

## 300mA LDO Regulator with POR

### General Description

RT9010 is a low noise, and low dropout with the sourcing ability up to 300mA and power-on reset function. The range of output voltage is from 1.2V to 3.6V by operating from 2.5V to 5.5V input.

RT9010 offers 2% accuracy, extremely low dropout voltage (240mV @ 300mA), and extremely low ground current. The shutdown current is near zero current which is suitable for battery-power devices. Other features include current limiting, over temperature, output short circuit protection.

RT9010 is short circuit thermal folded back protected. RT9010 lowers its OTP trip point from 165°C to 110°C when output short circuit occurs ( $V_{OUT} < 0.4V$ ) providing maximum safety to end users.

RT9010 can operate stably with very small ceramic output capacitors, reducing required board space and component cost. RT9010 is available in fixed output voltages in the TSOT-23-6 package.

### Ordering Information

RT9010-□□□□	
□	Package Type J6 : TSOT-23-6
□	Operating Temperature Range P : Pb Free with Commercial Standard G : Green (Halogen Free with Commercial Standard)
□	Output Voltage 12 : 1.20V 13 : 1.30V ⋮ 35 : 3.50V 36 : 3.60V 1H : 1.85V 2F : 2.65V 2H : 2.85V

Note :

RichTek Pb-free and Green products are :

- ▶RoHS compliant and compatible with the current requirements of IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020.
- ▶Suitable for use in SnPb or Pb-free soldering processes.
- ▶100% matte tin (Sn) plating.

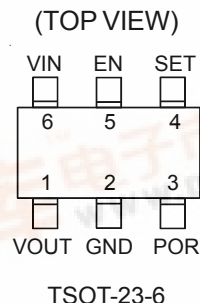
### Features

- **Wide Operating Voltage Ranges : 2.5V to 5.5V**
- **Low-Noise for RF Application**
- **No Noise Bypass Capacitor Required**
- **Fast Response in Line/Load Transient**
- **TTL-Logic-Controlled Shutdown Input**
- **Low Temperature Coefficient**
- **300mA LDO Outputs**
- **High Accuracy  $\pm 2\%$**
- **Short Circuit Protection**
- **Thermal Shutdown Protection**
- **Current Limit Protection**
- **Short Circuit Thermal Folded Back Protection**
- **Tiny TSOT-23-6 Package**
- **RoHS Compliant and 100% Lead (Pb)-Free**

### Applications

- CDMA/GSM Cellular Handsets
- Battery-Powered Equipment
- Laptop, Palmtops, Notebook Computers
- Hand-Held Instruments
- PCMCIA Cards
- Portable Information Appliances

### Pin Configurations



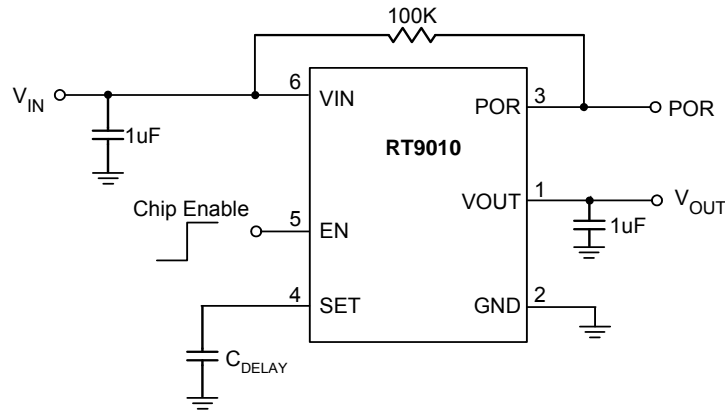
**Note :** There is no pin1 indicator on top mark for TSOT-23-6 type, and pin 1 will be lower left pin when reading top mark from left to right.

### Marking Information

For marking information, contact our sales representative directly or through a RichTek distributor located in your area, otherwise visit our website for detail.



