

150mA High PSRR with Auto-Discharge LDO Regulator

Description

The YB1200R is a series of ultra-low-noise, low dropout (LDO) linear regulators with 2.0% output voltage accuracy. The YB1200R regulators achieve a low 180mV dropout at 150mA load current of 3.3V output and are available in voltages ranging from 1.2V to 3.6V with 0.1 V per step (custom voltage is considerable at request).

The YB1200R regulators are optimized to work with low-ESR and low cost ceramic capacitors, reducing the amount of board space critical in portable devices. The YB1200R requires only 0.47 µF output capacitor for stability with any load and consumes less than 1µA in shutdown mode. YB1200R also deploys an auto-discharge circuit which can de-energize the output capacitor to prevent the system from abnormal operation during shutdown.

Built-in thermal shutdown and short-circuit protect offer secure protection against fault operation. The YB1200R regulators are available in SC-70 / SC-82 packages.

Features

- High Accuracy Output Voltage: ± 2%
- Wide Output Voltage Range: 1.2~3.6V
- Ultra-Low-Noise Low-Drop-Out
- Typical Output Current: 150 mA
- Low Quiescent Current: ~60µA
- 180mV Dropout at 150mA 3.3V Output
- Stable with 0.47µF Ceramic Capacitor
- **Only Need Input and Output Capacitors**
- **Thermal Protection Shutdown**
- **Output Short-Circuit Current Limit**
- **Built-In Internal Soft-Start**
- **Built-In Auto-Discharge Function**
- Green Package (RoHS) Available

Applications

- PDA, Notebook, PC Computers
- **DSC. Handset Camera Modules**
- **PCMCIA Cards, PC Cameras**
- **USB Based Portable Devices**
- DZSC.COM GSM/GPRS/3G RF Transceiver
- Wireless LANs
- **Bluetooth Portable Radios**
- **Battery-Powered Devices**

Typical Application Circuitry

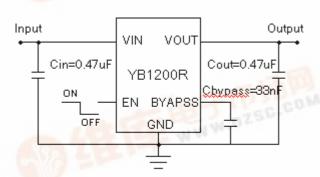


Figure 1-1: SC-70 application circuit

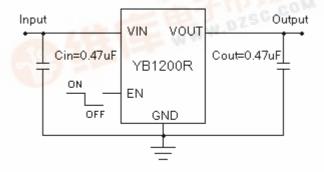


Figure 1-2: SC-82 application circuit



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Pin Configuration

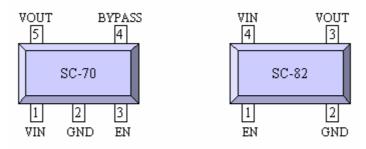


Figure 2: pin configuration

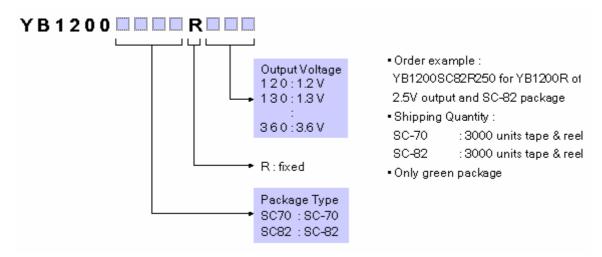
Pin Description

Table 1

Pin Name	Pin Function					
VIN	Unregulated Input Supply. Bypass with a capacitor to GND.					
GND	Ground pin.					
EN	Pull high to enable the regulator.					
BYPASS	Connect a 33nF capacitor to GND for low noise operation.					
VOUT	Regulated Output Voltage. Bypass with a capacitor to GND.					



