

# SKT 1800



Capsule Thyristor

## Line Thyristor

### SKT 1800

#### Features

- Hermetic metal case with ceramic insulator
- Capsule package for double sided cooling
- Shallow design with single sided cooling
- Off-state and reverse voltages up to 1600 V
- Amplifying gate

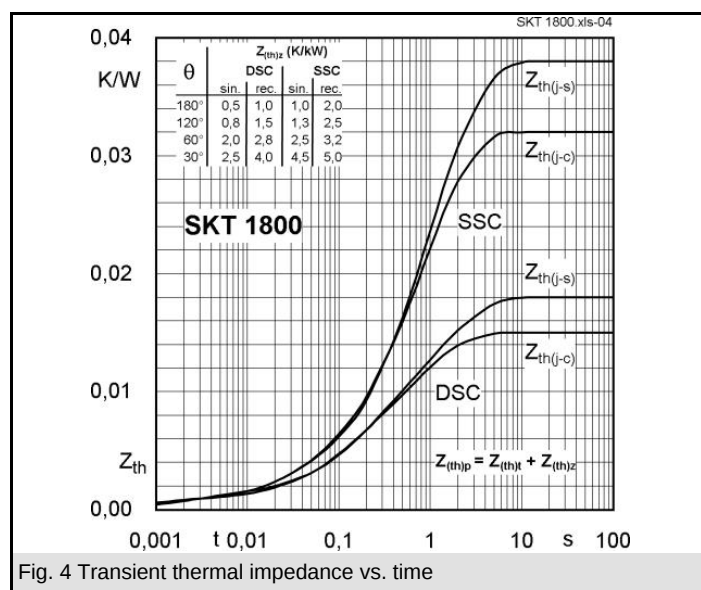
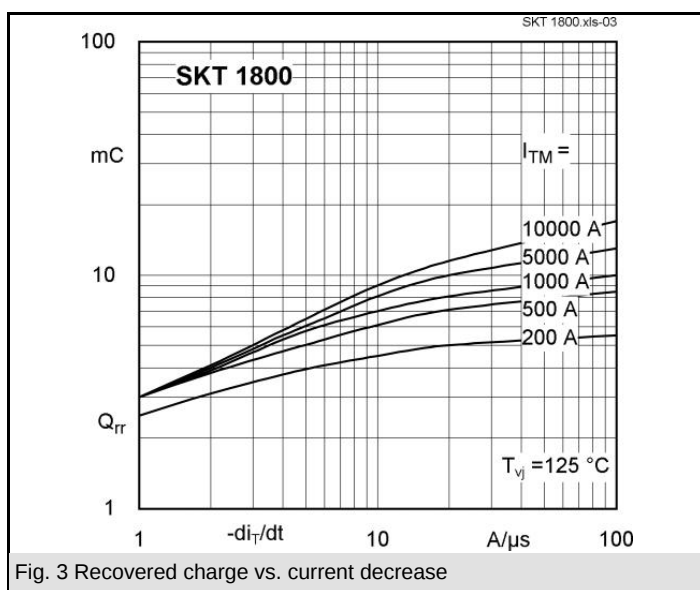
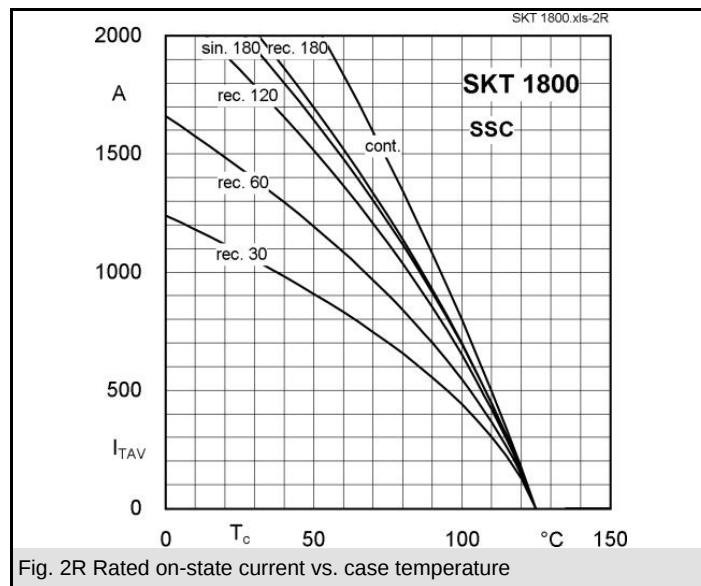
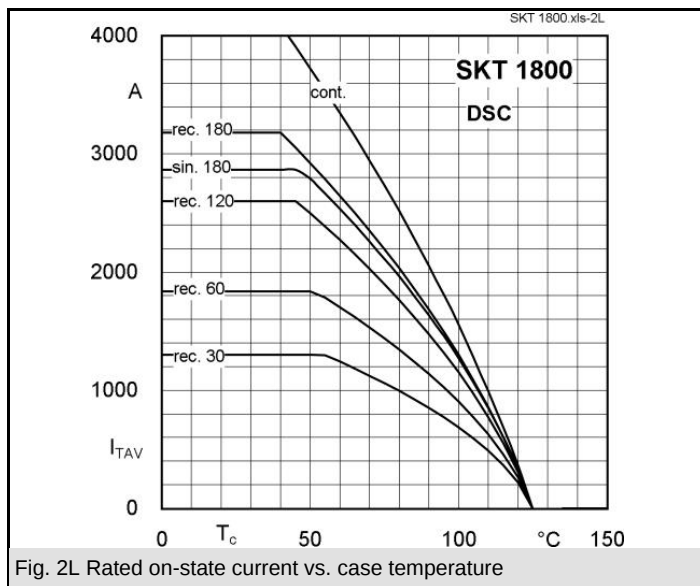
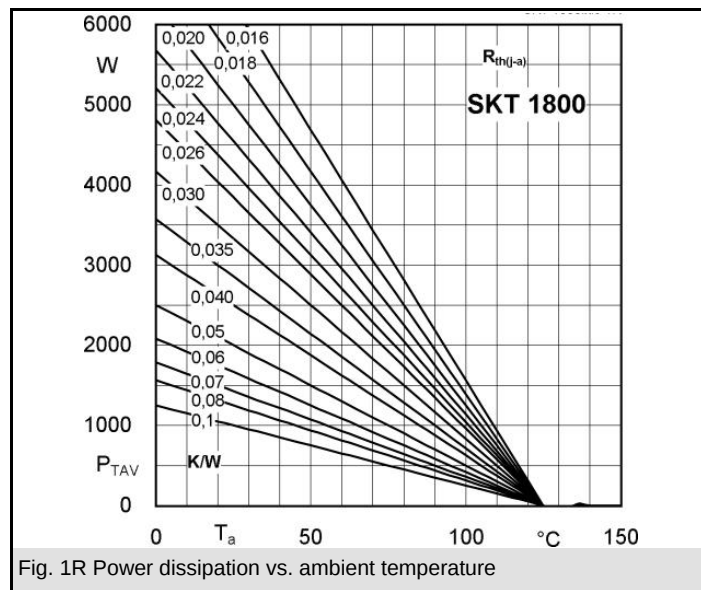
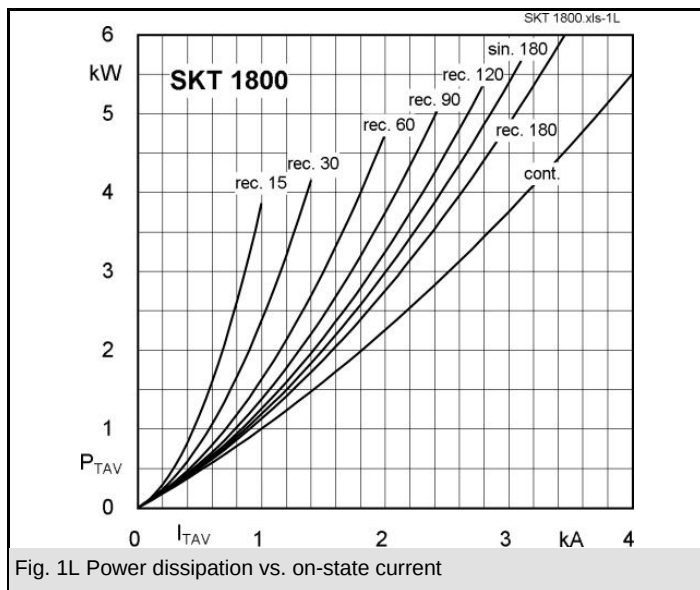
#### Typical Applications

