

Raytheon

Micro-Power
Operational Amplifier

RC3078, RM3078A

Features

- Low standby power — as low as 700nW
- Wide supply voltage range — $\pm 0.75V$ to $\pm 15V$
- High peak output current — 6.5mA minimum
- Adjustable quiescent current
- Output short circuit protection

Applications

- Portable electronics
- Medical electronics
- Instrumentation
- Telemetry

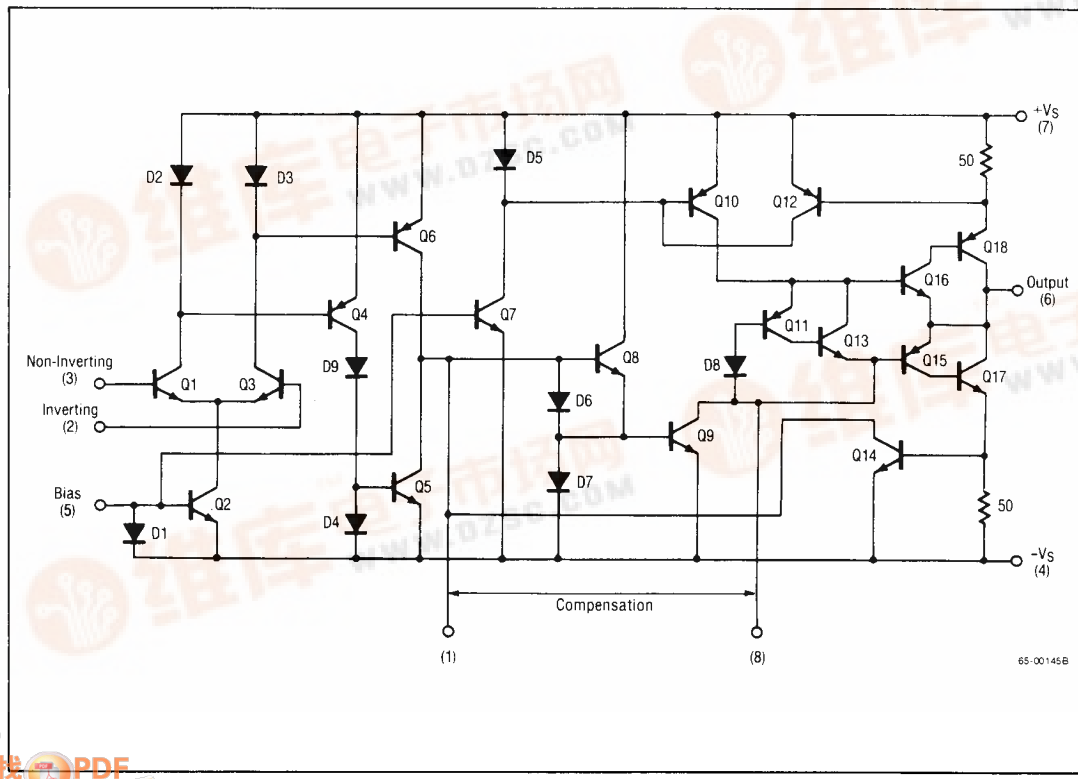
Description

The 3078 and 3078A are high gain monolithic operational amplifiers which can deliver milli-

amperes of current yet only consume microwatts of standby power. Their operating points are externally adjustable and frequency compensation may be accomplished with one external capacitor. The 3078 and 3078A provide the designer with the opportunity to tailor the frequency response and improve the slew rate without sacrificing power. Operation with a single 1.5V battery is a practical reality with these devices.

