

加急出货

PC904

Built-in Voltage Detection Circuit Type Photocoupler

※Lead forming type (I type) and taping reel type (P type) are also available. (PC904I/PC904P) (Page 656)

■ Features

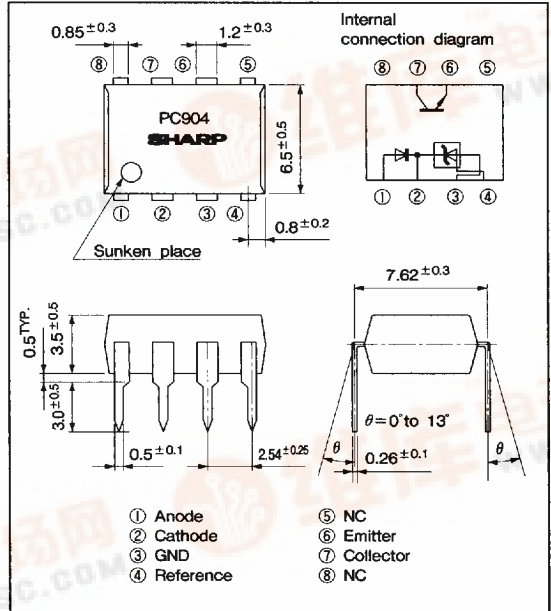
1. Built-in voltage detection circuit
2. High isolation voltage between input and output ($V_{iso} : 5\,000V_{rms}$)
3. Standard 8-pin dual-in-line package
4. Recognized by UL, file No. E64380

■ Applications

1. Switching power supplies

■ Outline Dimensions

(Unit : mm)



■ Absolute Maximum Ratings

(Ta = 25°C)

	Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Input	Anode current	I_A	50	mA
	Anode voltage	V_A	30	V
	Reference input current	I_{REF}	10	mA
	Power dissipation	P	250	mW
Output	Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	35	V
	Emitter-collector voltage	V_{ECO}	6	V
	Collector current	I_C	50	mA
	Collector power dissipation	P_C	150	mW
Total power dissipation		P_{tot}	350	mW
*1 Isolation voltage		V_{iso}	5 000	V_{rms}
Operating temperature		T_{opr}	-25 to +85	°C
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	-40 to +125	°C
*2 Soldering temperature		T_{sol}	260	°C

*1 140 to 60%RH AC for 1 minute

*2 For 10 seconds

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■ Electro-optical Characteristics

(Ta = 25°C)

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	Fig.
Input	Reference voltage	V _{REF}	V _K = V _{REF} , I _A = 10mA	2.40	2.495	2.60	V	1
	*3 Temperature change in reference voltage	V _{REF(dev)}	V _K = V _{REF} , I _A = 10mA, Ta = -25 to +85°C	—	8	40	mV	1
	Voltage variation ratio in reference voltage	ΔV _{REF} /ΔV _A	I _A = 10mA, ΔV _A = 30V - V _{REF}	—	-1.4	-5	mV/V	2
	Reference input current	I _{REF}	I _A = 10mA, R ₃ = 10kΩ	—	2	10	μA	3
	*4 Temperature change in reference input current	I _{REF(dev)}	I _A = 10mA, R ₃ = 10kΩ, Ta = -25 to +85°C	—	0.4	3	μA	3
	Minimum drive current	I _{MIN}	V _K = V _{REF}	—	1	2	mA	1
	OFF-state anode current	I _{OFF}	V _A = 30V, V _{REF} = GND	—	0.1	2	μA	4
Output	Anode-cathode forward voltage	V _F	V _K = V _{REF} , I _A = 10mA	—	1.2	1.4	V	1
	Collector dark current	I _{CEO}	V _{CE} = 35V	—	1 × 10 ⁻⁹	1 × 10 ⁻⁷	A	5
Transfer characteristics	*5 Current transfer ratio	CTR	V _K = V _{REF} , I _A = 5mA, V _{CE} = 5V	50	—	600	%	6
	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V _{CE(sat)}	V _K = V _{REF} , I _A = 10mA, I _c = 1mA	—	0.1	0.2	V	6
	Isolation resistance	R _{ISO}	40 to 60%RH, DC500V	5 × 10 ¹⁰	1 × 10 ¹¹	—	Ω	—
	Floating capacitance	C _f	V = 0, f = 1kHz	—	0.6	1.0	pF	—