- DC motor control (e. g. for machine tools)
- Controlled rectifiers (e. g. for battery charging)
- AC controllers (e. g. for temperature control)
- Soft starters for AC motors
- Recommended snubber network e. g. for  $V_{VRMS} \leq 400$  V:  
 $R = 33 \Omega / 32$  W,  $C = 1 \mu F$

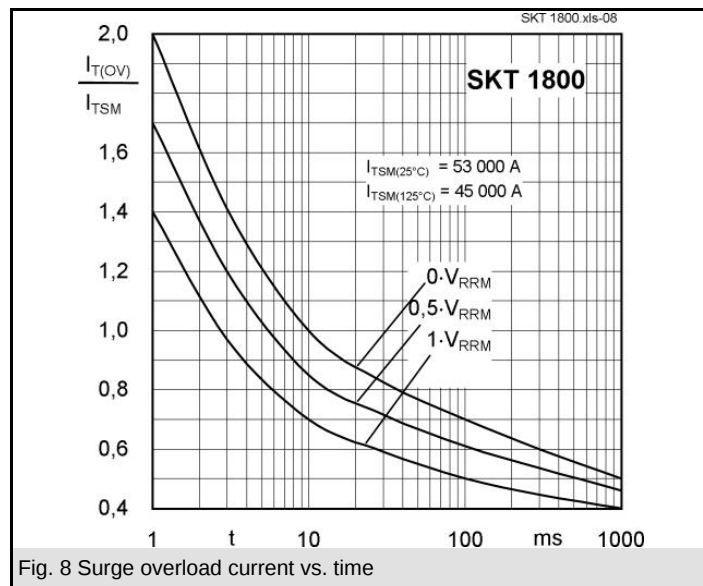
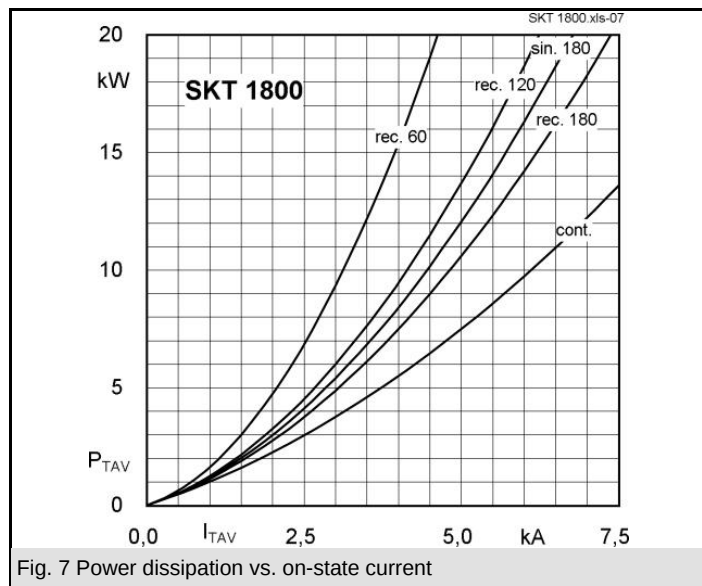
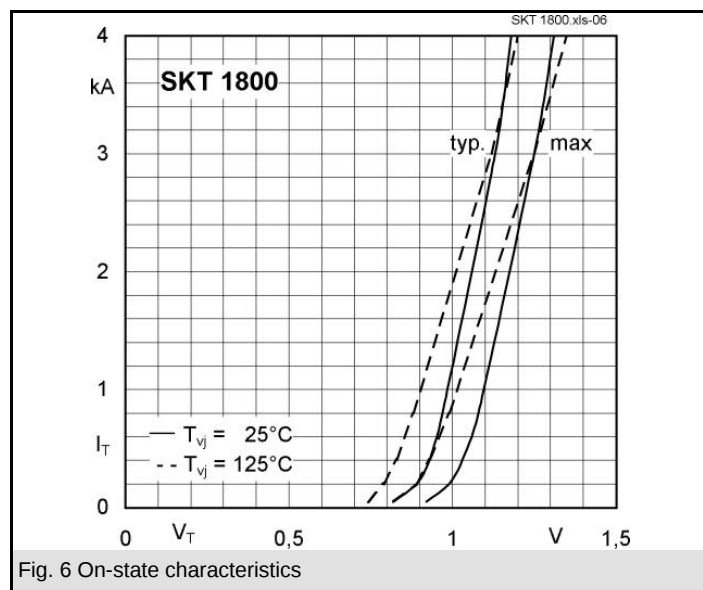
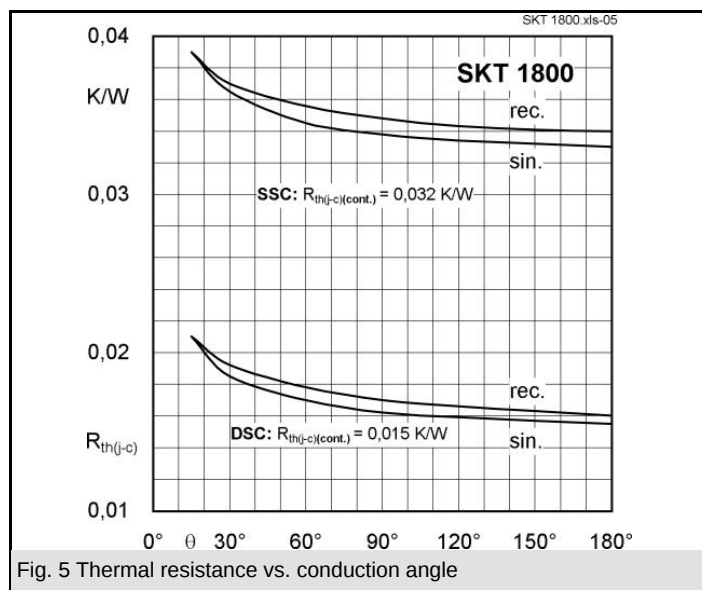
| $V_{RSM}$<br>V | $V_{RRM}$ , $V_{DRM}$<br>V | $I_{TRMS} = 4500$ A (maximum value for continuous operation)<br>$I_{TAV} = 1800$ A (sin. 180; DSC; $T_c = 85$ °C) |  |
|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 1300           | 1200                       | SKT 1800/12E                                                                                                      |  |
| 1500           | 1400                       | SKT 1800/14E                                                                                                      |  |
| 1700           | 1600                       | SKT 1800/16E                                                                                                      |  |