The 3078A is a premium device having a supply voltage range of $V_S = \pm 0.75V$ to $V_S = \pm 15V$ and an operating temperature range of $-55^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$. The 3078 has the same lower supply voltage limit but the upper limit is $+V_S = +6V$ and $-V_S = -6V$. The operating temperature range is from $0^\circ C$ to $+70^\circ C$

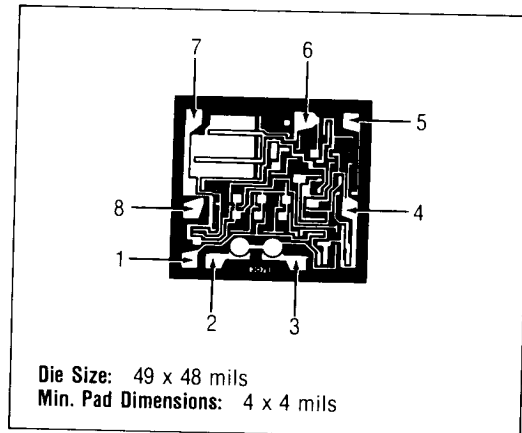
Schematic Diagram



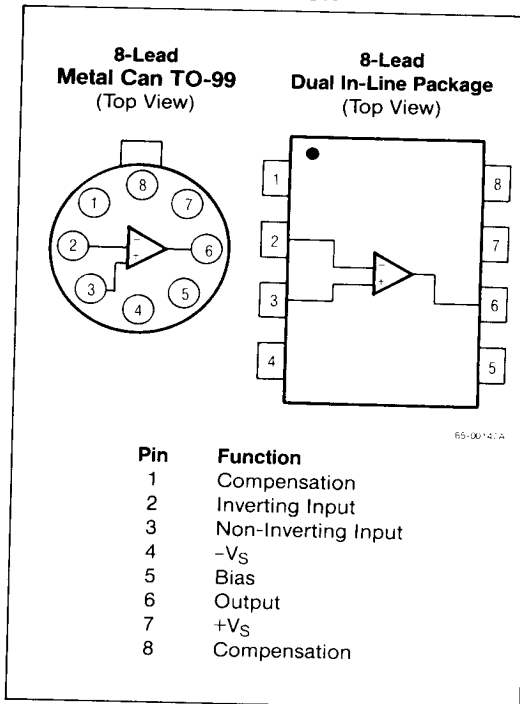
RC3078, RM3078A

Micro-Power Operational Amplifier

Mask Pattern



Connection Information



Absolute Maximum Ratings

- Supply Voltage
 - RC3078 ±7V
 - RM3078A ±18V
 - Input Voltage +V_S to -V_S
 - Differential Input Voltage 6V
 - Input Signal Current 0.1mA
 - Output Short Circuit
 - Duration* No Limitation
 - Storage Temperature
 - Range -65° C to +150° C
 - Operating Temperature Range
 - RC3078 0° C to +70° C
 - RM3078A -55° C to +125° C
 - Lead Soldering Temperature
 - (10 Sec) +300° C
- *Short circuit may be applied to ground or to either supply.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Package	Operating Temperature Range
RC3078DE	Ceramic	0° C to +70° C
RC3078NB	Plastic	0° C to +70° C
RC3078T	TO-99	0° C to +70° C
RM3078ADE	Ceramic	-55° C to +125° C
RM3078AT	TO-99	-55° C to +125° C
RM3078AT/883B*	TO-99	-55° C to +125° C

Thermal Characteristics

	8-Lead Plastic DIP	8-Lead Ceramic DIP	8-Lead TO-99 Metal Can
Max. Junction Temp.	125° C	175° C	175° C
Max. P _D T _A < 50° C	468mW	833mW	658mW
Therm. Res. θ _{JC}	—	45° C/W	50° C/W
Therm. Res. θ _{JA}	160° C/W	150° C/W	190° C/W
For T _A > 50° C Derate at	6.25mW per ° C	8.33mW per ° C	5.26mW per ° C

*MIL-STD-883, Level B Processing

Micro-Power Operational Amplifier

RC3078, RM3078A

Electrical Characteristics ($V_S = \pm 6V$)