*3 V_{REF(dev)} = V_{REF(MAX.)} - V_{REF(MIN.)}

*4 I_{REF(dev)} = I_{REF(MAX.)} - I_{REF(MIN.)}

*5 CTR = I_c/I_A × 100 (%)

Classification table of current transfer ratio is shown below. (4 models)

Model No.	Rank mark	CTR (%)
PC904A	A	50 to 150
PC904B	B	100 to 300
PC904C	C	250 to 600
PC904	A, B or C	50 to 600

■ Test Circuit

Fig. 1

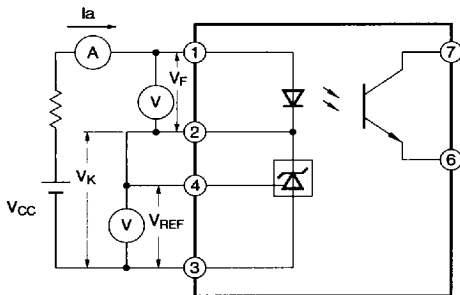


Fig. 2

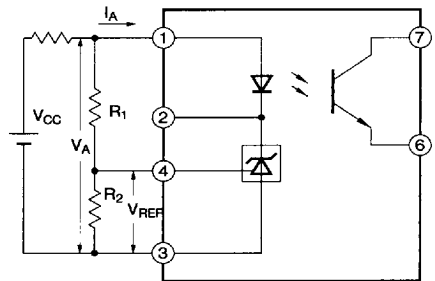


Fig. 3

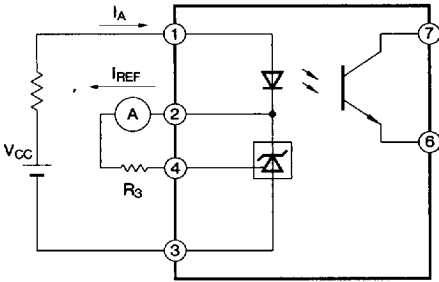


Fig. 4

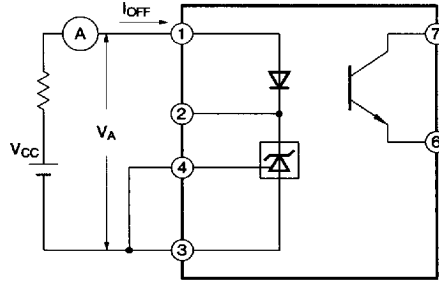


Fig. 5

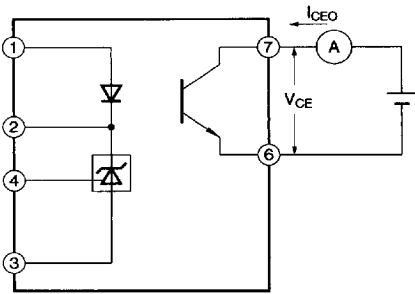


Fig. 6

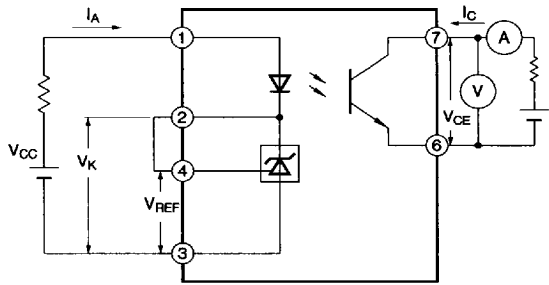


