818.00	265	V <sub>L4</sub>	9575.65	-818.00
166	V <sub>SS</sub>	2021.95	-818.00	216	V <sub>CIX2</sub>	5836.95	-818.00	266	V <sub>L4</sub>	9651.95	-818.00
167	V <sub>SS</sub>	2098.25	-818.00	217	V <sub>CIX2</sub>	5913.25	-818.00	267	V <sub>L4</sub>	9728.25	-818.00
168	V <sub>SS</sub>	2174.55	-818.00	218	V <sub>CIX2</sub>	5989.55	-818.00	268	V <sub>L4</sub>	9804.55	-818.00
169	V <sub>SS</sub>	2250.85	-818.00	219	V <sub>CIX2</sub>	6065.85	-818.00	269	V <sub>L4</sub>	9880.85	-818.00
170	V <sub>SS</sub>	2327.15	-818.00	220	V <sub>CIX2</sub>	6142.15	-818.00	270	V <sub>L5</sub>	9957.15	-818.00
171	V <sub>SS</sub>	2403.45	-818.00	221	V <sub>CIX2</sub>	6218.45	-818.00	271	V <sub>L5</sub>	10033.45	-818.00
172	V <sub>SS</sub>	2479.75	-818.00	222	V <sub>CIX2</sub>	6294.75	-818.00	272	V <sub>L5</sub>	10109.75	-818.00
173	V <sub>SS</sub>	2556.05	-818.00	223	NC	6371.05	-818.00	273	V <sub>L5</sub>	10186.05	-818.00
174	V <sub>SS</sub>	2632.35	-818.00	224	V <sub>Cl</sub>	6447.35	-818.00	274	V <sub>L5</sub>	10262.35	-818.00
175	V <sub>SS</sub>	2708.65	-818.00	225	V <sub>Cl</sub>	6523.65	-818.00	275	NC	10338.65	-818.00
176	V <sub>SS</sub>	2784.95	-818.00	226	V <sub>Cl</sub>	6599.95	-818.00	276	DUMMY	10414.95	-818.00
177	V <sub>SS</sub>	2861.25	-818.00	227	V <sub>Cl</sub>	6676.25	-818.00	277	DUMMY	10491.25	-818.00
178	LCDV <sub>SS</sub>	2937.55	-818.00	228	V <sub>Cl</sub>	6752.55	-818.00	278	DUMMY	10842.40	-818.00
179	LCDV <sub>SS</sub>	3013.85	-818.00	229	V <sub>Cl</sub>	6828.85	-818.00				
180	LCDV <sub>SS</sub>	3090.15	-818.00	230	V <sub>Cl</sub>	6905.15	-818.00				
181	LCDV <sub>SS</sub>	3166.45	-818.00	231	V <sub>Cl</sub>	6981.45	-818.00				
182	LCDV <sub>SS</sub>	3242.75	-818.00	232	V <sub>Cl</sub>	7057.75	-818.00				
183	LCDV <sub>SS</sub>	3319.05	-818.00	233	V <sub>Cl</sub>	7134.05	-818.00				
184	LCDV <sub>SS</sub>	3395.35	-818.00	234	NC	7210.35	-818.00				
185	LCDV <sub>SS</sub>	3471.65	-818.00	235	NC	7286.65	-818.00				
186	LCDV <sub>SS</sub>	3547.95	-818.00	236	NC	7362.95	-818.00				
187	LCDV <sub>SS</sub>	3624.25	-818.00	237	NC	7439.25	-818.00				
188	LCDV <sub>SS</sub>	3700.55	-818.00	238	NC	7515.55	-818.00				
189	LCDV <sub>SS</sub>	3776.85	-818.00	239	NC	7591.85	-818.00				
190	LCDV <sub>SS</sub>	3853.15	-818.00	240	NC	7668.15	-818.00				
191	V <sub>DD</sub>	3929.45	-818.00	241	NC	7744.45	-818.00				
192	V <sub>DD</sub>	4005.75	-818.00	242	V <sub>SS</sub>	7820.75	-818.00				
193	V <sub>DD</sub>	4082.05	-818.00	243	V <sub>SS</sub>	7897.05	-818.00				
194	V <sub>DD</sub>	4158.35	-818.00	244	V <sub>SS</sub>	7973.35	-818.00				
195	V <sub>DD</sub>	4234.65	-818.00	245	V <sub>SS</sub>	8049.65	-818.00				
196	V <sub>DD</sub>	4310.95	-818.00	246	V <sub>SS</sub>	8125.95	-818.00				
197	V <sub>DD</sub>	4387.25	-818.00	247	NC	8202.25	-818.00				
198	V <sub>DD</sub>	4463.55	-818.00	248	V <sub>CIX2</sub>	8278.55	-818.00				
199	V <sub>DD</sub>	4539.85	-818.00	249	V <sub>L3</sub>	8354.85	-818.00				
200	V <sub>DD</sub>	4616.15	-818.00	250	V <sub>L2</sub>	8431.15	-818.00				

Pad no.	Name	x coor	y coor	Pad no.	Name	x coor	y coor	Pad no.	Name	Signal	Color	x coor	y coor
279	DUMMY	10812.40	-523.70	329	ROW46	9760.30	791.00	363	COL395		B	8255.50	791.00
280	ROW0	10812.40	-470.40	330	ROW47	9718.50	791.00	364	COL394	SEG131	G	8213.70	791.00
281	ROW1	10812.40	-428.60	331	ROW48	9676.70	791.00	365	COL393		R	8171.90	791.00
282	ROW2	10812.40	-386.80	332	ROW49	9634.90	791.00	366	COL392		B	8130.10	791.00
283	ROW3	10812.40	-345.00	333	ROW50	9593.10	791.00	367	COL391	SEG130	G	8088.30	791.00
284	ROW4	10812.40	-303.20	334	ROW51	9551.30	791.00	368	COL390		R	8046.50	791.00
285	ROW5	10812.40	-261.40	335	ROW52	9509.50	791.00	369	COL389		B	8004.70	791.00
286	ROW6	10812.40	-219.60	336	ROW53	9467.70	791.00	370	COL388	SEG129	G	7962.90	791.00
287	ROW7	10812.40	-177.80	337	ROW54	9425.90	791.00	371	COL387		R	7921.10	791.00
288	ROW8	10812.40	-136.00	338	ROW55	9384.10	791.00	372	COL386		B	7879.30	791.00
289	ROW9	10812.40	-94.20	339	ROW56	9342.30	791.00	373	COL385	SEG128	G	7837.50	791.00
290	ROW10	10812.40	-52.40	340	ROW57	9300.50	791.00	374	COL384		R	7795.70	791.00
291	ROW11	10812.40	-10.60	341	ROW58	9258.70	791.00	375	COL383		B	7753.90	791.00
292	ROW12	10812.40	31.20	342	ROW59	9216.90	791.00	376	COL382	SEG127	G	7712.10	791.00
293	ROW13	10812.40	73.00	343	ROW60	9175.10	791.00	377	COL381		R	7670.30	791.00
294	ROW14	10812.40	114.80	344	ROW61	9133.30	791.00	378	COL380		B	7628.50	791.00
295	ROW15	10812.40	156.60	345	ROW62	9091.50	791.00	379	COL379	SEG126	G	7586.70	791.00
296	ROW16	10812.40	198.40	346	ROW63	9049.70	791.00	380	COL378		R	7544.90	791.00
297	ROW17	10812.40	240.20	347	ROW64	9007.90	791.00	381	COL377		B	7503.10	791.00
298	ROW18	10812.40	282.00	348	ROW65	8966.10	791.00	382	COL376	SEG125	G	7461.30	791.00
299	ROW19	10812.40	323.80	349	ROW66	8924.30	791.00	383	COL375		R	7419.50	791.00
300	ROW20	10812.40	365.60	350	ROW67	8882.50	791.00	384	COL374		B	7377.70	791.00
301	ROW21	10812.40	407.40	351	ROW68	8840.70	791.00	385	COL373	SEG124	G	7335.90	791.00
302	ROW22	10812.40	449.20	352	ROW69	8798.90	791.00	386	COL372		R	7294.10	791.00
303	ROW23	10812.40	491.00	353	ROW70	8757.10	791.00	387	COL371		B	7252.30	791.00
304	DUMMY	10812.40	544.30	354	ROW71	8715.30	791.00	388	COL370	SEG123	G	7210.50	791.00
305	DUMMY	10846.40	791.00	355	ROW72	8673.50	791.00	389	COL369		R	7168.70	791.00
306	DUMMY	10733.20	791.00	356	ROW73	8631.70	791.00	390	COL368		B	7126.90	791.00
307	ROW24	10679.90	791.00	357	ROW74	8589.90	791.00	391	COL367	SEG122	G	7085.10	791.00
308	ROW25	10638.10	791.00	358	ROW75	8548.10	791.00	392	COL366		R	7043.30	791.00
309	ROW26	10596.30	791.00	359	ROW76	8506.30	791.00	393	COL365		B	7001.50	791.00
310	ROW27	10554.50	791.00	360	ROW77	8464.50	791.00	394	COL364	SEG121	G	6959.70	791.00
311	ROW28	10512.70	791.00	361	ROW78	8422.70	791.00	395	COL363		R	6917.90	791.00
312	ROW29	10470.90	791.00	362	ROW79	8380.90	791.00	396	COL362		B	6876.10	791.00
313	ROW30	10429.10	791.00					397	COL361	SEG120	G	6834.30	791.00
314	ROW31	10387.30	791.00					398	COL360		R	6792.50	791.00
315	ROW32	10345.50	791.00					399	COL359		B	6750.70	791.00
316	ROW33	10303.70	791.00					400	COL358	SEG119	G	6708.90	791.00
317	ROW34	10261.90	791.00					401	COL357		R	6667.10	791.00
318	ROW35	10220.10	791.00					402	COL356		B	6625.30	791.00
319	ROW36	10178.30	791.00					403	COL355	SEG118	G	6583.50	791.00
320	ROW37	10136.50	791.00					404	COL354		R	6541.70	791.00
321	ROW38	10094.70	791.00					405	COL353		B	6499.90	791.00
322	ROW39	10052.90	791.00					406	COL352	SEG117	G	6458.10	791.00
323	ROW40	10011.10	791.00					407	COL351		R	6416.30	791.00
324	ROW41	9969.30	791.00					408	COL350		B	6374.50	791.00
325	ROW42	9927.50	791.00					409	COL349	SEG116	G	6332.70	791.00
326	ROW43	9885.70	791.00					410	COL348		R	6290.90	791.00
327	ROW44	9843.90	791.00					411	COL347		B	6249.10	791.00
328	ROW45	9802.10	791.00					412	COL346	SEG115	G	6207.30	791.00
								413	COL345		R	6165.50	791.00

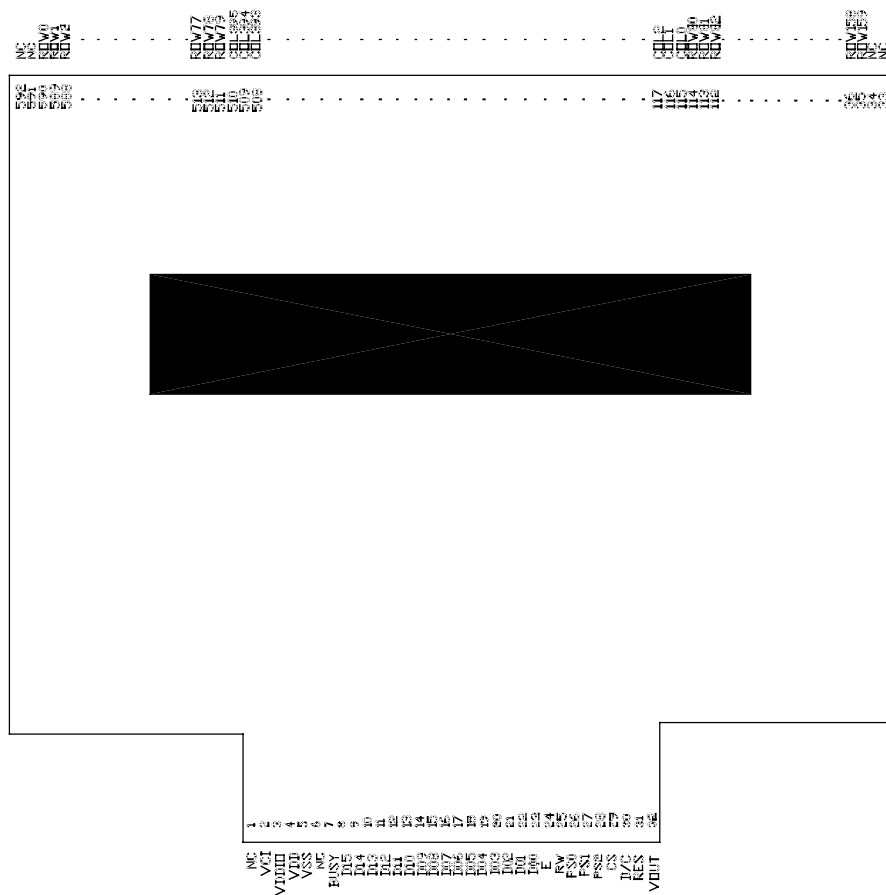
Pad no.	Name	Signal	Color	x coor	y coor	Pad no.	Name	Signal	Color	x coor	y coor
414	COL344	SEG114	B	6123.70	791.00	465	COL293	SEG97	B	3991.90	791.00
415	COL343		G	6081.90	791.00	466	COL292		G	3950.10	791.00
416	COL342		R	6040.10	791.00	467	COL291		R	3908.30	791.00
417	COL341	SEG113	B	5998.30	791.00	468	COL290	SEG96	B	3866.50	791.00
418	COL340		G	5956.50	791.00	469	COL289		G	3824.70	791.00
419	COL339		R	5914.70	791.00	470	COL288		R	3782.90	791.00
420	COL338	SEG112	B	5872.90	791.00	471	COL287	SEG95	B	3741.10	791.00
421	COL337		G	5831.10	791.00	472	COL286		G	3699.30	791.00
422	COL336		R	5789.30	791.00	473	COL285		R	3657.50	791.00
423	COL335	SEG111	B	5747.50	791.00	474	COL284	SEG94	B	3615.70	791.00
424	COL334		G	5705.70	791.00	475	COL283		G	3573.90	791.00
425	COL333		R	5663.90	791.00	476	COL282		R	3532.10	791.00
426	COL332	SEG110	B	5622.10	791.00	477	COL281	SEG93	B	3490.30	791.00
427	COL331		G	5580.30	791.00	478	COL280		G	3448.50	791.00
428	COL330		R	5538.50	791.00	479	COL279		R	3406.70	791.00
429	COL329	SEG109	B	5496.70	791.00	480	COL278	SEG92	B	3364.90	791.00
430	COL328		G	5454.90	791.00	481	COL277		G	3323.10	791.00
431	COL327		R	5413.10	791.00	482	COL276		R	3281.30	791.00
432	COL326	SEG108	B	5371.30	791.00	483	COL275	SEG91	B	3239.50	791.00
433	COL325		G	5329.50	791.00	484	COL274		G	3197.70	791.00
434	COL324		R	5287.70	791.00	485	COL273		R	3155.90	791.00
435	COL323	SEG107	B	5245.90	791.00	486	COL272	SEG90	B	3114.10	791.00
436	COL322		G	5204.10	791.00	487	COL271		G	3072.30	791.00
437	COL321		R	5162.30	791.00	488	COL270		R	3030.50	791.00
438	COL320	SEG106	B	5120.50	791.00	489	COL269	SEG89	B	2988.70	791.00
439	COL319		G	5078.70	791.00	490	COL268		G	2946.90	791.00
440	COL318		R	5036.90	791.00	491	COL267		R	2905.10	791.00
441	COL317	SEG105	B	4995.10	791.00	492	COL266	SEG88	B	2863.30	791.00
442	COL316		G	4953.30	791.00	493	COL265		G	2821.50	791.00
443	COL315		R	4911.50	791.00	494	COL264		R	2779.70	791.00
444	COL314	SEG104	B	4869.70	791.00	495	COL263	SEG87	B	2737.90	791.00
445	COL313		G	4827.90	791.00	496	COL262		G	2696.10	791.00
446	COL312		R	4786.10	791.00	497	COL261		R	2654.30	791.00
447	COL311	SEG103	B	4744.30	791.00	498	COL260	SEG86	B	2612.50	791.00
448	COL310		G	4702.50	791.00	499	COL259		G	2570.70	791.00
449	COL309		R	4660.70	791.00	500	COL258		R	2528.90	791.00
450	COL308	SEG102	B	4618.90	791.00	501	COL257	SEG85	B	2487.10	791.00
451	COL307		G	4577.10	791.00	502	COL256		G	2445.30	791.00
452	COL306		R	4535.30	791.00	503	COL255		R	2403.50	791.00
453	COL305	SEG101	B	4493.50	791.00	504	COL254	SEG84	B	2361.70	791.00
454	COL304		G	4451.70	791.00	505	COL253		G	2319.90	791.00
455	COL303		R	4409.90	791.00	506	COL252		R	2278.10	791.00
456	COL302	SEG100	B	4368.10	791.00	507	COL251	SEG83	B	2236.30	791.00
457	COL301		G	4326.30	791.00	508	COL250		G	2194.50	791.00
458	COL300		R	4284.50	791.00	509	COL249		R	2152.70	791.00
459	COL299	SEG99	B	4242.70	791.00	510	COL248	SEG82	B	2110.90	791.00
460	COL298		G	4200.90	791.00	511	COL247		G	2069.10	791.00
461	COL297		R	4159.10	791.00	512	COL246		R	2027.30	791.00
462	COL296	SEG98	B	4117.30	791.00	513	COL245	SEG81	B	1985.50	791.00
463	COL295		G	4075.50	791.00	514	COL244		G	1943.70	791.00
464	COL294		R	4033.70	791.00	515	COL243		R	1901.90	791.00

Pad no.	Name	Signal	Color	x coor	y coor	Pad no.	Name	Signal	Color	x coor	y coor
516	COL242	SEG80	B	1860.10	791.00	567	COL191	SEG63	B	-271.70	791.00
517	COL241		G	1818.30	791.00	568	COL190		G	-313.50	791.00
518	COL240		R	1776.50	791.00	569	COL189		R	-355.30	791.00
519	COL239	SEG79	B	1734.70	791.00	570	COL188	SEG62	B	-397.10	791.00
520	COL238		G	1692.90	791.00	571	COL187		G	-438.90	791.00
521	COL237		R	1651.10	791.00	572	COL186		R	-480.70	791.00
522	COL236	SEG78	B	1609.30	791.00	573	COL185	SEG61	B	-522.50	791.00
523	COL235		G	1567.50	791.00	574	COL184		G	-564.30	791.00
524	COL234		R	1525.70	791.00	575	COL183		R	-606.10	791.00
525	COL233	SEG77	B	1483.90	791.00	576	COL182	SEG60	B	-647.90	791.00
526	COL232		G	1442.10	791.00	577	COL181		G	-689.70	791.00
527	COL231		R	1400.30	791.00	578	COL180		R	-731.50	791.00
528	COL230	SEG76	B	1358.50	791.00	579	COL179	SEG59	B	-773.30	791.00
529	COL229		G	1316.70	791.00	580	COL178		G	-815.10	791.00
530	COL228		R	1274.90	791.00	581	COL177		R	-856.90	791.00
531	COL227	SEG75	B	1233.10	791.00	582	COL176	SEG58	B	-898.70	791.00
532	COL226		G	1191.30	791.00	583	COL175		G	-940.50	791.00
533	COL225		R	1149.50	791.00	584	COL174		R	-982.30	791.00
534	COL224	SEG74	B	1107.70	791.00	585	COL173	SEG57	B	-1024.10	791.00
535	COL223		G	1065.90	791.00	586	COL172		G	-1065.90	791.00
536	COL222		R	1024.10	791.00	587	COL171		R	-1107.70	791.00
537	COL221	SEG73	B	982.30	791.00	588	COL170	SEG56	B	-1149.50	791.00
538	COL220		G	940.50	791.00	589	COL169		G	-1191.30	791.00
539	COL219		R	898.70	791.00	590	COL168		R	-1233.10	791.00
540	COL218	SEG72	B	856.90	791.00	591	COL167	SEG55	B	-1274.90	791.00
541	COL217		G	815.10	791.00	592	COL166		G	-1316.70	791.00
542	COL216		R	773.30	791.00	593	COL165		R	-1358.50	791.00
543	COL215	SEG71	B	731.50	791.00	594	COL164	SEG54	B	-1400.30	791.00
544	COL214		G	689.70	791.00	595	COL163		G	-1442.10	791.00
545	COL213		R	647.90	791.00	596	COL162		R	-1483.90	791.00
546	COL212	SEG70	B	606.10	791.00	597	COL161	SEG53	B	-1525.70	791.00
547	COL211		G	564.30	791.00	598	COL160		G	-1567.50	791.00
548	COL210		R	522.50	791.00	599	COL159		R	-1609.30	791.00
549	COL209	SEG69	B	480.70	791.00	600	COL158	SEG52	B	-1651.10	791.00
550	COL208		G	438.90	791.00	601	COL157		G	-1692.90	791.00
551	COL207		R	397.10	791.00	602	COL156		R	-1734.70	791.00
552	COL206	SEG68	B	355.30	791.00	603	COL155	SEG51	B	-1776.50	791.00
553	COL205		G	313.50	791.00	604	COL154		G	-1818.30	791.00
554	COL204		R	271.70	791.00	605	COL153		R	-1860.10	791.00
555	COL203	SEG67	B	229.90	791.00	606	COL152	SEG50	B	-1901.90	791.00
556	COL202		G	188.10	791.00	607	COL151		G	-1943.70	791.00
557	COL201		R	146.30	791.00	608	COL150		R	-1985.50	791.00
558	COL200	SEG66	B	104.50	791.00	609	COL149	SEG49	B	-2027.30	791.00
559	COL199		G	62.70	791.00	610	COL148		G	-2069.10	791.00
560	COL198		R	20.90	791.00	611	COL147		R	-2110.90	791.00
561	COL197	SEG65	B	-20.90	791.00	612	COL146	SEG48	B	-2152.70	791.00
562	COL196		G	-62.70	791.00	613	COL145		G	-2194.50	791.00
563	COL195		R	-104.50	791.00	614	COL144		R	-2236.30	791.00
564	COL194	SEG64	B	-146.30	791.00	615	COL143	SEG47	B	-2278.10	791.00
565	COL193		G	-188.10	791.00	616	COL142		G	-2319.90	791.00
566	COL192		R	-229.90	791.00	617	COL141		R	-2361.70	791.00