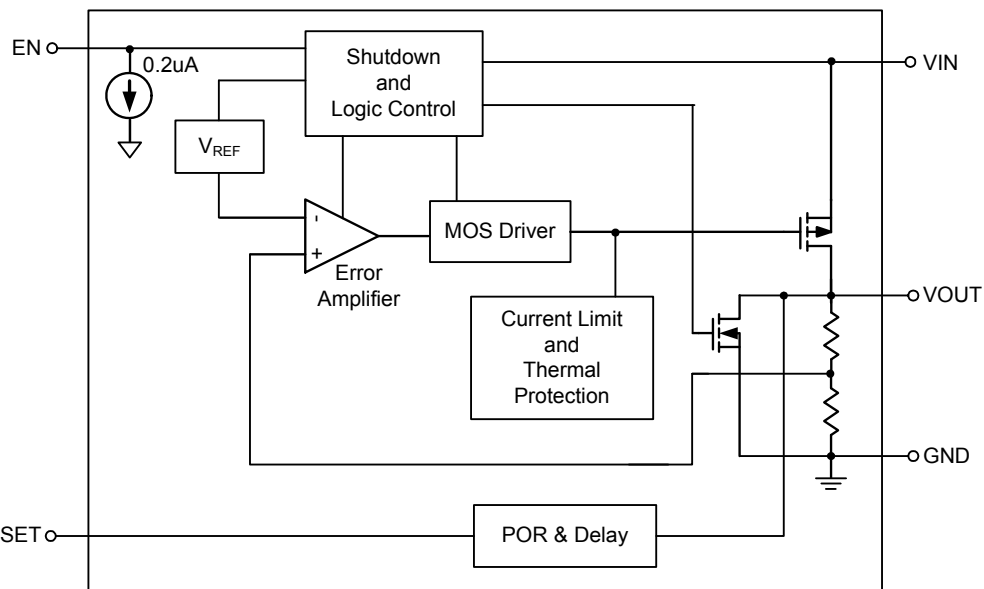
## Typical Application Circuit



## Functional Pin Description

Pin No.	Pin Name	Pin Function
1	VOUT	Output Voltage.
2	GND	Common Ground.
3	POR	Power-On Reset Output : Open-drain output. Active low indicates an output under voltage condition on regulator.
4	SET	Delay Set Input. Connect external capacitor to GND to set the internal delay.
5	EN	Chip Enable (Active High).
6	VIN	Supply Input Voltage.

## Function Block Diagram



**Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Note 1)

- Supply Input Voltage ----- -0.3V to 6V
- Other I/O Pin Voltages ----- -0.3V to 6V
- Power Dissipation,  $P_D$  @  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$   
   TSOT-23-6 ----- 0.455W
- Package Thermal Resistance (Note 4)  
   TSOT-23-6,  $\theta_{JA}$  ----- 220°C/W
- Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) ----- 260°C
- Junction Temperature ----- 150°C
- Storage Temperature Range ----- -65°C to 150°C
- ESD Susceptibility (Note 2)  
   HBM (Human Body Mode) ----- 2kV  
   MM (Machine Mode) ----- 200V

**Recommended Operating Conditions** (Note 3)

- Supply Input Voltage ----- 2.5V to 5.5V
- Enable Input Voltage ----- 0V to 5.5V
- Junction Temperature Range ----- -40°C to 125°C
- Ambient Temperature Range ----- -40°C to 85°C

**Electrical Characteristics**

( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ ,  $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1\mu\text{F}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	$V_{IN} = 2.5V$ to $5.5V$	2.5	--	5.5	V	
Dropout Voltage (Note 5)	$V_{DROP}$	$I_{OUT} = 150\text{mA}$ , $V_{OUT} > 2.8V$	--	120	--	mV	
		$I_{OUT} = 300\text{mA}$ , $V_{OUT} > 2.8V$	--	240	--	mV	
Output Voltage Range	$V_{OUT}$		1.2	--	3.6	V	
Output Voltage Accuracy	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$I_{OUT} = 1\text{mA}$	-2	--	+2	%	
Line Regulation	$\Delta V_{LINE}$	$V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 0.3V)$ to $5.5V$ or $V_{IN} > 2.5V$ , whichever is larger	--	--	0.2	%/V	
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{LOAD}$	$1\text{mA} < I_{OUT} < 300\text{mA}$	--	--	0.6	%	
Current Limit	$I_{LIM}$	$R_{LOAD} = 1\Omega$	330	450	700	mA	
Quiescent Current	$I_Q$	$V_{EN} > 1.5V$	--	58	80	$\mu\text{A}$	
Shutdown Current	$I_{Q\_SD}$	$V_{EN} < 0.4V$	--	--	1	$\mu\text{A}$	
EN Threshold Voltage	Logic-High	$V_{IH}$	$V_{IN} = 2.5V$ to $5.5V$ , Power On	1.5	--	--	V
	Logic-Low	$V_{IL}$	$V_{IN} = 2.5V$ to $5.5V$ , Shutdown	--	--	0.4	
Output Voltage TC			--	100	--	ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$	
Thermal Shutdown	$T_{SD}$		--	170	--	$^\circ\text{C}$	
Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis	$\Delta T_{SD}$		--	40	--	$^\circ\text{C}$	

