

CNX83AG



**OPTICALLY COUPLED  
ISOLATOR  
PHOTOTRANSISTOR OUTPUT**

**APPROVALS**

- UL recognised, File No. E91231

**'X' SPECIFICATION APPROVALS**

- VDE 0884 approval pending
- EN60950 approval pending

**DESCRIPTION**

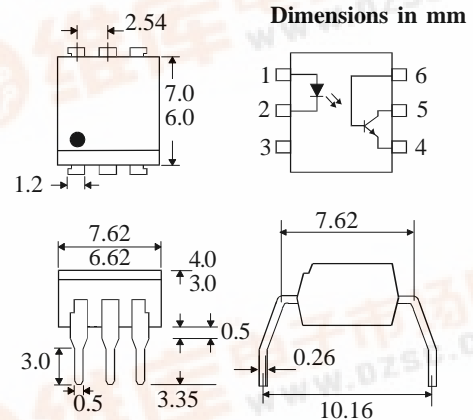
The CNX83AG optically coupled isolator consists of an infrared light emitting diode and a NPN silicon photo transistor in a standard 6 pin dual in line plastic package.

**FEATURES**

- High Current Transfer Ratio (40% min)
- Low Saturation Voltage suitable for TTL integrated circuits
- High  $BV_{CEO}$  (50V min)
- High Isolation Voltage ( $5.3kV_{RMS}$ ,  $7.5kV_{PK}$ )

**APPLICATIONS**

- DC motor controllers
- Industrial systems controllers
- Signal transmission between systems of different potentials and impedances



**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS  
(25°C unless otherwise specified)**

Storage Temperature \_\_\_\_\_ -55°C to + 150°C  
 Operating Temperature \_\_\_\_\_ -55°C to + 100°C  
 Lead Soldering Temperature  
 (1/16 inch (1.6mm) from case for 10 secs) 260°C

**INPUT DIODE**

Forward Current \_\_\_\_\_ 60mA  
 Reverse Voltage \_\_\_\_\_ 6V  
 Power Dissipation \_\_\_\_\_ 105mW

**OUTPUT TRANSISTOR**

Collector-emitter Voltage  $BV_{CEO}$  \_\_\_\_\_ 50V  
 Collector-base Voltage  $BV_{CBO}$  \_\_\_\_\_ 70V  
 Emitter-collector Voltage  $BV_{ECO}$  \_\_\_\_\_ 6V  
 Power Dissipation \_\_\_\_\_ 160mW

**POWER DISSIPATION**

Total Power Dissipation \_\_\_\_\_ 200mW  
 (derate linearly 2.67mW/°C above 25°C)

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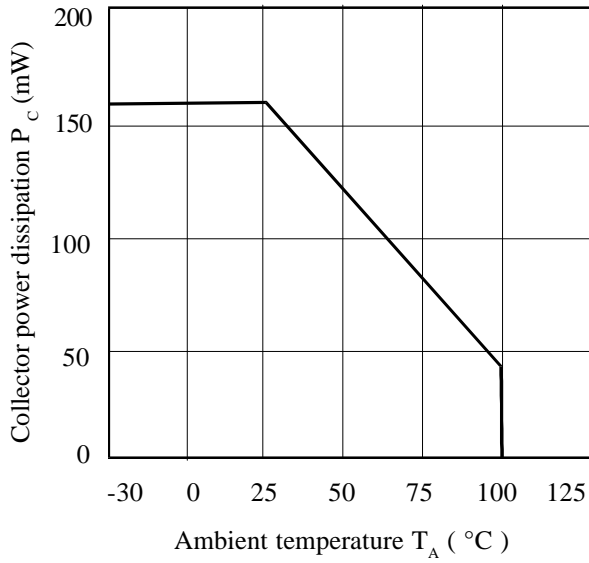
**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  Unless otherwise noted )**

| PARAMETER               |  | MIN                | TYP | MAX           | UNITS  | TEST CONDITION   |
|-------------------------|--|--------------------|-----|---------------|--|--|
| Input                   | Forward Voltage ( $V_F$ )                              |                    | 1.2 | 1.5           | V  | $I_F = 10\text{mA}$  |
|                         | Reverse Voltage ( $V_R$ )                              | 6                  |     |               | V  | $I_R = 10\mu\text{A}$  |
|                         | Reverse Current ( $I_R$ )                              |                    |     | 10            | $\mu\text{A}$  | $V_R = 6\text{V}$  |
| Output                  | Collector-emitter Breakdown ( $BV_{CEO}$ )<br>(Note 2) | 50                 |     |               | V  | $I_C = 1\text{mA}$   |
|                         | Collector-base Breakdown ( $BV_{CBO}$ )                | 70                 |     |               | V  | $I_C = 100\mu\text{A}$   |
|                         | Emitter-collector Breakdown ( $BV_{ECO}$ )             | 6                  |     |               | V  | $I_E = 100\mu\text{A}$   |
|                         | Collector-emitter Dark Current ( $I_{CEO}$ )           |                    |     | 50            | nA   | $V_{CE} = 10\text{V}$  |
| Coupled                 | Current Transfer Ratio ( $I_C / I_F$ )<br>(Note 2)     | 0.4                | 1.5 |               |  | $10\text{mA } I_F, 0.4\text{V } V_{CE}$<br>$10\text{mA } I_F, 5\text{V } V_{CE}$ |
|                         | Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage $V_{CE(SAT)}$     |                    |     | 0.4           | V  | $10\text{mA } I_F, 4\text{mA } I_C$  |
|                         | Input to Output Isolation Voltage $V_{ISO}$            | 5300               |     |               | $V_{RMS}$  | See note 1   |
|                         |  | 7500               |     |               | $V_{PK}$   | See note 1   |
|                         | Input-output Isolation Resistance $R_{ISO}$            | $5 \times 10^{10}$ |     |               | $\Omega$   | $V_{IO} = 500\text{V}$ (note 1)  |
|                         | Turn-on Time $t_{on}$                                  |                    | 3   |               | $\mu\text{s}$  | $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA},$<br>$R_L = 100\Omega$                     |
|                         | Turn-off Time $t_{off}$                                |                    | 3   |               | $\mu\text{s}$  |  |
| Turn-on Time $t_{on}$   |  | 12                 |     | $\mu\text{s}$ | $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}, I_C = 2\text{mA},$<br>$R_L = 1\text{k}\Omega$ |  |
| Turn-off Time $t_{off}$ |  | 12                 |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |  |  |