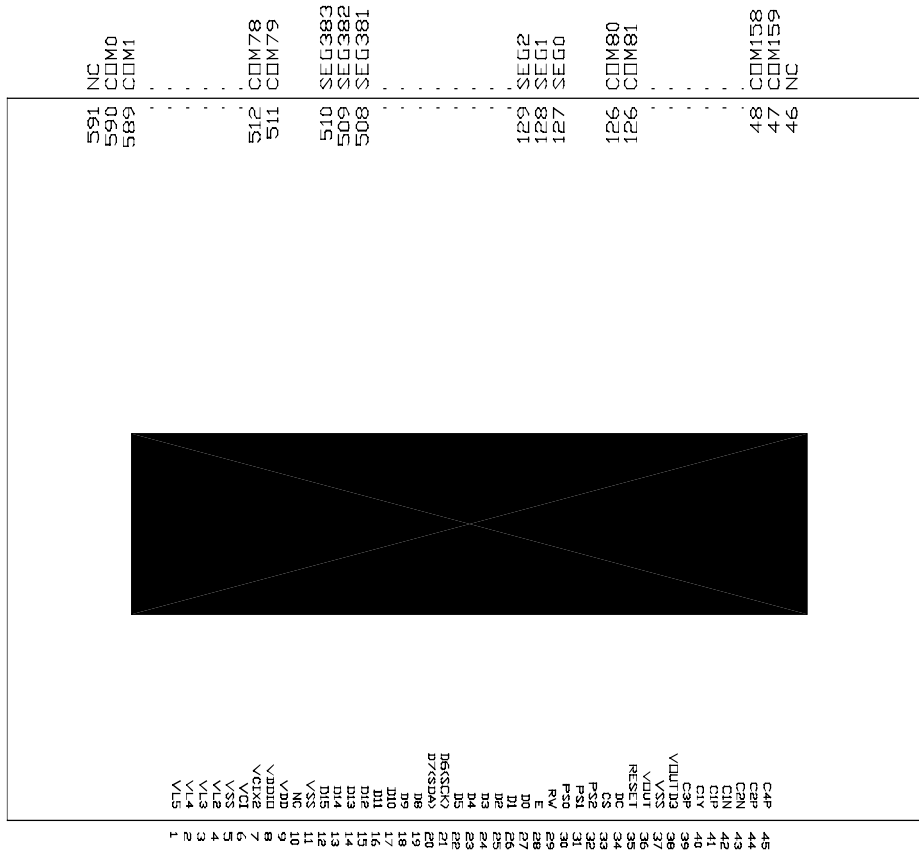
Pad no.	Name	Signal	Color	x coor	y coor	Pad no.	Name	Signal	Color	x coor	y coor
618	COL140		B	-2403.50	791.00	669	COL89		B	-4535.30	791.00
619	COL139	SEG46	G	-2445.30	791.00	670	COL88	SEG29	G	-4577.10	791.00
620	COL138		R	-2487.10	791.00	671	COL87		R	-4618.90	791.00
621	COL137		B	-2528.90	791.00	672	COL86		B	-4660.70	791.00
622	COL136	SEG45	G	-2570.70	791.00	673	COL85	SEG28	G	-4702.50	791.00
623	COL135		R	-2612.50	791.00	674	COL84		R	-4744.30	791.00
624	COL134		B	-2654.30	791.00	675	COL83		B	-4786.10	791.00
625	COL133	SEG44	G	-2696.10	791.00	676	COL82	SEG27	G	-4827.90	791.00
626	COL132		R	-2737.90	791.00	677	COL81		R	-4869.70	791.00
627	COL131		B	-2779.70	791.00	678	COL80		B	-4911.50	791.00
628	COL130	SEG43	G	-2821.50	791.00	679	COL79	SEG26	G	-4953.30	791.00
629	COL129		R	-2863.30	791.00	680	COL78		R	-4995.10	791.00
630	COL128		B	-2905.10	791.00	681	COL77		B	-5036.90	791.00
631	COL127	SEG42	G	-2946.90	791.00	682	COL76	SEG25	G	-5078.70	791.00
632	COL126		R	-2988.70	791.00	683	COL75		R	-5120.50	791.00
633	COL125		B	-3030.50	791.00	684	COL74		B	-5162.30	791.00
634	COL124	SEG41	G	-3072.30	791.00	685	COL73	SEG24	G	-5204.10	791.00
635	COL123		R	-3114.10	791.00	686	COL72		R	-5245.90	791.00
636	COL122		B	-3155.90	791.00	687	COL71		B	-5287.70	791.00
637	COL121	SEG40	G	-3197.70	791.00	688	COL70	SEG23	G	-5329.50	791.00
638	COL120		R	-3239.50	791.00	689	COL69		R	-5371.30	791.00
639	COL119		B	-3281.30	791.00	690	COL68		B	-5413.10	791.00
640	COL118	SEG39	G	-3323.10	791.00	691	COL67	SEG22	G	-5454.90	791.00
641	COL117		R	-3364.90	791.00	692	COL66		R	-5496.70	791.00
642	COL116		B	-3406.70	791.00	693	COL65		B	-5538.50	791.00
643	COL115	SEG38	G	-3448.50	791.00	694	COL64	SEG21	G	-5580.30	791.00
644	COL114		R	-3490.30	791.00	695	COL63		R	-5622.10	791.00
645	COL113		B	-3532.10	791.00	696	COL62		B	-5663.90	791.00
646	COL112	SEG37	G	-3573.90	791.00	697	COL61	SEG20	G	-5705.70	791.00
647	COL111		R	-3615.70	791.00	698	COL60		R	-5747.50	791.00
648	COL110		B	-3657.50	791.00	699	COL59		B	-5789.30	791.00
649	COL109	SEG36	G	-3699.30	791.00	700	COL58	SEG19	G	-5831.10	791.00
650	COL108		R	-3741.10	791.00	701	COL57		R	-5872.90	791.00
651	COL107		B	-3782.90	791.00	702	COL56		B	-5914.70	791.00
652	COL106	SEG35	G	-3824.70	791.00	703	COL55	SEG18	G	-5956.50	791.00
653	COL105		R	-3866.50	791.00	704	COL54		R	-5998.30	791.00
654	COL104		B	-3908.30	791.00	705	COL53		B	-6040.10	791.00
655	COL103	SEG34	G	-3950.10	791.00	706	COL52	SEG17	G	-6081.90	791.00
656	COL102		R	-3991.90	791.00	707	COL51		R	-6123.70	791.00
657	COL101		B	-4033.70	791.00	708	COL50		B	-6165.50	791.00
658	COL100	SEG33	G	-4075.50	791.00	709	COL49	SEG16	G	-6207.30	791.00
659	COL99		R	-4117.30	791.00	710	COL48		R	-6249.10	791.00
660	COL98		B	-4159.10	791.00	711	COL47		B	-6290.90	791.00
661	COL97	SEG32	G	-4200.90	791.00	712	COL46	SEG15	G	-6332.70	791.00
662	COL96		R	-4242.70	791.00	713	COL45		R	-6374.50	791.00
663	COL95		B	-4284.50	791.00	714	COL44		B	-6416.30	791.00
664	COL94	SEG31	G	-4326.30	791.00	715	COL43	SEG14	G	-6458.10	791.00
665	COL93		R	-4368.10	791.00	716	COL42		R	-6499.90	791.00
666	COL92		B	-4409.90	791.00	717	COL41		B	-6541.70	791.00
667	COL91	SEG30	G	-4451.70	791.00	718	COL40	SEG13	G	-6583.50	791.00
668	COL90		R	-4493.50	791.00	719	COL39		R	-6625.30	791.00

Pad no.	Name	Signal	Color	x coor	y coor	Pad no.	Name	x coor	y coor	Pad no.	Name	x coor	y coor
720	COL38	SEG12	B	-6667.10	791.00	759	ROW80	-8380.90	791.00	809	ROW130	-10470.90	791.00
721	COL37		G	-6708.90	791.00	760	ROW81	-8422.70	791.00	810	ROW131	-10512.70	791.00
722	COL36		R	-6750.70	791.00	761	ROW82	-8464.50	791.00	811	ROW132	-10554.50	791.00
723	COL35	SEG11	B	-6792.50	791.00	762	ROW83	-8506.30	791.00	812	ROW133	-10596.30	791.00
724	COL34		G	-6834.30	791.00	763	ROW84	-8548.10	791.00	813	ROW134	-10638.10	791.00
725	COL33		R	-6876.10	791.00	764	ROW85	-8589.90	791.00	814	ROW135	-10679.90	791.00
726	COL32	SEG10	B	-6917.90	791.00	765	ROW86	-8631.70	791.00	815	DUMMY	-10733.20	791.00
727	COL31		G	-6959.70	791.00	766	ROW87	-8673.50	791.00	816	DUMMY	-10846.40	791.00
728	COL30		R	-7001.50	791.00	767	ROW88	-8715.30	791.00	817	DUMMY	-10812.40	544.30
729	COL29	SEG9	B	-7043.30	791.00	768	ROW89	-8757.10	791.00	818	ROW136	-10812.40	491.00
730	COL28		G	-7085.10	791.00	769	ROW90	-8798.90	791.00	819	ROW137	-10812.40	449.20
731	COL27		R	-7126.90	791.00	770	ROW91	-8840.70	791.00	820	ROW138	-10812.40	407.40
732	COL26	SEG8	B	-7168.70	791.00	771	ROW92	-8882.50	791.00	821	ROW139	-10812.40	365.60
733	COL25		G	-7210.50	791.00	772	ROW93	-8924.30	791.00	822	ROW140	-10812.40	323.80
734	COL24		R	-7252.30	791.00	773	ROW94	-8966.10	791.00	823	ROW141	-10812.40	282.00
735	COL23	SEG7	B	-7294.10	791.00	774	ROW95	-9007.90	791.00	824	ROW142	-10812.40	240.20
736	COL22		G	-7335.90	791.00	775	ROW96	-9049.70	791.00	825	ROW143	-10812.40	198.40
737	COL21		R	-7377.70	791.00	776	ROW97	-9091.50	791.00	826	ROW144	-10812.40	156.60
738	COL20	SEG6	B	-7419.50	791.00	777	ROW98	-9133.30	791.00	827	ROW145	-10812.40	114.80
739	COL19		G	-7461.30	791.00	778	ROW99	-9175.10	791.00	828	ROW146	-10812.40	73.00
740	COL18		R	-7503.10	791.00	779	ROW100	-9216.90	791.00	829	ROW147	-10812.40	31.20
741	COL17	SEG5	B	-7544.90	791.00	780	ROW101	-9258.70	791.00	830	ROW148	-10812.40	-10.60
742	COL16		G	-7586.70	791.00	781	ROW102	-9300.50	791.00	831	ROW149	-10812.40	-52.40
743	COL15		R	-7628.50	791.00	782	ROW103	-9342.30	791.00	832	ROW150	-10812.40	-94.20
744	COL14	SEG4	B	-7670.30	791.00	783	ROW104	-9384.10	791.00	833	ROW151	-10812.40	-136.00
745	COL13		G	-7712.10	791.00	784	ROW105	-9425.90	791.00	834	ROW152	-10812.40	-177.80
746	COL12		R	-7753.90	791.00	785	ROW106	-9467.70	791.00	835	ROW153	-10812.40	-219.60
747	COL11	SEG3	B	-7795.70	791.00	786	ROW107	-9509.50	791.00	836	ROW154	-10812.40	-261.40
748	COL10		G	-7837.50	791.00	787	ROW108	-9551.30	791.00	837	ROW155	-10812.40	-303.20
749	COL9		R	-7879.30	791.00	788	ROW109	-9593.10	791.00	838	ROW156	-10812.40	-345.00
750	COL8	SEG2	B	-7921.10	791.00	789	ROW110	-9634.90	791.00	839	ROW157	-10812.40	-386.80
751	COL7		G	-7962.90	791.00	790	ROW111	-9676.70	791.00	840	ROW158	-10812.40	-428.60
752	COL6		R	-8004.70	791.00	791	ROW112	-9718.50	791.00	841	ROW159	-10812.40	-470.40
753	COL5	SEG1	B	-8046.50	791.00	792	ROW113	-9760.30	791.00	842	DUMMY	-10812.40	-523.70
754	COL4		G	-8088.30	791.00	793	ROW114	-9802.10	791.00				
755	COL3		R	-8130.10	791.00	794	ROW115	-9843.90	791.00				
756	COL2	SEG0	B	-8171.90	791.00	795	ROW116	-9885.70	791.00				
757	COL1		G	-8213.70	791.00	796	ROW117	-9927.50	791.00				
758	COL0		R	-8255.50	791.00	797	ROW118	-9969.30	791.00				
						798	ROW119	-10011.10	791.00				
						799	ROW120	-10052.90	791.00				
						800	ROW121	-10094.70	791.00				
						801	ROW122	-10136.50	791.00				
						802	ROW123	-10178.30	791.00				
						803	ROW124	-10220.10	791.00				
						804	ROW125	-10261.90	791.00				
						805	ROW126	-10303.70	791.00				
						806	ROW127	-10345.50	791.00				
						807	ROW128	-10387.30	791.00				
						808	ROW129	-10429.10	791.00				

## 6 SSD1783U COF Pin Assignment (Copper View)



## 7 SSD1783U2 COF Pin Assignment (Copper View)





## 8 PIN DESCRIPTION

### 8.1 $\overline{CS}$

This pin is the chip selection input. The chip is enabled for MCU communication only when  $\overline{CS}$  is pulled low.

### 8.2 $\overline{RES}$

This pin is the reset signal input. Initialization of the chip is started once the reset pin is pulled low. The minimum pulse width for reset sequence is 10 $\mu$ s.

### 8.3 $D/\overline{C}$

This pin is Data/Command control pin. When the pin is pulled high, the input at D7-D0 is treated as display data. When the pin is pulled low, the input at D7-D0 will be transferred to the command register.

### 8.4 $R/\overline{W}$ ( $\overline{WR}$ )

This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as Read/Write ( $R/\overline{W}$ ) selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled high and write mode when this pin is pulled low. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin is the Write ( $\overline{WR}$ ) control signal input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the chip is selected.

### 8.5 $E(\overline{RD})$

This pin is MCU interface input. When 6800 interface mode is selected, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled high and the chip is selected.

When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin is the Read ( $\overline{RD}$ ) control signal input. Data read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the chip is selected.

### 8.6 PS0 – PS2

These pins are the bus interface mode selection input. Different bus interface can be selected changing the setting of these pins.

PS2	PS1	PS0	MPU Interface
H	H	H	16-bit 8080 parallel interface
H	H	L	8-bit 8080 parallel interface
H	L	L	16-bit 6800 parallel interface
L	H	H	8-bit 6800 parallel interface
L	L	H	3-lines serial peripheral interface (SPI)
L	L	L	4-lines serial peripheral interface (SPI)

Table 3 - Bus interface mode selection by PS2-PS0

Note1: For serial applications, D0 – D5, D8 – D15,  $R/\overline{W}$  ( $\overline{WR}$ ),  $E(\overline{RD})$  are recommended to connect  $V_{DD}$ .

Note2: Read back operation is only available in parallel mode

### 8.7 D0-D15

These pins are the 16-bit bi-directional data bus in parallel interface mode. D15 is the MSB while D0 is the LSB. In serial mode, D7 is the serial data input SDA and D6 is the serial clock input SCK.

### 8.8 $V_{DD}$

This pin is the system power supply pin of the logic block.

### 8.9 V<sub>DDIO</sub>

This pin is the system power supply pin of IO buffer. Please refer to Page 71 for connection example.

### 8.10 V<sub>CI</sub>

This pin is the reference voltage input for internal DC-DC converter. The DC-DC converter output is equal to the multiple factor (4X, 5X, 6X or 7X) times V<sub>CI</sub> with respect to V<sub>SS</sub>.

Note: Voltage at this input pin must be larger than or equal to V<sub>DD</sub>. (V<sub>CI</sub> ≥ V<sub>DD</sub>)

### 8.11 V<sub>CIx2</sub>

This pin is a voltage reference output that is equal to 2x V<sub>CI</sub>.

### 8.12 V<sub>SS</sub>

This pin is the ground of logic.

### 8.13 RV<sub>SS</sub>

This pin is the ground of V<sub>ref</sub> where V<sub>ref</sub> is the reference voltage of internal regulator.

### 8.14 CV<sub>SS</sub>

This pin is the ground of analog.

### 8.15 LCDV<sub>SS</sub>

This pin is the ground of segment and common output pins.

### 8.16 V<sub>OUT</sub>

This is the most positive voltage supply pin of the chip. It is generated by the internal regulator. This voltage level is used for internal referencing only and the voltage level at V<sub>OUT</sub> pin is not used for driving external circuitry.

### 8.17 V<sub>OUTD3</sub>

This pin is a voltage reference output.

### 8.18 V<sub>L5</sub>, V<sub>L4</sub>, V<sub>L3</sub> and V<sub>L2</sub>

LCD driving voltages. They can be supplied externally or generated by the internal bias divider. They have the following relationship:

$$V_{OUT} > V_{L5} > V_{L4} > V_{L3} > V_{L2} > V_{SS}$$

	1 : a bias
V <sub>L5</sub>	(a-1)/a * V <sub>OUT</sub>
V <sub>L4</sub>	(a-2)/a * V <sub>OUT</sub>
V <sub>L3</sub>	2/a * V <sub>OUT</sub>
V <sub>L2</sub>	1/a * V <sub>OUT</sub>

Table 4 - V<sub>OUT</sub> > V<sub>L5</sub> > V<sub>L4</sub> > V<sub>L3</sub> > V<sub>L2</sub> > V<sub>SS</sub> Relationship

### **8.19 ROW0 – ROW159**

These pins provide the driving signals, COMMON, to the LCD panel.

### **8.20 COL0 – COL395**

These pins provide the LCD driving signals, SEGMENT, to the LCD panel. The Red, Green, Blue colors signal are sent out from the SEGMENT output at the same time. The output voltage level of these pins is  $V_{DD}$  during sleep mode or standby mode.

### **8.21 C1P, C1N, C2P, C2N, C1Y, C3P, C4P**

When internal DC-DC voltage converter is used, external capacitor is connected between these pins. Please refer to the system block diagram for external capacitors connection in Figure 5 on page 25.

### **8.22 CL**

This pin is the system clock I/O. This pin is the external clock input for the device, which is enabled by using extended command. It should be left open under normal operation. The internal oscillator will be used after power on reset.

### **8.23 M**

This pin is used for cascade purpose only. It should be left open under normal operation.

### **8.24 SYN**

This pin is used for cascade purpose only. It should be left open under normal operation.

### **8.25 BUSY**

This pin will be high during RAM buffer read/write operation and during graphic commands executing. System programmer should read this pin (low is ready, high is busy) before sending next RAM buffer related command (e.g. RAM write – 5CH; RAM read – 5DH OR any graphic commands)

### **8.26 NC**

The No connection (NC) pin should NOT be connected to any signal pin nor shorted to other NC pins in application. It should be left open.

### **8.27 DUMMY**

This pin is a floating dummy pin with no internal circuit connection.

## 9 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DESCRIPTIONS

### 9.1 Microprocessor Interface Logic

The Microprocessor Interface unit consists of three functional blocks for driving the 6800-series parallel interface, 8080-series parallel interface, 3-lines serial peripheral interface and 4-lines serial peripheral interface. The selection of different interface is done by PS2, PS1 and PS0 pins. Please refer to the pin descriptions on page 17.

#### a) MPU Parallel 6800-series Interface

The parallel Interface consists of 16 bi-directional data pins (D15 – D0),  $R/\overline{W}$ ,  $D/\overline{C}$ , E and  $\overline{CS}$ .  $R/\overline{W}$  input high indicates a read operation from the Graphical Display Data RAM (GDDRAM) or the status register.  $R/\overline{W}$  input low indicates a write operation to Display Data RAM or Internal Command Registers depending on the status of  $D/\overline{C}$  input. The E input serves as data latch signal (clock) when high provided that  $\overline{CS}$  is low. Please refer to Figure 16 & Figure 17 for Parallel Interface Timing Diagram of 6800-series microprocessors. In order to match the operating frequency of the GDDRAM with that of the MCU, some pipeline processing is internally performed which requires the insertion of a dummy read before the first actual display data read. This is shown in the following diagram.

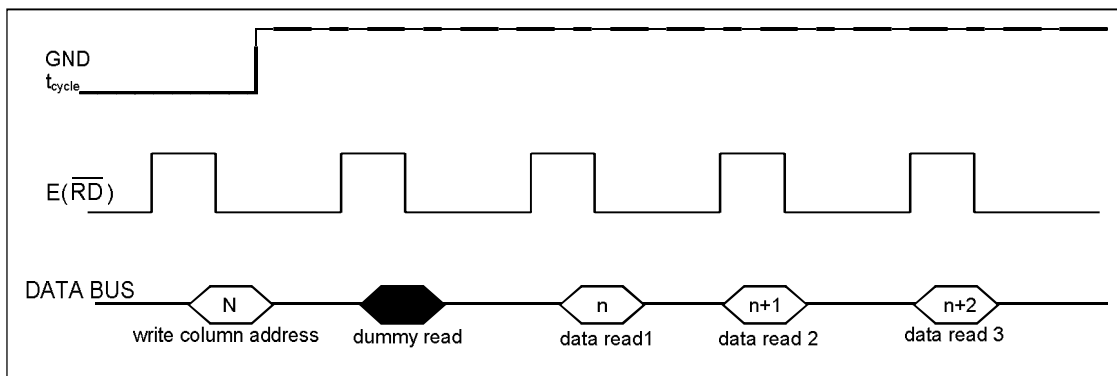


Figure 3 – Read Display Data

#### b) MPU Parallel 8080-series Interface

The parallel interface consists of 16 bi-directional data pins D15 – D0,  $\overline{RD}$ ,  $\overline{WR}$ ,  $D/\overline{C}$  and  $\overline{CS}$ .  $\overline{RD}$  input serves as data read latch signal (clock) when low provided that  $\overline{CS}$  is low. Whether reading the display data from GDDRAM or reading the status from the status register is controlled by  $D/\overline{C}$ .  $\overline{WR}$  input serves as data write latch signal (clock) when low provided that  $\overline{CS}$  is low. Whether writing the display data to the GDDRAM or writing the command to the command register is controlled by  $D/\overline{C}$ . A dummy read is also required before the first actual display data read for 8080-series interface.

#### c) MPU 4-lines Serial Peripheral Interface

The 4-lines serial peripheral Interface consists of serial clock SCK, serial data SDA,  $D/\overline{C}$  and  $\overline{CS}$ . SDA is shifted into 8-bit shift register on every rising edge of SCK in the order of data bit 7, data bit 6 ..... data bit 0.  $D/\overline{C}$  is sampled on every eighth clock to determine whether the data byte in the shift register is written to the Display Data RAM or command register at the same clock. Please refer to Figure 20 on page 66 for serial interface timing.

d) MPU 3-lines Serial Peripheral Interface

The operation is similar to 4-lines serial peripheral interface while  $\overline{D/C}$  is not used. There are altogether 9-bits will be shifted into the shift register on every ninth clock in sequence:  $\overline{D/C}$  bit, D7 to D0 bit. The  $\overline{D/C}$  bit (first bit of the sequential data) will determine the following data byte in the shift register is written to the Display Data RAM ( $\overline{D/C}$  bit = 1) or the command register ( $\overline{D/C}$  bit = 0).

	<b>6800 – series Parallel Interface</b>	<b>8080 – series Parallel Interface</b>	<b>3-lines or 4-lines Serial peripheral Interface</b>
Data Read	16/8-bits	16/8-bits	No
Data Write	16/8-bits	16/8-bits	8-bits
Command Read	Status only	Status only	No
Command Write	Yes	Yes	Yes

**Table 5 - Data bus selection modes**

## 9.2 Reset Circuit

This block is integrated into the Microprocessor Interface Logic which includes Power On Reset circuitry and the hardware reset pin,  $\overline{\text{RES}}$ . Both of these having the same reset function. Once the  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin receives a negative reset pulse, all internal circuitry will start to initialize. The minimum pulse width for completing the reset sequence is 10 $\mu$ s. The status of the chip after reset is given by:

When  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  input is low, the chip is initialized to the following:

1. Display ON/OFF:	Display is OFF
2. Normal/Inverse Display:	Normal Display
3. COM Scan Direction:	ROW0-ROW159 = COM0-COM159
4. Internal Oscillator:	Disable
5. Reference Voltage Generation Circuit:	Disable
6. Voltage regulator and Voltage Follower:	Disable
7. Booster:	Disable
8. Bias ratio:	1/9
9. Multiplex ratio:	160 Mux
10. Contrast level	32
11. Internal Regulator gain	7.02
12. Average temperature gradient:	-0.23%/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
13. Partial display mode:	Disable
Start COM address:	0
End COM address:	0
14. Area Scroll set	
Top block address:	0
Bottom block address:	0
Number of specified block:	0
Area scroll mode:	Whole screen scroll mode
15. Scroll start set	
Start block address:	0
16. Data Scan Direction	
Normal/inverse display of page address:	Normal
Normal/inverse display of column address:	Normal
Address-scan direction:	Column direction
RGB arrangement:	RGB
Gray-scale setup:	4K color
17. Start Page Address set:	0
18. End Page Address set:	0
19. Start Column address set:	0
20. End Column address set:	0
21. Select PWM/FRC	5-bit PWM + 1-bit FRC mode

### **9.3 Command Decoder**

This module determines whether the input data is interpreted as data or command. Data is directed to this module based upon the input of the  $\overline{D/C}$  pin. If  $\overline{D/C}$  pin is high, data is written to Graphic Display data RAM (GDDRAM). If it is low, the input at D7 – D0 is interpreted as a Command and it will be decoded. The decoded command will be written to the corresponding command register.

### **9.4 Graphic Display Data RAM (GDDRAM)**

The GDDRAM is a bit mapped static RAM holding the bit pattern to be displayed. The size of the RAM is 132 RGB x 168 x 18 = 399168 bits. Figure 4 on page 24 is a description of the GDDRAM address map. For mechanical flexibility, re-mapping on both Segment and Common outputs can be selected by software. Please refer to the command “Data Output/Scan direction” in Table 6 on page 27 for detail description.

Four pages of display data form a RAM address block and stored in the GDDRAM. Each block will form the fundamental units of scrolling addresses. Various types of area scrolling can be performed by software program according to the command “Set area Scroll” and “Set Scroll Start” in Table 13 on page 40.