*To be continued*

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
PSRR Loading=10mA	PSRR	f =100Hz	--	-65	--	dB
		f =1kHz	--	-60	--	dB
		f =10kHz	--	-50	--	dB
PSRR Loading=150mA	PSRR	f =100Hz	--	-65	--	dB
		f =1kHz	--	-50	--	dB
		f =10kHz	--	-50	--	dB
Reset Threshold	V <sub>THL</sub>	Low Threshold, % of nominal V <sub>OUT</sub> (Flag On)	90	--	--	%
	V <sub>THH</sub>	High Threshold, % of nominal V <sub>OUT</sub> (Flag Off)	--	--	96	%
POR Output Logic Low Voltage	V <sub>POR_L</sub>	I <sub>L</sub> = 250μA	--	0.02	0.1	V
POR Leakage Current	I <sub>POR</sub>	Flag off	-1	0.01	1	μA
Set pin current source		V <sub>SET</sub> = 0	0.60	1.25	1.70	μA
Set pin threshold		POR = high	--	1.4	--	V

**Note 1.** Stresses listed as the above "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are for stress ratings. Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may remain possibility to affect device reliability.

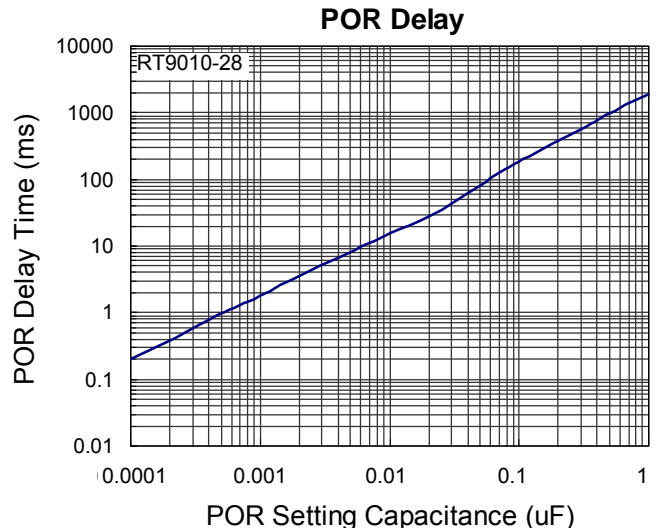
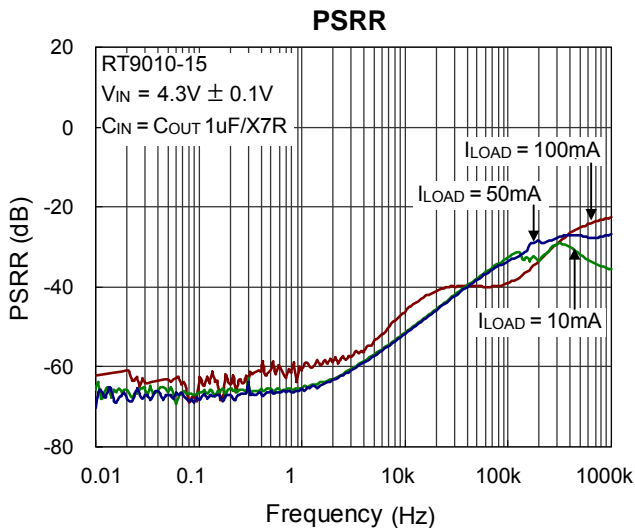
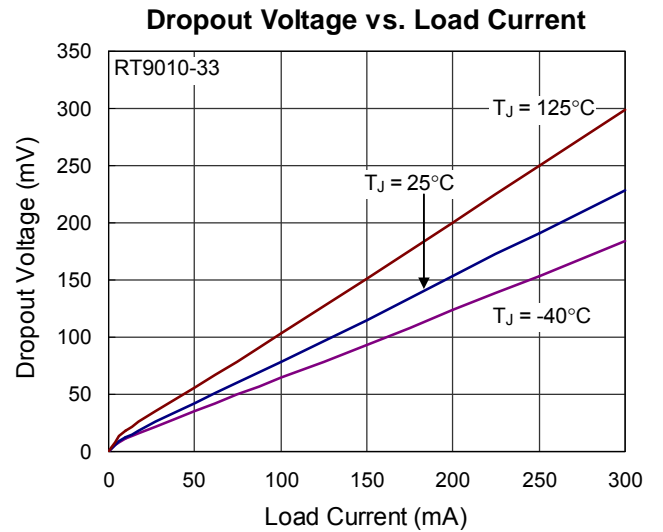
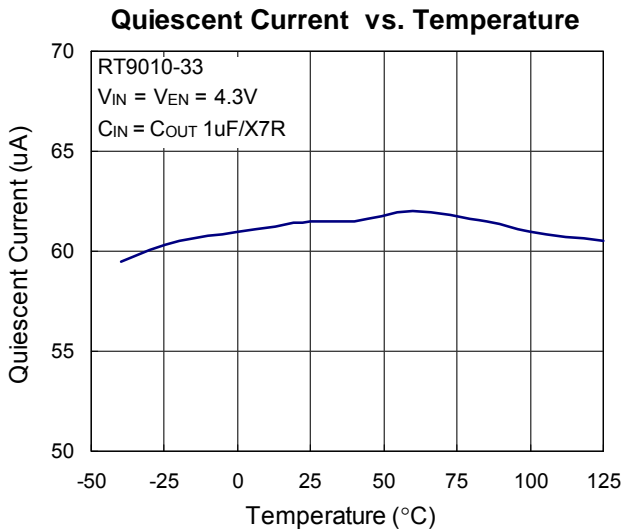
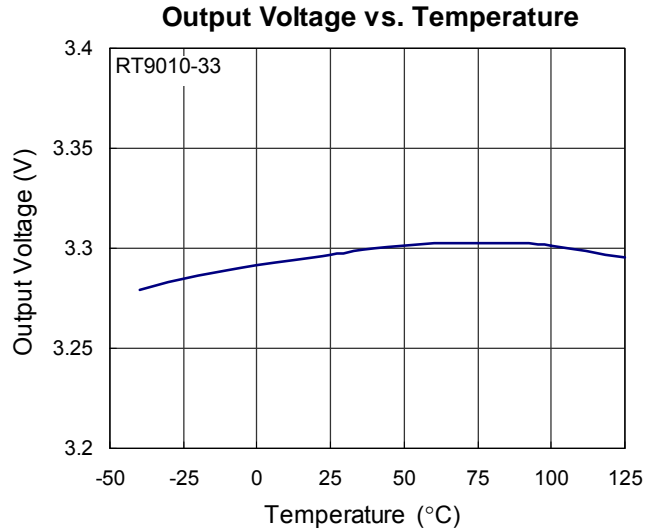
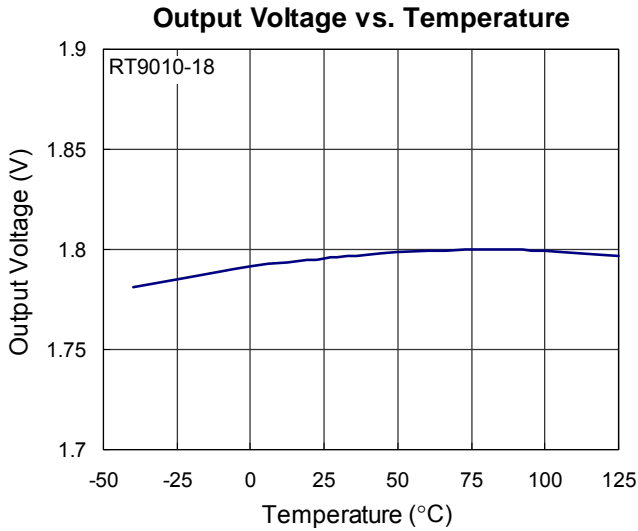
**Note 2.** Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precaution recommended.