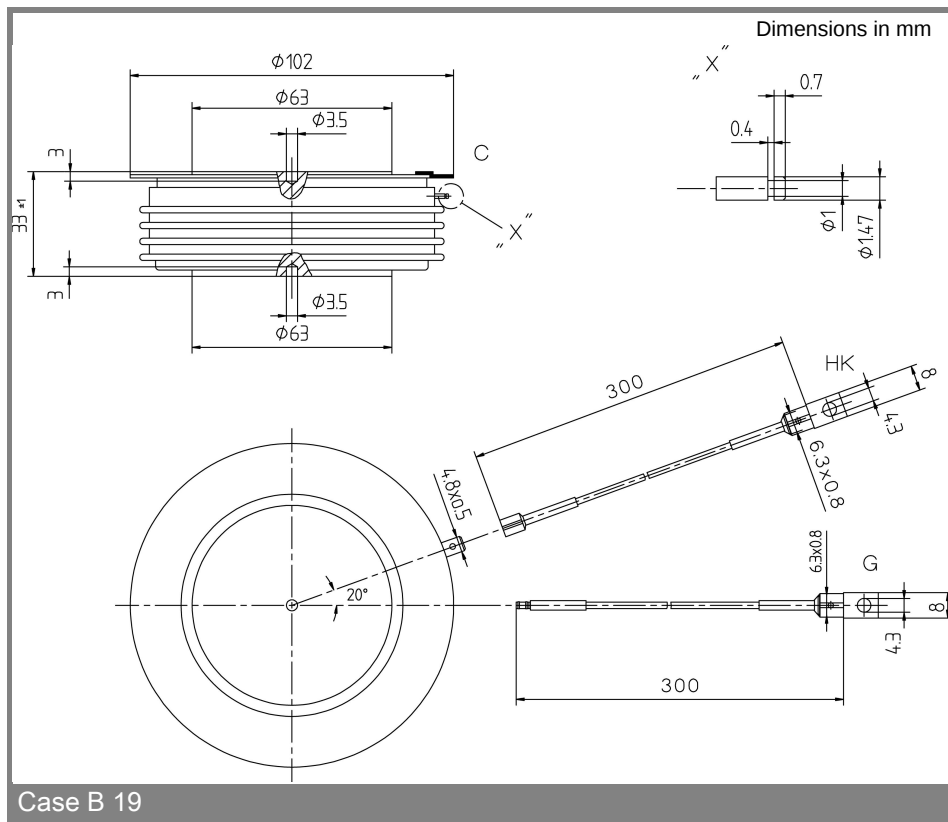
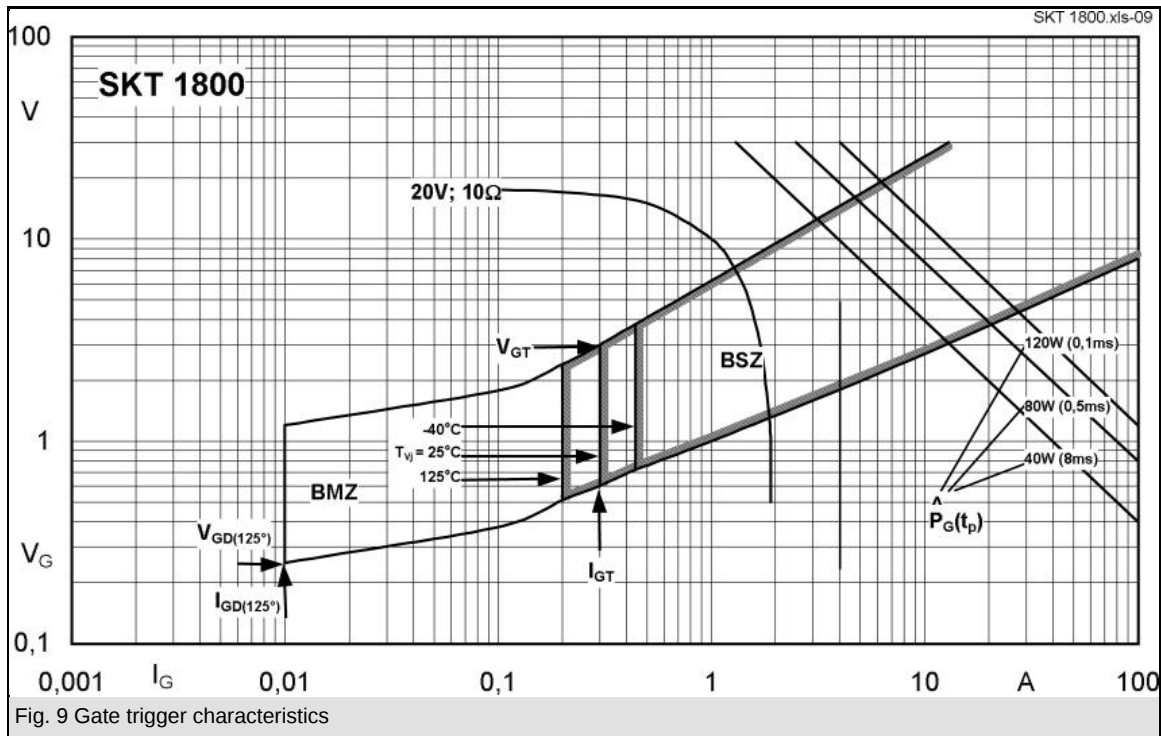
| Symbol              | Conditions                                                 | Values          | Units |
|---------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|
| $I_{TAV}$           | sin. 180; $T_c = 100$ (85) °C;                             | 2500 (1270 )    | A     |
| $I_D$               | 2 x N4/250; $T_a = 45$ °C; B2 / B6                         | 2500 / 3600     | A     |
|                     | 2 x N4/400; $T_a = 45$ °C; B2 / B6                         | 2800 / 4000     | A     |
| $I_{RMS}$           | 2 x N4/250; $T_a = 45$ °C; W1C                             | 2800            | A     |
| $I_{TSM}$           | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; 10 ms                                    | 53000           | A     |
|                     | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C; 10 ms                                   | 45000           | A     |
| $i^2t$              | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; 8,3 ... 10 ms                            | 14000000        | A²s   |
|                     | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C; 8,3 ... 10 ms                           | 10000000        | A²s   |
| $V_T$               | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; $I_T = 3000$ A                           | max. 1,25       | V     |
| $V_{T(TO)}$         | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C                                          | max. 0,88       | V     |
| $r_T$               | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C                                          | max. 0,124      | mΩ    |
| $I_{DD}$ , $I_{RD}$ | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C; $V_{RD} = V_{RRM}$ ; $V_{DD} = V_{DRM}$ | max. 100        | mA    |
| $t_{gd}$            | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; $I_G = 1$ A; $di_G/dt = 1$ A/μs          | 1               | μs    |
| $t_{gr}$            | $V_D = 0,67 * V_{DRM}$                                     | 2               | μs    |
| $(di/dt)_{cr}$      | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C                                          | max. 150        | A/μs  |