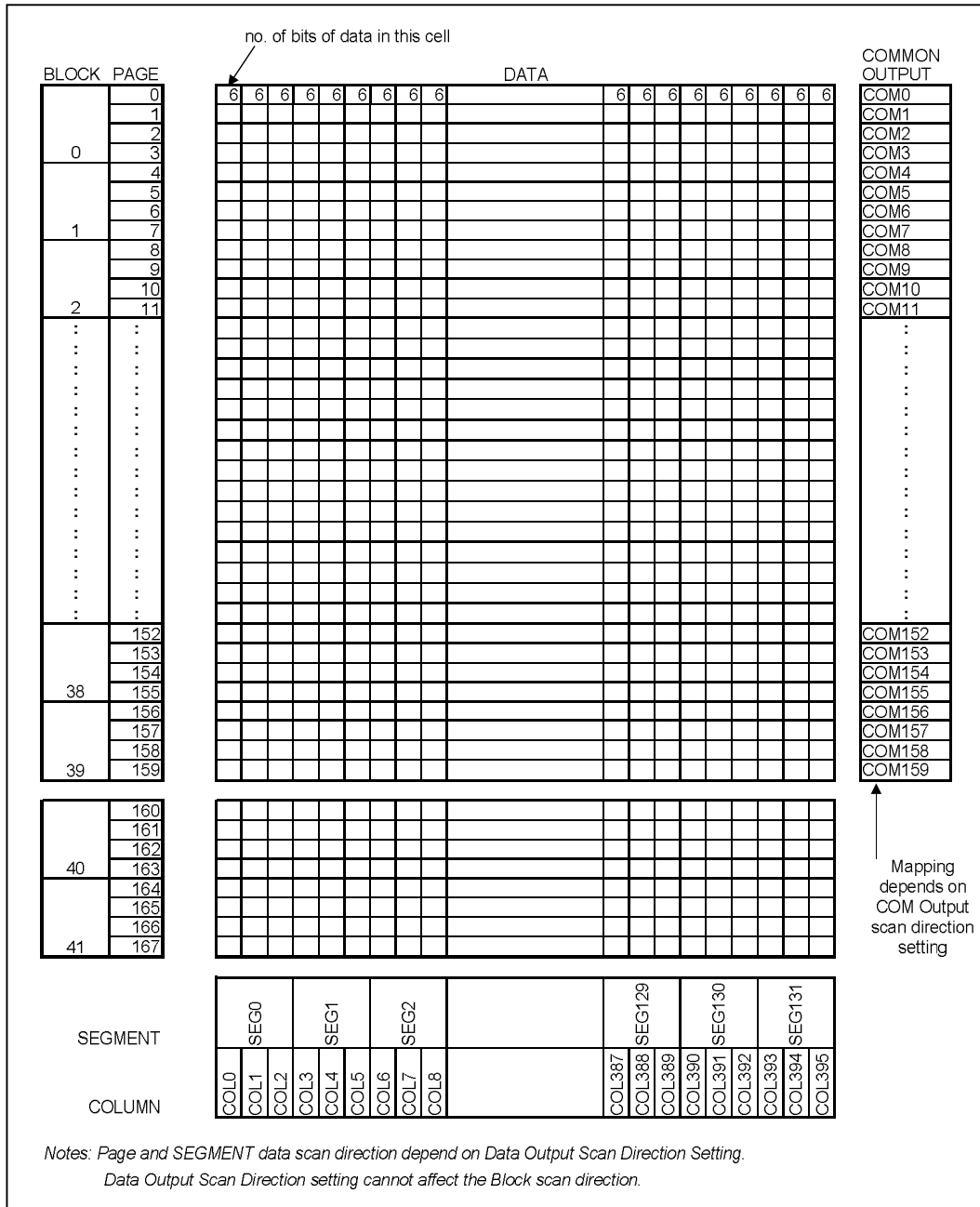


Figure 4 – Graphic Display Data RAM Map



## 9.5 LCD Driving Voltage Generator and Regulator

This module generates the LCD voltage needed for display output. It takes a single supply input and generates necessary bias voltages. It consists of:

1. 4X, 5X, 6X and 7X DC-DC voltage converter.
2. Bias Divider - If the output op-amp buffer option in Set Power Control Register command is enabled, this circuit block will divide the regulator output ( $V_{OUT}$ ) to give the LCD driving levels ( $V_{L2} - V_{L5}$ ).
3. Contrast Control -Software control of 64 voltage levels of LCD voltage.
4. Bias Ratio Selection circuitry -Software control of 1/7 to 1/14 bias ratio to match the characteristic of LCD panel.
5. Self adjust temperature compensation circuitry - Provide 5 different compensation grade selections to satisfy the various liquid crystal temperature grades. The grading can be selected by software control. Defaulted temperature coefficient (TC) value is  $-0.23\%/^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

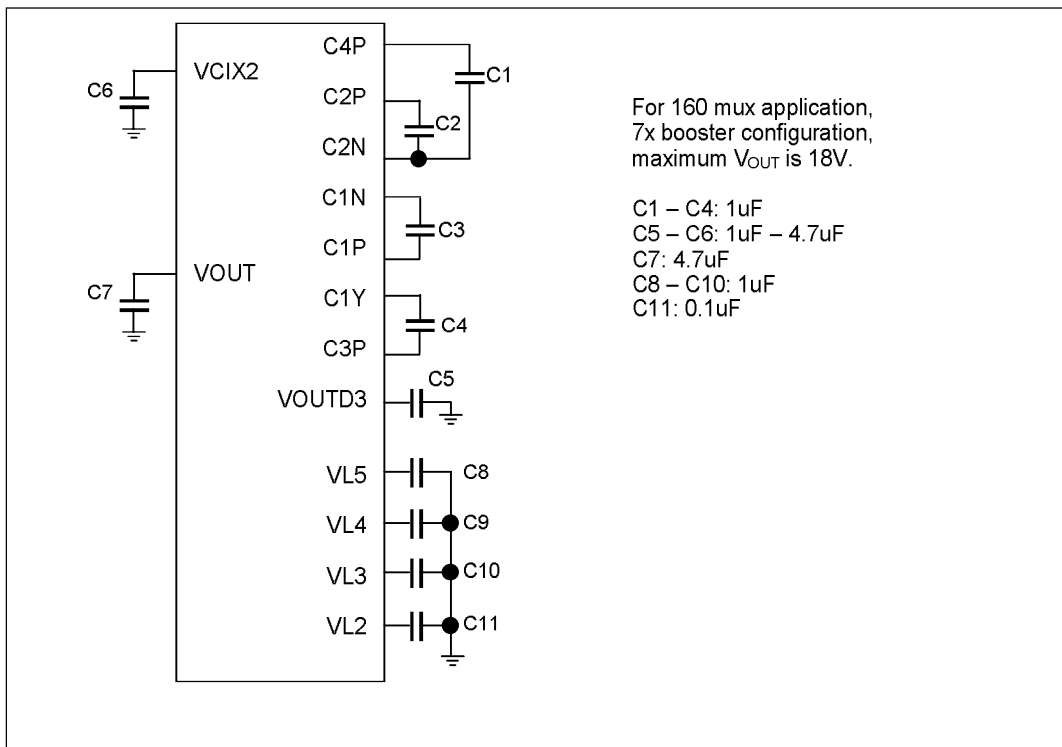


Figure 5 - SSD1783 Booster and Divider Configurations

## 9.6 Oscillator Circuit

This module is an On-Chip low power RC oscillator circuitry (Figure 6). The oscillator generates the clock for the DC-DC voltage converter. This clock is also used in the Display Timing Generator.

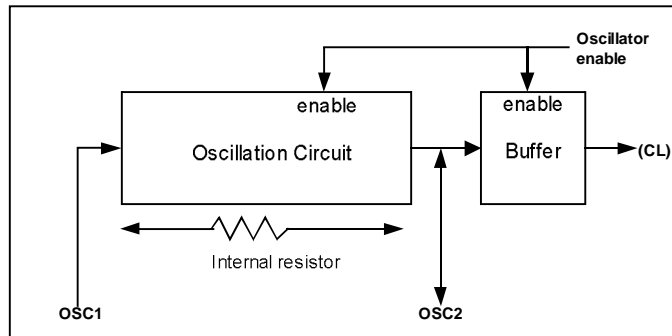


Figure 6 - Oscillator structural block diagram

## 9.7 Display Data Latch

This block is a series of latches carrying the display signal information. These latches hold the data, which will be fed to the HV Buffer Cell and Level Selector to output the required voltage level.

## 9.8 HV Buffer Cell (Level Shifter)

This block is embedded in the Segment/Common Driver Circuits. HV Buffer Cell works as a level shifter, which translates the low voltage output signal to the required driving voltage. The output is shifted out with reference to the internal FRM clock, which comes from the Display Timing Generator. The voltage levels are given by the level selector, which is synchronized with the internal M signal.

## 9.9 Level Selector

This block is embedded in the Segment/Common Driver circuits. Level Selector is a control of the display synchronization. Display voltage levels can be separated into two sets and used with different cycles. Synchronization is important since it selects the required LCD voltage level to the HV Buffer Cell, which in turn outputs the COM or SEG LCD waveform.

## 10 COMMAND TABLE

Table 6 - COMMAND TABLE

D/C	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description
0 1 1	15	0 X <sub>7</sub> Y <sub>7</sub>	0 X <sub>6</sub> Y <sub>6</sub>	0 X <sub>5</sub> Y <sub>5</sub>	1 X <sub>4</sub> Y <sub>4</sub>	0 X <sub>3</sub> Y <sub>3</sub>	1 X <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>2</sub>	0 X <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>1</sub>	1 X <sub>0</sub> Y <sub>0</sub>	Set Column Address	Set the start column address by X <sub>7</sub> X <sub>6</sub> X <sub>5</sub> X <sub>4</sub> X <sub>3</sub> X <sub>2</sub> X <sub>1</sub> X <sub>0</sub> Set the end column address by Y <sub>7</sub> Y <sub>6</sub> Y <sub>5</sub> Y <sub>4</sub> Y <sub>3</sub> Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> Column address = 00000000b (POR) Column address is in a range of 0~131.
0 1 1	75	0 X <sub>7</sub> Y <sub>7</sub>	1 X <sub>6</sub> Y <sub>6</sub>	1 X <sub>5</sub> Y <sub>5</sub>	1 X <sub>4</sub> Y <sub>4</sub>	0 X <sub>3</sub> Y <sub>3</sub>	1 X <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>2</sub>	0 X <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>1</sub>	1 X <sub>0</sub> Y <sub>0</sub>	Set Page Address	Set the start page address by X <sub>7</sub> X <sub>6</sub> X <sub>5</sub> X <sub>4</sub> X <sub>3</sub> X <sub>2</sub> X <sub>1</sub> X <sub>0</sub> Set the end page address by Y <sub>7</sub> Y <sub>6</sub> Y <sub>5</sub> Y <sub>4</sub> Y <sub>3</sub> Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> Page address = 00000000b (POR) Page address is in a range of 0~167.
0 1	BB	1 *	0 *	1 *	1 *	1 *	0 X <sub>2</sub>	1 X <sub>1</sub>	1 X <sub>0</sub>	Set COM Output Scan Direction	X <sub>2</sub> X <sub>1</sub> X <sub>0</sub> ROW0...ROW79 ROW80...ROW159 0 0 0 COM0->COM79 COM80-> COM159 (POR) 0 0 1 COM0->COM79 COM159<-COM80 0 1 0 COM79<-COM0 COM80-> COM159 0 1 1 COM79<-COM0 COM159<-COM80
0 1 1 1	BC	1 * * *	0 * * *	1 * * *	1 * * P <sub>34</sub>	1 * * P <sub>33</sub>	1 P <sub>12</sub> P <sub>22</sub> P <sub>32</sub>	0 P <sub>11</sub> P <sub>21</sub> P <sub>31</sub>	0 P <sub>10</sub> P <sub>20</sub> P <sub>30</sub>	Set Data Output Scan Direction	a) Normal or Reverse page/column/scan directions P <sub>10</sub> = 0: set page address to normal display (POR) P <sub>10</sub> = 1: set page address to inverse display P <sub>11</sub> = 0: set column address to normal rotation (POR) P <sub>11</sub> = 1: set column address to inverse rotation P <sub>12</sub> = 0: set scan direction to column scan (POR) P <sub>12</sub> = 1: set scan direction to page scan Please refer to the Figure 7 on page 36 for detail description of column/page scan direction modes  b) RGB color arrangement P <sub>22</sub> , P <sub>21</sub> , P <sub>20</sub> : The control bits are used for setting the (RGB) color arrangement of segment output. 000 is the POR value. Please refer to the Table 11 on page 37 for detail mapping of the segment output.  c) Gray-scale selection P <sub>31</sub> P <sub>30</sub> Gray-scale modes 0 0 16-bit/pixel mode 0 1 8-bit/pixel mode 1 0 12-bit/pixel mode (POR) 1 1 18-bit/pixel mode  P <sub>32</sub> = 0: direct write mode (POR) P <sub>32</sub> = 1: use gamma correction  P <sub>34</sub> P <sub>33</sub> 0 0 type A (if using 18-bit/pixel mode) (POR) 0 1 type B (if using 18-bit/pixel mode) 1 0 type C (if using 18-bit/pixel mode) Please refer to the Table 12 on page 37 for detail description of different gray-scale selection modes. Different gray-scale selection modes.

D/C	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description
0	CE	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	0	Set 262K/65K/4K/256 Color Look Up Table (LUT)	N=32 for 18 bit mode N=32 for 16 bit mode N=16 for 12 bit mode N=10 for 8 bit mode
1		*	*	X <sub>51</sub>	X <sub>41</sub>	X <sub>31</sub>	X <sub>21</sub>	X <sub>11</sub>	X <sub>01</sub>		
1		*	*	X <sub>52</sub>	X <sub>42</sub>	X <sub>32</sub>	X <sub>22</sub>	X <sub>12</sub>	X <sub>02</sub>		
					⋮						
1		*	*	X <sub>58</sub>	X <sub>48</sub>	X <sub>38</sub>	X <sub>28</sub>	X <sub>18</sub>	X <sub>08</sub>		
1		*	*	X <sub>59</sub>	X <sub>49</sub>	X <sub>39</sub>	X <sub>29</sub>	X <sub>19</sub>	X <sub>09</sub>		
					⋮						
1		*	*	X <sub>516</sub>	X <sub>416</sub>	X <sub>316</sub>	X <sub>216</sub>	X <sub>116</sub>	X <sub>016</sub>		
1		*	*	X <sub>517</sub>	X <sub>417</sub>	X <sub>317</sub>	X <sub>217</sub>	X <sub>117</sub>	X <sub>017</sub>		
					⋮						
1		*	*	X <sub>5N</sub>	X <sub>4N</sub>	X <sub>3N</sub>	X <sub>2N</sub>	X <sub>1N</sub>	X <sub>0N</sub>		
0	CA	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	Set Display Control	Driver duty selection Select driver duty from 1/32 to 1/160. As Y <sub>5</sub> Y <sub>4</sub> Y <sub>3</sub> Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> is increased from 000111b to 100111b, the number of display lines, N is increased at the same rating. To specify the Y <sub>5</sub> Y <sub>4</sub> Y <sub>3</sub> Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> = (N/4)-1
1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1		*	*	Y <sub>5</sub>	Y <sub>4</sub>	Y <sub>3</sub>	Y <sub>2</sub>	Y <sub>1</sub>	Y <sub>0</sub>		
1		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
0	AA	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	Set Area Scroll	<p>a) Top Block Address X<sub>5</sub>X<sub>4</sub>X<sub>3</sub>X<sub>2</sub>X<sub>1</sub>X<sub>0</sub> is used to specify the block address (1 block = 4 lines) at the top of the scrolling area. Top block address = 000000b (POR)</p> <p>b) Bottom Block Address Y<sub>5</sub>Y<sub>4</sub>Y<sub>3</sub>Y<sub>2</sub>Y<sub>1</sub>Y<sub>0</sub> is used to specify the block address (1 block = 4 lines) at the bottom of the scrolling area. Bottom block address = 000000b (POR)</p> <p>c) Number of specified Blocks The number of specified blocks = Number of (Top fixed area + Scroll area) blocks - 1. If bottom scroll or whole screen scroll mode is chosen, the number of specified blocks is set to Z<sub>5</sub>~ Z<sub>0</sub> Number of specified blocks = 000000b (POR)</p> <p>d) Area Scroll Mode There are four types of area scroll. P<sub>41</sub> P<sub>40</sub>      Types of Area Scroll 0   0            Center Screen Scroll 0   1            Top Screen Scroll 1   0            Bottom Screen Scroll 1   1            Whole Screen Scroll</p>
1		*	*	X <sub>5</sub>	X <sub>4</sub>	X <sub>3</sub>	X <sub>2</sub>	X <sub>1</sub>	X <sub>0</sub>		
1		*	*	Y <sub>5</sub>	Y <sub>4</sub>	Y <sub>3</sub>	Y <sub>2</sub>	Y <sub>1</sub>	Y <sub>0</sub>		
1		*	*	Z <sub>5</sub>	Z <sub>4</sub>	Z <sub>3</sub>	Z <sub>2</sub>	Z <sub>1</sub>	Z <sub>0</sub>		
1		*	*	*	*	*	*	P <sub>41</sub>	P <sub>40</sub>		
											Type of area scroll = Whole Screen Scroll (POR)

D/C	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description
0 1	AB	1 *	0 *	1 X <sub>5</sub>	0 X <sub>4</sub>	1 X <sub>3</sub>	0 X <sub>2</sub>	1 X <sub>1</sub>	1 X <sub>0</sub>	Set Scroll Start	X <sub>5</sub> X <sub>4</sub> X <sub>3</sub> X <sub>2</sub> X <sub>1</sub> X <sub>0</sub> specify the start block address (1 block = 4 lines) of area scrolling. Start block address = 000000b (POR)
0 1	20	0 *	0 *	1 *	0 *	0 X <sub>3</sub>	0 X <sub>2</sub>	0 X <sub>1</sub>	0 X <sub>0</sub>	Set Power Control Register	X <sub>0</sub> =0: turns off the reference voltage generator (POR) X <sub>0</sub> =1: turns on the reference voltage generator X <sub>1</sub> =0: turns off the internal regulator and voltage follower (POR) X <sub>1</sub> =1: turns on the internal regulator and voltage follower Select booster level X <sub>3</sub> X <sub>2</sub> Boost level 0 0 4X 0 1 5X 1 0 6X 1 1 7X
0 1 1	81	1 * *	0 * *	0 X <sub>5</sub> *	0 X <sub>4</sub> *	0 X <sub>3</sub> *	0 X <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>2</sub>	0 X <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>1</sub>	1 X <sub>0</sub> Y <sub>0</sub>	Set Contrast Level & Internal Regulator Resistor Ratio	a) Select contrast level from 64 contrast steps Contrast increases as X <sub>5</sub> X <sub>4</sub> X <sub>3</sub> X <sub>2</sub> X <sub>1</sub> X <sub>0</sub> is increased from 000000b to 111111b. X <sub>5</sub> X <sub>4</sub> X <sub>3</sub> X <sub>2</sub> X <sub>1</sub> X <sub>0</sub> = 100000b (POR)  b) The internal regulator gain (1+R <sub>2</sub> /R <sub>1</sub> ) V <sub>OUT</sub> increases as Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> is increased from 000b to 111b. The factor, 1+R <sub>2</sub> /R <sub>1</sub> , is given by: Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> = 000: 7.02 (POR) Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> = 001: 7.89 Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> = 010: 8.76 Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> = 011: 9.63 Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> = 100: 10.5 Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> = 101: 11.37 Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> = 110: 12.24 Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> = 111: 13.11
0	D6 - D7	1	1	0	1	0	1	1	X <sub>0</sub>	Increment / Decrement of the contrast set	X <sub>0</sub> =0: The contrast set of voltage regulator is incremented by 1 X <sub>0</sub> =1: The contrast set of voltage regulator is decremented by 1
0	A6 - A7	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	X <sub>0</sub>	Set Normal/Inverse Display	X <sub>0</sub> =0: normal display (POR) X <sub>0</sub> =1: inverse display
0 1 1	A8	1 X <sub>7</sub> Y <sub>7</sub>	0 X <sub>6</sub> Y <sub>6</sub>	1 X <sub>5</sub> Y <sub>5</sub>	0 X <sub>4</sub> Y <sub>4</sub>	1 X <sub>3</sub> Y <sub>3</sub>	0 X <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>2</sub>	0 X <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>1</sub>	0 X <sub>0</sub> Y <sub>0</sub>	Enter partial Display	X <sub>7</sub> X <sub>6</sub> X <sub>5</sub> X <sub>4</sub> X <sub>3</sub> X <sub>2</sub> X <sub>1</sub> X <sub>0</sub> : Start COM Address = 0000000b (POR) Y <sub>7</sub> Y <sub>6</sub> Y <sub>5</sub> Y <sub>4</sub> Y <sub>3</sub> Y <sub>2</sub> Y <sub>1</sub> Y <sub>0</sub> : End COM Address = 0000000b (POR)
0	A9	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	Exit partial Display	Exit the "partial display mode" by executing the command 10101001b (POR)
0	AE - AF	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	X <sub>0</sub>	Set Display On/Off	X <sub>0</sub> =0: turns off LCD panel (POR) X <sub>0</sub> =1: turns on LCD panel
0	94 - 95	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	X <sub>0</sub>	Enter/Exit sleep mode	X <sub>0</sub> =0: exit the sleep mode. X <sub>0</sub> =1: enter sleep mode. (POR)
0	D1 - D3	1	1	0	1	0	0	X <sub>1</sub>	X <sub>0</sub>	Enable/disable internal oscillator	X <sub>1</sub> X <sub>0</sub> Internal oscillator status 0 1 ON 1 0 OFF (POR)

D/C	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description
0 1	82	1 *	0 *	0 *	0 *	0 *	0 *	1 X <sub>1</sub>	0 X <sub>0</sub>	Set temperature compensation coefficient	Average temperature gradients X <sub>1</sub> X <sub>0</sub> Average Temperature Gradient [%/oC] 0 0            -0.10 0 1            -0.15 1 0            -0.23(POR) 1 1            -0.30
0 1 1 1 1	F4 08 00 58 03	1 0 0 0 0	1 0 0 1 0	1 0 0 1 0	1 0 0 1 0	0 1 0 1 0	1 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 1	0 0 0 0 1	Set the smallest temperature compensation coefficient	The average temperature gradient will be set to -0.03%/oC. This command will overwrite the command from 0X82.
0	25	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	NOP	Command result in No Operation The command should be issued after the execution of the Status Read command
0 1	5C	0 Y <sub>71</sub>	1 Y <sub>61</sub>	0 Y <sub>51</sub>	1 Y <sub>41</sub>	1 Y <sub>31</sub>	1 Y <sub>21</sub>	0 Y <sub>11</sub>	0 Y <sub>01</sub>	Write display data	Enter the "write display data mode" by executing the command 01011100b. The following byte is used to specify the data byte to be written to the GDDRAM directly. The D/C bit should be stated at logic "1" during the display data is written to the GDDRAM.

Remark: "\*" denote DON'T CARE bit

**Table 7 - Graphic command table**

D/C	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description			
0	83	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	Draw Line	Enter the "Draw line mode" by executing the command 1000011. The following four bytes (A <sub>0</sub> to A <sub>7</sub> , B <sub>0</sub> to B <sub>7</sub> , C <sub>0</sub> to C <sub>7</sub> , D <sub>0</sub> to D <sub>7</sub> ) are used to specify the start coordinates of X address, start coordinates of Y address, end coordinates of X address and the end coordinates of Y address. The remaining two bytes are used to specify the color. 16-bits color will be used for 18/16-bit pixel mode, 12 bit color will be used for 12/8-bit pixel mode.			
1		A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>					
1		B <sub>7</sub>	B <sub>6</sub>	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>					
1		C <sub>7</sub>	C <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>					
1		D <sub>7</sub>	D <sub>6</sub>	D <sub>5</sub>	D <sub>4</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>0</sub>					
For 16-bit color														
1		R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>0</sub>	G <sub>5</sub>	G <sub>4</sub>	G <sub>3</sub>					
1		G <sub>2</sub>	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>0</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>					
For 12-bit color														
1		R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>0</sub>	G <sub>3</sub>	G <sub>2</sub>	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>0</sub>					
1	*	*	*	*	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>						
<i>Remark: A, C ≤ 131, A &lt; C; B, D ≤ 159, B &lt; D</i>														
0	92	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	Fill Enable/Disable	Enter the "Fill Enable/Disable mode" by executing the command 10010010. A <sub>0</sub> =0: Filled color option is disabled (POR) A <sub>0</sub> =1: Filled color option is enabled  A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> =00: no gradient fill (POR) A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> =01: enable x-direction gradient fill A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> =10: enable y-direction gradient fill A <sub>3</sub> A <sub>2</sub> =11: enable x and y direction gradient fill  A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> =00: set gradient slope to pixel distance /1 (largest) (POR) A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> =01: set gradient slope to pixel distance /2 A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> =10: set gradient slope to pixel distance /4 A <sub>5</sub> A <sub>4</sub> =11: set gradient slope to pixel distance /8 (smallest)  A <sub>6</sub> =0: dim to white (POR) A <sub>6</sub> =1: dim to black			
1		*	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>					
0	84	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Draw rectangle	Enter the "Draw rectangle mode" by executing the command 10000100. The following four bytes (A <sub>0</sub> to A <sub>7</sub> , B <sub>0</sub> to B <sub>7</sub> , C <sub>0</sub> to C <sub>7</sub> , D <sub>0</sub> to D <sub>7</sub> ) are used to specify the start coordinates of X address, start coordinates of Y address, end coordinates of X address and the end coordinates of Y address. The next two bytes are used to specify the border color. The last two bytes are used to specify the fill color. (depends on fill option of command 0x92).  If gradient fill is enabled in command 0x92, the data byte which specific the border color is also used to specify the x,y coordinate of gradient start, and it should be within the rectangle.			
1		A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>					
1		B <sub>7</sub>	B <sub>6</sub>	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>					
1		C <sub>7</sub>	C <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>					
1		D <sub>7</sub>	D <sub>6</sub>	D <sub>5</sub>	D <sub>4</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>0</sub>					
For 16-bit color														
1		R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>0</sub>	G <sub>5</sub>	G <sub>4</sub>	G <sub>3</sub>					
1		G <sub>2</sub>	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>0</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>					
1		R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>0</sub>	G <sub>5</sub>	G <sub>4</sub>	G <sub>3</sub>					
1		G <sub>2</sub>	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>0</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>					
For 12-bit color														
1	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>0</sub>	G <sub>3</sub>	G <sub>2</sub>	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>0</sub>						
1	*	*	*	*	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>						
1	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>0</sub>	G <sub>3</sub>	G <sub>2</sub>	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>0</sub>						
1	*	*	*	*	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>						
<i>Remark: A, C ≤ 131, A &lt; C; B, D ≤ 159, B &lt; D</i>														