Fig. 7 Anode Current vs. Ambient Temperature

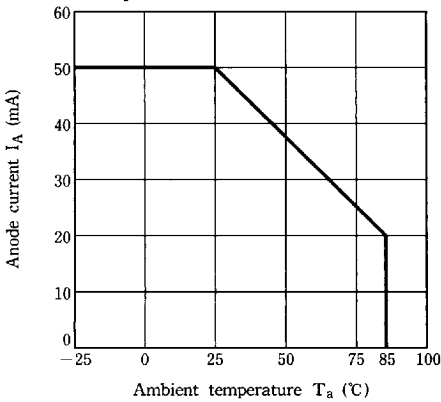


Fig. 8 Input Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

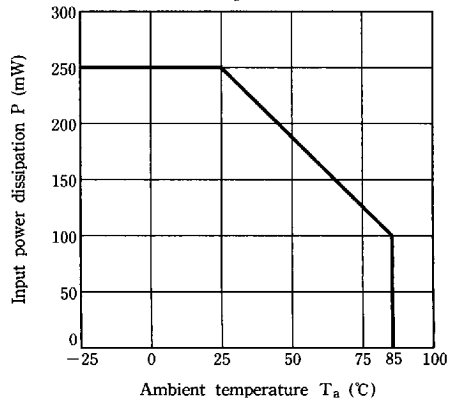


Fig. 9 Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

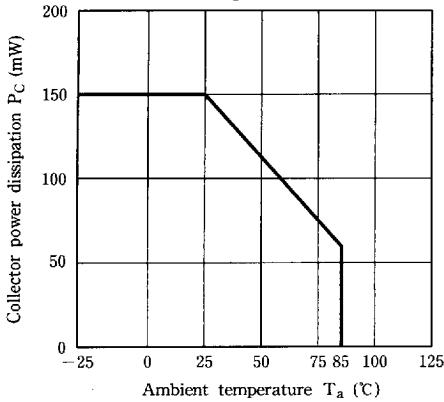


Fig.10 Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature

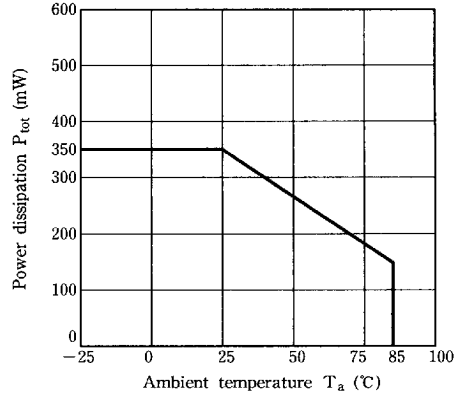


Fig.11 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

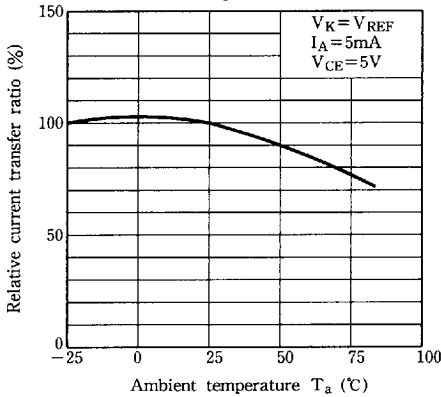


Fig.12 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

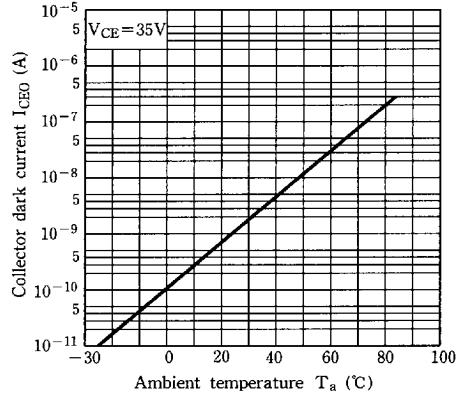