Ordering Information



Marking Information

X														
Y	Code	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	ı	J	K	L	М
	Voltage	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.4
Output	Code	N	0	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	٧	W	Х	Υ	
Voltage	Voltage	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.2	3.3	3.4	3.5	3.6	

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage	0.3V to 7.0V
Output Voltage	-0.3V to (V _{IN} +0.3V)
Output Short-Circuit Duration	Infinite
Junction Temperature Range	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature	+250°C
Thermal Resistance (SC-70/82, θ JA)	330°C/W
Internal Power Disspation (SC-70/82,	, P _D)0.3W

Recommended Operating Conditions

Input Supply Voltage	2V to 6.0V
Operating Temperature	40°C to +85°C
ESD Susceptibility (HBM)	2KV
ESD Susceptibility (MM)	200V

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Electrical Characteristics

Table 2 $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{IN} = (V_{OUT} + 1 \text{ V})$, $C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 0.47 \mu\text{F}$, $V_{EN} = V_{IN}$, unless otherwise noted

TA 200; TIN (TOUT TO); CIN COUT O	v _{IN,} uniess otherwise noted					
Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units		
	2.0		6.0	V		
Predefined	1.2		3.6	V		
I _{OUT} = 10mA, VOUT >= 1.3V	-2.0		+2.0	%		
lout = 10mA, VOUT = 1.2V	0		+4.0	%		
Short-circuit output		45		mA		
Vout = 3.6V, lout = 150 mA		150				
Vout = 3.0V, lout = 150 mA		180		mV		
Vout = 2.5V, lout = 150 mA		250				
Vout = 1.5V, lout = 150 mA		380				
Vout = 1.2V, lout = 150 mA		510				
Iground = lin - lout		60		μ A		
Vin = (Vout + 1V) to 6V, lout = 10 mA		0.30	0.40	%/V		
lout = 1mA to 150 mA		0.6	1.2	%		
EN = 0.4V		0.01		μ A		
f = 1KHz, lout = 1 mA		60		dB		
f = 10KHz, lout = 1 mA		78				
f = 100 KHz, lout = 1 mA		69				
Rload=100ohm,Cbypass=0nF		20	50	μS		
Rload=100 ohm, Cbypass=33nF		2	3.5	mS		
Rload=10K ohm, VOUT=1.5V		1		mS		
Rload=10K ohm, VOUT=1.2V		1		mS		
Vin = 2.0V to 6.0V			0.4	V		
Vin = 2.0V to 6.0 V	1.2		Vin	V		
Vin = EN = Vout + 1V		0.01		μ A		
Shutdown Temperature		160		°C		
		20		°C		
	Predefined I _{OUT} = 10mA, VOUT >= 1.3V Iout = 10mA, VOUT = 1.2V Short-circuit output Vout = 3.6V, Iout = 150 mA Vout = 3.0V, Iout = 150 mA Vout = 1.5V, Iout = 150 mA Vout = 1.5V, Iout = 150 mA Vout = 1.2V, Iout = 150 mA Iground = Iin - Iout Vin = (Vout + 1V) to 6V, Iout = 10 mA Iout = 1mA to 150 mA EN = 0.4V f = 1KHz, Iout = 1 mA f = 10KHz, Iout = 1 mA f = 100 KHz, Iout = 1 mA Rload=100ohm, Cbypass=3nF Rload=10K ohm, VOUT=1.5V Rload=10K ohm, VOUT=1.2V Vin = 2.0V to 6.0V Vin = EN = Vout + 1V	Conditions Min 2.0	Conditions Min Typ 2.0 2.0 Predefined 1.2 I _{OUT} = 10mA, VOUT >= 1.3V -2.0 Iout = 10mA, VOUT = 1.2V 0 Short-circuit output 45 Vout = 3.6V, lout = 150 mA 150 Vout = 3.0V, lout = 150 mA 250 Vout = 2.5V, lout = 150 mA 380 Vout = 1.5V, lout = 150 mA 510 Iground = lin - lout 60 Vin = (Vout + 1V) to 6V, lout = 10 mA 0.30 Iout = 1mA to 150 mA 0.6 EN = 0.4V 0.01 f = 1KHz, lout = 1 mA 60 f = 10KHz, lout = 1 mA 69 Rload=100 ohm, Cbypass=0nF 20 Rload=10K ohm, VOUT=1.5V 1 Rload=10K ohm, VOUT=1.5V 1 Rload=10K ohm, VOUT=1.2V 1 Vin = 2.0V to 6.0V 1.2 Vin = EN = Vout + 1V 0.01 Shutdown Temperature 160	2.0 6.0		