D/C	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description
0	86	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	Draw circle	Enter the "Draw circle mode" by executing the command 10000110. The first three bytes (A <sub>0</sub> to A <sub>7</sub> , B <sub>0</sub> to B <sub>7</sub> , C <sub>0</sub> to C <sub>7</sub> ) are used to specify the centre's X coordinate, Y coordinate, circle's radius respectively. The next two bytes are used to specify the border color. The last two bytes are used to specify the fill color (depends on fill option of command 0x92).
1		A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>		
1		B <sub>7</sub>	B <sub>6</sub>	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		
1		C <sub>7</sub>	C <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>		
		For 16-bit color									
1		R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>0</sub>	G <sub>5</sub>	G <sub>4</sub>	G <sub>3</sub>		
1		G <sub>2</sub>	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>0</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		
1		R <sub>4</sub>	R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>0</sub>	G <sub>5</sub>	G <sub>4</sub>	G <sub>3</sub>		
1		G <sub>2</sub>	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>0</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		
		For 12-bit color									
1		R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>0</sub>	G <sub>3</sub>	G <sub>2</sub>	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>0</sub>		
1		*	*	*	*	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		
1		R <sub>3</sub>	R <sub>2</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	R <sub>0</sub>	G <sub>3</sub>	G <sub>2</sub>	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>0</sub>		
1		*	*	*	*	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		
		<i>Remark: 0 ≤ A<sub>7</sub>~A<sub>0</sub> ≤ 255; 0 ≤ B<sub>7</sub>~B<sub>0</sub> ≤ 255; 1 ≤ C<sub>7</sub>~C<sub>0</sub> ≤ 255</i>									
0	8A	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	Copy	Enter the "Copy mode" by executing the command. The following four bytes (A <sub>0</sub> to A <sub>7</sub> , B <sub>0</sub> to B <sub>7</sub> , C <sub>0</sub> to C <sub>7</sub> , D <sub>0</sub> to D <sub>7</sub> ) are used to specify the start coordinates of X address, start coordinates of Y address, end coordinates or X address and the end coordinates of Y address. The remaining two bytes (E <sub>0</sub> to E <sub>7</sub> , F <sub>0</sub> to F <sub>7</sub> ) are used to specify the new location of X coordinates and Y coordinates.
1		A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>		
1		B <sub>7</sub>	B <sub>6</sub>	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		
1		C <sub>7</sub>	C <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>		
1		D <sub>7</sub>	D <sub>6</sub>	D <sub>5</sub>	D <sub>4</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>0</sub>		
1		E <sub>7</sub>	E <sub>6</sub>	E <sub>5</sub>	E <sub>4</sub>	E <sub>3</sub>	E <sub>2</sub>	E <sub>1</sub>	E <sub>0</sub>		
1		F <sub>7</sub>	F <sub>6</sub>	F <sub>5</sub>	F <sub>4</sub>	F <sub>3</sub>	F <sub>2</sub>	F <sub>1</sub>	F <sub>0</sub>		
		<i>Remarks: A, C ≤ 131, A &lt; C; B, D ≤ 159, B &lt; D</i>									
0	8C	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	Dim Window	Enter the "Dim Window mode" by executing the command 10001100. The following four bytes (A <sub>0</sub> to A <sub>7</sub> , B <sub>0</sub> to B <sub>7</sub> , C <sub>0</sub> to C <sub>7</sub> , D <sub>0</sub> to D <sub>7</sub> ) are used to specify the start coordinates of X address, start coordinates of Y address, end coordinates or X address and the end coordinates of Y address. The selected window area will be dimmed by 75% white or black according to data bit A <sub>6</sub> of command 0x92
1		A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>		
1		B <sub>7</sub>	B <sub>6</sub>	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		
1		C <sub>7</sub>	C <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>		
1		D <sub>7</sub>	D <sub>6</sub>	D <sub>5</sub>	D <sub>4</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>0</sub>		
		<i>Remarks: A, C ≤ 131, A &lt; C; B, D ≤ 159, B &lt; D</i>									
0	8E	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	Clear Window	Enter the "Clear Window mode" by executing the command 10001110. The following four bytes (A <sub>0</sub> to A <sub>7</sub> , B <sub>0</sub> to B <sub>7</sub> , C <sub>0</sub> to C <sub>7</sub> , D <sub>0</sub> to D <sub>7</sub> ) are used to specify the start coordinates of X address, start coordinates of Y address, end coordinates or X address and the end coordinates of Y address. All pixels contrast will be set to 0.
1		A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>		
1		B <sub>7</sub>	B <sub>6</sub>	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		
1		C <sub>7</sub>	C <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>		
1		D <sub>7</sub>	D <sub>6</sub>	D <sub>5</sub>	D <sub>4</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>0</sub>		
		<i>Remarks: A, C ≤ 131, A &lt; C; B, D ≤ 159, B &lt; D</i>									

Remark: "\*" denote DON'T CARE bit  
After executed the graphic command, waiting time is required for update GDDRAM content.  
(When V<sub>DD</sub>=2.4~3.0V, waiting time = 340ns/pixel; When V<sub>DD</sub>=3.0~3.6V, waiting time = 270ns/pixel)



**Table 8 - Extended command table**

D/C	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description
0 1	FB	1 *	1 *	1 *	1 *	1 0	0 B <sub>2</sub>	1 B <sub>1</sub>	1 B <sub>0</sub>	Set biasing ratio	Allow user to set bias from 1/7 to 1/14 B <sub>2</sub> B <sub>1</sub> B <sub>0</sub> Bias ratio 0 0 0            1/7 bias 0 0 1            1/8 bias 0 1 0            1/9 bias (POR) 0 1 1            1/10 bias 1 0 0            1/11 bias 1 0 1            1/12 bias 1 1 0            1/13 bias 1 1 1            1/14 bias
0 1 1	F2	1 0 0	1 0 N <sub>6</sub>	1 0 N <sub>5</sub>	1 0 N <sub>4</sub>	0 F <sub>3</sub> N <sub>3</sub>	0 F <sub>2</sub> N <sub>2</sub>	1 F <sub>1</sub> N <sub>1</sub>	0 F <sub>0</sub> N <sub>0</sub>	Set Frame frequency and N-line Inversion	This command uses to change the frame frequency; set the N-line inversion and N-line inversion mode F <sub>3</sub> F <sub>2</sub> F <sub>1</sub> F <sub>0</sub> 1 1 1 1 : 103 Hz 1 1 1 0 : 99 Hz 1 1 0 1 : 95 Hz 1 1 0 0 : 91 Hz 1 0 1 1 : 87 Hz 1 0 1 0 : 83 Hz 1 0 0 1 : 79 Hz 1 0 0 0 : 75 Hz (POR) 0 1 1 1 : 71 Hz 0 1 1 0 : 67 Hz 0 1 0 1 : 63 Hz 0 1 0 0 : 59 Hz 0 0 1 1 : 55 Hz 0 0 1 0 : 51 Hz 0 0 0 1 : 47 Hz 0 0 0 0 : 43 Hz  The second byte data N <sub>5</sub> N <sub>4</sub> N <sub>3</sub> N <sub>2</sub> N <sub>1</sub> N <sub>0</sub> sets the n-line inversion register from 2 to 64 lines to reduce display crosstalk. Register values from 000001b to 111111b are mapped to 2 lines to 64 lines respectively. Value 00000b disables the N-line inversion. 010000 is the POR value. To avoid a fix polarity at some lines, it should be noted that the total number of mux should NOT be a multiple of the lines of inversion (n). N <sub>6</sub> 0 – reset n-line counter per frame (POR) 1 – will not reset n-line counter per frame

D/C	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description
0	A2 - A3	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	X0	Reserved	
0	F7	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	Select PWM/FRC	X <sub>7</sub> X <sub>0</sub> 0 0 1 1 1 X <sub>0</sub>
1	28	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0		0 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 : 5 bits PWM + 1 bit FRC (POR)
1		X <sub>7</sub>	0	0	0	1	1	1	X <sub>0</sub>		0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 : 6 bits FRC
1	05	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1		1 0 0 0 1 1 1 0 : 4 bits PWM + 2 bits FRC
											1 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 : Reserved
0	F1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	Set COM sequence	X <sub>1</sub> X <sub>0</sub> COM0 – 79 COM80 – 159
1		1	1	X <sub>1</sub>	X <sub>0</sub>	0	0	0	0		0 0 : COM0 - COM79 COM80 - COM159 (POR)
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		0 1 : COM0 - COM31, COM32 - COM63, COM64 – COM111 COM112 - COM159
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		1 0 : COM1 - COM159 (odd) COM0 - COM158 (even)
											1 1 : COM0 - COM158 (even) COM1 - COM159 (odd)
0	F6	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	OTP setting	This command set the offset value of contrast
1		0	0	0	1	X <sub>3</sub>	X <sub>2</sub>	X <sub>1</sub>	X <sub>0</sub>		X <sub>3</sub> X <sub>2</sub> X <sub>1</sub> X <sub>0</sub>
1	0A	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0		0111 : original contrast + 7 step
											0110 : original contrast + 6 step
										0101 : original contrast + 5 steps	
										0100 : original contrast + 4 steps	
										0011 : original contrast + 3 steps	
										0010 : original contrast + 2 steps	
										0001 : original contrast + 1 steps	
										0000 : original contrast (POR)	
										1111 : original contrast - 1 steps	
										1110 : original contrast - 2 steps	
										1101 : original contrast - 3 steps	
										1100 : original contrast - 4 steps	
										1011 : original contrast - 5 steps	
										1010 : original contrast - 6 steps	
										1001 : original contrast - 7 steps	
										1000 : original contrast - 8 step	
0	F8	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	OTP programming	This command starts to program LCD driver with OTP offset value. Each bit can be programmed to 1 once. Detail of OTP programming procedure on page 45

**Table 9 - Read Command Table**

D/C	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description
0 1	5D	0 Y <sub>71</sub>	1 Y <sub>61</sub>	0 Y <sub>51</sub>	1 Y <sub>41</sub>	1 Y <sub>31</sub>	1 Y <sub>21</sub>	0 Y <sub>11</sub>	1 Y <sub>01</sub>	Read display data	Enter the "read display data mode " by executing the command 01011101b. The next byte is a dummy data. The GDDRAM data will be read form the second byte. The GDDRAM column address pointer will be increased by one automatically after each 2-bytes data read. (64K color mode).
0 0	5D	0 D <sub>7</sub>	1 D <sub>6</sub>	0 D <sub>5</sub>	1 D <sub>4</sub>	1 D <sub>3</sub>	1 D <sub>2</sub>	0 D <sub>1</sub>	1 D <sub>0</sub>	Status Register Read	<p>D<sub>7</sub>D<sub>6</sub> = 00: Center Screen Scroll Mode  D<sub>7</sub>D<sub>6</sub> = 01: Top Screen Scroll Mode  D<sub>7</sub>D<sub>6</sub> = 10: Bottom Screen Scroll Mode  D<sub>7</sub>D<sub>6</sub> = 11: Whole Screen Scroll Mode</p> <p>D<sub>4</sub> = 0: Scan Direction is column direction  D<sub>4</sub> = 1: Scan Direction is page direction</p> <p>D<sub>3</sub> = 0: Display is OFF  D<sub>3</sub> = 1: Display is ON</p> <p>D<sub>2</sub> = 0: Sleep Mode is disabled  D<sub>2</sub> = 1: Sleep Mode is enabled</p> <p>D<sub>1</sub> = 0: Display is Inverse  D<sub>1</sub> = 1: Display is Normal</p> <p>D<sub>0</sub> = 0: Partial display is disabled  D<sub>0</sub> = 1: Partial display is enabled</p>

Note: Command patterns other than that given in Command Table are prohibited. Otherwise, unexpected result will occur.

Remark: "\*" denote DON'T CARE bit

## 10.1 Data Read / Write

To read data from the GDDRAM, 5DH command should be executed then input High to  $R/\overline{W}$  ( $\overline{WR}$ ) pin and  $D/\overline{C}$  pin for 6800-series parallel mode. Low to  $E(\overline{RD})$  pin and High to  $D/\overline{C}$  pin for 8080-series parallel mode. No data read is provided for serial mode. In normal mode, GDDRAM column address pointer will be increased by one automatically after each data read in 8-levels gray scale mode OR after each 3-bytes data read in 16-levels gray scale mode. Also, a dummy read is required before the first data is read. See Figure 3 in Functional Description.

To write data to the GDDRAM, input Low to  $R/\overline{W}$  ( $\overline{WR}$ ) pin and High to  $D/\overline{C}$  pin for 6800-series parallel mode. For serial interface, it will always be in write mode. GDDRAM column address pointer will be increased by one automatically after each data write in 8-levels gray scale mode OR each 3-bytes data write in 16-levels scale mode. The address will be reset to 0 in next data read/write operation is executed when it is 103.

# 11 COMMAND DESCRIPTIONS

## 11.1 Set Column Address (15 H)

This command specifies the 8-bit column address of the display data RAM. The start and the end column address are specified by this command. The driver supports up to 132 columns. As the addresses are incremented from the start column to the end column in the column direction scan, the page address is incremented by 1. The column address is then returned to the start column. The column address will be increased by each data access after it is preset by the MCU. Start column < End column must be maintained.

		RGB Alignment using 262K color mode																											
LCD Read Direction ↓	Color	0												1												65			
		R1	G1	B1	R2	G2	B2	R1	G1	B1	R2	G2	B2	R1	G1	B1	R2	G2	B2										
	Data	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7
	Page	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6
	Data	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5
	Page	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4
	Data	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3
	Page	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2
	Color	65						64						0															
	R2	G2	B2	R1	G1	B1	R2	G2	B2	R1	G1	B1	R2	G2	B2	R1	G1	B1											
	Data	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15	D7	D15										
	Page	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14	D6	D14										
	Data	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13	D5	D13										
	Page	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12	D4	D12										
Data	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11	D3	D11											
Page	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10	D2	D10											
BLOCK	P10=0	P10=1																											
0	0	167																											
	1	166																											
	2	165																											
	3	164																											
1	4	163																											
	5	162																											
	6	161																											
	7	160																											
...	:	:																											
...	:	:																											
...	:	:																											
...	:	:																											
...	:	:																											
...	:	:																											
...	:	:																											
...	:	:																											
...	:	:																											
39	156	11																											
	157	10																											
	158	9																											
	159	8																											
40	160	7																											
	161	6																											
	162	5																											
	163	4																											
41	164	3																											
	165	2																											
	166	1																											
	167	0																											

SEGMENT OUTPUTS	COL0	COL1	COL2	COL3	COL4	COL5	COL6	COL7	COL8	COL9	COL10	COL11	COL390	COL391	COL392	COL393	COL394	COL395
-----------------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	------	-------	-------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------	--------

Table 10 - RAM arrangements of 18-bit/pixel, direct write mode.

### 11.2 Set Page Address (75 H)

This command enters the page address from 0 to 167 to the RAM page register for read/write operations. The driver supports up to 160 lines. All in all, there are 168 pages. As the addresses are incremented from the start page to the end page in the page direction scan, the column address is incremented by 1. The page address is then returned to the start page. Start page < End page must be maintained.

### 11.3 Set COM Output Scan Direction (BB H)

This command sets the scan direction of the COM output allowing layout flexibility in LCD module assembly. Please refer to the Table 6 on Page 27 for detail mapping. In addition, the display will have immediate effect once this command is issued. That is, if this command is sent during normal display, the graphic display will have vertical flipping effect.

### 11.4 Set Data Output Scan Direction (BC H)

This command sets the DDRAM such that the MPU operates the display data in the internal RAM.

#### A. Normal or Inverse page/column/scan directions

The Data Scan direction can be set to either normal or inverse display page and column address scan direction. The column and the page direction are illustrated in the following figure.

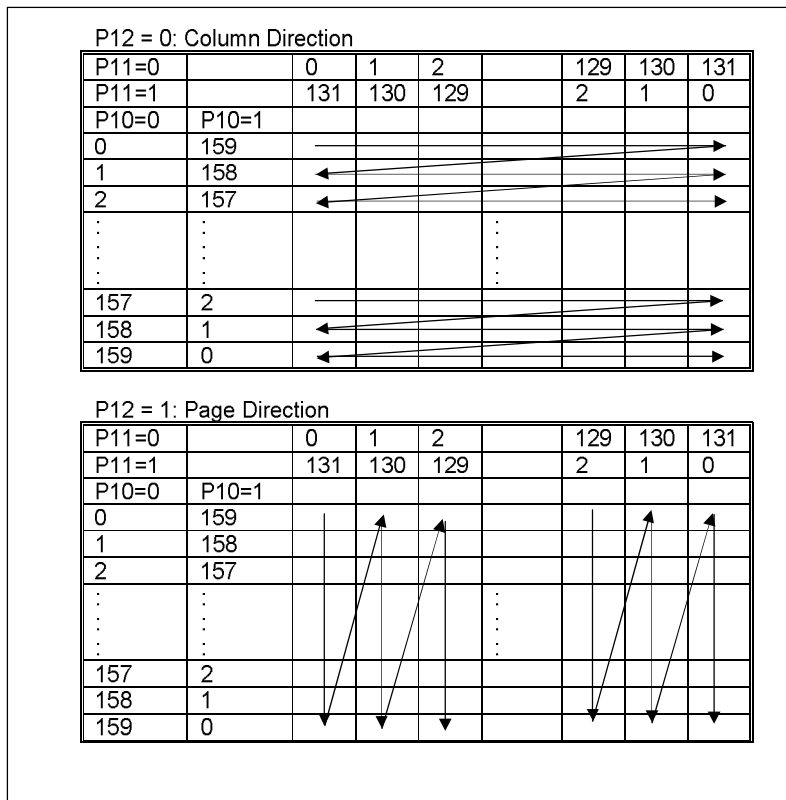


Figure 7 - column and page scan direction

The parameters following the command set data output scan direction specifies the RGB arrangement and the selection of various gray-scale modes. Please find the information of the RGB arrangement and the gray scale mode in the following section.

**B. RGB arrangement mode**

The RGB arrangement mode can be selected according to the following table. Three selection bits will give eight combinations of the RGB arrangements. Each combination set will specify the Red, Green and Blue segment output arrangement in odd and even page.

P22, P21, P20	LINE	COL0	COL1	COL2	COL3	COL4	COL5	COL6	COL7	...	COL395
000 (POR)	Even page	R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	...	B
	Odd page	R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	...	B
001	1	B	G	R	B	G	R	B	G	...	R
	2	B	G	R	B	G	R	B	G	...	R
010	1	R	G	B	B	G	R	R	G	...	R
	2	R	G	B	B	G	R	R	G	...	R
011	1	B	G	R	R	G	B	B	G	...	B
	2	B	G	R	R	G	B	B	G	...	B
100	1	R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	...	B
	2	B	G	R	B	G	R	B	G	...	R
101	1	B	G	R	B	G	R	B	G	...	R
	2	R	G	B	R	G	B	R	G	...	B
110	1	R	G	B	B	G	R	R	G	...	R
	2	B	G	R	R	G	B	B	G	...	B
111	1	B	G	R	R	G	B	B	G	...	B
	2	R	G	B	B	G	R	R	G	...	R

**Table 11 - RGB Arrangement modes**

**C. Gray scale mode**

Gray scale selection and corresponding data bus arrangement for different bus interface mode are illustrated in the following table.

P31, P30	Gray Scale selection	Bus interface mode (select by PS2-PS0, ref to Table 3)	P34, P33	Data bus arrangement (D15.....D0) for 16 bit bus mode, (D7.....D0) for 8 bit bus mode ("*" denote don't care bit)	Note
00	16-bit / pixel	16 bit	**	RRRRRGGGGGBBBBB	1 word / 1 pixel
		8 bit		RRRRRGGG (byte 1) GGBBBBB (byte 2)	2 byte / 1 pixel
01	8-bit / pixel	8 bit	**	RRRGGGBB	1 byte / 1 pixel
10	12-bit / pixel	16 bit	**	RRRRGGGGBBBB**	1 word / 1 pixel
		8 bit		RRRRGGG (byte 1) BBBBRRR (byte 2) GGGGBBB (byte 3)	3 byte / 2 pixel
11	18-bit / pixel	16 bit	00	RRRRR**GGGGG** (word 1) BBBBB**RRRRR** (word 2) GGGGG**BBBBB** (word 3)	3 word / 2 pixel
			01	RRRRR**GGGGG** (word 1) *****BBBBB** (word 2)	2 word / 1 pixel
			11	RRRRR**GGGGG** (word 1) BBBBB***** (word 2)	2 word / 1 pixel
		8 bit	**	RRRRR** (byte 1) GGGGG** (byte 2) BBBBB** (byte 3)	3 byte / 1 pixel

**Table 12 – Data bus arrangement for different pixel and bus mode**

### 11.5 Set Color Look Up Table (CE H)

This command is used to set the color look up table (LUT) for different pixel mode. The LUT has 32 6-bit entries, the number of entry to write depends on different pixel mode, the 6 LSB of each of the data byte following this command correspond to one entry of the LUT.

Pixel mode	No. of entry	Note
18 or 16 bit/pixel	32	32 data byte (6 LSB of each) define the LUT
12 bit/pixel	16	16 data byte (6 LSB of each) define the LUT
8 bit/pixel	10	10 data byte (6 LSB of each) define the LUT with 1 <sup>st</sup> 8 byte define all 8 colors of Red and Green, while Blue will use 1 <sup>st</sup> and 8 <sup>th</sup> byte for data 00, 11 correspondingly, and will use 9 <sup>th</sup> and 10 <sup>th</sup> byte for data 01 and 10 correspondingly.

### 11.6 Set Display Control (CA H)

This command is used to select the duty ratio of the IC. All available driving duty can be selected using this command. The driving duty can be changed from 1/32 to 1/160

### 11.7 Set Area Scroll (AA H)

This command specifies the portion of screen for scrolling. The command sets the starting block address, finishing block address, number of specific blocks and the area scroll mode of the area scrolling. Please be noted that the starting block address should be smaller than the finishing block address.

The block address increment direction is started at 0<sup>th</sup> block such that the GDDRAM address corresponds to the top of the fixed area. Similarly, the block address decrement direction is started at the 41<sup>st</sup> block such that the GDDRAM address corresponds to the bottom fixed area. The remaining block address excluding the top and the bottom fixed areas are assigned to the scroll plus the background areas.

The set area scroll function is divided into four parts.

Part I -Specify the top block address of the scroll + the background areas. Specify the 0<sup>th</sup> block for the top screen scroll or the whole screen scroll. The scroll start block address is also set at this top block address until the scroll start set command is executed.

Part II – Specify the bottom address of the scroll + background areas. Specify the 41<sup>st</sup> block for the bottom or the whole screen scroll.

Part III – Specify number of scrolled blocks = number of (Top fixed area + scroll area) blocks –1. When the bottom scroll or whole screen scroll is chosen, the resulted value is identical to the value stated in part II.

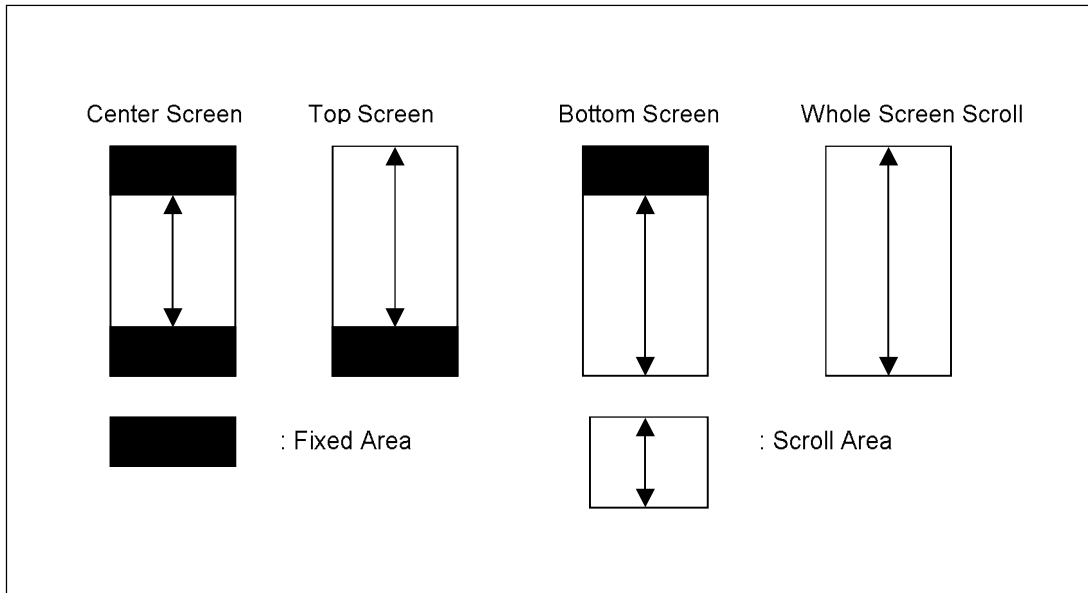
Part IV

Specify the area scroll type. Altogether there are four types of area scroll. Please refer to Table 13 for detail.

P41	P40	Types of Area Scroll
0	0	Center Screen Scroll
0	1	Top Screen Scroll
1	0	Bottom Screen Scroll
1	1	Whole Screen Scroll

**Table 13 - Area scrolling selection modes**





**Figure 8 - Area scrolling selection modes**

The area scroll function is executed by prompt in the set area scroll command following by changing the start block address by the set scroll start command.

Figure 8 illustrates the operation model of the scrolling function.