Parameters	Test Conditions	RM3078A					RC3078					Units
		$R_{SET} = 5.1M\Omega, I_Q = 20\mu A$					$R_{SET} = 1M\Omega, I_Q = 100\mu A$					
		$T_A = +25^\circ C$			$T_A = -55^\circ C$ to $+125^\circ C$		$T_A = +25^\circ C$			$T_A = 0^\circ C$ to $+70^\circ C$		
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leq 10k\Omega$		0.70	3.5		4.5		1.3	4.5		5.0	mV
Input Offset Current			0.50	2.5		5.0		6.0	32		40	nA
Input Bias Current			7.0	12		50		60	170		200	nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L \geq 10k\Omega$	39	100		31		25	39		20		V/mV
Supply Current			20	35		100		100	130		150	μA
Power Consumption			240	300		540		1200	1560		1800	μW
Output Voltage Swing	$R_L \geq 10k\Omega$	± 5.1	± 5.3		± 5.0		± 5.1	± 5.3		± 5.0		V
Input Voltage Range	$R_S \leq 10k\Omega$		-5.5 to +5.8		-5 to +5			-5.5 to +5.8		-5 to +5		V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$R_S \leq 10k\Omega$	80	115				80	110				dB
Output Current			12		5.0	30		12		5.0	30	mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio Positive Supply	$R_S \leq 10k\Omega$	76	104				76	93				dB
Negative Supply		76	104				76	93				

($R_{SET} = 13M\Omega, I_Q = 20\mu A, V_S = \pm 15V$)

Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leq 10k\Omega$		1.4	3.5		4.5						mV
Large Signal Voltage Gain	$R_L \geq 10k\Omega$	32	100		25							V/mV
Supply Current			20	35		100						μA
Power Dissipation			600	750		1350						μW
Output Voltage Swing	$R_L \geq 10k\Omega$	13.7	14.1		13.5							V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$R_S \leq 10k\Omega$	80	106									dB
Input Bias Current			7.0	14		55						nA
Input Offset Current			0.50	2.7		5.5						nA

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RC3078, RM3078A

Micro-Power Operational Amplifier

Electrical Characteristics (At $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameters	Typical Values				Units
	RM3078A		RC3078		
	$V_S = \pm 1.3\text{V}$, $R_{SET} = 2\text{M}\Omega$	$V_S = \pm 0.75\text{V}$, $R_{SET} = 10\text{M}\Omega$	$V_S = \pm 1.3\text{V}$, $R_{SET} = 2\text{M}\Omega$	$V_S = \pm 0.75\text{V}$, $R_{SET} = 10\text{M}\Omega$	
Input Offset Voltage	0.7	0.9	1.3	1.5	mV
Input Offset Current	0.3	0.054	1.7	0.5	nA
Input Bias Current	3.7	0.45	9.0	1.3	nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	16	1.8	10	1.0	V/mV
Supply Current	10	1.0	10	1.0	μA
Power Consumption	26	1.5	26	1.5	μW
Output Voltage Swing	1.4	0.3	1.4	0.3	V
Input Voltage Range	-0.8 to +1.1	-0.2 to +0.5	-0.8 to +1.1	-0.2 to +0.5	V
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	100	90	100	90	dB
Output Current	12	0.5	12	0.5	mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	94	86	94	86	dB

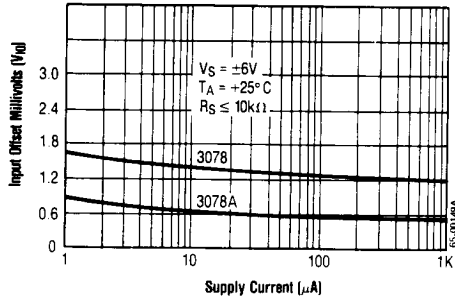
Electrical Characteristics

(Typical values intended only for design guidance at $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_S = \pm 6\text{V}$)