**Note 3.** The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating conditions.

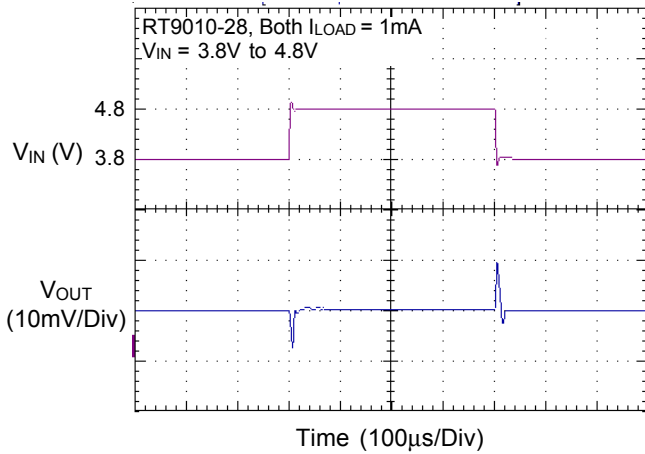
**Note 4.**  $\theta_{JA}$  is measured in the natural convection at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  on a low effective thermal conductivity test board of JEDEC 51-3 thermal measurement standard.

**Note 5.** The dropout voltage is defined as  $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ , which is measured when  $V_{OUT}$  is  $V_{OUT(NORMAL)} - 100\text{mV}$ .