Example: In the Center screen scroll of 1/128 duty (display range: 128 lines = 32 blocks)

Description	Command	Data
- Set Area Scroll	AA H	
- 8 lines (block 0 and block 1) is specified for the top fixed area Top block address = Number of lines in top fixed area / 4 = 8 / 4 = 2		02 H
- 8 lines (block 40 & block 41) are specified for the bottom fixed area Bottom block address = 41 - (number of lines in bottom fixed area / 4) = 41 - (8 / 4) = 41 - 2 = 39		27 H
- 112 lines (block 2 to block 29) are specified the scroll area Number of specified block = Top block address + (number of lines in scroll area/4) - 1 = 2 + (112 / 4) - 1 = 2 + 28 - 1 = 29		1D H
- 40 lines (block 30 to block 39) are specified the background areas		00 H
- Set area scroll mode – Center screen mode		00 H
- Set Scroll start (Scroll range form 02H ~ 0DH)	ABH	02 H

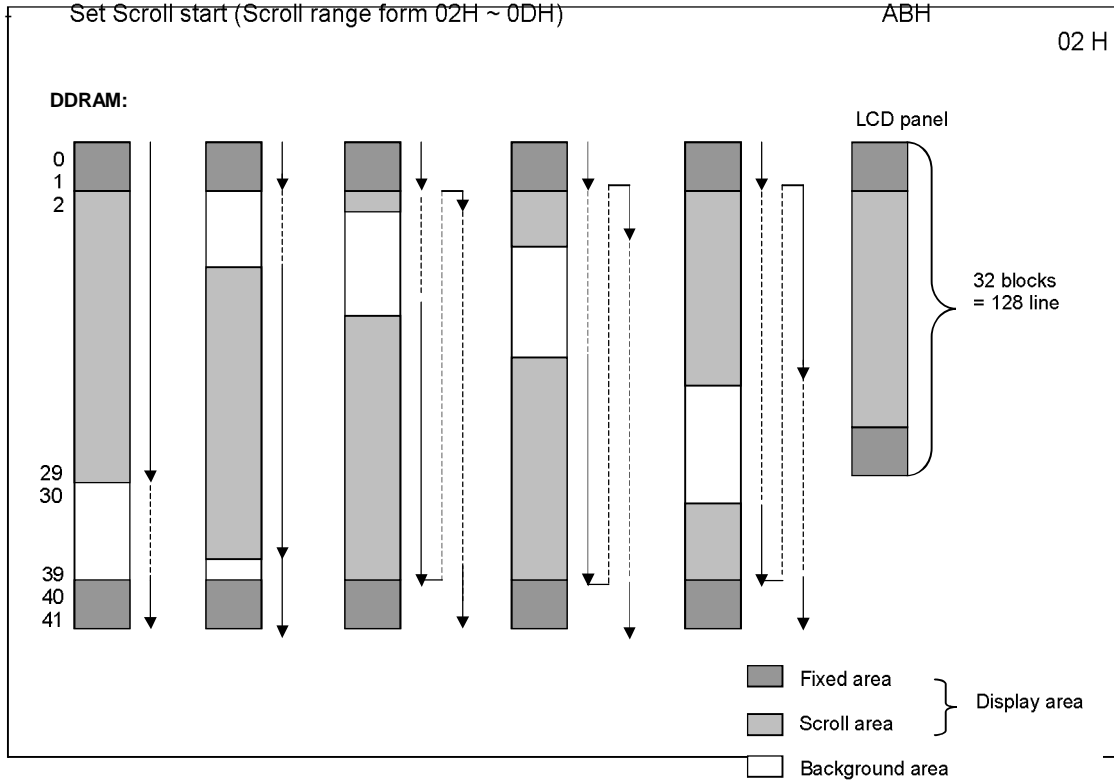


Figure 9 - GDDRAM updates for area scrolling

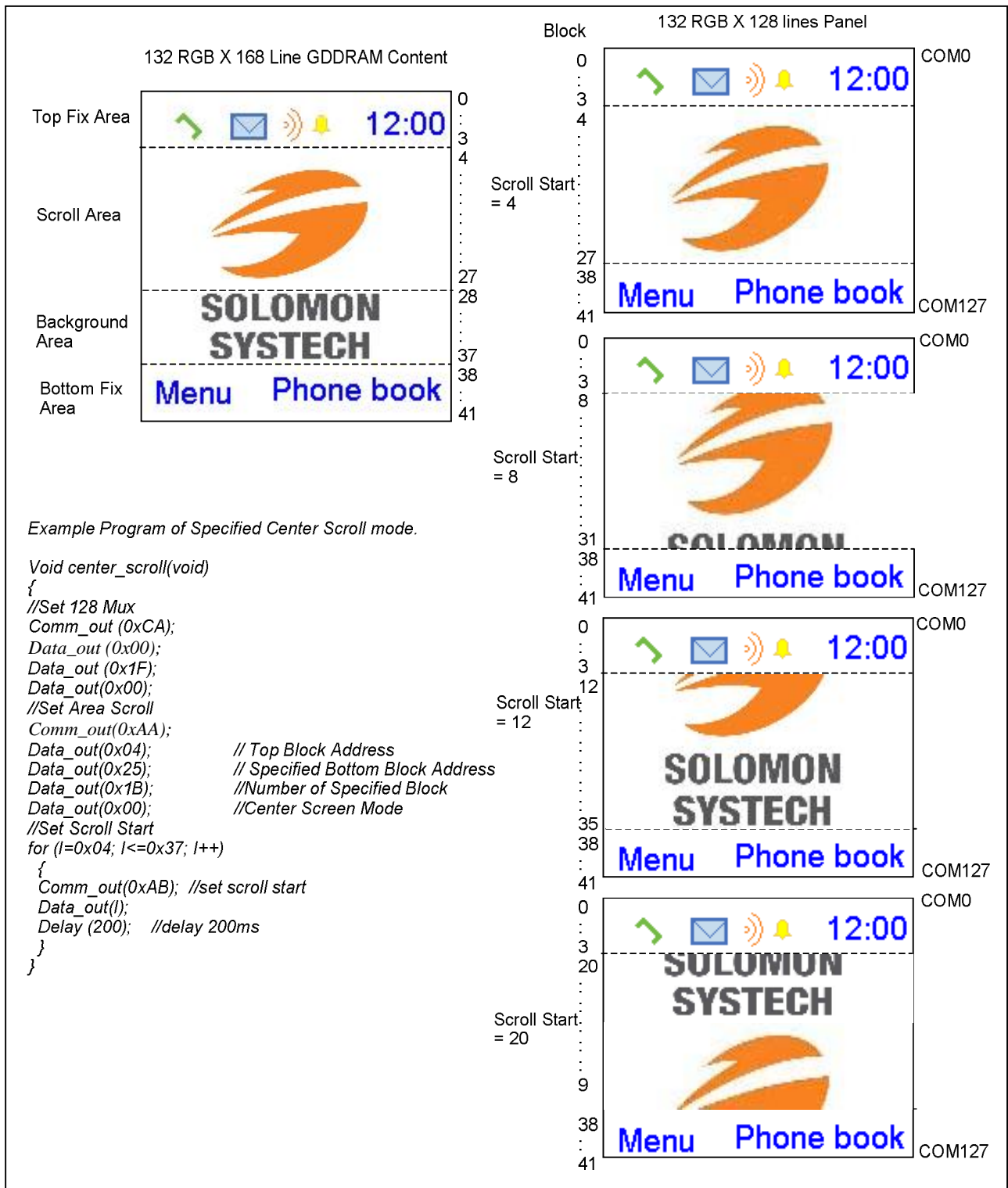


Figure 10 - Example of center scroll mode

### 11.8 Set Scroll Start (AB H)

This command specifies the starting block address of the area scrolling and then executes the area scroll by changing the start block address dynamically. Start block < End block must be maintained. Please be noted that the set scroll start command should be executed after the set area scroll command.

### 11.9 Set Power Control Register (20 H)

This command turns on/off the various power circuits associated with the chip. There are three power sub-circuits (reference voltage generator, internal regulator and voltage follower) could be turned on/off by this command. In addition, the configuration of the internal primary booster (4X/5X/6X/7X) can be selected by this command.

### 11.10 Set Contrast Level and Internal Regulator Resistor Ratio (IR) (81 H)

This command adjusts the contrast of the LCD panel by changing the LCD driving voltage,  $V_{OUT}$ , provided by the On-Chip power circuits.  $V_{OUT}$  is set with 64 steps (6-bit) in the contrast control register by a set of compound commands. Please refer to the Figure 11 for the contrast control process flow diagram.

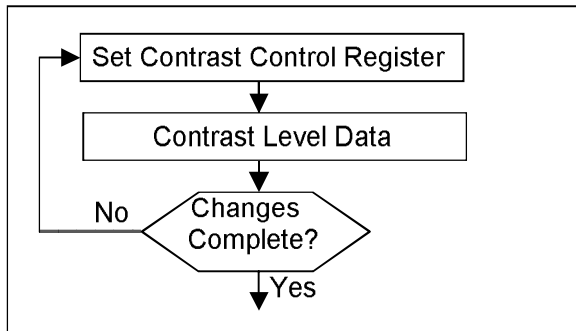


Figure 11 - Contrast Control Flow Set Segment Re-map

This command also sets the feedback gain of the internal regulator. There are altogether 8 internal regulator gains, which are used for the adjustment of  $V_{OUT}$  level. This command is to enable any one of the eight internal resistor (IRS) settings for different regulator gains when using internal regulator resistor network. The Contrast Control Voltage Range curves is referred to the following formula:

$$V_{out} = \left(1 + \frac{R_2}{R_1}\right) * V_{con}$$

, where  $V_{ref} = 1.7V$

$$V_{con} = \left(1 - \frac{63 - \alpha}{210}\right) * V_{ref}$$

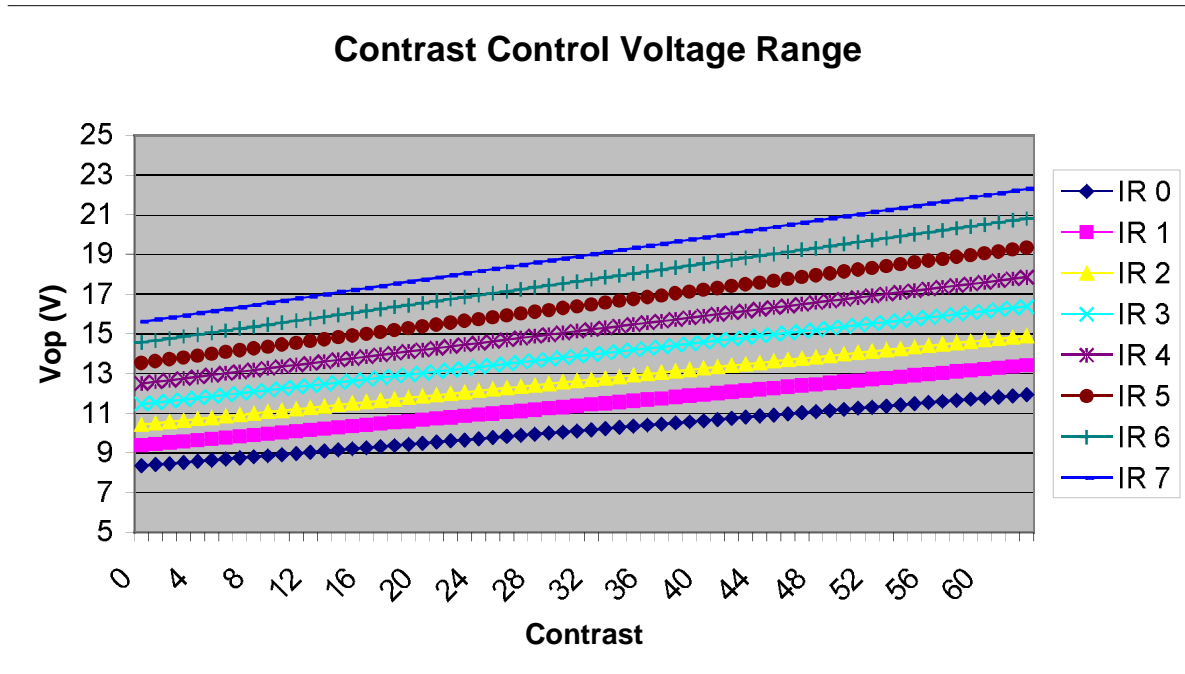


Figure 12 - Contrast Control Voltage Range Curve

#### 11.11 Set Increment/Decrement of the contrast set (D6/D7 H)

This command can increase the contrast step by +1 (D6 H) and decrease the contrast step by -1 (D7 H). It is the most convenient way to change the contrast of the display by programming.

#### 11.12 Set Normal/Inverse Display (A6/A7 H)

This command turns the display to be either normal (A6 H) or inverse (A7). In normal display mode, a RAM data of 1 indicates an illumination on the corresponding pixel in the normal white panel. In inverse display mode, a RAM data of 0 will turn on the pixel. It should be noted that the icon line is not affected. The icon line is not inverted by this command.

Example:

For a normal white display panel (Set Normal Display: A6Hex):

RAM Content			Color
R	G	B	
0	0	0	White
F	F	F	Black
0	F	F	Red
F	0	F	Green
F	F	0	Blue

### 11.13 Enter Partial Display (A8 H)

This command and the following parameters specify the display area of the partial display mode. The following figure shows the display and non-display area when the partial display mode is executed.

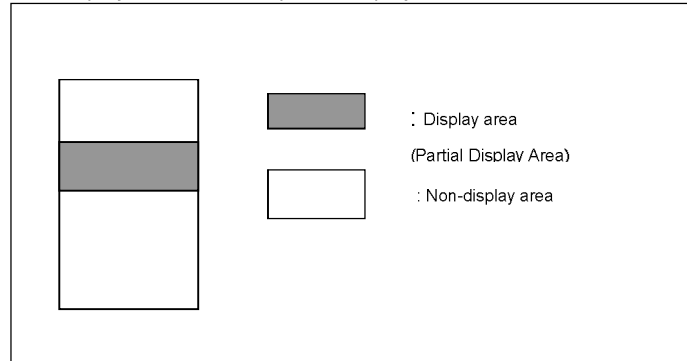


Figure 13 - Partial display mode

### 11.14 Exit Partial Display (A9 H)

This command exits the partial display mode.

### 11.15 Set Display On/Off (AF/AE H)

This command is used to turn the display on (AF H) or off (AE H). When display off is issued with entire display is on, power save mode will be entered.

### 11.16 Enter/Exit sleep mode (95/94 H)

This command enter (95 H) or exit (94 H) the sleep mode.

### 11.17 Enable/Disable the internal oscillator (D1/D2 H)

This command enables (D1 H) or disables (D2 H) the internal oscillator. The internal oscillator is turned off after reset.

### 11.18 Set Temperature compensation coefficient (82 H)

This command sets the average temperature gradients. Four sets of average temperature gradients can be selected. Please refer to the command table for detail description of the average temperature gradients. The default value of the temperature gradient is  $-0.20\% / ^\circ\text{C}$

### 11.19 NOP (25 H)

A command causing the chip takes No Operation.

### 11.20 Write display data mode (5C H)

This command is used to execute the write display data mode. The display data byte is directly written to the GDDRAM. Please be noted that the  $\overline{D/C}$  signal should be set to high during the display data is written to the GDDRAM.

### 11.21 Read display data mode (5D H)

This command is used to execute the read display data mode. The display data byte is directly read from the GDDRAM. Please be noted that the  $\overline{D/C}$  signal should be set to high during the display data is read from to the GDDRAM.

### **11.22 Set biasing ratio (FB H)**

This command selects a suitable bias ratio (1/7 to 1/14) required for driving the particular LCD panel in use.

### **11.23 Set Frame Frequency (F2 H)**

This command specifies the frame frequency so as to minimize the flickering due to the ac main frequency. The frequency is set to 75 Hz after POR.

### **11.24 Set N-line inversion (F2 H)**

Number of line inversion is set by this command for reducing crosstalk noise. 2 to 64-line inversion operations could be selected. At POR, this operation is set to 10000b (17 lines). It should be noted that the total number of mux should NOT be a multiple of the inversion number (n). Or else, some lines will not change their polarity during frame change. The n-line counter can be set such that it will be reset per display frame (POR).

### **11.25 Select PWM/FRC (F7 H)**

This command set the Pulse Width Modulation, Frame Rate Control or mix of FWM & FRC.

### **11.26 OTP setting (F6 H)**

OTP (One Time Programming) is a method to adjust  $V_{OUT}$ . In order to eliminate the variations of LCD module in term of contrast level, OTP can be used to achieve the best contrast of every LCD modules. Each OTP bit can be programmed to '1' one time.

OTP setting and programming should include two major steps. Find the OTP offset and OTP programming as following,

Step 1. Find OTP offset

- (1) Hardware Reset (sending an active low reset pulse to  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin)
- (2) Send original initialization routines
- (3) Set and display any test patterns
- (4) Adjust the contrast value (C:0x81, D:0x00~0x3F, D: 0x00 ~ 0x07) until there is the best visual contrast
- (5) OTP setting steps = Contrast value of the best visual contrast - Contrast value of original initialization

Example 1:

Contrast value of original initialization = 0x20  
 Contrast value of the best original initialization = 0x24  
 OTP offset value = 0x24 - 0x20 = +4  
 OTP setting command should be (C: 0xF6, D: 0x14, D: 0x0A)

Example 2:

Contrast value of original initialization = 0x20  
 Contrast value of the best original initialization = 0x1B  
 OTP setting = 0x1B - 0x20 = -5  
 OTP setting command should be (C:0xF6, D: 0x1B, D: 0x0A)

Step 2. OTP programming

- (6) Hardware Reset (sending an active low reset pulse to  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin)
- (7) Enable Oscillator (C: 0xD1) and Exit Sleep Mode (C: 0x94)
- (8) Connect an external  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  by closing SW1 (see diagram below)
- (9) Send OTP setting commands that we find in step 1 (C: 0xF6, D: 0x10~0x1F, D: 0x0A)
- (10) Send OTP programming command (C: 0xF8)
- (11) Wait at least 2 seconds
- (12) Hardware Reset
- (13) Disconnect the external  $V_{\text{out}}$  by opening SW1
- (14) Discharge the capacitor C by closing the switch SW2 and wait for 1 second
- (15) Hardware Reset
- (16) Verify the result by repeating step 1. (2) – (3)

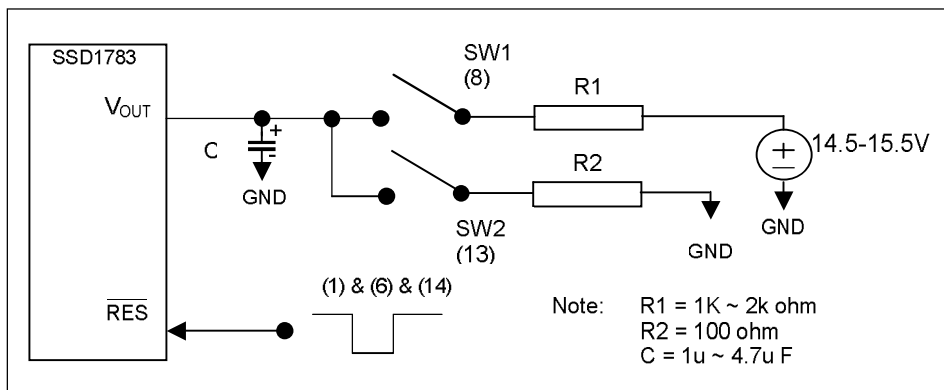


Figure 14 – OTP programming circuitry



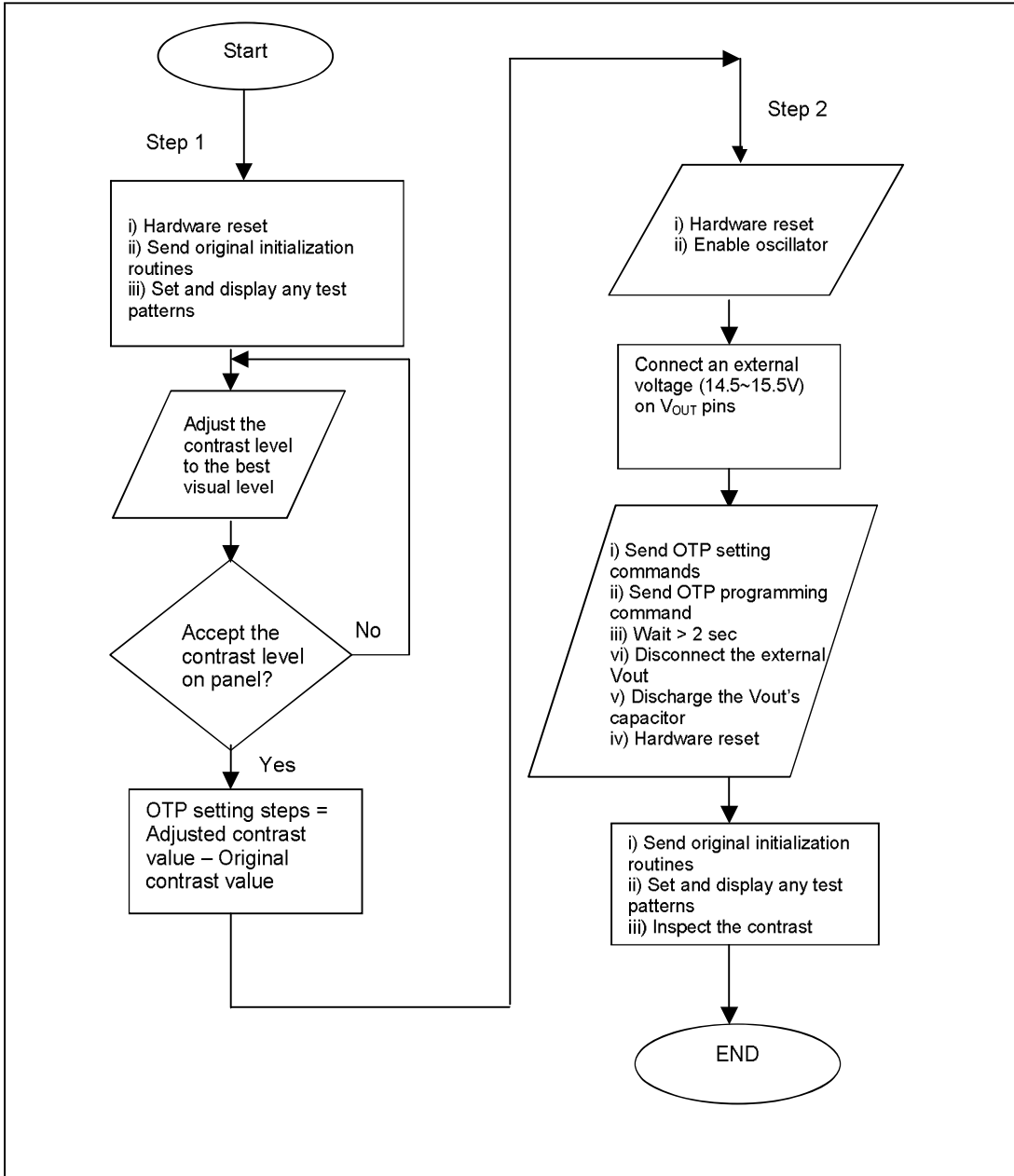


Figure 15 – Flow chart of OTP programming Procedure

## OTP Example program

### Find the OTP offset:

1. Hardware reset by sending an active low reset pulse to  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin
2. COMMAND(0XD1);    \\ Enable oscillator;  
   COMMAND(0X94);    \\ exit sleep mode;
3. COMMAND(0X20);    \\ turn on the reference voltage generator, internal regulator and voltage follower; Select booster level.  
   DATA(0x0F);
4. COMMAND(0XFB)    \\ Set Biasing ratio  
   DATA(0X2)         \\ 1/9
5. COMMAND(0X81)    \\ Set target gain and contrast.  
   DATA(0X14)        \\ contrast = 20  
   DATA(0X05)        \\ Internal Regulator Gain = 11.37
6. \\ Set target display contents  
   COMMAND(0X15)    \\ set column address  
   DATA(0x00)        \\ set start column address at 0  
   DATA(0X83)        \\ set end column address at 131  
   COMMAND(0X75)    \\ set page address  
   DATA(0X00)        \\ set start page address at 0  
   DATA(0X9F)        \\ set end page address at 159  
   COMMAND(0X5C)    \\ write target content to GDDRAM  
   DATA(...)  
   COMMAND(0xAF)    \\ display on
7. OTP offset calculation... target OTP offset value is +3

### OTP programming:

8. Hardware reset by sending an active low reset pulse to  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin
9. COMMAND(0XD1)    \\ Enable Oscillator
10. COMMAND(0x94)   \\ Exit Sleep Mode
11. Connect a external  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  (14.5V~15.5V)
12. COMMAND(0XF6)    \\ Set OTP offset value to +3 (0011)  
   DATA(0X13)        \\ 0001  $X_3X_2X_1X_0$ , where  $X_3X_2X_1X_0$  is the OTP offset value  
   DATA(0x0A)
13. COMMAND(0XF8)    \\ Send the OTP programming command.
14. Wait at least 2 seconds for programming wait time.
15. Disconnect an external  $V_{\text{out}}$
16. Discharge the  $V_{\text{out}}$ 's capacitor
17. Hardware reset by sending an active low reset pulse to  $\overline{\text{RES}}$  pin

### Verify the result:

18. After OTP programming, procedure 2 to 5 are repeated for inspection of the contrast on the panel.

### 11.27 Draw Line (83 H)

Given the starting point (X1, Y1) and the ending point (X2, Y2), a line will be drawn with the color specified.



The following example illustrates the line drawing procedure.

1. Enter the "draw line mode" by execute the command 83H
2. Set the starting X-coordinates, X1. E.g., 00H.
3. Set the starting Y-coordinates, Y1. E.g., 00H.
4. Set the finishing X-coordinates, X2. E.g., 01H
5. Set the finishing Y-coordinates, Y2. E.g., 01H
6. Set the color to RGB = (0,1,0) e.g., 07H followed by E0H

Result: A green line will be drawn between coordinates (0,0) and (1,1)

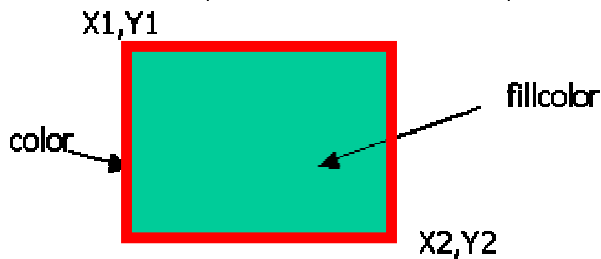
Remark:  $X1, X2 \leq 131$ ;  $X1 < X2$   
 $Y1, Y2 \leq 159$ ;  $Y1 < Y2$

### 11.28 Fill Enable/Disable (92 H)

This command allows the fill color option to be enabled or disabled. This command is applicable to the Draw Rectangle feature. When the selection bit is "0", the fill color option is disabled. When the selection bit is "1", the fill color option is enabled.

### 11.29 Draw rectangle (84 H)

Given the starting point (X1, Y1) and the ending point (X2, Y2), specify the width and height of a rectangle that will be drawn with the color specified. Remarks: If fill color option is disabled, the enclosed area will not be filled.



The following example illustrates the rectangle drawing procedure.