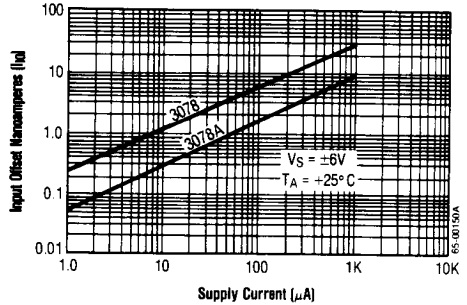
Parameters	Test Conditions	RM3078A		RC3078	Units
		$R_{SET} = 5.1\text{M}\Omega$ $I_Q = 20\mu\text{A}$	$R_{SET} = 1\text{M}\Omega$ $I_Q = 100\mu\text{A}$	$R_{SET} = 5.1\text{M}\Omega$ $I_Q = 100\mu\text{A}$	
Input Offset Voltage Drift	$R_S \leq 10\text{k}\Omega$	5.0	6.0	6.0	$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input Offset Current Drift	$R_S \leq 10\text{k}\Omega$	6.3	70	70	$\text{pA}/^\circ\text{C}$
Unity Gain Bandwidth	$A_V = -3\text{dB}$	0.3	2.0	2.0	kHz
Slew Rate					
Unity Gain		0.027	0.04	0.04	$\text{V}/\mu\text{S}$
Comparator	10% to 90%	0.5	1.5	1.5	
Rise Time		3.0	2.5	2.5	μS
Input Resistance (Differential Mode)		7.4	1.7	0.87	$\text{M}\Omega$
Open Loop Output Resistance		1.0	0.8	0.8	$\text{k}\Omega$
Input Noise Voltage Density	$R_S = 0$	36		19	$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Input Noise Current Density	$R_S = 1\text{M}\Omega$	0.4		1.0	$\text{pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

Typical Performance Characteristics

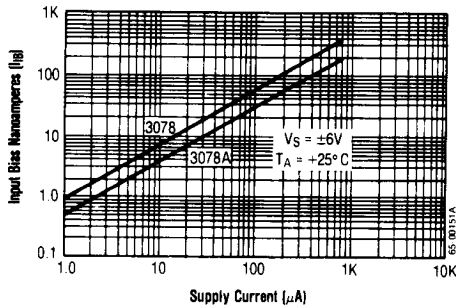
Input Offset Voltage vs. Total Quiescent Current



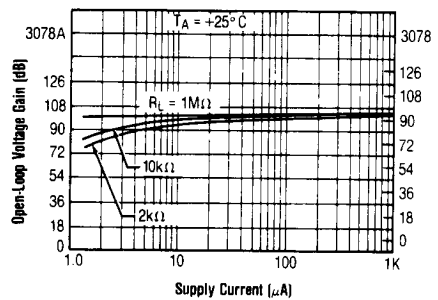
Input Offset Current vs. Total Quiescent Current



