

## **AMC7140**

700mA HIGH VOLTAGE ADJUSTABLE CURRENT REGULATOR WITH ENABLE CONTROL

#### **DESCRIPTION**

The AMC7140 is a high voltage, low drop-out current regulator for maximum output current up to 700mA. The output current was decided by external resistor. The output sink current could be disabled via OE pin

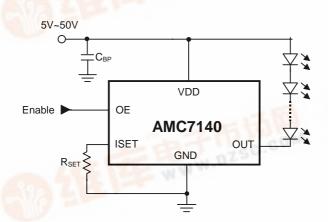
Build-in thermal protection to prevent the chip over heat damage.

#### **FEATURES**

- 0.5V Output Drop-out Voltage at 700mA.
- 700mA Maximum Output Current.
- Output Current Controlled by External Resistor.
- 3us Fast Response Output Stage Enable Control.
- Output Driving Voltage Up To 75V.
- Supply Voltage Range 5V~50V
- TO-252-5L package

#### TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

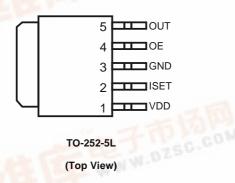
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#### **APPLICATIONS**

- High Power LED Driver
- RGB Full Color Power LED driver
- LCD Monitor/TV LED backlight Driver
- LED Table Lamp

## PACKAGE PIN OUT



## ORDER INFORMATION

DL	TO-252
	5 pin
	AMC7140DLFT (Lead Free)

Note: All surface-mount packages are available in Tape & Reel. Append the letter "T" to part number (i.e. AMC7140DLFT). The letter "F" is marked for Lead Free process.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note)					
Input Voltage, V <sub>DD</sub>	50V				
Output Voltage, V <sub>OUT</sub>	75V				
Maximum Operating Junction Temperature, T <sub>J</sub>	150°C				
Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to 150°C				
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10 seconds)	260°C				
Note: Exceeding these ratings could cause damage to the device. All voltages are with respe Currents are positive into, negative out of the specified terminal.	ct to Ground.				

PIN DESCRIPTION				
Pin Name	Pin Function			
OUT	Output pin. Sink current is decided by the current on $R_{SET}$ connected to $I_{SET}$ . $I_{OUT}$ = 500 $\times$ $I_{SET}$ .			
OE	Output stage enable control pin. High enable the OUT pin.			
$I_{SET}$	Output current set input. Connect a resistor from $I_{SET}$ to GND to set the LED bias current. $I_{SET} = 1.2 V/R_{SET}$ .			
VDD	Power supply.			
GND	Ground			

THERMAL DATA				
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient, $\theta_{JA}$	80 °C /W			
Junction Temperature Calculation: $T_J = T_A + (P_D \times \theta_{JA})$ . The $\theta_{JA}$ numbers are guidelines for the thermal performance of the device/pc-board system. Connect the ground pin to ground using a large pad or ground plane for better heat dissipation. All of the above assume no ambient airflow.				

#### **Maximum Power Calculation:**

 $T_J(^{o}C)$ : Maximum recommended junction temperature

T<sub>A</sub>(°C): Ambient temperature of the application

 $\theta_{JA}(^{o}C\ /W); \quad \text{Junction-to-Ambient temperature thermal resistance of the package, and other heat dissipating materials.}$ 

## The maximum power dissipation for a single-output regulator is:

 $P_{\text{D(MAX)}} \!=\! \left[ \left( V_{\text{IN(MAX)}} \text{-} V_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} \right) \right] \times I_{\text{OUT(NOM)}} + V_{\text{IN(MAX)}} \! \times I_{\text{Q}}$ 

 $\begin{array}{ll} Where: & V_{OUT(NOM)}\!=\! the\ nominal\ output\ voltage \\ I_{OUT(NOM)}\!=\! the\ nominal\ output\ current,\ and \end{array}$ 

 $I_Q$  = the quiescent current the regulator consumes at  $I_{OUT(MAX)}$ 

 $V_{IN(MAX)}$  = the maximum input voltage

Then  $\theta_{JA} = (+150^{\circ}C - T_A)/P_D$ 



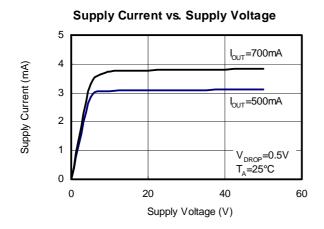
RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS						
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Supply Voltage	$V_{ m DD}$	5		50	V	
Output Sink Current	$I_{OUT}$			700	mA	
Operating free-air temperature range	Та	-40		+85	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	