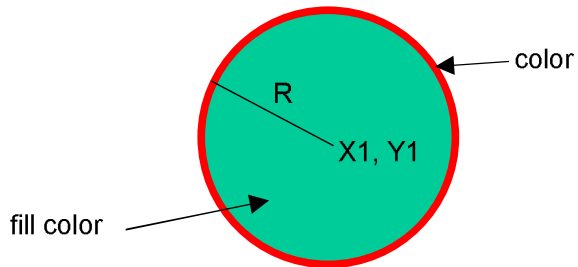
1. Enter the "draw rectangle mode" by execute the command 84H
2. Set the starting X-coordinates, X1. E.g., 00H.
3. Set the starting Y-coordinates, Y1. E.g., 00H.
4. Set the finishing X-coordinates, X2. E.g., 02H
5. Set the finishing Y-coordinates, Y2. E.g., 02H
6. Set the color to RGB = (1,0,0) e.g., F8H following by 00H
7. Set the filled color to RGB = (0,1,0) e.g., 07H following by E0H

Result: A rectangle will be drawn at (0,0) to (2,2), filled green with red border

Remark:  $X1, X2 \leq 131$ ;  $X1 < X2$   
 $Y1, Y2 \leq 159$ ;  $Y1 < Y2$

### 11.30 Draw Circle (86 H)

Given the center point (X1, Y1) and the radius R, a circle will be drawn with the color specified. Remarks: If fill color option is disabled, the enclosed area will not be filled.



The following example illustrates the rectangle drawing procedure.

1. Enter the "draw circle mode" by execute the command 86H
2. Set the center X-coordinates, X1. E.g., 40H.
3. Set the center Y-coordinates, Y1. E.g., 40H.
4. Set the radius, R. E.g., 20H
5. Set the color to RGB = (1,0,0) e.g., F8H following by 00H
6. Set the filled color to RGB = (0,1,0) e.g., 07H following by E0H

Result: A circle will be drawn with center (64,64) and radius 32, filled green with red border

Remark:  $0 \leq X1, Y1 \leq 255$

$1 \leq R \leq 255$

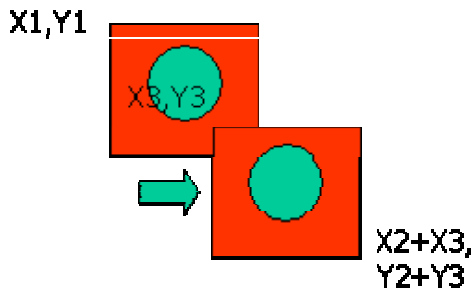
### 11.31 Copy (8A H)

Copy the rectangular region defined by the starting point (X1, Y1) and the ending point (X2, Y2) to location (X3, Y3). There are two possible results with the command copy executed depending on the setting of the start point coordinates and end point coordinates.

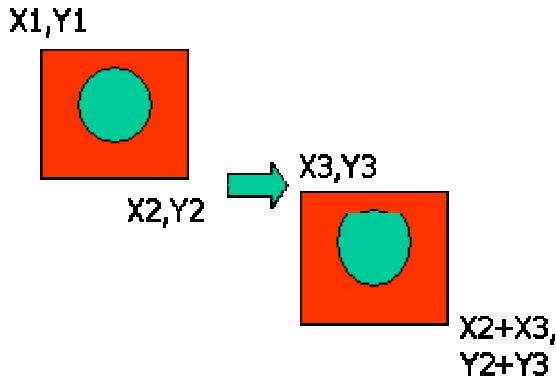
The following example illustrates the copy procedure.

Case 1 – The overlap region will superimpose.

1. Enter the "copy mode" by execute the command 84H
2. Set the starting X-coordinates, X1. E.g., 00H.
3. Set the starting Y-coordinates, Y1. E.g., 00H.
4. Set the finishing X-coordinates, X2. E.g., 02H.
5. Set the finishing Y-coordinates, Y2. E.g., 02H.
6. Set the New X-coordinates, X3. E.g., 01H.
7. Set the New Y-coordinates, Y3. E.g., 01H.



Case 2 – The original content remains unchanged



1. Enter the "copy mode" by execute the command 84H
2. Set the starting X-coordinates, X1. E.g., 00H.
3. Set the starting Y-coordinates, Y1. E.g., 00H.
4. Set the finishing X-coordinates, X2. E.g., 01H.
5. Set the finishing Y-coordinates, Y2. E.g., 01H.
6. Set the New X-coordinates, X3. E.g., 09H.
7. Set the New Y-coordinates, Y3. E.g., 09H.

Remark:  $X1, X2 \leq 131; X1 < X2$   
 $Y1, Y2 \leq 159; Y1 < Y2$

### 11.32 Dim Window (8C H)

This command will dim the window area specify by starting point (X1, Y1) and the ending point (X2, Y2). After the execution of this command, the selected window area will be dimmed by 75% white. Additional execution of this command over the same window area will not change the data content.

*Remark:*  $X1, X2 \leq 131; X1 < X2$   
 $Y1, Y2 \leq 159; Y1 < Y2$

### 11.33 Clear Window (8E H)

This command sets the window area specify by starting point (X1, Y1) and the ending point (X2, Y2) to clear the window display. The GDDRAM content of the window will be set to zero.

*Remark:*  $X1, X2 \leq 131; X1 < X2$   
 $Y1, Y2 \leq 159; Y1 < Y2$

### 11.34 Status register read

The following parameters can be monitored by the status read register.

1. Various area scroll mode
2. Read modify mode ON/OFF
3. Column scan direction
4. Page scan direction
5. Display ON/OFF
6. Sleep mode ON/OFF
7. Display Normal/Inverse
8. Partial display mode ON/OFF

## 12 MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 14 - Maximum Ratings (Voltage Referenced to  $V_{SS}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DD}$	Supply Voltage	-0.3 to +4.0	V
$V_{OUT}$		-0.3 to 18	V
$V_{CI}$	Input Voltage	$V_{SS}-0.3$ to 4.0	V
I	Current Drain Per Pin Excluding $V_{DD}$ and $V_{SS}$	25	mA
$T_A$	Operating Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

Maximum ratings are those values beyond which damages to the device may occur. Functional operation should be restricted to the limits in the Electrical Characteristics tables or Pin Description section

This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions to be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high impedance circuit. For proper operation it is recommended that  $V_{CI}$  and  $V_{OUT}$  be constrained to the range  $V_{SS} < V_{DD} \leq V_{CI} < V_{OUT}$ . Reliability of operation is enhanced if unused input is connected to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either  $V_{SS}$  or  $V_{DD}$ ). Unused outputs must be left open. This device may be light sensitive. Caution should be taken to avoid exposure of this device to any light source during normal operation. This device is not radiation protected.

### 13 DC CHARACTERISTICS

**Table 15 - DC Characteristics** (Unless otherwise specified, Voltage Referenced to V<sub>SS</sub>, V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.4 to 3.6V, T<sub>A</sub> = -40 to 85°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	System power supply pins of the logic block Range	Recommend Operating Voltage Possible Operating Voltage	2.4	2.7	3.6	V
V <sub>DDIO</sub>	Power supply pin of IO pins	Recommend Operating Voltage Possible Operating Voltage	1.2	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
V <sub>CI</sub>	Booster Reference Supply Voltage Range (3)	Recommend Operating Voltage Possible Operating Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub>	3.6	V
I <sub>AC</sub>	Access Mode Supply Current Drain (V <sub>DD</sub> Pins)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7V, Voltage Generator On, 7X DC-DC, 16-bit 8080 parallel bus writing AAAA HTcyc = 3MHz, Typ. Osc. Freq., Display On, no panel attached.	-	650	950	μA
I <sub>DP2</sub>	Display Mode Supply Current Drain (V <sub>DD</sub> Pins)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7V, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 16V, Voltage Generator On, 7X DC-DC Converter Enabled, R/W(WR) Halt, Typ. Osc. Freq., Display On, no panel attached.	-	500	800	μA
I <sub>SLEEP</sub>	Sleep Mode Supply Current Drain (V <sub>DD</sub> Pins)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7V, LCD Driving Waveform Off, Oscillator Off, R/W(WR) halt.	-	2	5	μA
V <sub>OUT</sub>	LCD Driving Voltage Generator Output (V <sub>OUT</sub> Pin)	Display On, Voltage Generator Enabled, DC-DC Converter Enabled, Typ. Osc. Freq., Regulator Enabled, Divider Enabled.	8	-	18	V
V <sub>OH1</sub>	Logic High Output Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> = -100μA	0.9* V <sub>DD</sub>	-	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
V <sub>OL1</sub>	Logic Low Output Voltage	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100μA	0	-	0.1*V <sub>D</sub> D	V
V <sub>IH1</sub>	Logic High Input voltage		0.8* V <sub>DD</sub>	-	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
V <sub>IL1</sub>	Logic Low Input voltage		0	-	0.2* V <sub>DD</sub>	V
I <sub>OH</sub>	Logic High Output Current Source	V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> - 0.4V	50	-	-	μA
I <sub>OL</sub>	Logic Low Output Current Drain	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.4V	-	-	-50	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Logic Output Tri-state Current Drain Source		-1	-	1	μA
I <sub>IL</sub> /I <sub>IH</sub>	Logic Input Current		-1	-	1	μA
C <sub>IN</sub>	Logic Pins Input Capacitance		-	5	7.5	pF
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	Variation of V <sub>OUT</sub> Output (V <sub>DD</sub> is fixed)	Regulator Enabled, Internal Contrast Control Enabled, Set Contrast Control Register = 0	-2	0	2	%
R <sub>O</sub>	SEG/COM output resistance		-	500	-	ohm
TC0	Average Temperature Gradient Flat Temperature Coefficient	Voltage Regulator Enabled	0	-0.10	-0.12	%/°C
TC1	Temperature Coefficient 1*		-0.12	-0.15	-0.19	%/°C
TC2	Temperature Coefficient 2* (POR)		-0.19	-0.23	-0.26	%/°C
TC3	Temperature Coefficient 3*		-0.26	-0.30	-0.34	%/°C

\*The formula for the temperature coefficient is:

$$TC(\%) = \frac{V_{ref} \text{ at } 50^{\circ}\text{C} - V_{ref} \text{ at } 0^{\circ}\text{C}}{50^{\circ}\text{C} - 0^{\circ}\text{C}} \times \frac{1}{V_{ref} \text{ at } 25^{\circ}\text{C}} \times 100\%$$



## 14 AC CHARACTERISTICS

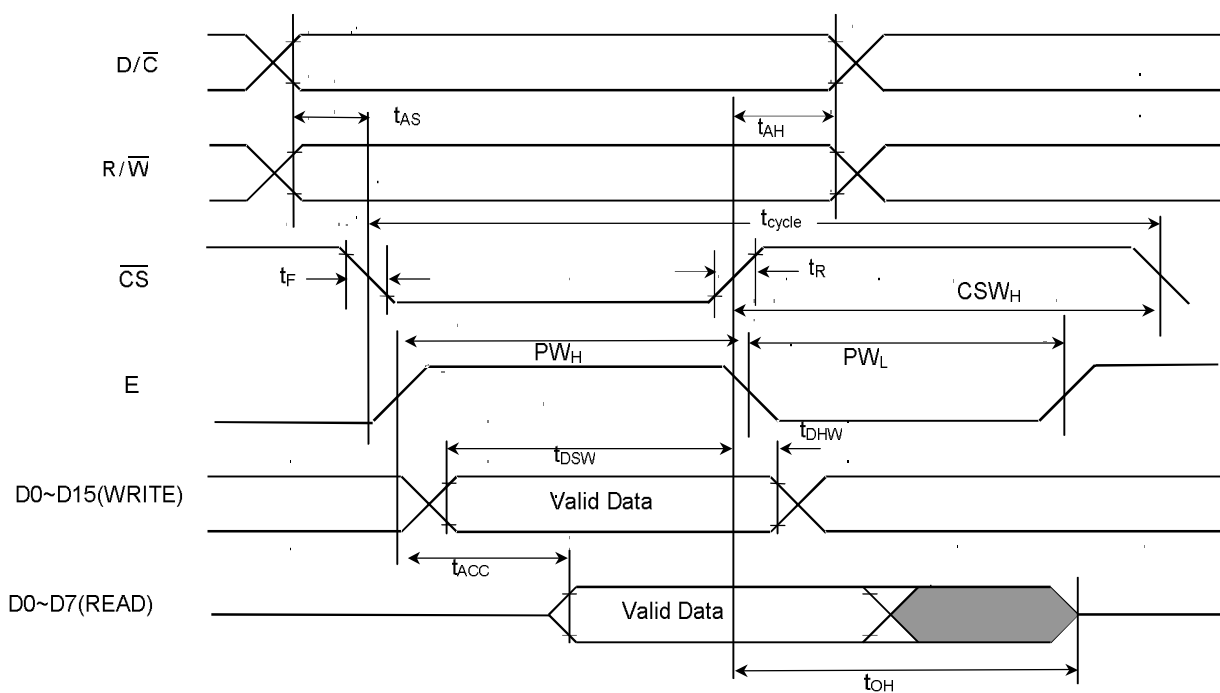
**Table 16 - AC Characteristics** (Unless otherwise specified, Voltage Referenced to  $V_{SS}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.7V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Fosc	Oscillation Frequency of Display Timing Generator for: 160 MUX Mode	Internal Oscillator Enabled (default), $V_{DD} = 2.7V$	374	380	394	kHz
F <sub>FRM</sub>	Frame Frequency for: 160 MUX Mode	132 RGB x 160 Graphic Display Mode, Display ON, Internal Oscillator Enabled	73	75	77	Hz

Remarks: Fosc stands for the frequency value of internal oscillator

**Table 17 – Parallel Timing Characteristics** ( $T_A = -40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.6\text{V}$  to  $3.3\text{V}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{\text{cycle}}$	Clock Cycle Time (write cycle)	130	-	-	ns
$PW_H$	Minimum Pulse Width High	55	-	-	ns
$PW_L$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	55	-	-	ns
$t_R$	Rise Time	-	-	10	ns
$t_F$	Fall Time	-	-	10	ns
$CSW_H$	CS Pulse High Width	50	-	-	ns
$t_{AS}$	Address Setup Time	15	-	-	ns
$t_{AH}$	Address Hold Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{DSW}$	Data Setup Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{DHW}$	Data Hold Time	20	-	-	ns
$t_{ACC}$	Data Access Time	15	-	200	ns
$t_{OH}$	Output Hold time	20	-	60	ns

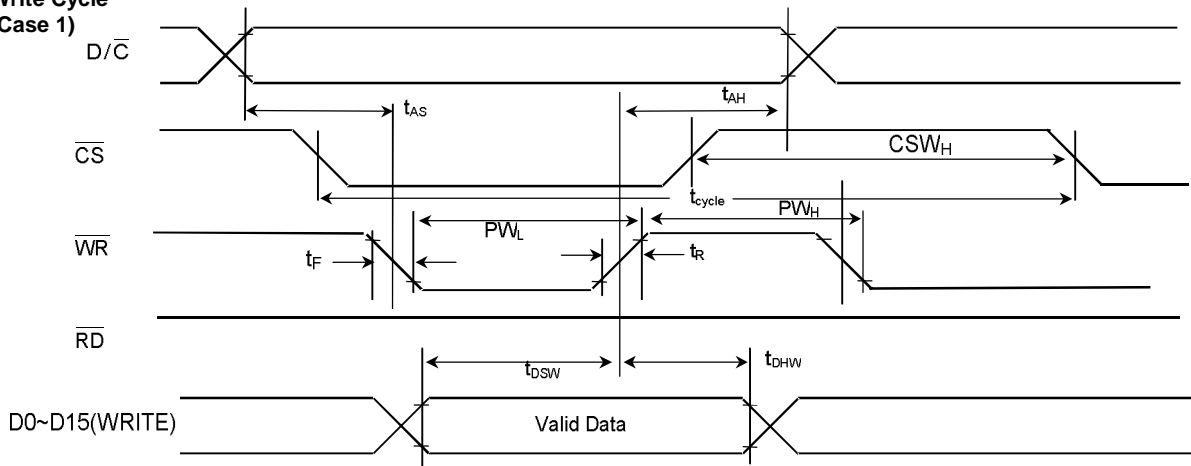


**Figure 16 – 8-bit/16-bit Parallel 6800-series Interface Timing Characteristics**

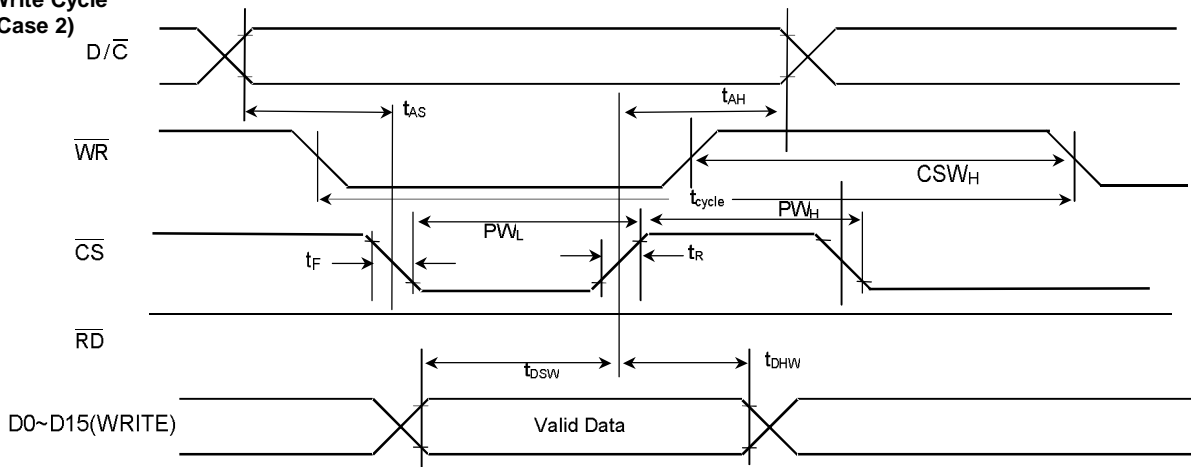
**Table 18 – Parallel Timing Characteristics** ( $T_A = -40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.6\text{V}$  to  $3.3\text{V}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{\text{cycle}}$	Clock Cycle Time (write cycle)	130	-	-	ns
$PW_L$	Minimum Pulse Low	55			ns
$PW_H$	Minimum Pulse High	55			ns
$t_R$	Rise Time			10	ns
$t_F$	Fall Time			10	ns
$CSW_H$	CS Pulse High Width	50			ns
$t_{AS}$	Address Setup Time	15	-	-	ns
$t_{AH}$	Address Hold Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{DSW}$	Data Setup Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{DHW}$	Data Hold Time	20	-	-	ns
$t_{ACC}$	Data Access Time	15	-	170	ns
$t_{OH}$	Output Hold time	20	-	60	ns

