



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR



## AOD607

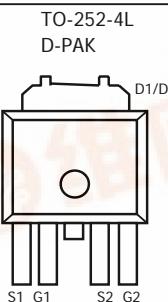
### Complementary Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

#### General Description

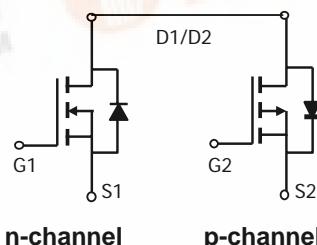
The AOD607 uses advanced trench technology MOSFETs to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  and low gate charge. The complementary MOSFETs may be used in H-bridge, Inverters and other applications. Standard product AOD607 is Pb free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications). AOD607L is a Green Product ordering option. AOD607 and AOD607L are electrically identical.

#### Features

n-channel	p-channel
$V_{DS}$ (V) = 30V	-30V
$I_D = 12A$ ( $V_{GS} = 10V$ )	-12A ( $V_{GS} = -10V$ )
$R_{DS(ON)}$	$R_{DS(ON)}$
< 25 mΩ ( $V_{GS} = 10V$ )	< 37 mΩ ( $V_{GS} = -10V$ )
< 34 mΩ ( $V_{GS} = 4.5V$ )	< 62 mΩ ( $V_{GS} = -4.5V$ )



Top View  
Drain Connected to Tab



#### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Max n-channel	Max p-channel	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>G</sup>	$I_D$	12	-12	A
$T_C=100^\circ C$		12	-12	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	40	-40	
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AR}$	18	-18	A
Repetitive avalanche energy $L=0.1mH$ <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AR}$	40	40	mJ
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	25	25	W
$T_C=100^\circ C$		12.5	12.5	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$	2.1	2.1	W
$T_A=70^\circ C$		1.3	1.3	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 175	-55 to 175	°C

#### Thermal Characteristics: n-channel and p-channel

Parameter	Symbol	Device	Typ	Max	
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	n-ch	19	23	°C/W
Steady-State		n-ch	47	60	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case <sup>B</sup>	$R_{\theta JC}$	n-ch	4.5	6	°C/W
Steady-State		p-ch	19	23	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	p-ch	47	60	°C/W
Steady-State		p-ch	4.5	6	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Case <sup>B</sup>	$R_{\theta JC}$	p-ch			
Steady-State					

**N-Channel Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=24\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		1	5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 20\text{V}$			100	nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1	1.7	2.5	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	40			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=12\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		20	25	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=5\text{A}$		28	34	$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{\text{FS}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=12\text{A}$		25		S
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.75	1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				18	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		1040	1250	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance			180		pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			110		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		0.7	1.5	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=12\text{A}$		19.8	25	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge			9.8	12.5	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate Source Charge			2.5		nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate Drain Charge			3.5		nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=1.25\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		4.5		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			3.9		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			17.4		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			3.2		ns
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=12\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		19	25	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=12\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		8		nC

A: The value of  $R_{\text{JJA}}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The Power dissipation  $P_{\text{DSM}}$  is based on  $R_{\text{JJA}}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature of 175°C may be used if the PCB allows it.

B: The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{\text{JJA}}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{\text{JJC}}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300  $\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is limited by bond-wires.

Rev 0: March 2006

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### N-CHANNEL TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