| $(dv/dt)_{cr}$      | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C                                          | max. 1000       | V/μs  |
| $t_q$               | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C ,                                        | 200 ... 300     | μs    |
| $I_H$               | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; typ. / max.                              | 500 / 1000      | mA    |
| $I_L$               | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; typ. / max.                              | 2000 / 5000     | mA    |
| $V_{GT}$            | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; d.c.                                     | min. 3          | V     |
| $I_{GT}$            | $T_{vj} = 25$ °C; d.c.                                     | min. 300        | mA    |
| $V_{GD}$            | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C; d.c.                                    | max. 0,25       | V     |
| $I_{GD}$            | $T_{vj} = 125$ °C; d.c.                                    | max. 10         | mA    |
| $R_{th(j-c)}$       | cont.; DSC                                                 | 0,015           | K/W   |
| $R_{th(j-c)}$       | sin. 180; DSC / SSC                                        | 0,0155 / 0,033  | K/W   |
| $R_{th(j-c)}$       | rec. 120; DSC / SSC                                        | 0,0165 / 0,0345 | K/W   |
| $R_{th(c-s)}$       | DSC / SSC                                                  | 0,003 / 0,006   | K/W   |
| $T_{vj}$            |                                                            | - 40 ... + 125  | °C    |
| $T_{stg}$           |                                                            | - 40 ... + 130  | °C    |
| $V_{isol}$          |                                                            | -               | V~    |
| F                   | mounting force                                             | 27 ... 34       | kN    |
| a                   |                                                            |                 | m/s²  |
| m                   | approx.                                                    | 1000            | g     |
| Case                |                                                            | B 19            |       |





# SKT 1800





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