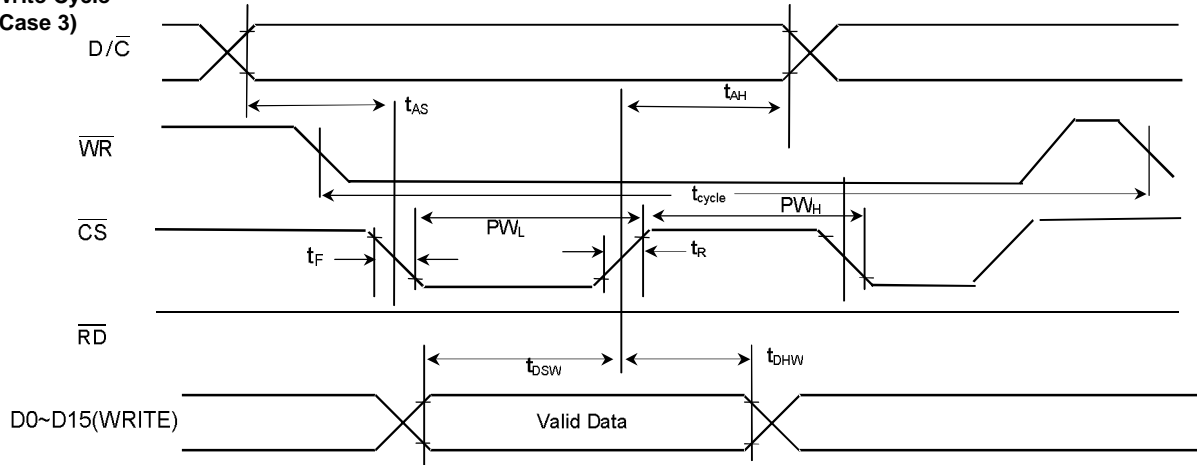
**Write Cycle (Case 1)**



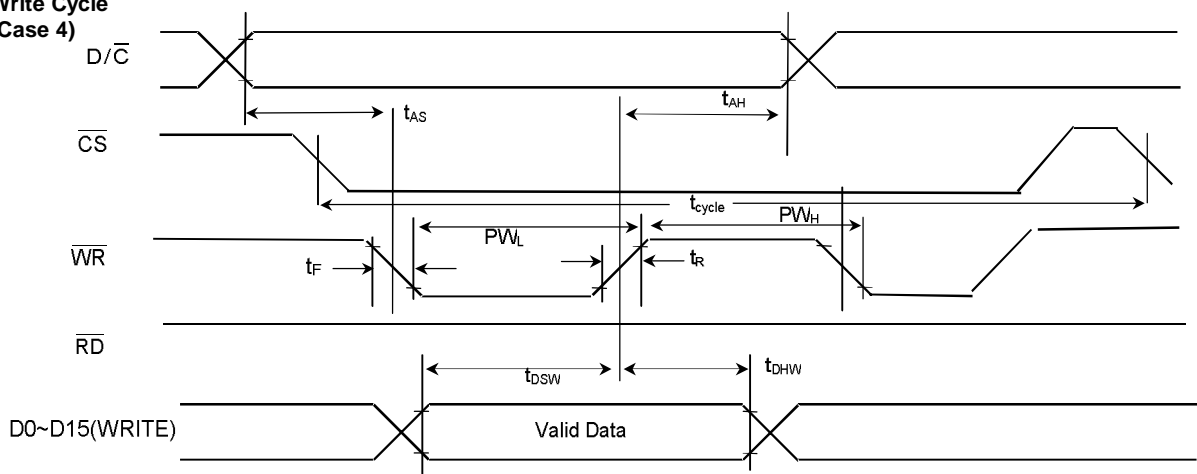
**Write Cycle (Case 2)**



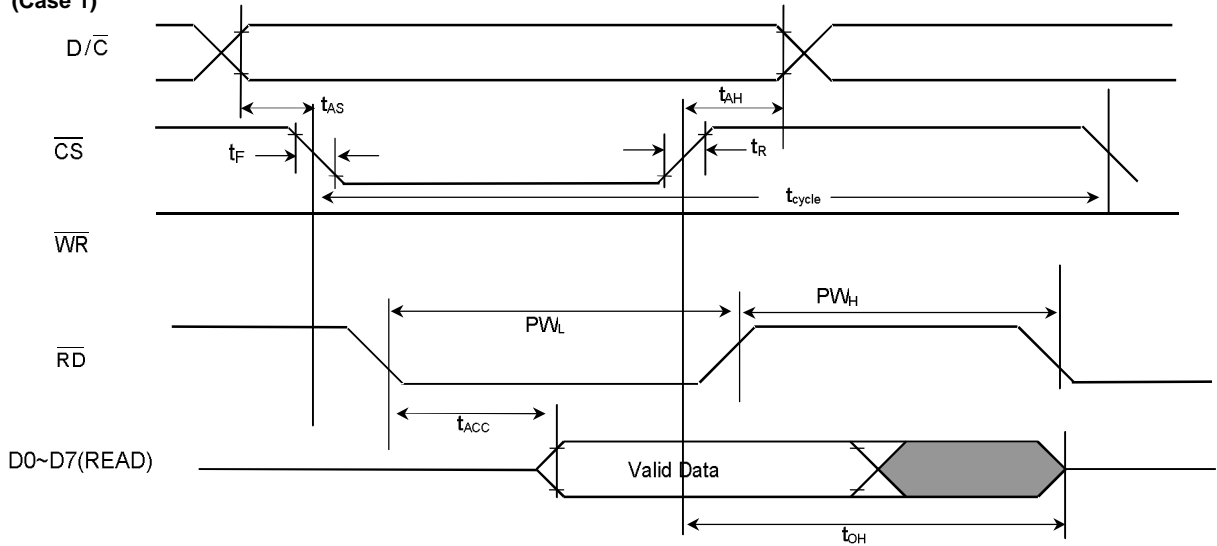
**Write Cycle  
(Case 3)**



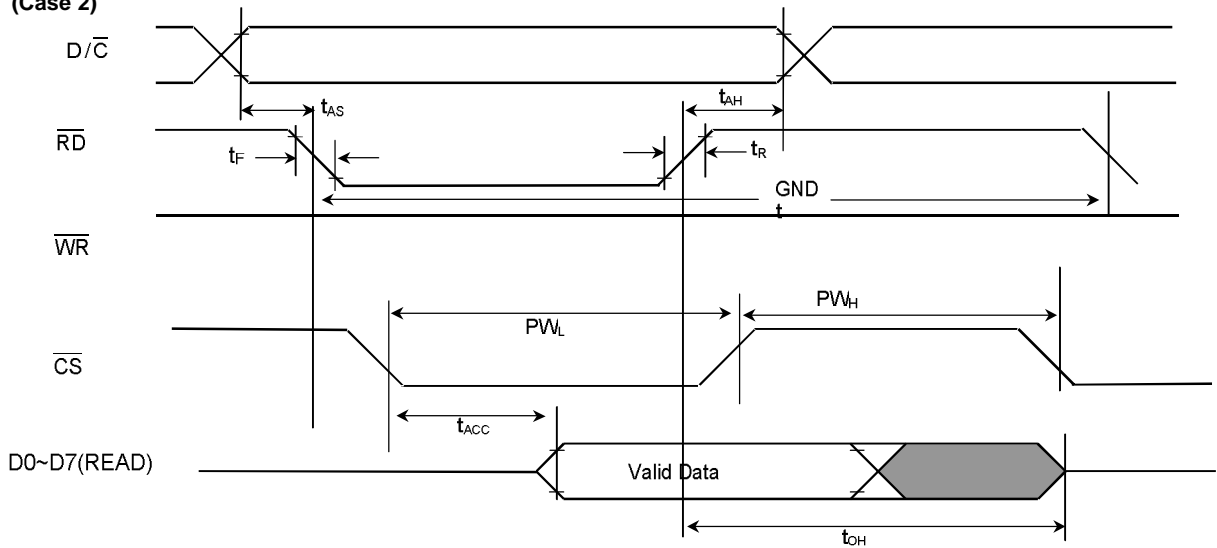
**Write Cycle  
(Case 4)**



**Read Cycle  
(Case 1)**



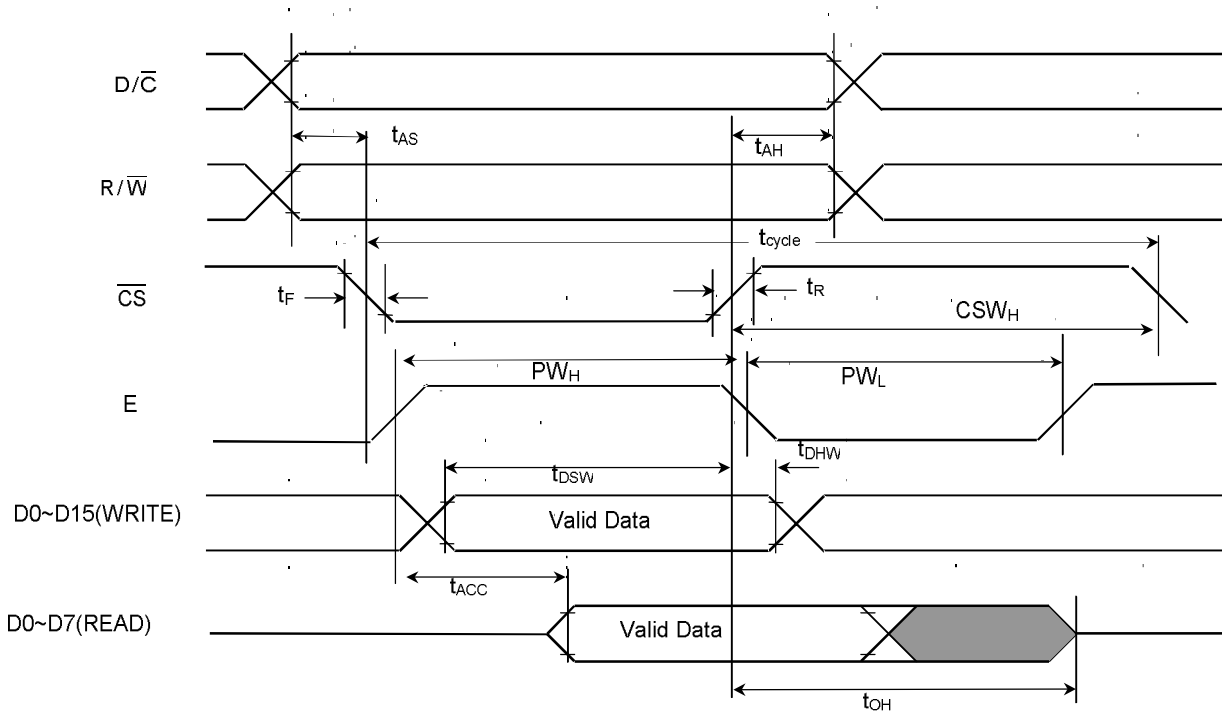
**Read Cycle  
(Case 2)**



**Figure 17 – 8-bit/16-bit Parallel 8080-series Interface Timing Characteristics**

**Table 19 – Parallel Timing Characteristics (TA = -40 to 85°C, VDD = 2.4V)**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{cycle}$	Clock Cycle Time (write cycle)	250	-	-	ns
$PW_H$	Minimum Pulse Width High	125	-	-	ns
$PW_L$	Minimum Pulse Width Low	125	-	-	ns
$t_R$	Rise Time	-	-	10	ns
$t_F$	Fall Time	-	-	10	ns
$CSW_H$	CS Pulse High Width	100	-	-	ns
$t_{AS}$	Address Setup Time	15	-	-	ns
$t_{AH}$	Address Hold Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{DSW}$	Data Setup Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{DHW}$	Data Hold Time	20	-	-	ns
$t_{ACC}$	Data Access Time	15	-	170	ns
$t_{OH}$	Output Hold time	20	-	60	ns

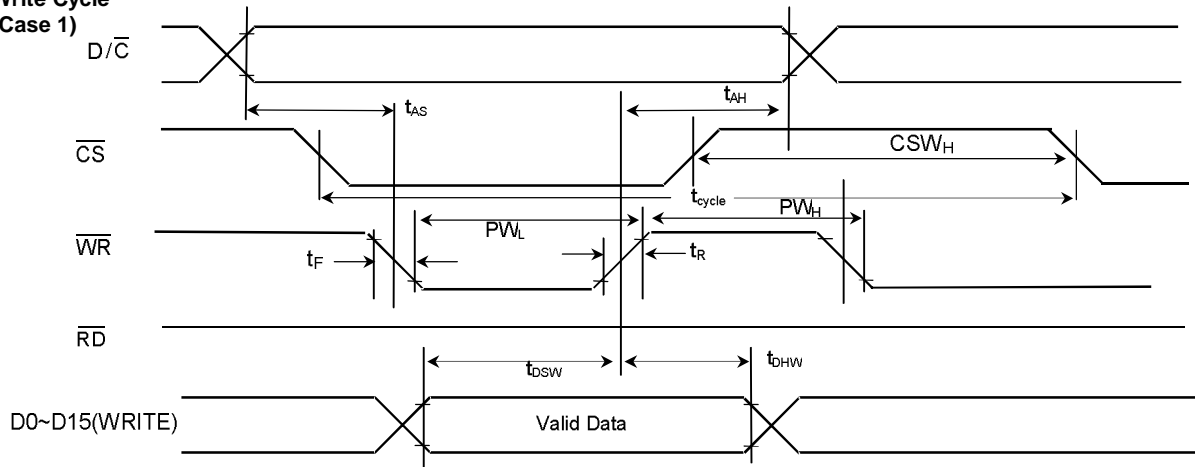


**Figure 18 – 8-bit/16-bit Parallel 6800-series Interface Timing Characteristics**

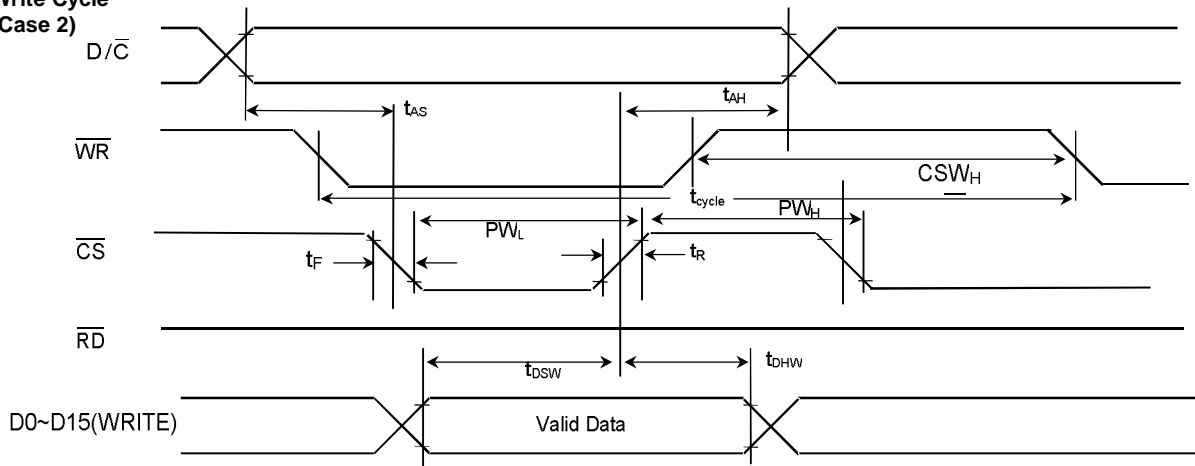
**Table 20 – Parallel Timing Characteristics** ( $T_A = -40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.4\text{V}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{\text{cycle}}$	Clock Cycle Time (write cycle)	250	-	-	ns
$PW_L$	Minimum Pulse Low	125	-	-	ns
$PW_H$	Minimum Pulse High	125	-	-	ns
$t_R$	Rise Time	-	-	10	ns
$t_F$	Fall Time	-	-	10	ns
$CSW_H$	CS Pulse High Width	100	-	-	ns
$t_{AS}$	Address Setup Time	15	-	-	ns
$t_{AH}$	Address Hold Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{DSW}$	Data Setup Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{DHW}$	Data Hold Time	20	-	-	ns
$t_{ACC}$	Data Access Time	15	-	170	ns
$t_{OH}$	Output Hold time	20	-	60	ns

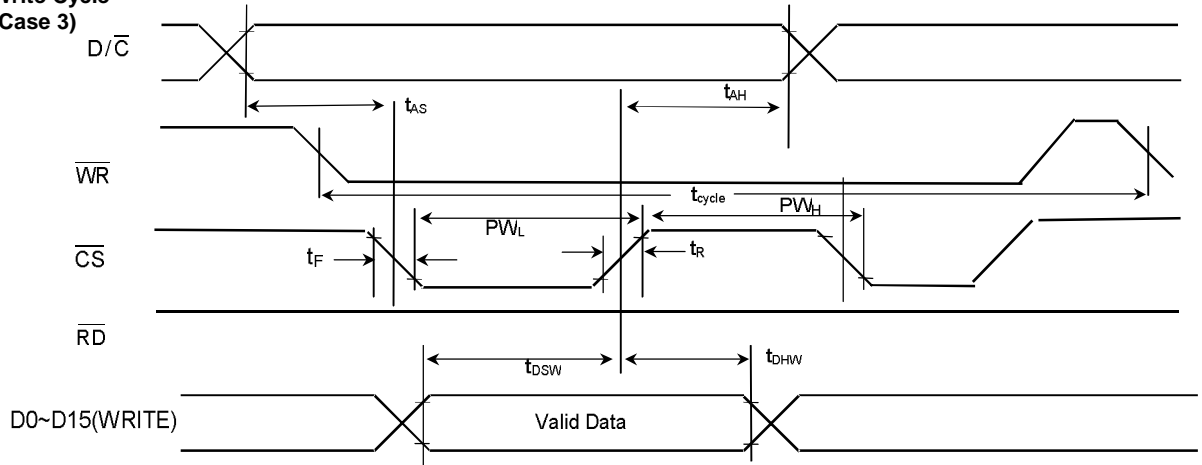
**Write Cycle (Case 1)**



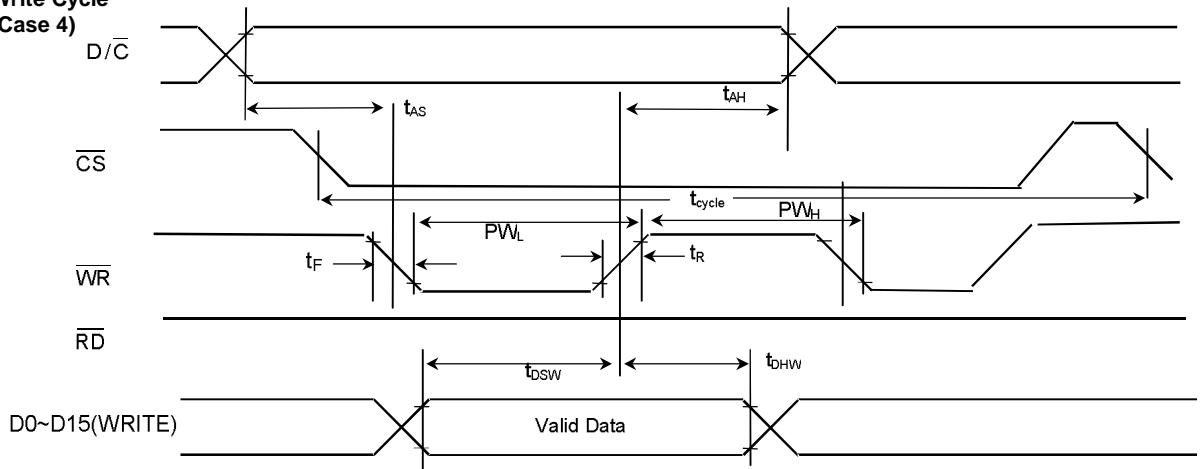
**Write Cycle (Case 2)**



**Write Cycle  
(Case 3)**

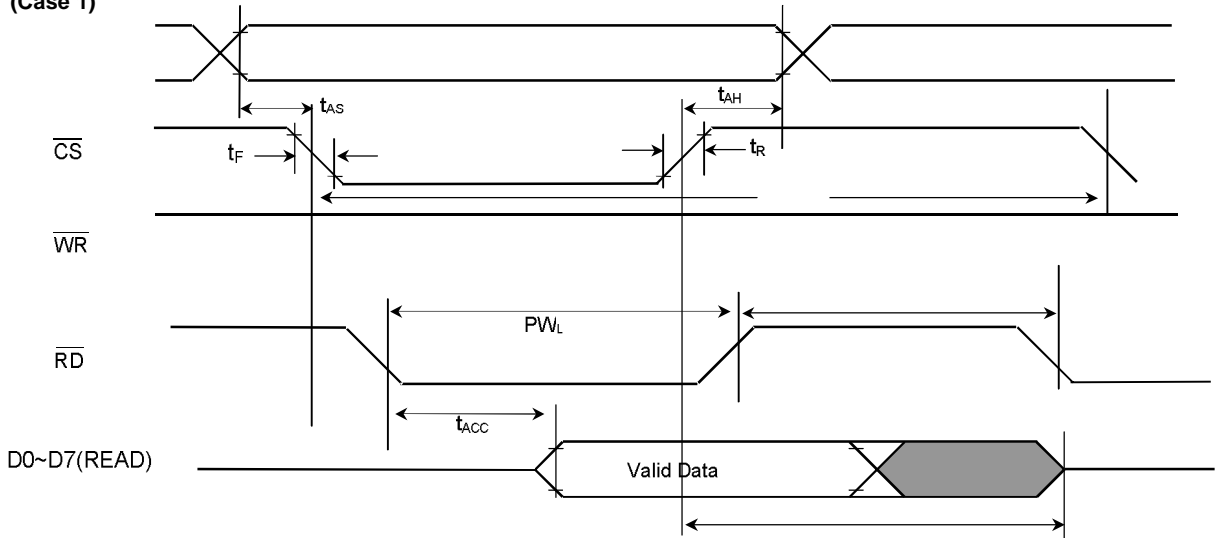


**Write Cycle  
(Case 4)**

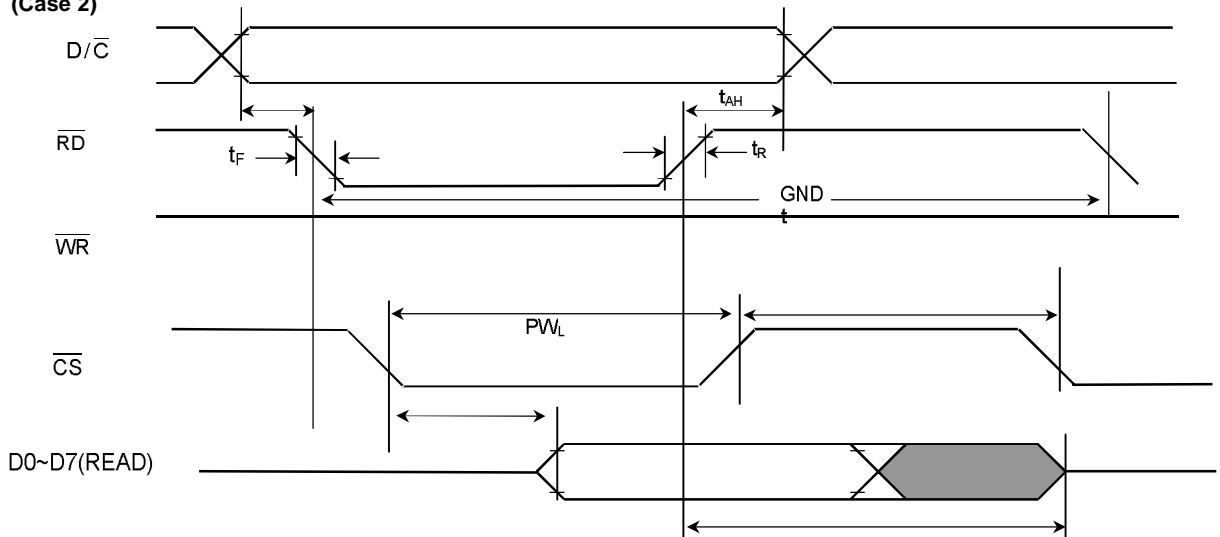




**Read Cycle  
(Case 1)**



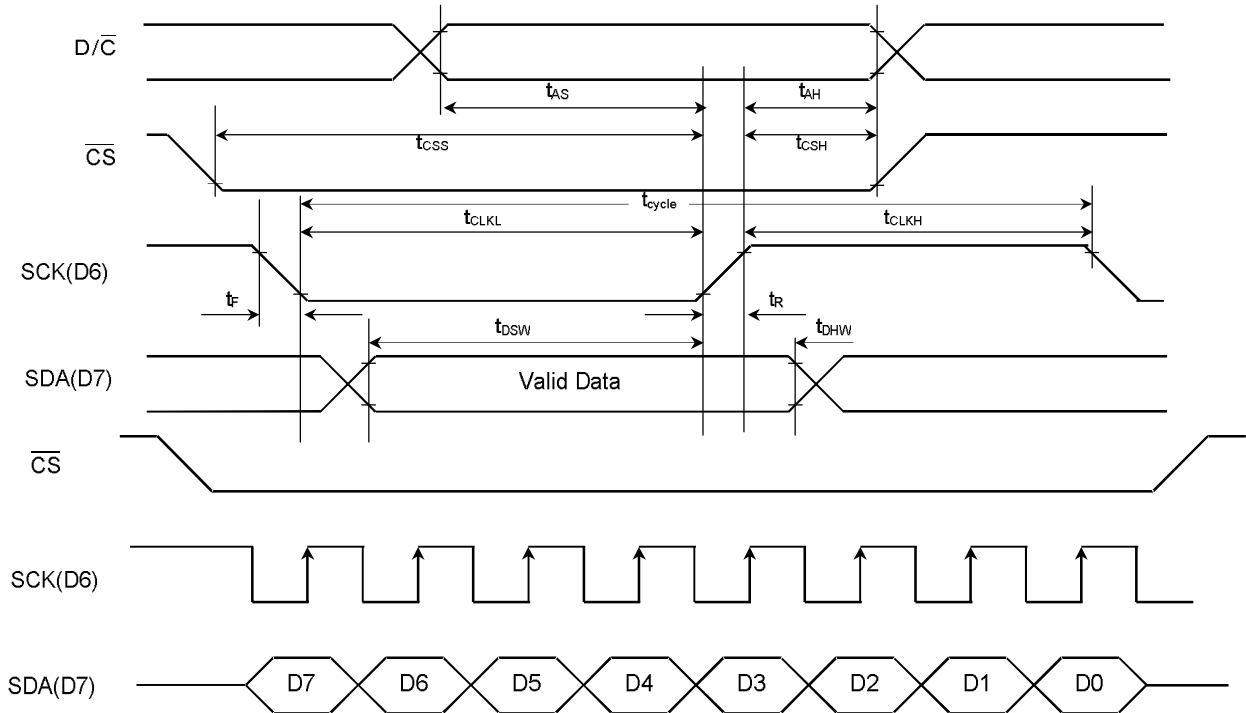
**Read Cycle  
(Case 2)**



**Figure 19 – 8-bit/16-bit Parallel 8080-series Interface Timing Characteristics**

**Table 21 - Serial Timing Characteristics** ( $T_A = -40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.6\text{V}$  to  $3.6\text{V}$ )

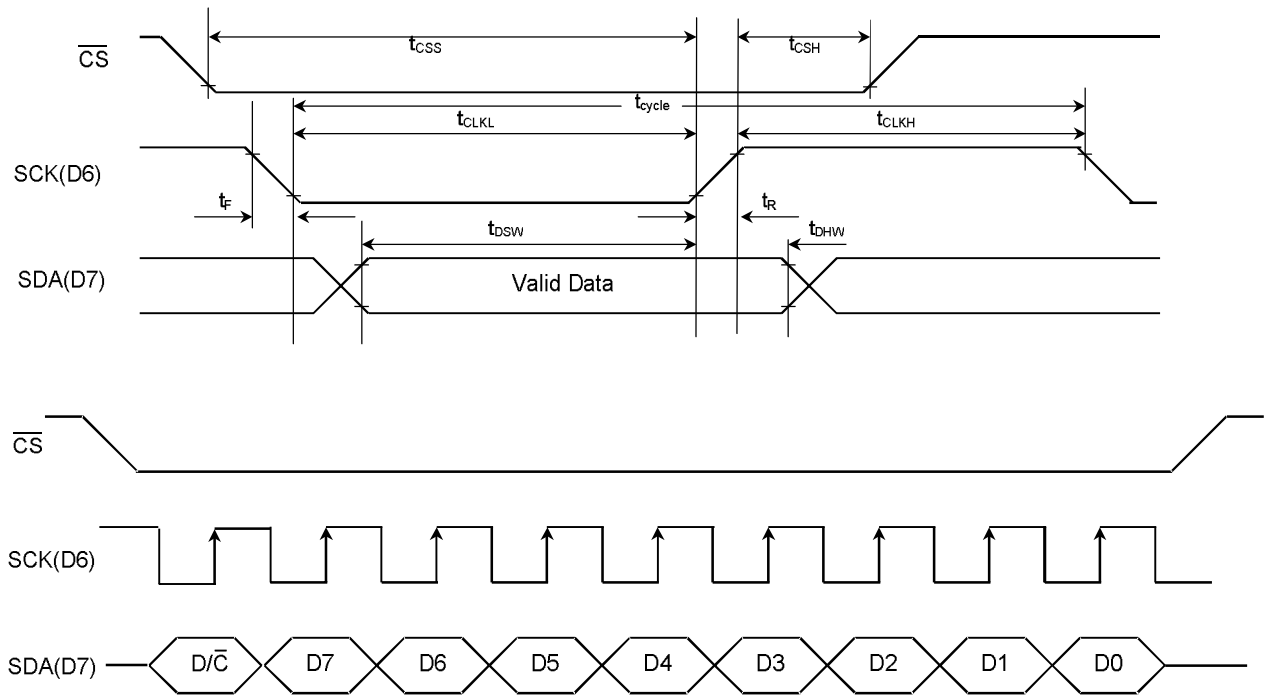
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{\text{cycle}}$	Clock Cycle Time	66	-	-	ns
$f_{\text{CLK}}$	Serial Clock Cycle Time SPI Clock tolerance = +/- 2 ppm	-	-	15	MHz
$t_{\text{AS}}$	Register select Setup Time	90	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{AH}}$	Register select Hold Time	20	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CSS}}$	Chip Select Setup Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CSH}}$	Chip Select Hold Time	30	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{DSW}}$	Write Data Setup Time	10	-	-	ns </td
$t_{\text{DHW}}$	Write Data Hold Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CLKL}}$	Clock Low Time	15	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CLKH}}$	Clock High Time	15	-	-	ns



**Figure 20 – 4 wire Serial Timing Characteristics (PS2=PS1=PS0=L)**

**Table 22 - Serial Timing Characteristics** ( $T_A = -40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.6\text{V}$  to  $3.6\text{V}$ )

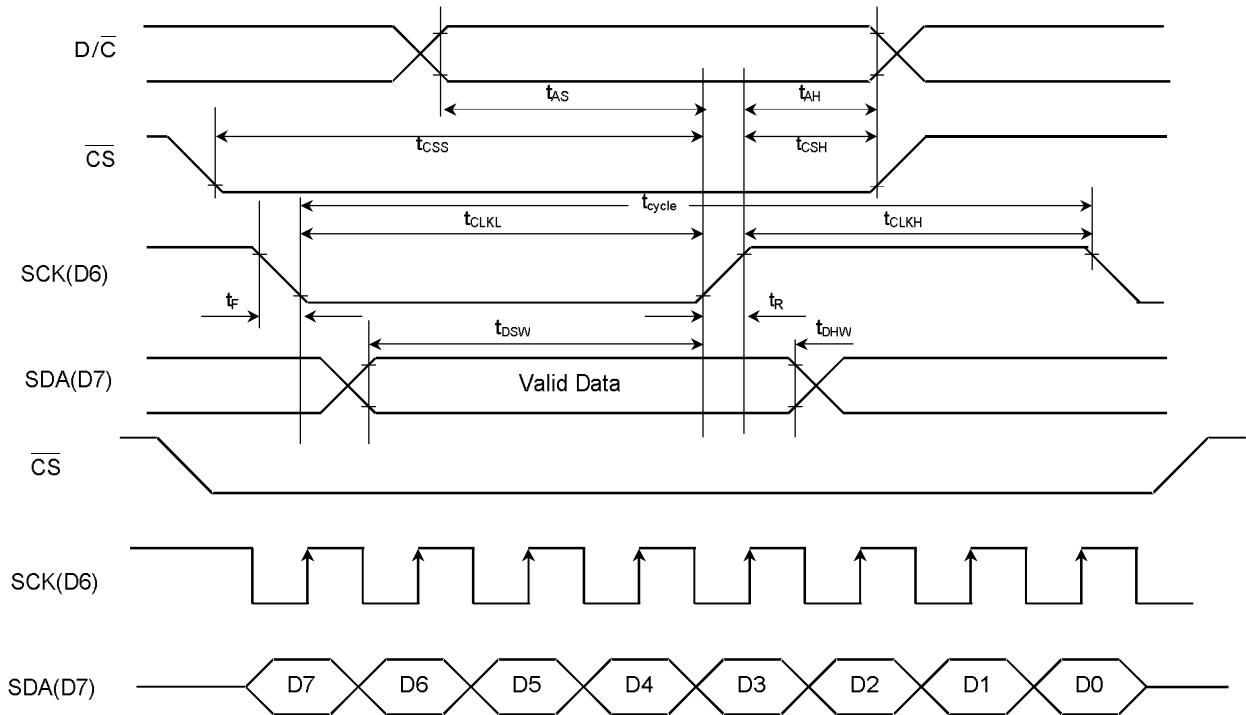
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{\text{cycle}}$	Clock Cycle Time	66	-	-	ns
$f_{\text{CLK}}$	Serial Clock Cycle Time SPI Clock tolerance = +/- 2 ppm	-	-	15	MHz
$t_{\text{AS}}$	Register select Setup Time	90	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{AH}}$	Register select Hold Time	20	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CSS}}$	Chip Select Setup Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CSH}}$	Chip Select Hold Time	30	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{DSW}}$	Write Data Setup Time	10	-	-	ns </td
$t_{\text{DHW}}$	Write Data Hold Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CLKL}}$	Clock Low Time	15	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CLKH}}$	Clock High Time	15	-	-	ns