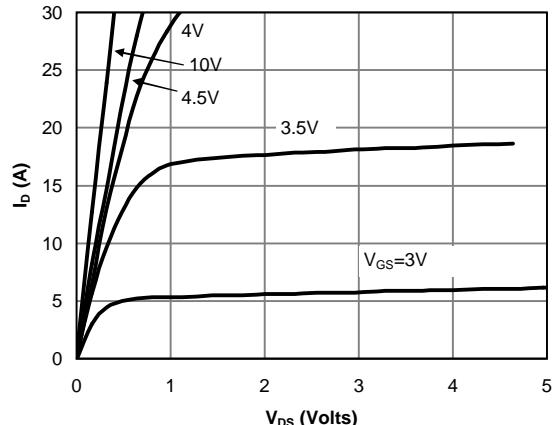


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

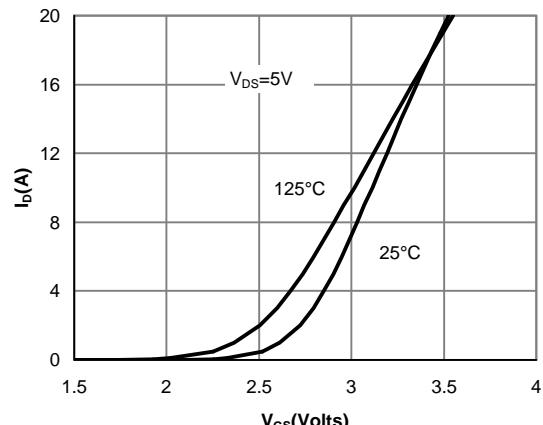


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

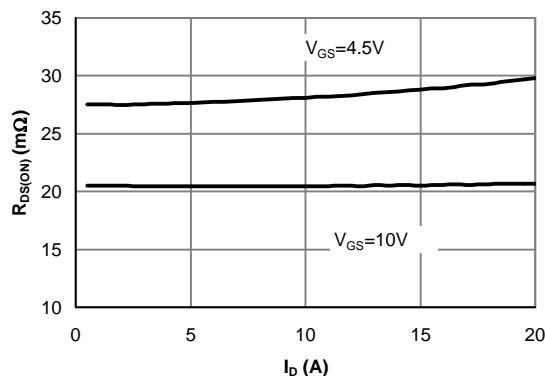


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

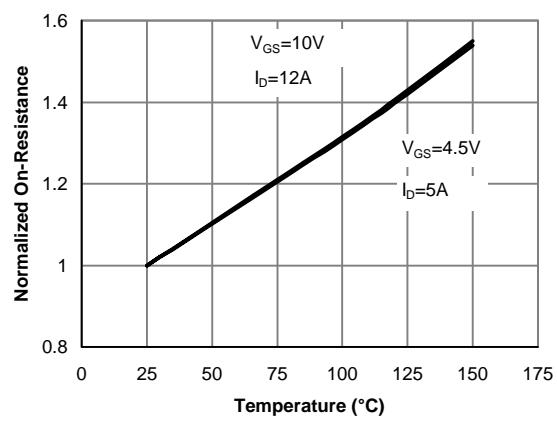


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

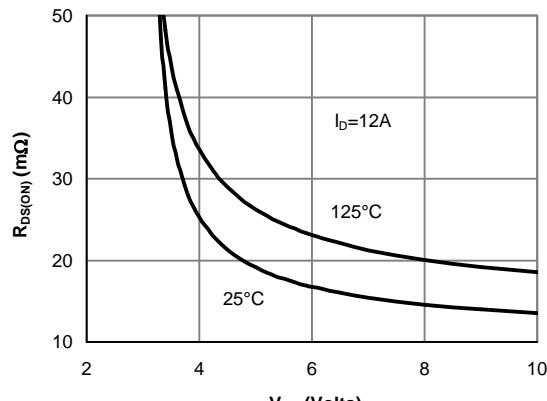


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

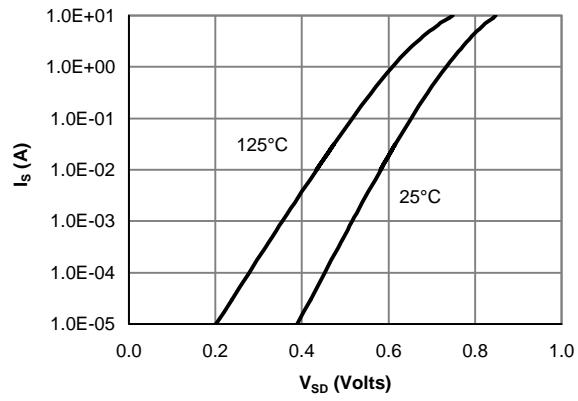
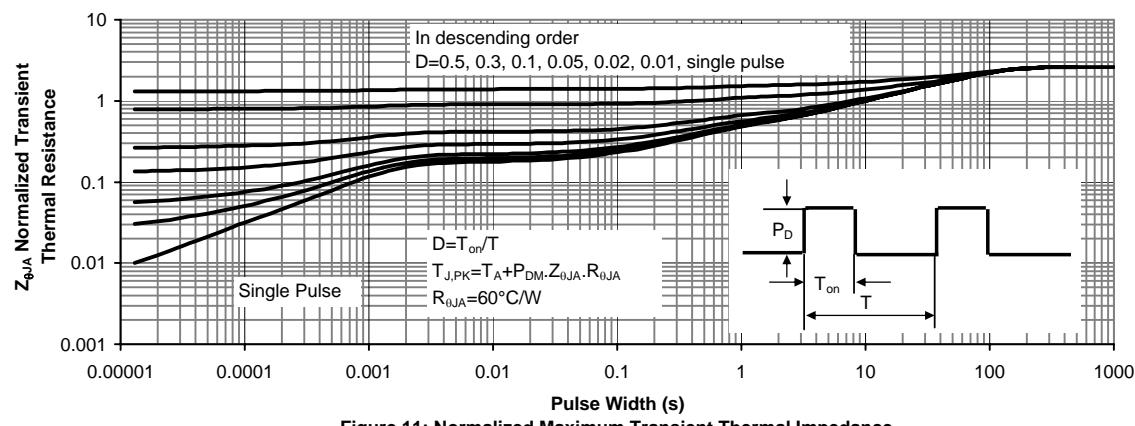
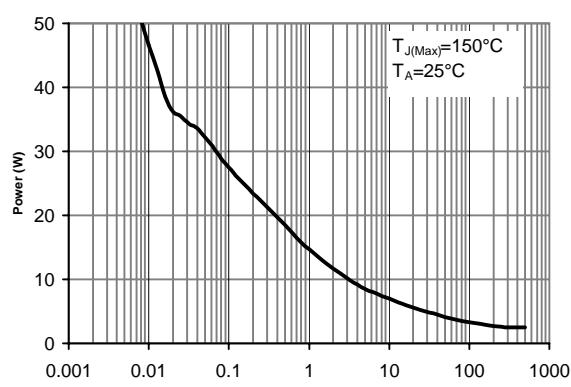
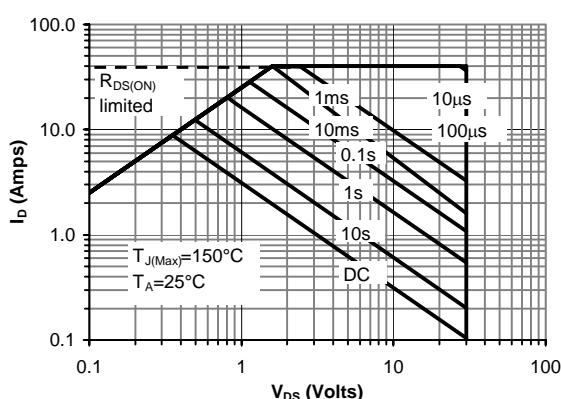
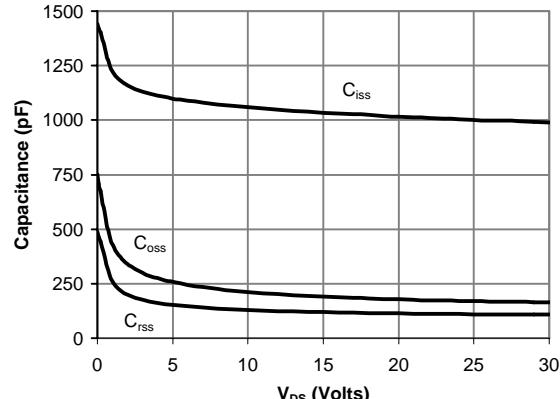
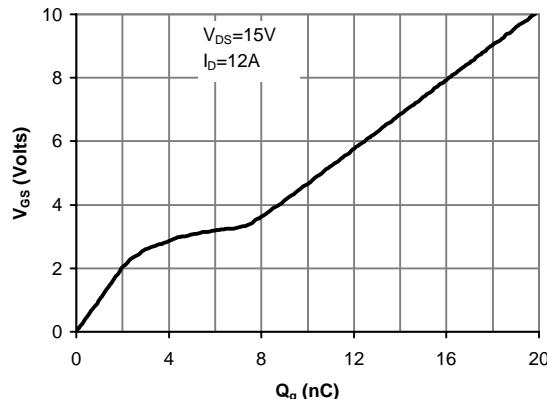


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

## N-CHANNEL TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



**P-Channel Electrical Characteristics ( $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-24\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.003	-1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$T_j=55^\circ\text{C}$			-5	
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			$\pm100$	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1.2	-2	-2.4	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-40			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=12\text{A}$		30	37	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$T_j=125^\circ\text{C}$		42	50	
		$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, I_D=-5\text{A}$		50	62	$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}, I_D=12\text{A}$		17		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.76	-1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-18	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		920	1100	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			190		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			122		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		3.6	5	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (10V)	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, I_D=-12\text{A}$		18.7	23	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)			9.7	11.7	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			2.54		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			5.4		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, R_L=1.25\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		9	13	ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			25	35	ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			20	30	ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			12	18	ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=-12\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		21.4	26	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-12\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		13	16	nC

A: The value of  $R_{iJA}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The Power dissipation  $P_{DSM}$  is based on steady-state  $R_{iJA}$  and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design, and the maximum temperature to 175°C may be used if the PCB or heatsink allows it.