Input Bias Current vs. Total Quiescent Current

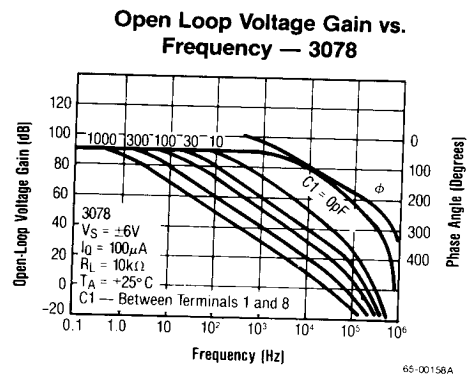
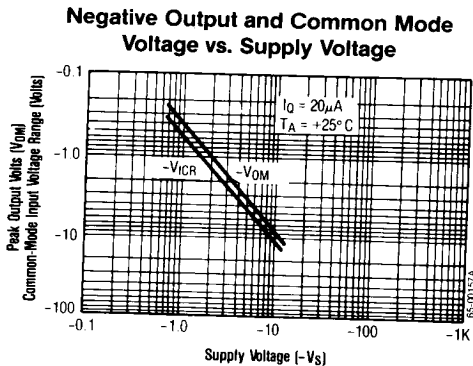
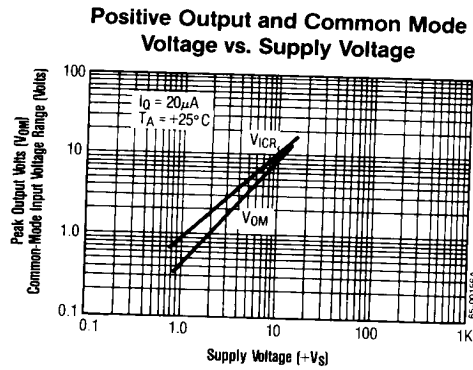
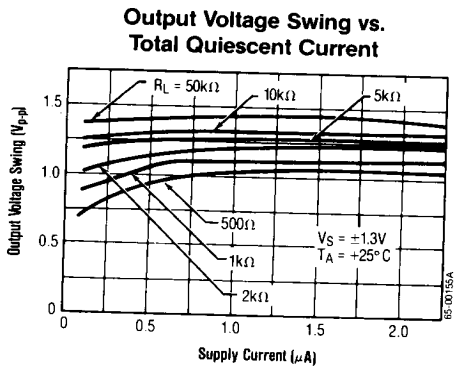
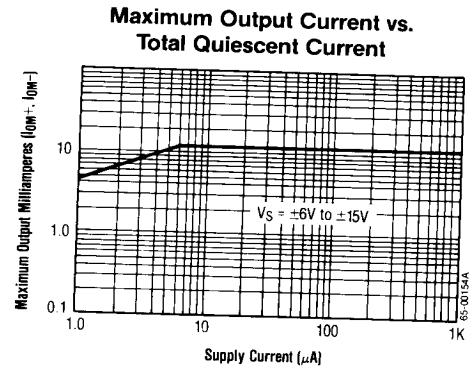
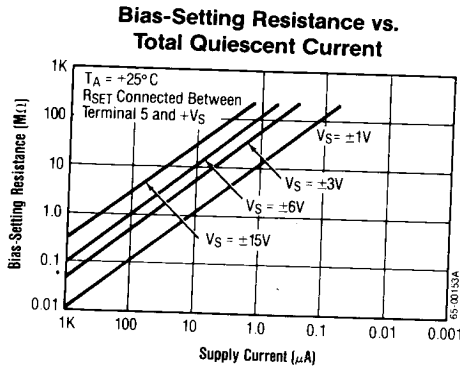


Open Loop Voltage Gain vs. Total Quiescent Current



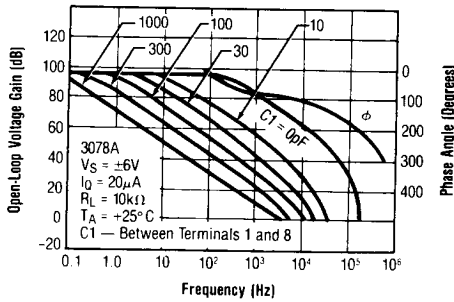
65-00152A

Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)



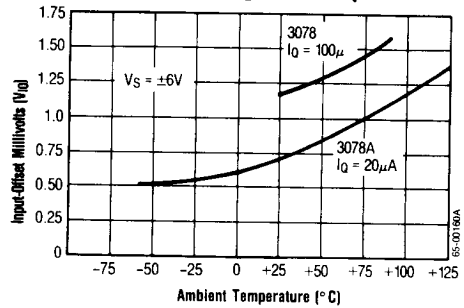
Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

Open Loop Voltage Gain vs. Frequency — 3078A



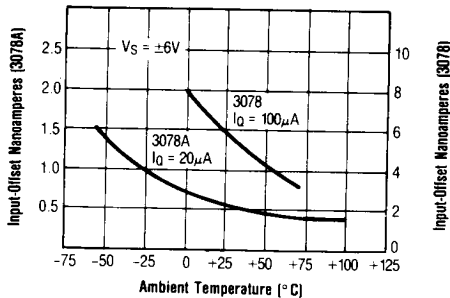
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Input Offset Voltage vs. Temperature



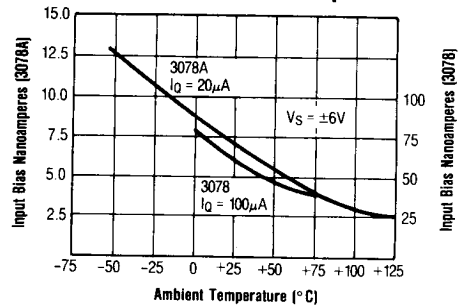
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Input Offset Current vs. Temperature