Note1 : The drop out voltage varies depending on output voltage selection. Dropout is defined as $V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$ when V_{OUT} is 100mV below V_{OUT} where $V_{IN}-V_{OUT}$ is 100mV below $V_{OUT}-V_{OUT}$ is 100mV below $V_{OUT}-V_{OUT}$ where $V_{IN}-V_{OUT}-V_{OUT}$ is 100mV below $V_{OUT}-V_{OUT}-V_{OUT}-V_{OUT}$

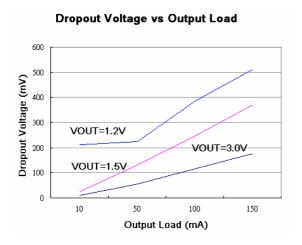
Note 2: Time needed for V_{OUT} to reach 90% of final value.

Note 3: Time needed for V_{OUT} to discharge below 0.5V.

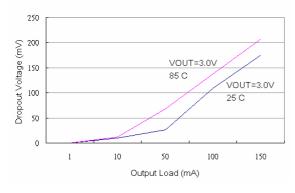


Typical Characteristics

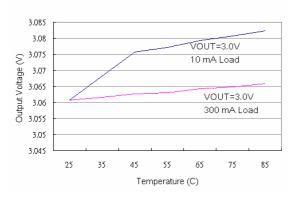
At T_A =25°C, V_{IN} =(V_{OUT} +1V), C_{IN} = C_{OUT} =0.47 μ F, V_{EN} = V_{IN} , unless otherwise noted.



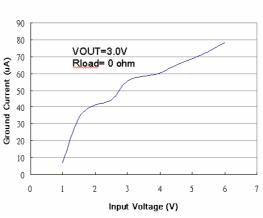




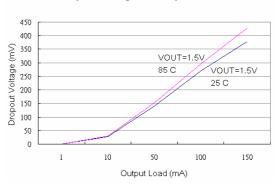
Output Voltage vs Temperature



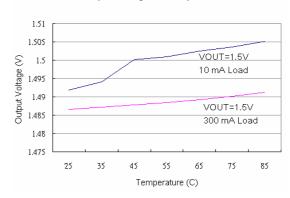
Ground Current vs Input Voltage



Dropout Voltage vs Temperature

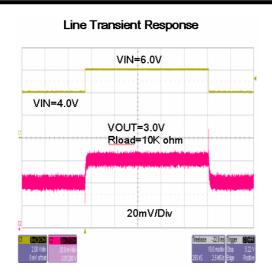


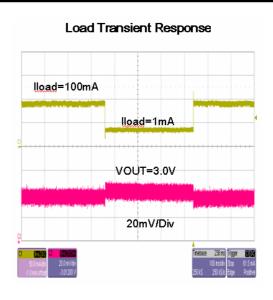
Output Voltage vs Temperature

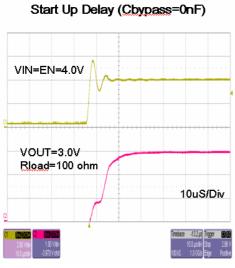


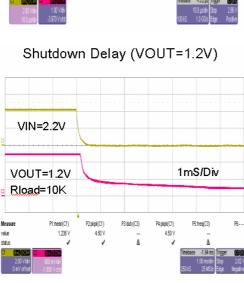


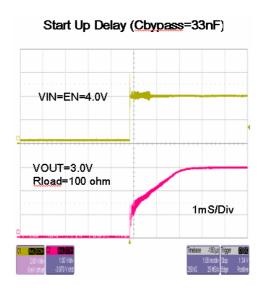
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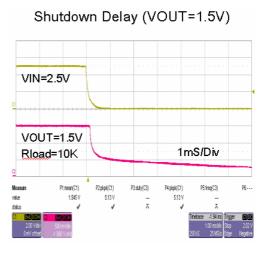