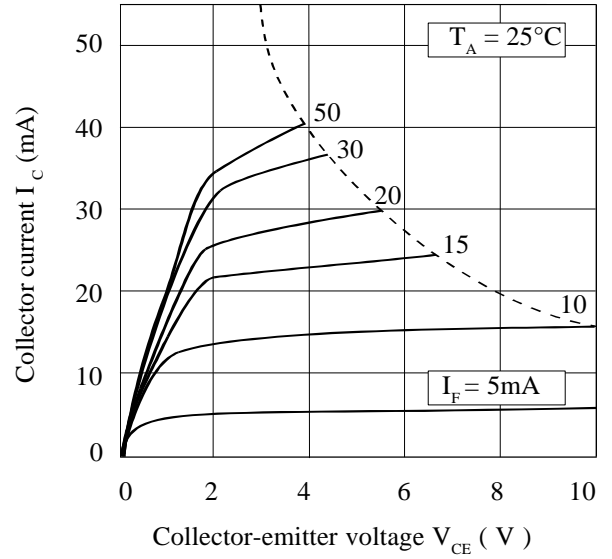
Note 1 Measured with input leads shorted together and output leads shorted together.

Note 2 Special Selections are available on request. Please consult the factory.

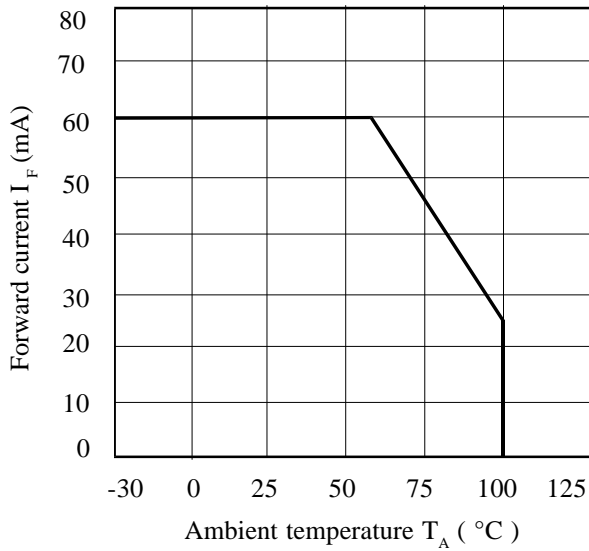
**Collector Power Dissipation vs. Ambient Temperature**



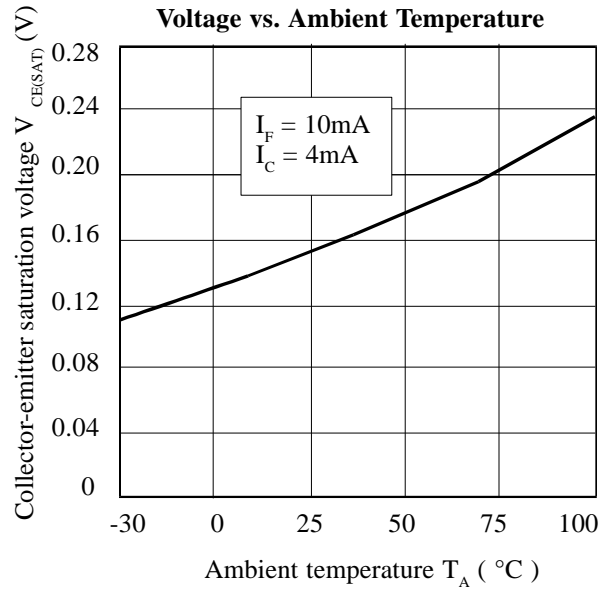
**Collector Current vs. Collector-emitter Voltage**



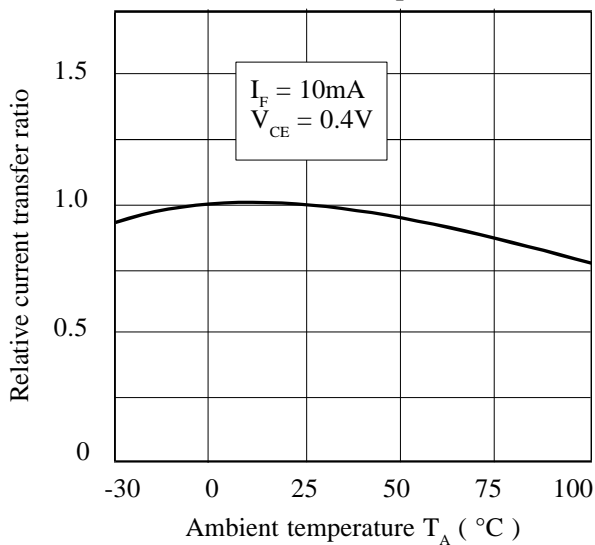
**Forward Current vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature**



**Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Forward Current**