**Figure 21 – 3 wire Serial Timing Characteristics (PS2=PS1=L, PS0=H)**

**Table 23 - Serial Timing Characteristics** ( $T_A = -40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.4\text{V}$ )

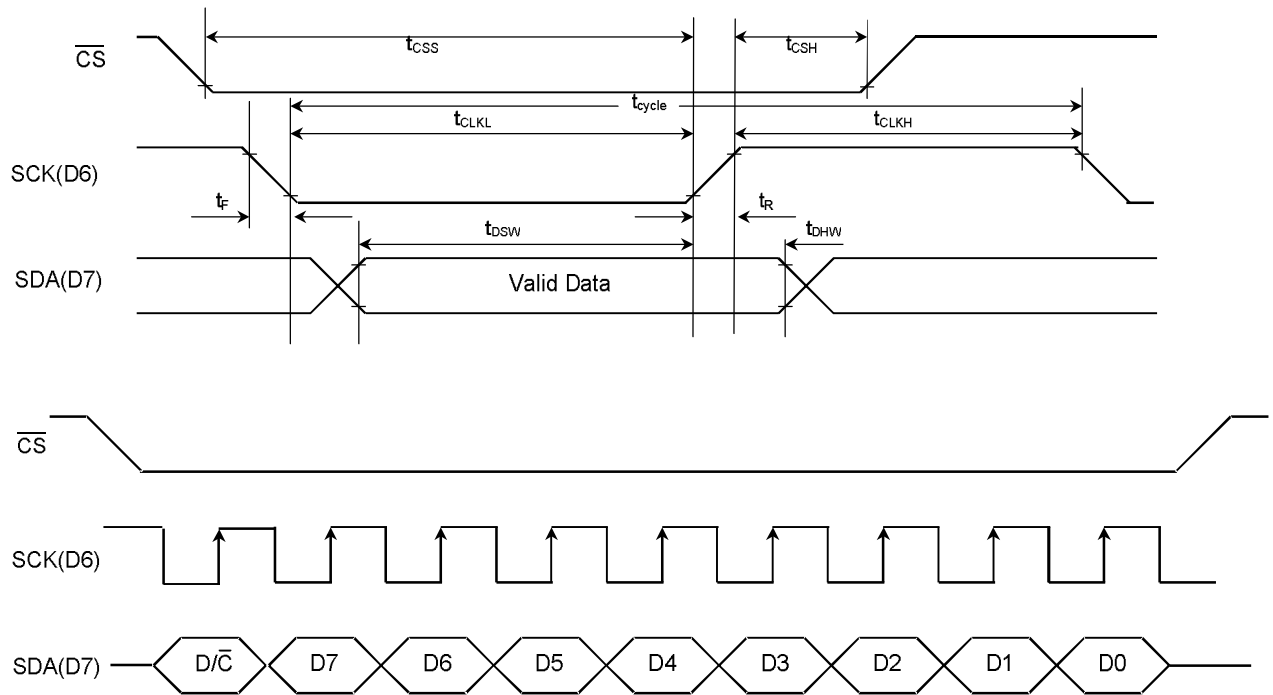
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{\text{cycle}}$	Clock Cycle Time	100	-	-	ns
$f_{\text{CLK}}$	Serial Clock Cycle Time SPI Clock tolerance = +/- 2 ppm	-	-	10	MHz
$t_{\text{AS}}$	Register select Setup Time	90	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{AH}}$	Register select Hold Time	20	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CSS}}$	Chip Select Setup Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CSH}}$	Chip Select Hold Time	30	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{DSW}}$	Write Data Setup Time	10	-	-	ns </td
$t_{\text{DHW}}$	Write Data Hold Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CLKL}}$	Clock Low Time	15	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CLKH}}$	Clock High Time	15	-	-	ns



**Figure 22 – 4 wire Serial Timing Characteristics (PS2=PS1=PS0=L)**

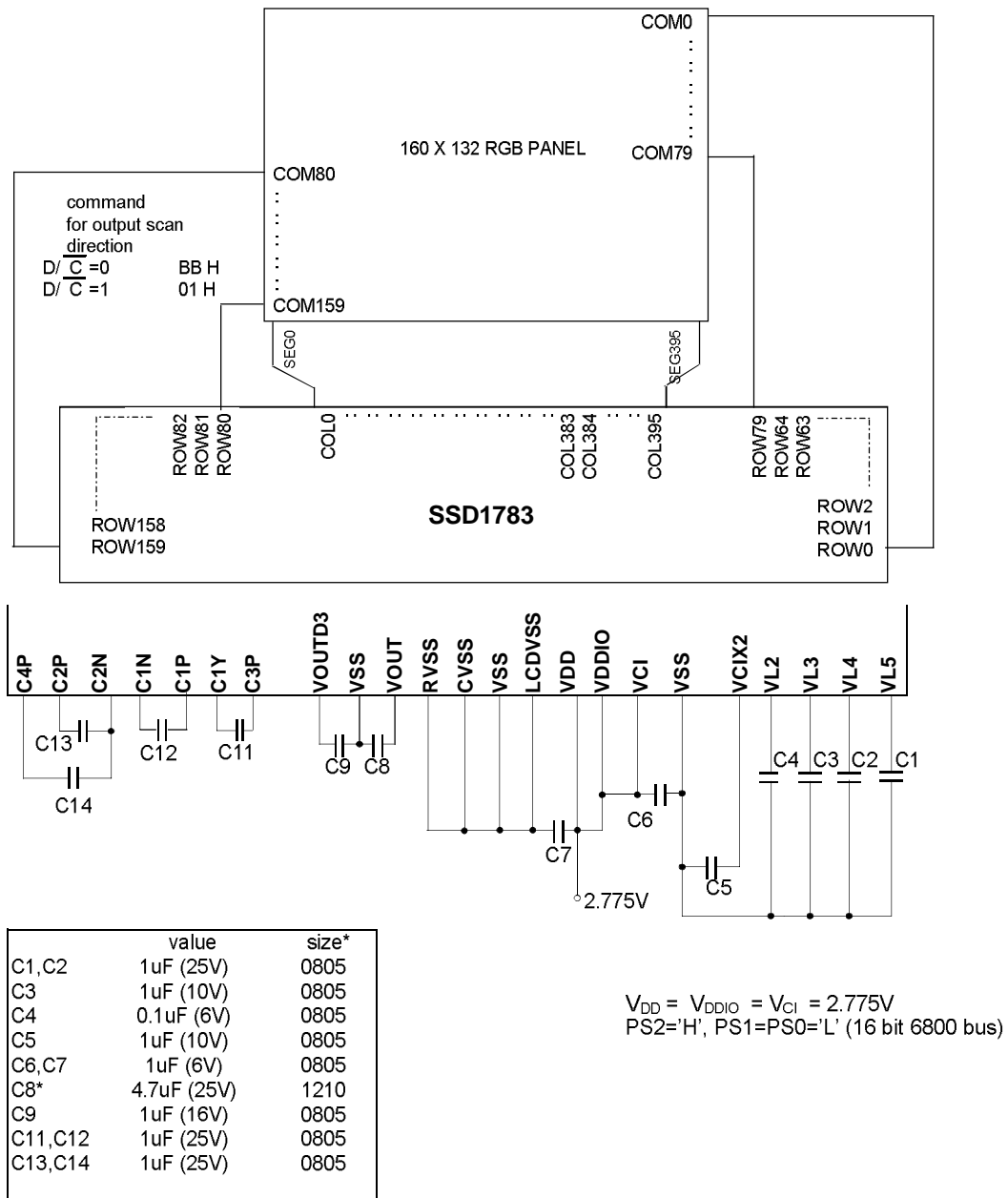
**Table 24 - Serial Timing Characteristics** ( $T_A = -40$  to  $85^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.4\text{V}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{\text{cycle}}$	Clock Cycle Time	100	-	-	ns
$f_{\text{CLK}}$	Serial Clock Cycle Time SPI Clock tolerance = +/- 2 ppm	-	-	10	MHz
$t_{\text{AS}}$	Register select Setup Time	90	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{AH}}$	Register select Hold Time	20	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CSS}}$	Chip Select Setup Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CSH}}$	Chip Select Hold Time	30	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{DSW}}$	Write Data Setup Time	10	-	-	ns </td
$t_{\text{DHW}}$	Write Data Hold Time	10	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CLKL}}$	Clock Low Time	15	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{CLKH}}$	Clock High Time	15	-	-	ns



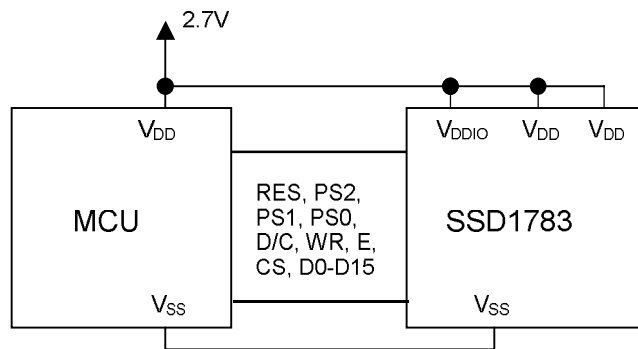
**Figure 23 – 3 wire Serial Timing Characteristics (PS2=PS1=L, PS0=H)**

## 15 APPLICATION EXAMPLES

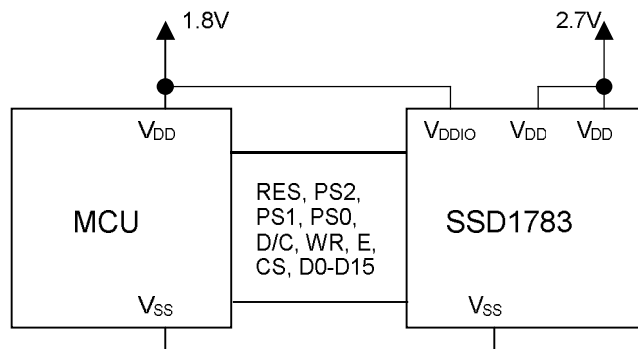


\*For C8, part of it could be put on PCB to make the total cap value ~4.7uF if cap size is too big to place on COF  
 \*the size is for reference only

Figure 24 - Application example



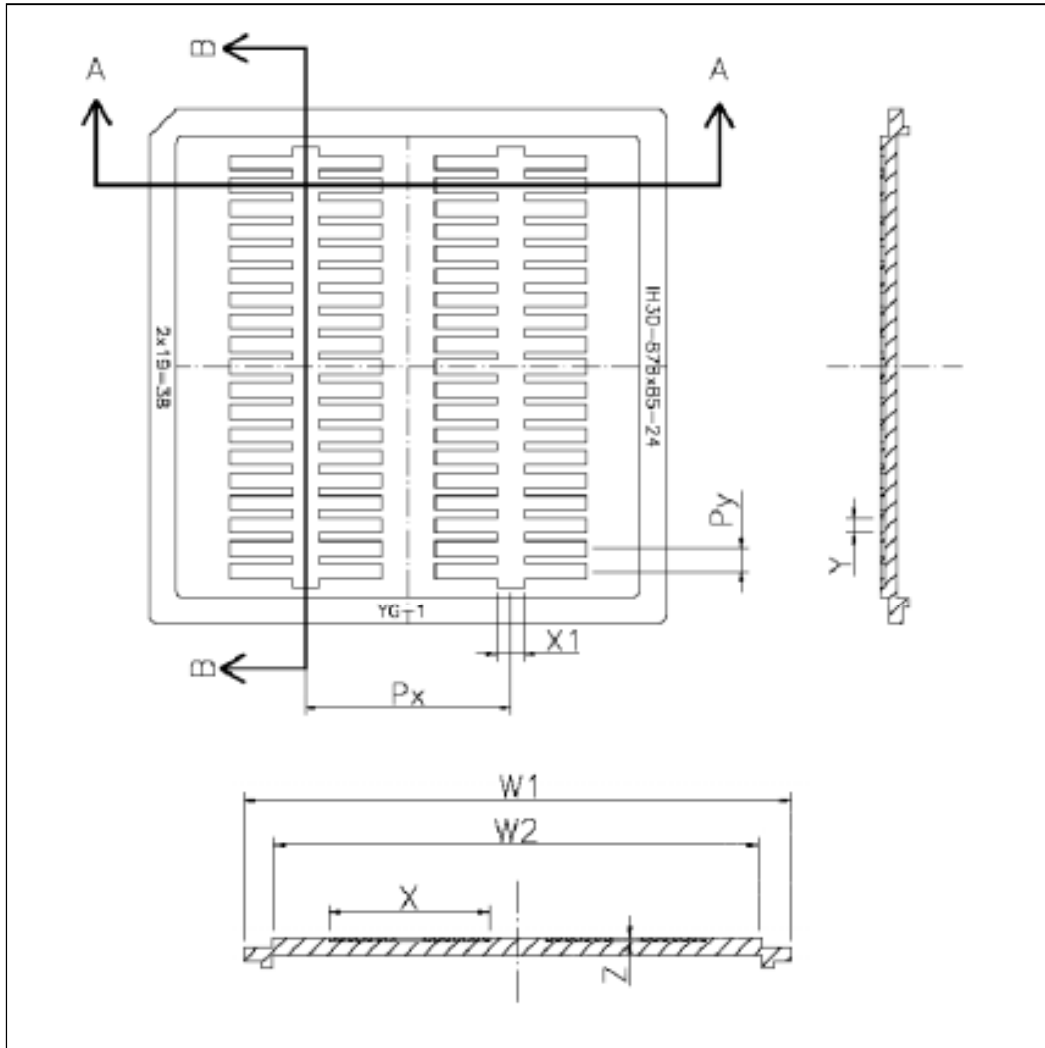
a)  $V_{DD} = V_{DDIO} = V_{CI} = V_{DD}(\text{MCU}) = 2.7\text{V}$



b)  $V_{DD} = V_{CI} = 2.7\text{V}$ ,  $V_{DDIO} = V_{DD}(\text{MCU}) = 1.8\text{V}$

**Figure 25 -  $V_{DD}$ ,  $V_{DDIO}$ ,  $V_{CI}$  connections for (a) typical voltage MCU and (b) low voltage MCU**

## 16 SSD1783Z DIE TRAY DIMENSIONS



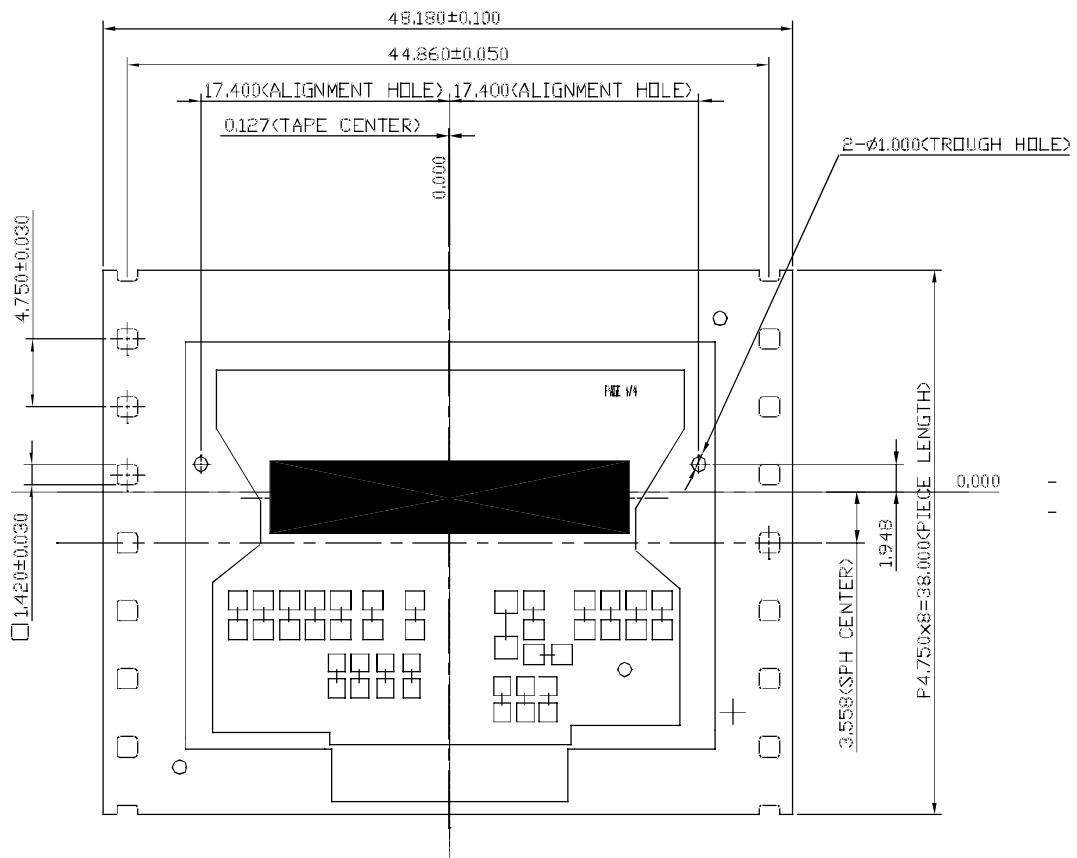
Spec	mm	(mil)
W1	76.0 <sup>+0.2</sup> <sub>-0.1</sub>	(2992)
W2	68.0 <sup>+0.2</sup> <sub>-0.1</sub>	(2677)
X1	4.0 ± 0.1	(158)
Px	30.10 ± 0.1	(1185)
Py	3.34 ± 0.1	(132)
X	22.30 ± 0.1	(878)
Y	2.16 ± 0.1	(85)
Z	0.61 ± 0.05	(24)
N	38	

Figure 26 – SSD1783Z Die Tray Dimension



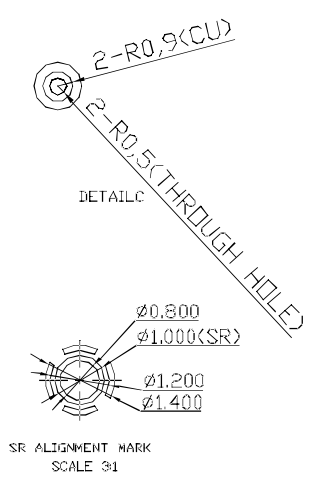
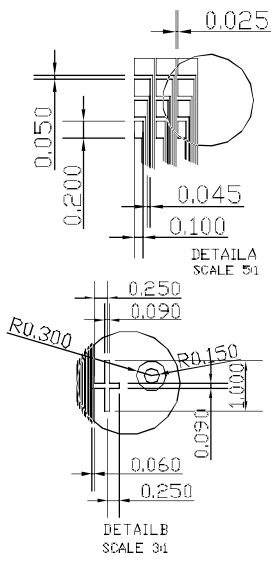


SSD1783U Drawing 2

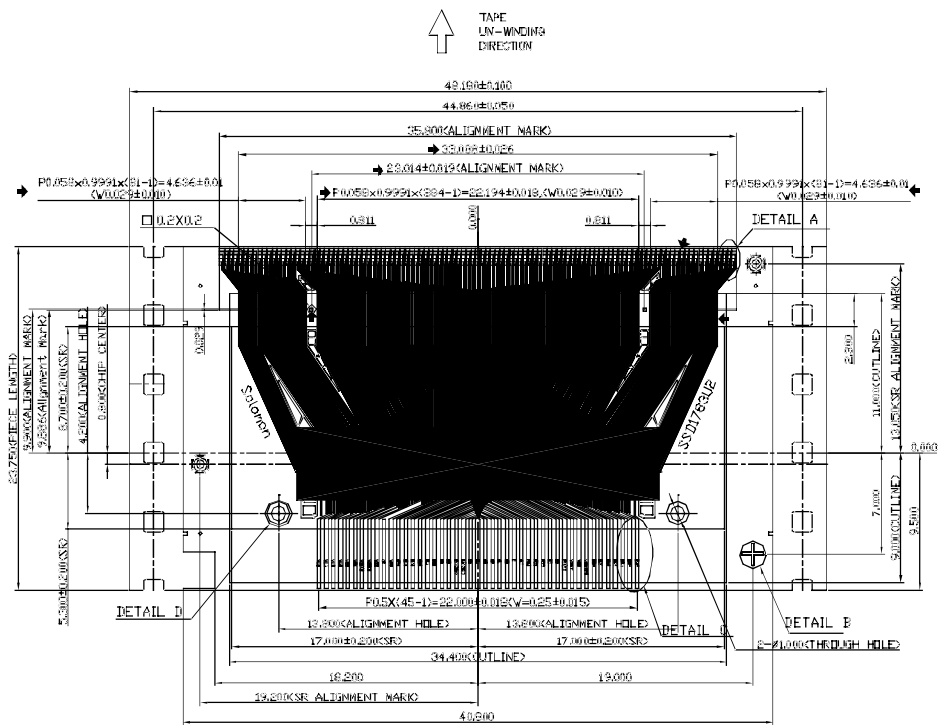


SSD1783U Drawing 3

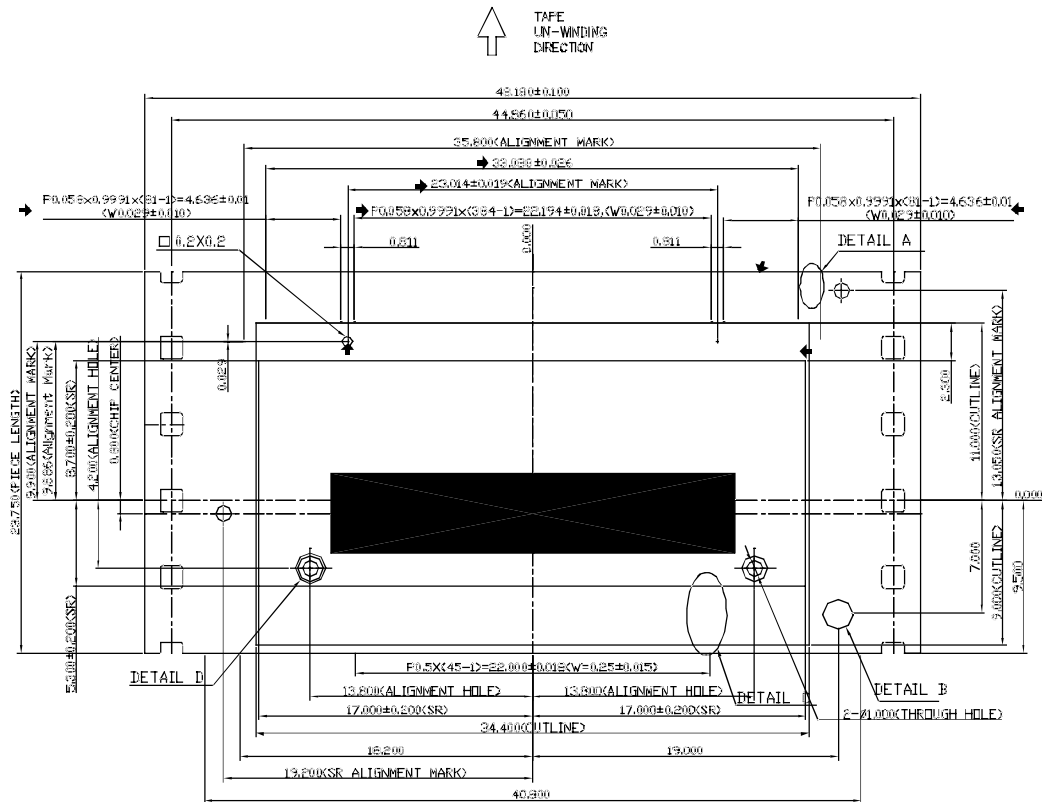
PAGE 3/4  
COPPER VIEW



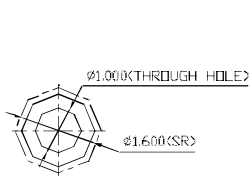
# SSD1783U2 Drawing 1



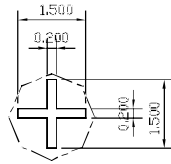
**SSD1783U2 Drawing 2**



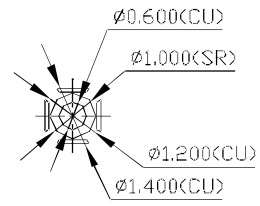
### SSD1783U2 Drawing 3



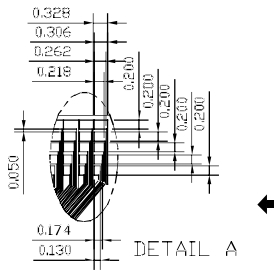
DETAIL D



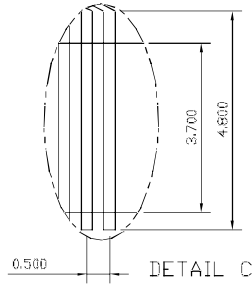
DETAIL B



SR ALIGNMENT MARK



DETAIL A



DETAIL C

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