B. The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$ , using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.

C: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature  $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=175^\circ\text{C}$ .

D. The  $R_{iJA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case  $R_{iJC}$  and case to ambient.

E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300  $\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

G. The maximum current rating is limited by the package current capability.

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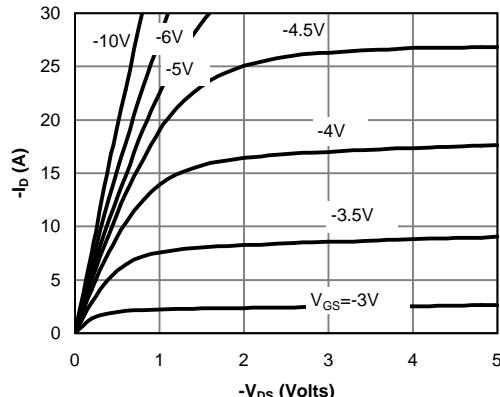
**P-CHANNEL TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics

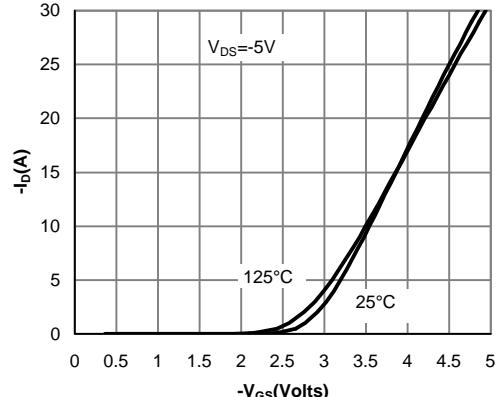


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

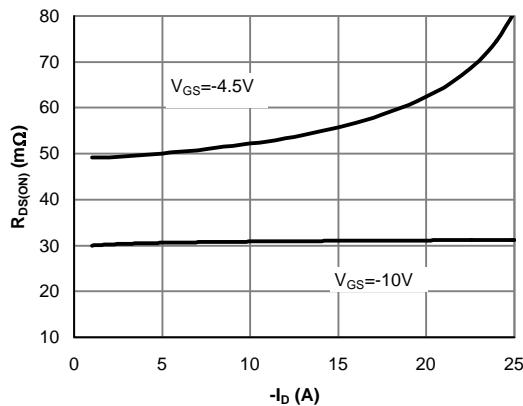