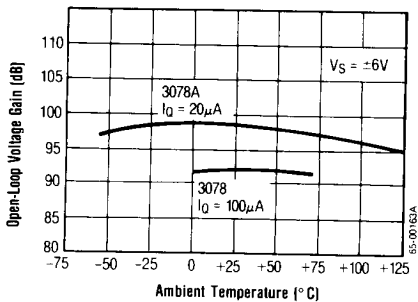
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Input Bias Current vs. Temperature



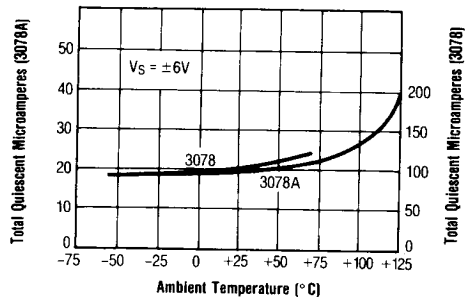
65-00162A

Open Loop Voltage Gain vs. Temperature



65-00163A

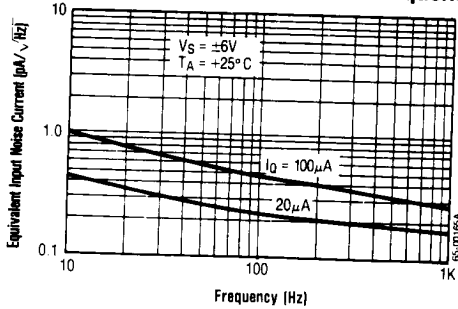
Total Quiescent Current vs. Temperature



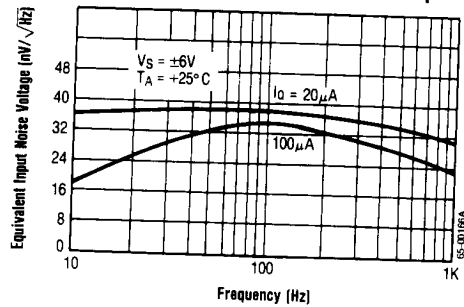
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Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

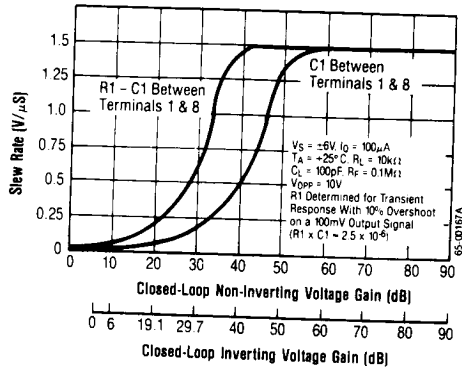
Equivalent Input Noise Current vs. Frequency



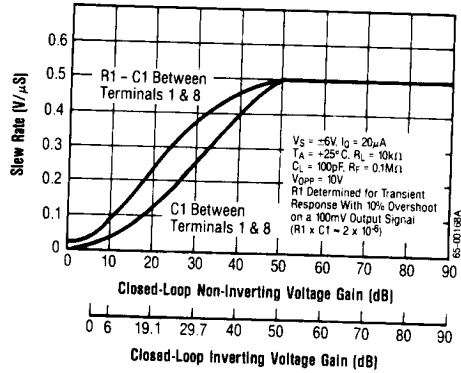
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage vs. Frequency