Fig.13-a Anode Current vs. Reference Voltage

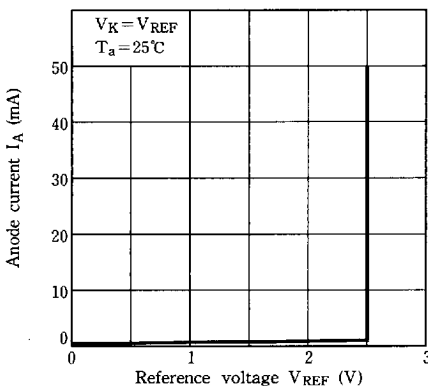


Fig.13-b Anode Current vs. Reference Voltage

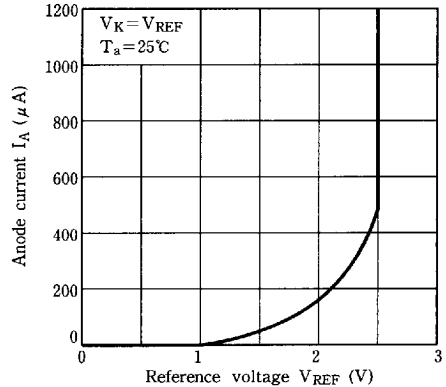


Fig.14 OFF-state Anode Current vs. Ambient Temperature

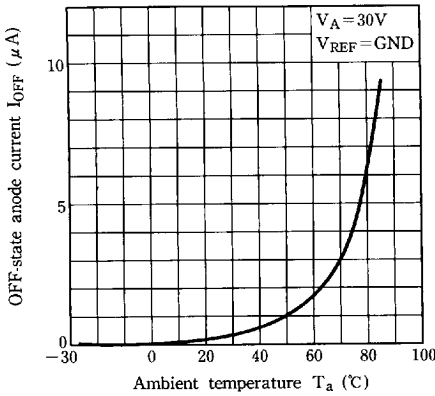


Fig.15 Reference Voltage Change vs. Ambient Temperature

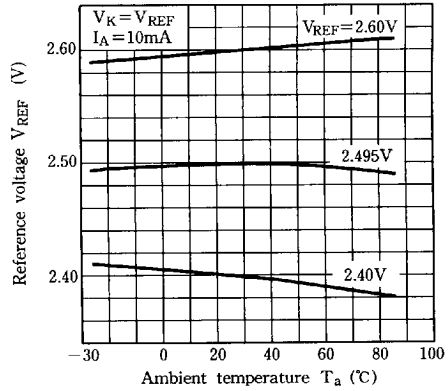


Fig.16 Reference Input Current vs. Ambient Temperature

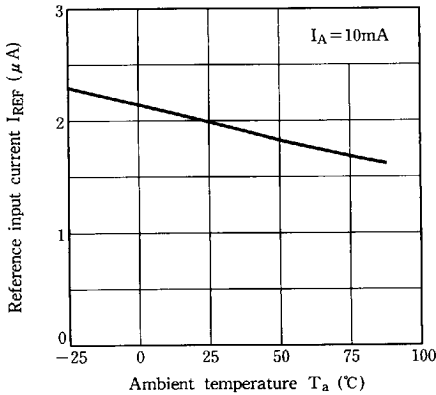


Fig.17 Reference Voltage Change vs. Anode Voltage

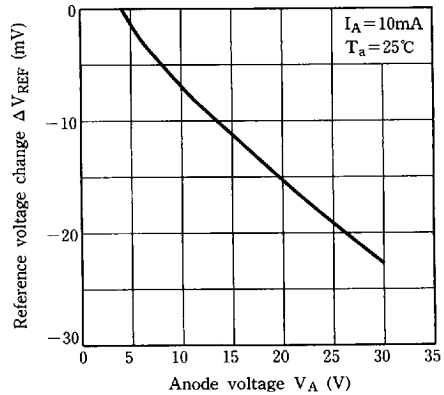
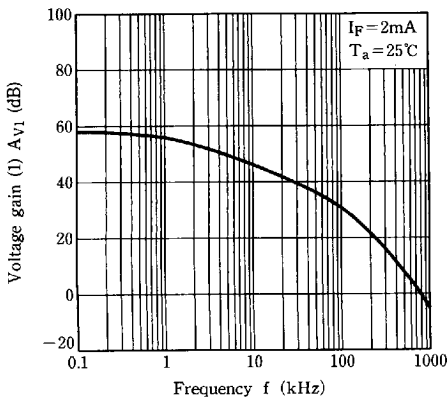