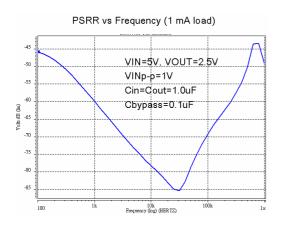


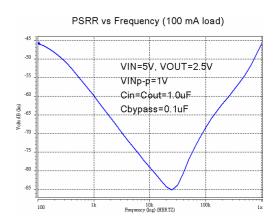


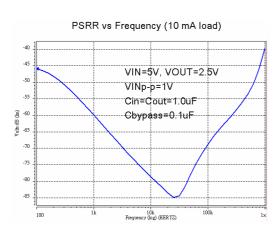




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Functional Block Diagram

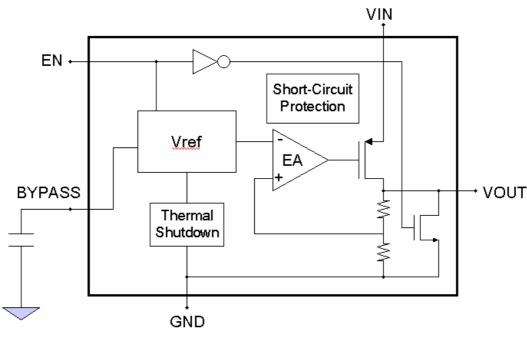


Figure 3: Function Diagram

Functional Description

The YB1200R is an ultra-low-noise, low-quiescent current, low-dropout linear regulator. It is supplied in a extremely small SC-70 / SC82 package for different applications. YB1200R can supply loads up to 150mA (typical operation, not maximum) and output voltages are preset and ranging from 1.2V to 3.6V.

As shown in the *Functional Block Diagram*, the YB1200R consists of a reference and noise bypass circuit, error amplifier, output drive transistor, internal feedback voltage divider, thermal sensor, and short circuit current limiter.

The internal reference is connected to the error amplifier's inverting input. The error amplifier compares this reference with the feedback voltage and amplifies the difference. If the feedback voltage is lower

than the reference voltage, the gate of the pass-transistor is pulled low. This allows more current to pass to the output and increases the output voltage. If the feedback voltage is too high, the gate of the pass transistor is pulled high, allowing less current to pass to the output.

Stability

The YB1200R is a high performance LDO emphasizing stability with low output capacitance. It is able to maintain stability with an output capacitor as low as 0.47 uF. The output capacitor can also be increased to optimize performance. The YB1200R will remain stable and in regulation with no load, unlike many other voltage regulators.

Internal P-Channel Pass Transistor

The YB1200R features a low impedance



P-channel MOSFET pass transistor. This provides several advantages over similar designs using a PNP pass transistor, including low operating power and longer battery life. The YB1200R consumes only 60µA of quiescent current under most conditions.

Output Short-Circuit Current Limit

The YB1200R includes a current limiter, which monitors and controls the pass transistor's gate voltage, limiting the output current to about 200mA, for example, in a short-circuit output situation.

Shutdown

The YB1200R also features a low-power active shutdown mode. It has a switch that turns off the device when disabled. This allows the output capacitor and load to discharge and de-energize the load. In the shutdown mode, the internal functional blocks, such as voltage reference and the error amplifier, are turned off completely, and the guiescent current is less than 1µA.