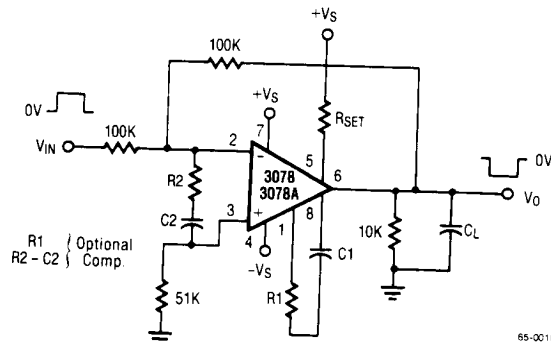
Slew Rate vs. Closed Loop Gain — 3078



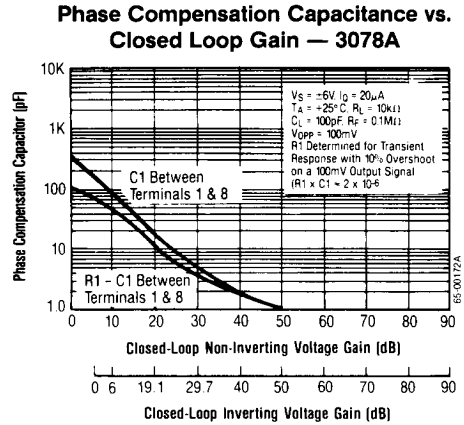
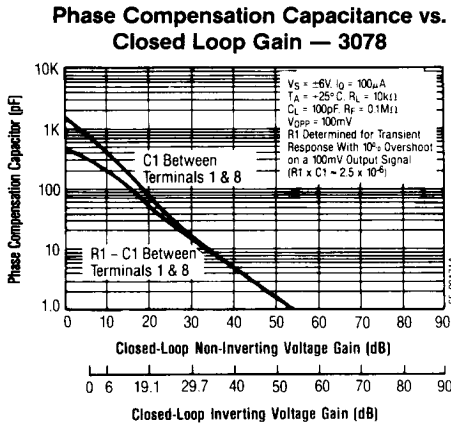
Slew Rate vs. Closed Loop Gain — 3078A



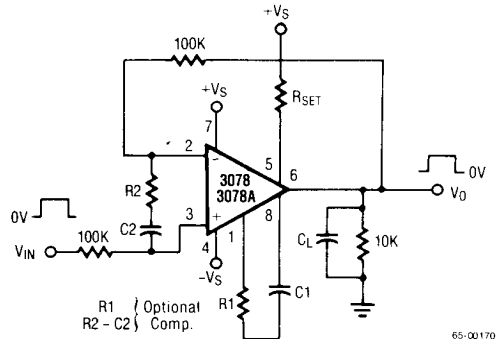
Transient Response and Slew Rate Unity Gain (Inverting) Test Circuit



Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)



Slew Rate, Unity Gain (Non-Inverting) Test Circuit



Operating Considerations

The 3078 and 3078A can be phase-compensated with one or two external components depending upon the closed-loop gain, power consumption, and speed desired. The recommended compensation is a resistor in series with a capacitor connected from terminal 1 to terminal 8. Values of the resistor and capacitor as required for compensation are a function of closed-loop gain. These curves represent the compensation necessary at quiescent currents of 20 μA and 100 μA ,

respectively, for a transient with 10% overshoot. The slew rates curves show what can be obtained with the two different compensation techniques. Higher speeds can be achieved with input compensation, but this increases noise output. Compensation can also be accomplished with a single capacitor connected from terminal 1 to terminal 8, with speed being sacrificed for simplicity. Table 1 gives an indication of slew rates that can be obtained with various compensation techniques at quiescent currents of 20 μA and 100 μA .

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Single Supply Operation

The 3078 and 3078A can operate from a single supply with a minimum total supply voltage of 1.5V. Figures 2 and 3 show the 3078 and 3078A in inverting and non-inverting 20dB amplifier

configurations utilizing a 1.5V type "A" cell for a supply. The total power consumption for either circuit is approximately 675 nanowatts. The output voltage swing in this configuration is 300mV_{p-p} with a 20kΩ load.

Table 1. Unity Gain Slew Rate Versus Compensation — 3078 and 3078A

Compensation Technique	Transient Response: 10% Overshoot for an Output Voltage of 100mV, T _A = +25°C									
	Unity Gain (Inverting)					Unity Gain (Non-Inverting)				
	1 R1	C1	R2	C2	Slew Rate	R1	C1	R2	C2	Slew Rate
3078 — I _Q = 100μA	kΩ	pF	kΩ	μF	V/μS	kΩ	pF	kΩ	μF	V/μS
Single Capacitor Resistor and Capacitor Input	0	750	∞	0	0.0085	0	1500	∞	0	0.0095
	3.5	350	∞	0	0.04	5.3	500	∞	0	0.024
	∞	0	0.25	0.306	0.67	∞	0	0.311	0.45	0.67
3078A — I _Q = 20μA										
Single Capacitor Resistor and Capacitor Input	0	300	∞	0	0.0095	0	800	∞	0	0.003
	14	100	∞	0	0.027	34	125	∞	0	0.02
	∞	0	0.644	0.156	0.29	∞	0	0.77	0.4	-0.4

