#RIJ##IJM

- Ideal for 310 MHz Transmitters
- Low Series Resistance
- Quartz Stability
- Rugged, Hermetic, Low-Profile TO39 Case

The RO2053 is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a low-profile TO39 case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of fixed-frequency transmitters operating at 310 MHz. The RO2053 is designed specifically for AM transmitters used in automotive-keyless-entry applications operating in the USA under FCC Part 15, in Canada under DoC RSS-210, and in Italy.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units
CW RF Power Dissipation	+0	dBm
DC Voltage Between Any Two Pins	±30	VDC
Case Temperature	-40 to +85	°C

RO2053

310.0 MHz SAW Resonator



Electrical Characteristics

Ch	aracteristic	Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Center Frequency (+25 °C)	Absolute Frequency	f _C	2, 3, 4, 5	309.900		310.100	MHz
	Tolerance from 310.000 MHz	Δf_{C}	2, 3, 4, 3			±100	kHz
Insertion Loss		IL	2, 5, 6		3.1	5.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q _U	5, 6, 7		11,800	= 1/A P	
	50 Ω Loaded Q	Q_L			3,500	CO	
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T _O	6, 7, 8	37	52	67	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f _O			f _c + 8.4		kHz
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC	30 7 4		0.037		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	f _A	1		≤10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Pins			5	1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R _M	5, 7, 9		43	78	Ω
	Motional Inductance	L _M			260.257		μH
	Motional Capacitance	C _M			1.01245		fF
	Pin 1 to Pin 2 Static Capacitance	Co	5, 6, 9	2.2	2.5	2.8	pF
	Transducer Static Capacitance	C _P	5, 6, 7, 9	4.0	2.2	TO THE STATE OF	pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance		L _{TEST}	2, 7		105	-6C.CC	nH
Lid Symbolization (in Addition	to Lot and/or Date Codes)	RFM RO2053					

CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling. Notes:

- Frequency aging is the change in f_C with time and is specified at +65°C or less.
 Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C.
 Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing significantly in subsequent years.
- The center frequency, f_C, is measured at the minimum insertion loss point, IL_{MIN}, with the resonator in the 50 Ω test system (VSWR ≤ 1.2:1). The shunt inductance, L_{TEST}, is tuned for parallel resonance with C_O at f_C. Typically, f_{OSCILLATOR} or f_{TRANSMITTER} is less than the resonator f_C.
- 3. One or more of the following United States patents apply: 4,454,488 and 4,616,197 and others pending.
 - Typically, equipment designs utilizing this device require emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature $T_C = +25^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$.
 - The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change without notice.

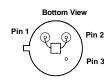
- Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f_C, IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f_C versus T_C, and C_O.
- 3. Turnover temperature, T_O, is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f_O. The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T_C, may be calculated from: f = f_O [1 FTC (T_O -T_C)²]. Typically, oscillator T_O is 20°C less than the specified resonator T_O.
- 9. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C_O is the static (nonmotional) capacitance between pin1 and pin 2 measured at low frequency (10 MHz) with a capacitance meter. The measurement includes case parasitic capacitance with a floating case. For usual grounded case applications (with ground connected to either pin 1 or pin 2 and to the case), add approximately 0.25 pF to C_O.

RF Monolithics, Inc. Phone: (972) 233-2903 Fax: (972) 387-9148 E-mail: info@rfm.com Page 1 o

Electrical Connections

This one-port, two-terminal SAW resonator is bidirectional. The terminals are interchangeable with the exception of circuit board layout.

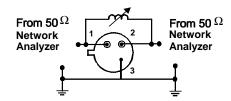
Pin	Connection		
1	Terminal 1		
2	Terminal 2		
3	Case Ground		



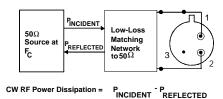
Typical Test Circuit

The test circuit inductor, L_{TEST} , is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance, C_{O} at F_{C} .

Electrical Test:

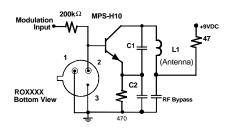


Power Test:

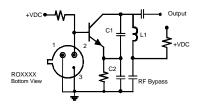


Typical Application Circuits

Typical Low-Power Transmitter Application:

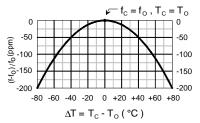


Typical Local Oscillator Application:



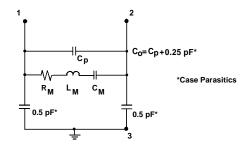
Temperature Characteristics

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include oscillator temperature characteristics.

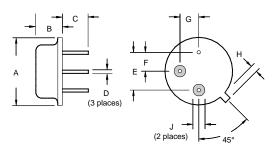


Equivalent LC Model

The following equivalent LC model is valid near resonance:



Case Design



Dimensions	Millim	neters	Inches		
Dimensions	Min Max		Min	Max	
Α		9.30		0.366	
В		3.18		0.125	
С	2.50	3.50	0.098	0.138	
D	0.46 Nominal		0.018 Nominal		
E	5.08 Nominal		0.200 Nominal		
F	2.54 Nominal		0.100 Nominal		
G	2.54 Nominal		0.100 Nominal		
Н		1.02		0.040	
J	1.40		0.055		