Thermal Protection Shutdown

The thermal protection shutdown function protects the device from operating in over temperature condition. When the junction temperature exceeds +160°C, the thermal sensor signals the shutdown logic, turning off the pass transistor and allowing the IC to cool down. The thermal sensor turns the pass transistor on again after the IC's junction temperature drops to +140°C.

Auto-Discharge Circuitry

The YB1200R deploys a NMOS connecting between VOUT and ground. When EN pin is pulled low, the NMOS is activated by an inverted signal from EN. The charge kept on output capacitor is discharged quickly through the NMOS. It prevents the system

from abnormal operation at the beginning of shudown mode.

Soft-Start Circuitry

The YB1200R includes a soft-start circuitry to limit inrush current at turn-on. During power up, the output capacitor and output load are charged with a reduced output current. Shortly after the initial power up, the soft-start feature is terminated and normal operation is resumed.

Application Information

Enable/Shutdown

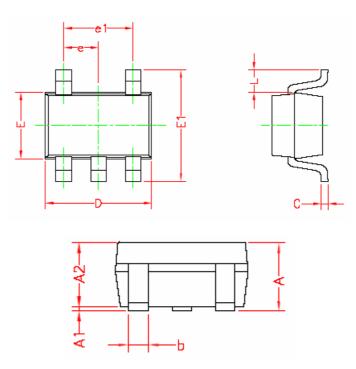
The YB1200R comes with an active-high enable pin that allows the regulator to be enabled. Forcing the enable pin low disables the regulator and puts it into the shutdown mode. This pin cannot be left floating as it may cause an undetermined state.

Input/Output Capacitor

It is recommended to use a $1.0\mu F$ capacitor on the YB1200R input and a $1.0\mu F$ capacitor on the output. For high regulation performance, larger input capacitor values and lower ESRs provide better noise rejection and line-transient response. The output noise, load-transient response, stability, and power-supply rejection can be improved by using large output capacitors. Low ESR ceramic capacitors provide optimal performance and save space.



SC-70 Package Information



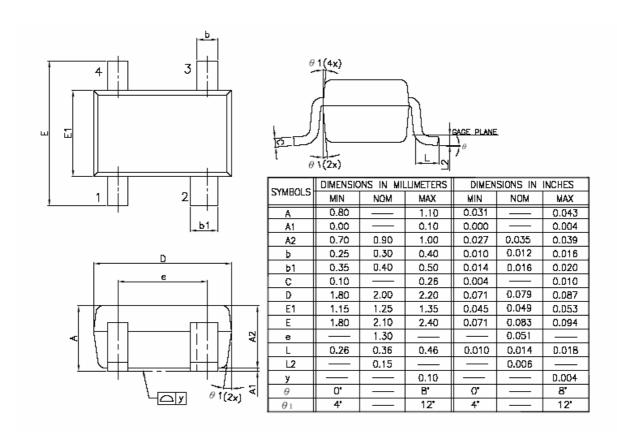
Symbol	Millir	neters	Inches			
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.		
A	0.90	1.10	.036	0.44		
A1	0.025	0.10	.001	.004		
A2	0.875	1.00	.035	.040		
b	0.20	0.40	.008	.016		
С	0.10	0.15	.004	.006		
D	1.90	2.10	.076	.084		
Е	1.15	1.35	.046	.054		
E1	2.00	2.20	.080	.088		
e	0.65	BSC.	.026 BSC.			
e1	1.30	BSC.	.052 BSC.			
L	0.425	REF.	.017 REF.			

Note:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters, and the dimensions in inches are for reference only.
- 2. 1mm=40mils=0.04inches



SC-82 Package Information



NOTE:

- 1. CONTROLUNG DIMENSION: mm
- 2. LEAD FRAME MATERIAL: EFTEC-64T 1/2H OR H.
- 3. DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS, MOLD FLASH/PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 mm PER SIDE,
- 4. DIMENSION E1 DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15mm PER SIDE.