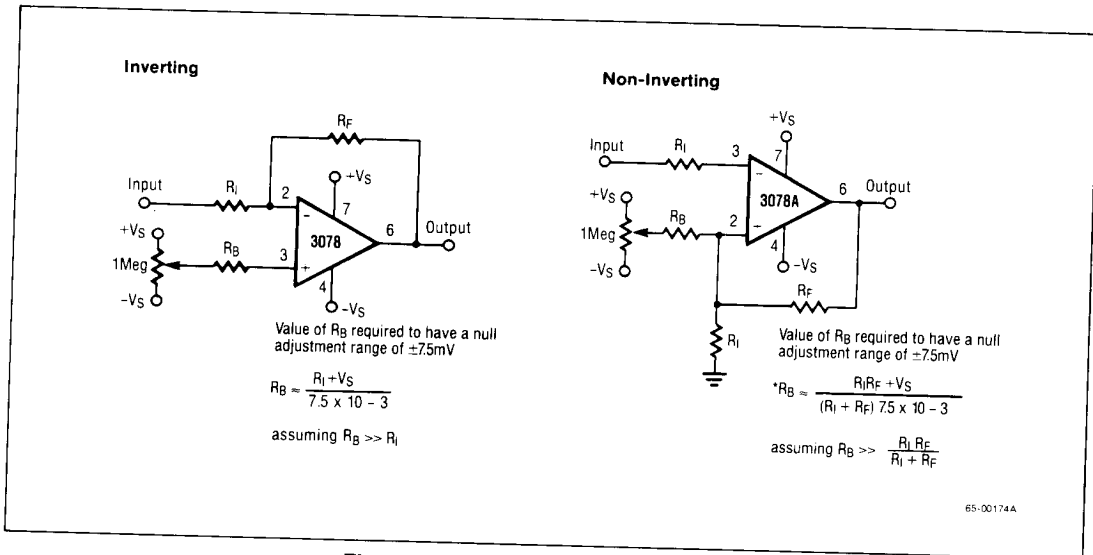


Figure 1. Offset Voltage Null Circuit

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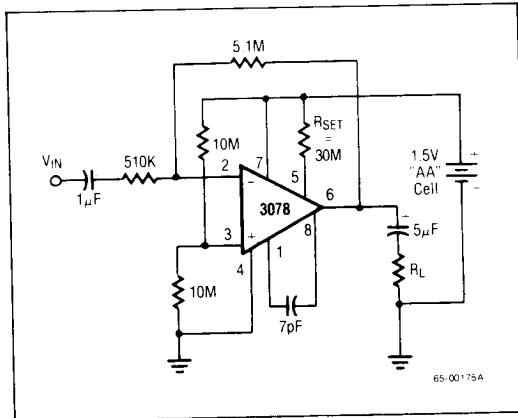


Figure 2. Inverting 20dB Amplifier Circuit

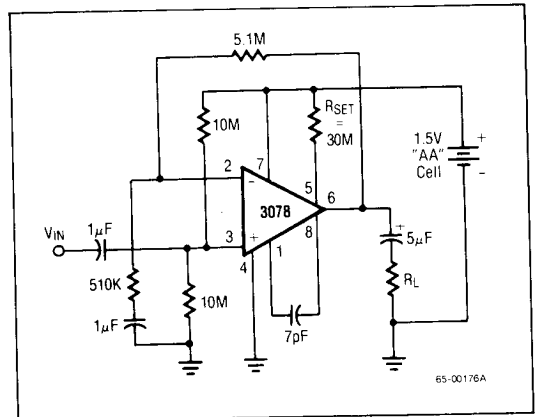


Figure 3. Non-Inverting 20dB Amplifier Circuit