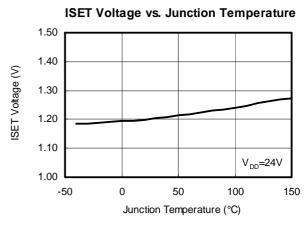
DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS						
V <sub>DD</sub> =24V, Ta=25°C, No Load, (Unless otherwise noted)						
Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
0.4.40	$V_{OUT}$ =0.5V, $R_{SET}$ =4K $\Omega$			Λ		
Output Current	$V_{OUT}$ =0.5V, $R_{SET}$ =1.2K $\Omega$	$V_{OUT}=0.5V$ , $R_{SET}=1.2K\Omega$ 500			mA	
Outrast Comment Designing	$V_{OUT}$ =0.5V, $R_{SET}$ =4K $\Omega$			±5	- %	
Output Current Deviation	$V_{OUT}$ =0.5V, $R_{SET}$ =1.2K $\Omega$			±5		
SET Current Range		200		1400	μA	
Maximum Output Current	I <sub>SET</sub> =1400uA		700		mA	
Output Drop-out Voltage*	I <sub>SET</sub> =1000uA, Note 1		0.35		V	
Thermal Shut-down Junction Temperature	Hysteresis 20°℃		160		$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	
"Low" Input Voltage		0		0.8	V	
"High" Input Voltage		2		12	V	
"Low" Input Current		-20		+20	μA	
"High" Input Current		-5.0		+5.0	μΑ	
Output Enable Delay Time	OE from Low to High, $V_{OUT}$ =0.5V, $I_{OUT}$ =350mA, 50%		3		μS	
Output Disable Delay Time	OE from High to Low, $V_{OUT} = 0.5V$ , $I_{OUT} = 350 \text{mA}$ , 50%		3		μS	
Supply Current Consumption				5	mA	

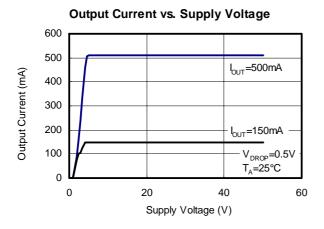
Note1: Output dropout voltage: 90% x  $I_{OUT}$  @  $V_{OUT}\!\!=\!\!500mV$ 

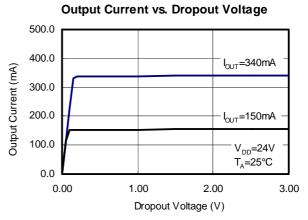


#### **CHARACTERIZATION CURVES**











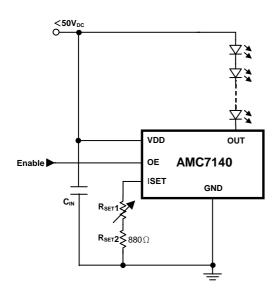
#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

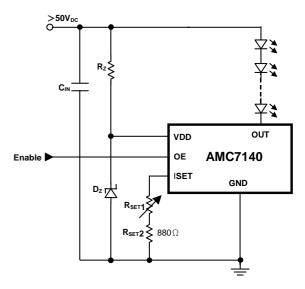
AMC7140 is a high voltage, low dropout current regulator for maximum output current up to 700mA with OE pin. The current could be linearly adjusted through variable resister connected to  $I_{\text{SET}}$  pin, or by PWM control via OE pin. Although the absolute maximum rating of OUT pin 60V, the dropout voltage between OUT pin and GND pin should not be too large when current is sinking because of the heat dissipation capability of the package.

Here are some of the typical application examples:

#### **DC Voltage Input:**

Any DC voltage level between 5V to 50V could be adopted as power source  $V_{DD}$  for typical application of AMC7140 as long as  $V_{DD}$  is larger than the total forward voltage drop of the LED string (at expecting current) by 0.35V. If  $50V \sim 60V$  voltage level is adopted as power source to positive end of the LED string, one Zener shunt regulator could be used to provide appropriate voltage to VDD pin.