Fig.18-a Voltage Gain (1) vs. Frequency



Test Circuit for Voltage Gain (1) vs. Frequency

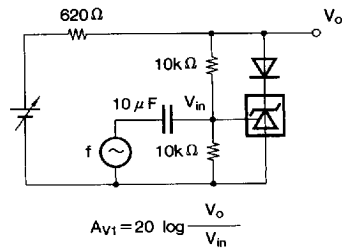
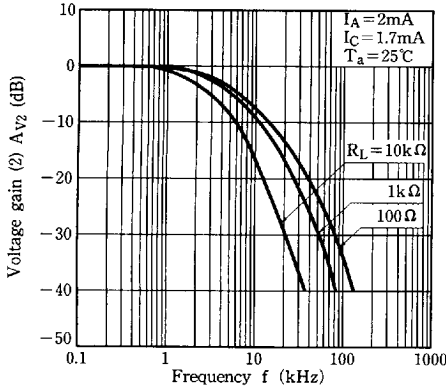


Fig.18-b Voltage Gain (2) vs. Frequency



Test Circuit for Voltage Gain (2) vs. Frequency

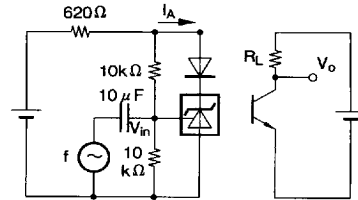
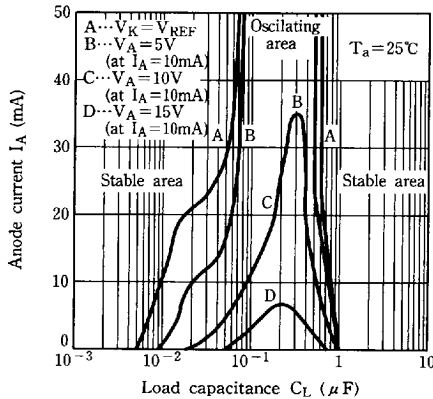


Fig.19 Anode Current vs. Load Capacitance



Test Circuit for Anode Current vs. Load Capacitance

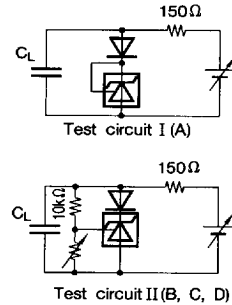


Fig.20 Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

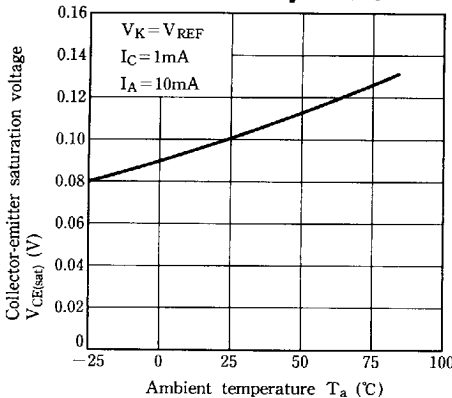
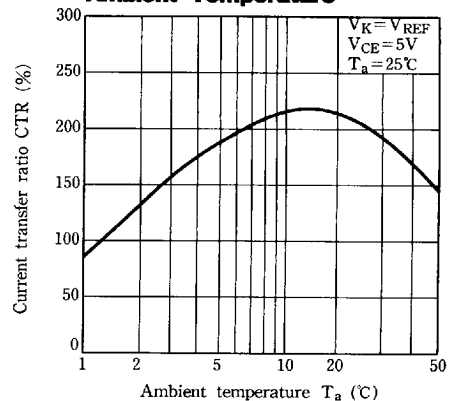


Fig.21 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature



■ Precautions for Use

Handle this product the same as with other integrated circuits against static electricity.

- As for other general cautions, refer to the chapter "Precautions for Use" (Page 78 to 93).