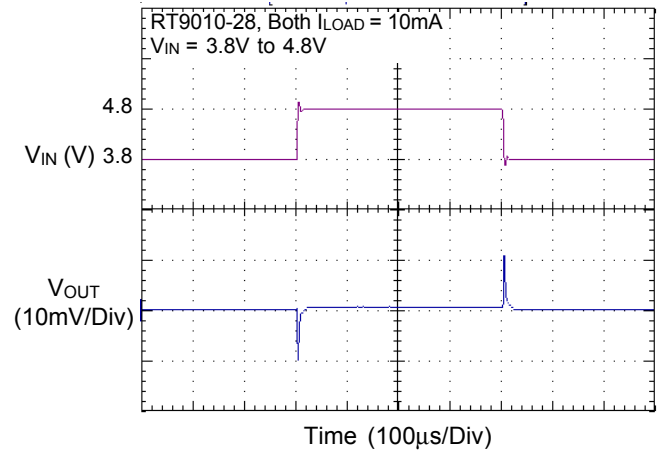
**Typical Operating Characteristics**



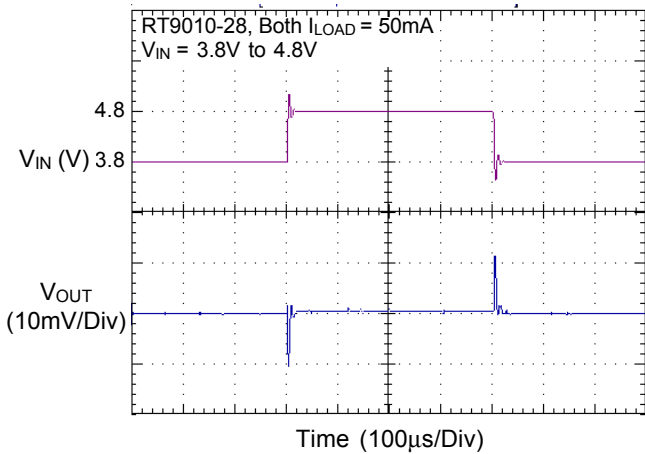
Line Transient Response



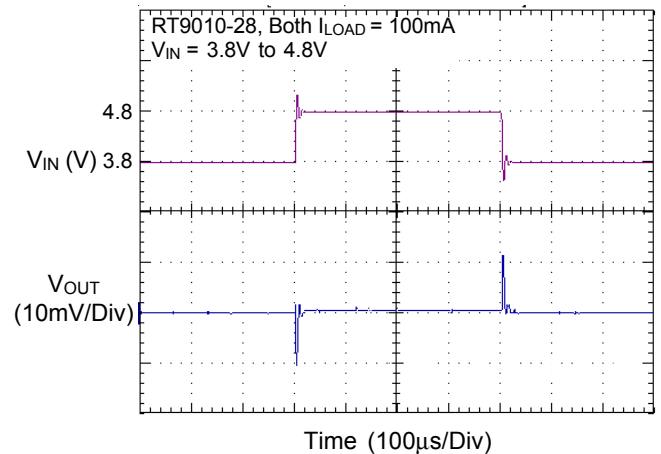
Line Transient Response



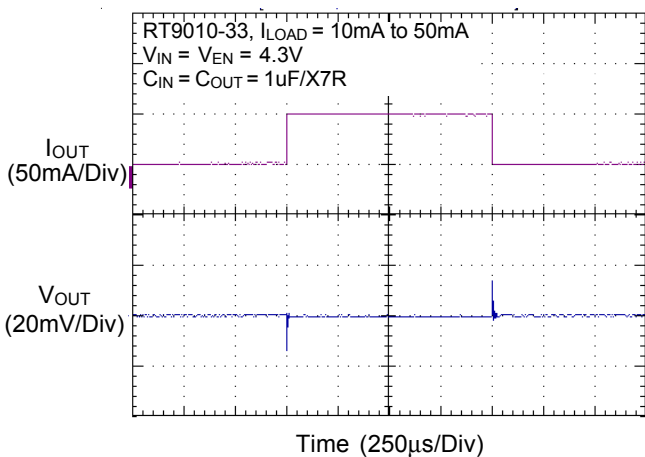
Line Transient Response



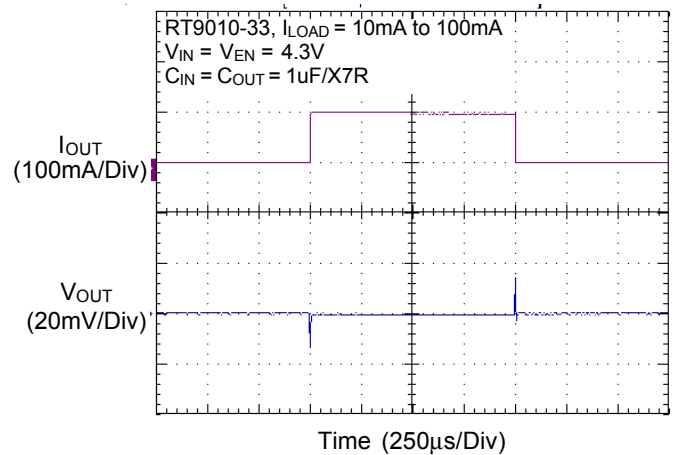
Line Transient Response



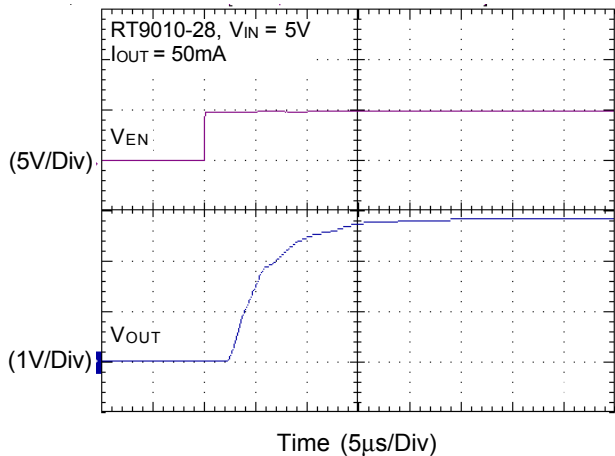
Load Transient Response



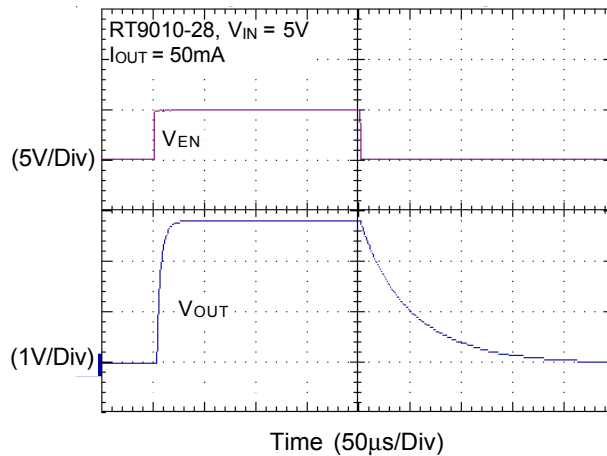
Load Transient Response



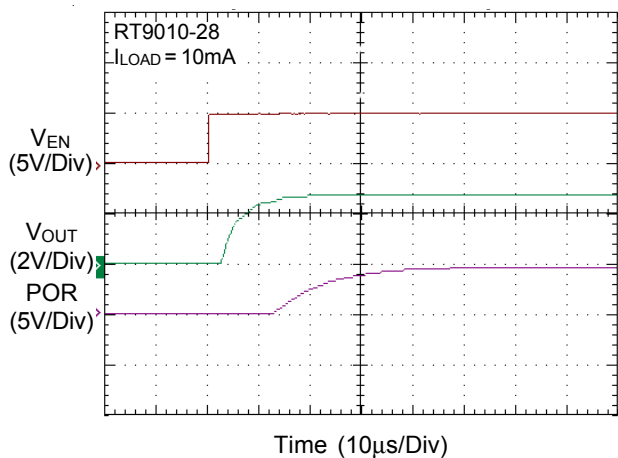
**Start Up**



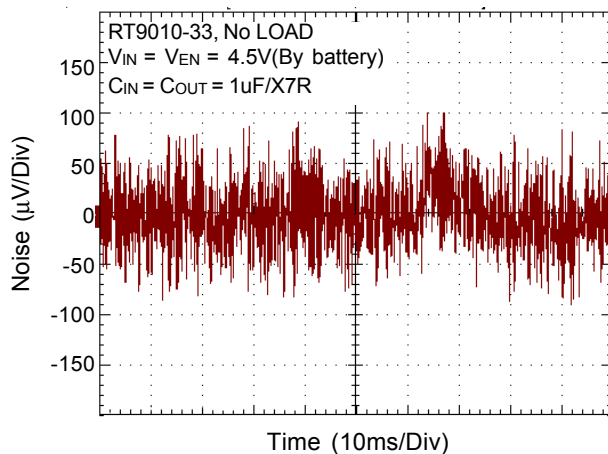
**EN Pin Shutdown Response**



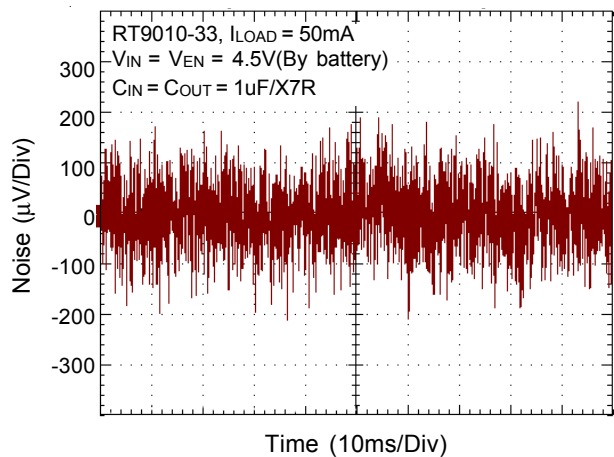
**Power-On**



**Noise**



**Noise**



## Applications Information

Like any low-dropout regulator, the external capacitors used with the RT9010 must be carefully selected for regulator stability and performance. Using a capacitor whose value is  $> 1\mu\text{F}$  on the RT9010 input and the amount of