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

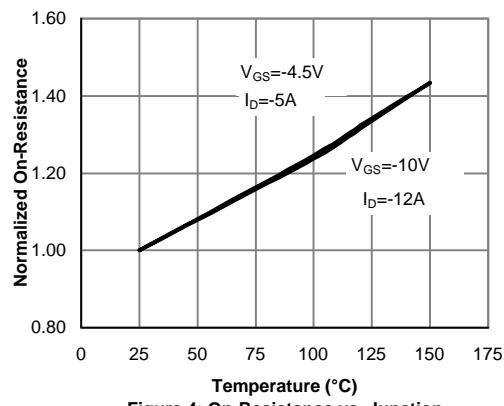


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

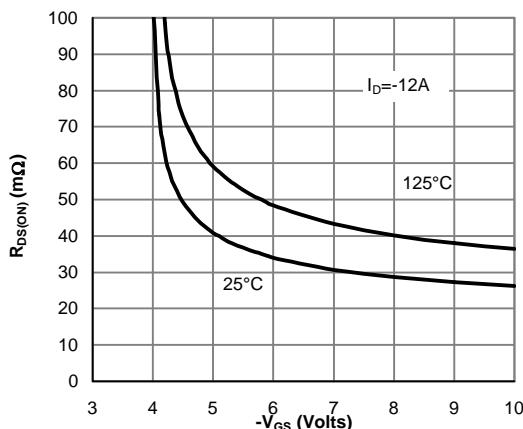


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

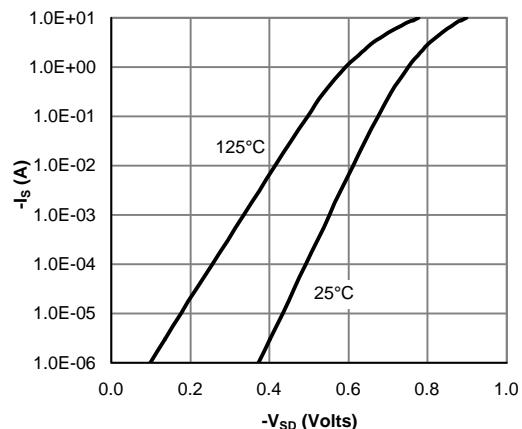


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

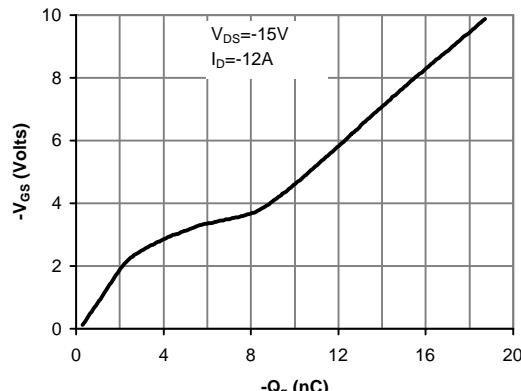
**P-CHANNEL TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

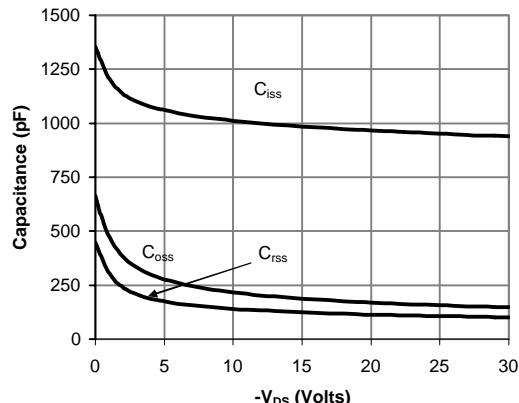


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

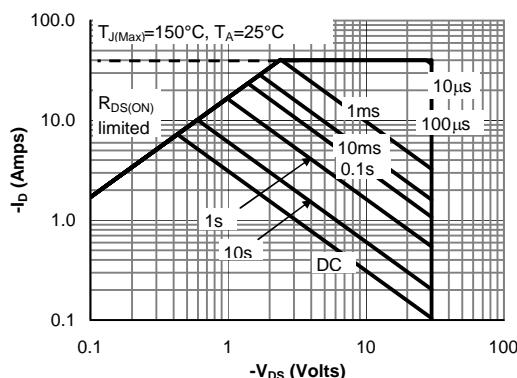


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

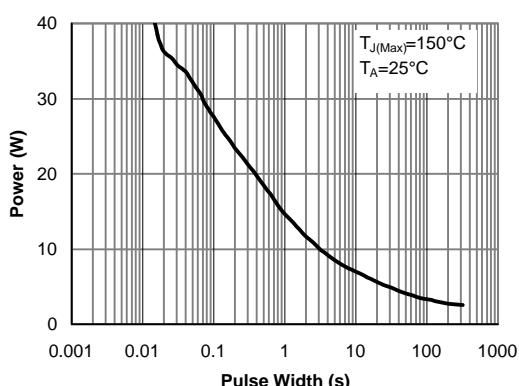


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note F)

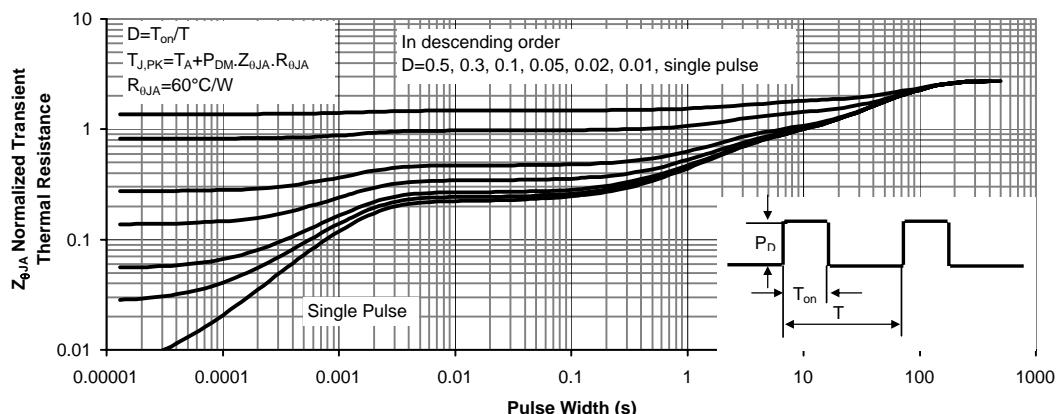


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)