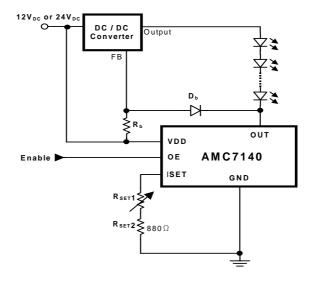






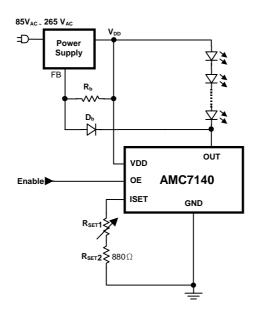
#### **LED Backlight Solution:**

AMC7140 could coordinate with any type of DC-to-DC converter through feedback path to realized LED backlight module. The number of LEDs in the string is variable even with certain fixed power source since the output voltage of the DC-to-DC converter could be modulated according to feedback signal.



## **AC Voltage Input:**

AMC7140 could work with any kind of well-known or well-developed switch-mode power supply system. Simply cut off the internal feedback path of the power supply system and then feed the signal from AMC7140 back to the power supply system instead.





#### THERMAL CONSIDERATION

#### The Maximum Power Dissipation on Current Regulator:

 $P_{D(MAX)} = V_{OUT(MAX)} \times I_{OUT(NOM)} + V_{IN(MAX)} \times I_{DD}$ 

 $V_{OUT(MAX)}$  = the maximum voltage on output pin;

 $I_{OUT(NOM)}$  = the nominal output current;

 $I_{DD}$  = the quiescent current the regulator consumes at  $I_{OUT(NOM)}$ ;

 $V_{IN(MAX)}$  = the maximum input voltage.

#### **Thermal Consideration:**

The AMC7140 has internal power and thermal limiting circuitry designed to protect the device under overload conditions. However, maximum junction temperature ratings should not be exceeded under continuous normal load conditions. The thermal protection circuit of AMC7140 prevents the device from damage due to excessive power dissipation. When the device junction temperature rises to approximately 150°C, the regulator will be turned off. When power consumption is over about 1000mW (TO-252 package, at  $T_A$ =70°C), additional heat sink is required to control the junction temperature below 125°C.

The junction temperature is:

$$T_J = P_D (\theta_{JT} + \theta_{CS} + \theta_{SA}) + T_A$$

P<sub>D</sub>: Dissipated power.

 $\theta_{\rm JT}$ : Thermal resistance from the junction to the mounting tab of the package.

For TO-252 package,  $\theta_{JT} = 7.0 \text{ oC/W}$ .

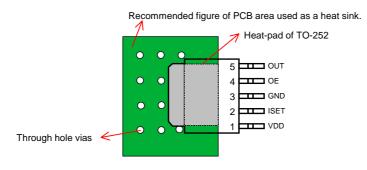
 $\theta_{\rm CS}$ : Thermal resistance through the interface between the IC and the surface on which it is mounted.

(typically,  $\theta_{CS} \le 1.0^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ )

 $\theta$  <sub>SA</sub>: Thermal resistance from the mounting surface to ambient (thermal resistance of the heat sink).

If PC Board copper is going to be used as a heat sink, below table can be used to determine the appropriate size of copper foil required. For multi-layered PCB, these layers can also be used as a heat sink. They can be connected with several through-hole vias.

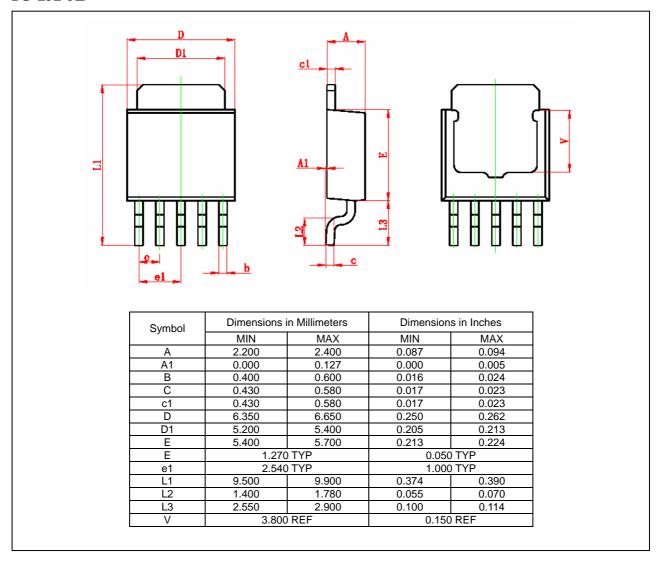
PCB $\theta$ sa (°C/W)	59	45	38	33	27	24	21
PCB heat sink size (mm <sup>2</sup> )	500	1000	1500	2000	3000	4000	5000





#### **PACKAGE**

### TO-252-5L





## **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

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