capacitance can be increased without limit. The input capacitor must be located a distance of not more than 0.5 inch from the input pin of the IC and returned to a clean analog ground. Any good quality ceramic or tantalum can be used for this capacitor. The capacitor with larger value and lower ESR (equivalent series resistance) provides better PSRR and line-transient response.

The output capacitor must meet both requirements for minimum amount of capacitance and ESR in all LDOs application. The RT9010 is designed specifically to work with low ESR ceramic output capacitor in space-saving and performance consideration. Using a ceramic capacitor whose value is at least  $1\mu\text{F}$  with ESR is  $> 20\text{m}\Omega$  on the RT9010 output ensures stability. The RT9010 still works well with output capacitor of other types due to the wide stable ESR range. Figure 1. shows the curves of allowable ESR range as a function of load current for various output capacitor values. Output capacitor of larger capacitance can reduce noise and improve load transient response, stability, and PSRR. The output capacitor should be located not more than 0.5 inch from the VOUT pin of the RT9010 and returned to a clean analog ground.

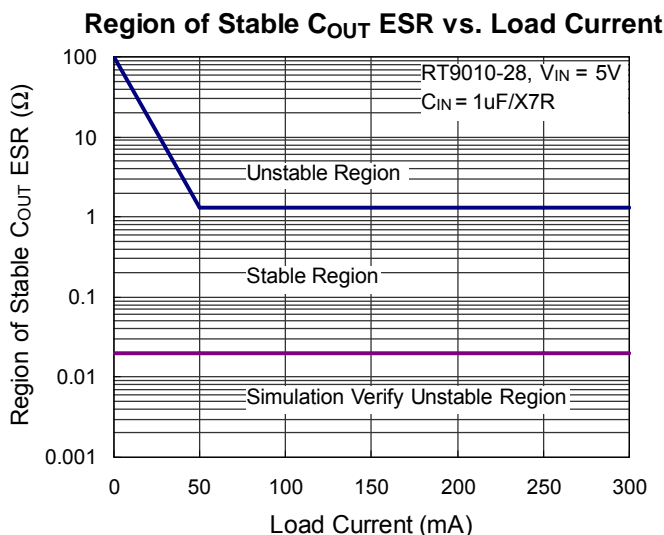


Figure 1. Stable  $C_{OUT}$  ESR Range

## Thermal Considerations

Thermal protection limits power dissipation in RT9010. When the operation junction temperature exceeds  $170^\circ\text{C}$ , the OTP circuit starts the thermal shutdown function and turns the pass element off. The pass element turn on again after the junction temperature cools by  $40^\circ\text{C}$ . RT9010 lowers its OTP trip level from  $170^\circ\text{C}$  to  $110^\circ\text{C}$  when output short circuit occurs ( $V_{OUT} < 0.4\text{V}$ ) as shown in Figure 2. It limits IC case temperature under  $100^\circ\text{C}$  and provides maximum safety to customer while output short circuit occurring.

