

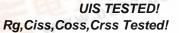
**Dual P-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor** 

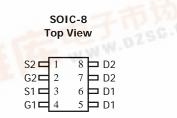
## **General Description**

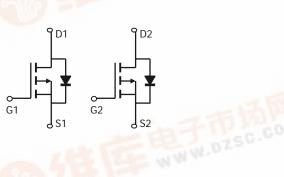
The AO4803A uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  with low gate charge. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications. *Standard Product AO4803A is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications)* 

# Features

$$\begin{split} V_{\text{DS}} & (\text{V}) = -30\text{V} \\ I_{\text{D}} = -5 \text{ A } & (\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -10\text{V}) \\ R_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})} < 46\text{m}\Omega \; (\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -10\text{V}) \\ R_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})} < 74\text{m}\Omega \; (\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -4.5\text{V}) \end{split}$$







Absolute Maximum Ratings T <sub>A</sub> =25°C unless otherwise noted								
Parameter   Drain-Source Voltage   Gate-Source Voltage		Symbol	Maximum	Units V				
		V <sub>DS</sub>	-30					
		V <sub>GS</sub>	±20	V				
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		-5	17.00				
Current AF	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	I <sub>D</sub>	-4	A				
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	-30	DISC.COM				
	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	D	2	14/				
Power Dissipation	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	-P <sub>D</sub>	1.3	W				
Avalanche Current <sup>B</sup>		I <sub>AR</sub>	11	A				
Repetitive avalanche energy 0.3mH		E <sub>AR</sub>	18	mJ				
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>STG</sub>	-55 to 150	°C				

Thermal Characteristics							
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Units			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	– R <sub>0JA</sub>	48	62.5	°C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	Steady-State	IN <sub>θJA</sub>	74	110	°C/W		
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	Steady-State	$R_{ ext{ heta}JL}$	35	40	°C/W		

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#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Conditions		Тур	Max	Units
STATIC P	ARAMETERS						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =-250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		-30			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =-30V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V				-1	μA
			T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			-5	
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}$ =0V, $V_{GS}$ =±20V				±100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}$ $I_{D}=-250\mu A$		-1.5	-2	-2.5	V
I <sub>D(ON)</sub>	On state drain current	$V_{GS}$ =-10V, $V_{DS}$ =-5V		-30			A
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, I <sub>D</sub> =5.0A			37	46	mΩ
			T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		52	68	1115.2
		V <sub>GS</sub> =-4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =-4A			60	74	mΩ
<b>g</b> fs	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =-5V, I <sub>D</sub> =-5A			11		S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =-1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			-0.77	-1	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current					-2	А
DYNAMIC	PARAMETERS						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance				668	830	pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-15V, f	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-15V, f=1MHz		126		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance				92		pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz			6	9	Ω
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS						
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge (10V)				12.7	16	nC
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)	V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-15V, I <sub>D</sub> =-5A			6.4		nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge				2		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge				4		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime				7.7		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	V <sub>GS</sub> =-10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =-15V, R <sub>L</sub> =3Ω, R <sub>GEN</sub> =3Ω			6.8		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime				20		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time				10		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =-5A, dl/dt=100A/μ	I <sub>F</sub> =-5A, dl/dt=100A/μs		22	30	ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =-5A, dI/dt=100A/μs			15		nC

A: The value of R <sub>0JA</sub> is measured with the device mounted on 1in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with

T<sub>A</sub>=25°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The R  $_{\rm \theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to lead R  $_{\rm \theta JL}$  and lead to ambient.

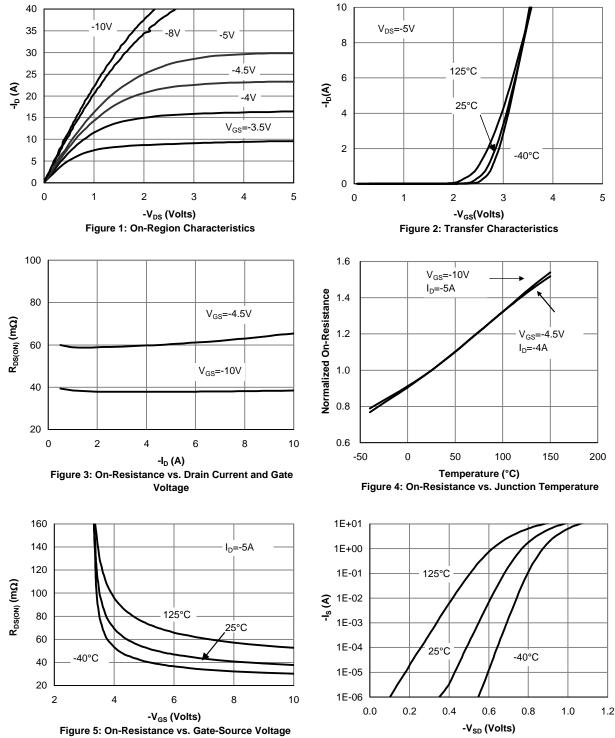
D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300  $\mu$ s pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in 2 FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T  $_{A}$ =25°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

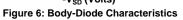
F. The current rating is based on the t≤ 10s junction to ambient thermal resistance rating.

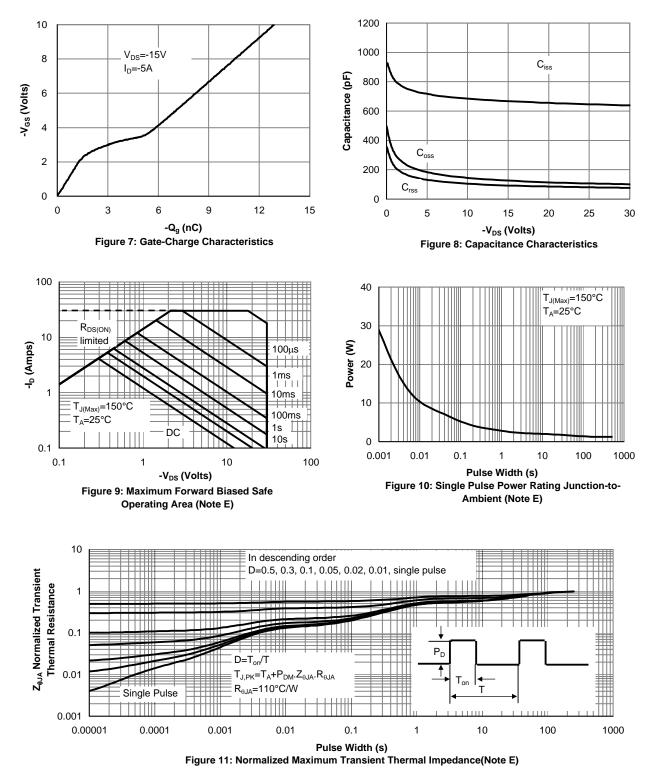
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