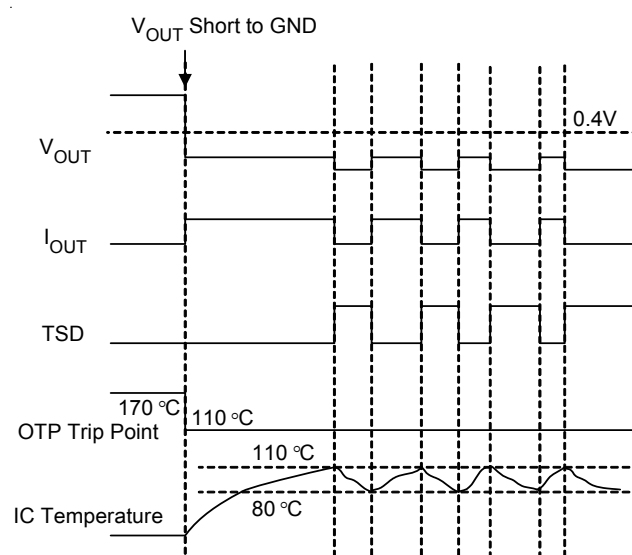


Figure 2. Short Circuit Thermal Folded Back Protection when Output Short Circuit Occurs (Patent)

For continuous operation, do not exceed absolute maximum operation junction temperature  $125^\circ\text{C}$ . The power dissipation definition in device is :

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} + V_{IN} \times I_Q$$

The maximum power dissipation depends on the thermal resistance of IC package, PCB layout, the rate of surroundings airflow and temperature difference between junction to ambient. The maximum power dissipation can be calculated by following formula :

$$P_{D(\text{MAX})} = (T_{J(\text{MAX})} - T_A) / \theta_{JA}$$

Where  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}$  is the maximum operation junction temperature  $125^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_A$  is the ambient temperature and the  $\theta_{JA}$  is the junction to ambient thermal resistance.



For recommended operating conditions specification of RT9010, where  $T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum junction temperature of the die (125°C) and  $T_A$  is the operated ambient temperature. The junction to ambient thermal resistance ( $\theta_{JA}$  is layout dependent) for TSOT-23-6 package is 220°C/W on the standard JEDEC 51-3 single-layer thermal test board. The maximum power dissipation at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  can be calculated by following formula :

$$P_{D(MAX)} = ( 125^\circ\text{C} - 25^\circ\text{C} ) / ( 220^\circ\text{C/W} ) = 0.455 \text{ W for TSOT-23-6 packages}$$

The maximum power dissipation depends on operating ambient temperature for fixed  $T_{J(MAX)}$  and thermal resistance  $\theta_{JA}$ . For RT9010 packages, the Figure 3 of derating curves allows the designer to see the effect of rising ambient temperature on the maximum power allowed.

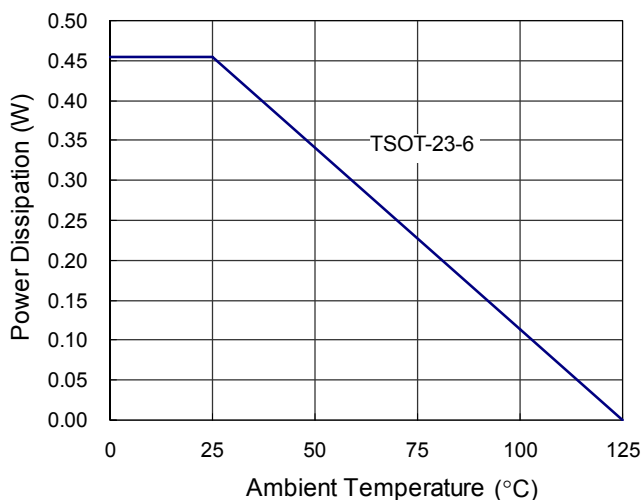
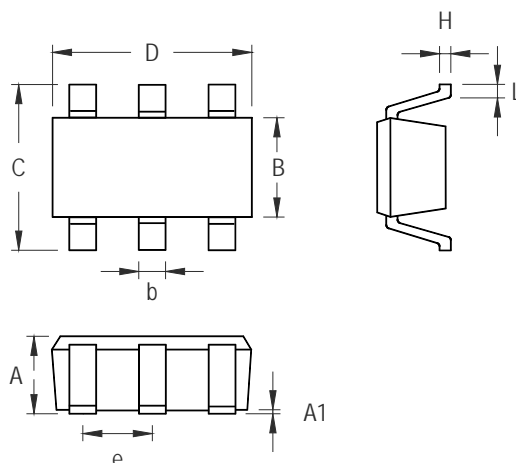


Figure 3. Derating Curves for RT9010 Packages

## Outline Dimension



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	0.700	1.000	0.028	0.039
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
B	1.397	1.803	0.055	0.071
b	0.300	0.559	0.012	0.022
C	2.591	3.000	0.102	0.118
D	2.692	3.099	0.106	0.122
e	0.838	1.041	0.033	0.041
H	0.080	0.254	0.003	0.010
L	0.300	0.610	0.012	0.024

**TSOT-23-6 Surface Mount Package**

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