



**ALPHA & OMEGA**  
SEMICONDUCTOR

**AO6419**

**P-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor**

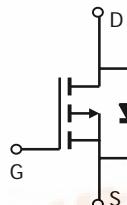
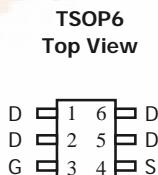


### General Description

The AO6419 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent  $R_{DS(ON)}$  with low gate charge. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications. Standard Product AO6419 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications). AO6419L is a Green Product ordering option. AO6419 and AO6419L are electrically identical.

### Features

$V_{DS}$  (V) = -30V  
 $I_D$  = -5 A ( $V_{GS}$  = -10V)  
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 52\text{m}\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = -10V)  
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 87\text{m}\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = -4.5V)  
 $R_{DS(ON)} < 110\text{m}\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = -3.5V)



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	-30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>A</sup>	$I_D$	-5	A
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	$I_D$	-4.2	
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>	$I_{DM}$	-20	
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_D$	2	W
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$	$P_D$	1.4	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	47.5	62.5	°C/W
Steady-State		74	110	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	$R_{\theta JL}$	37	50	°C/W

**Electrical Characteristics ( $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	-30			V
$I_{DSS}$	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=-24\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		-1	-5	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm20\text{V}$			$\pm100$	nA
$V_{GS(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1	-1.8	-3	V
$I_{D(\text{ON})}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$	-20			A
$R_{DS(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=5.0\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	39	52		$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, I_D=-4\text{A}$	54	70		$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=-3.5\text{V}, I_D=-1\text{A}$	67	87		$\text{m}\Omega$
$g_{FS}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=-5\text{V}, I_D=-5\text{A}$	6	8.6		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		-0.77	-1	V
$I_S$	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				-2.8	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
$C_{iss}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		700	840	pF
$C_{oss}$	Output Capacitance			120		pF
$C_{rss}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			75		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$		10	15	$\Omega$
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
$Q_g(10\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (10V)	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, I_D=-5\text{A}$		14.7	18	nC
$Q_g(4.5\text{V})$	Total Gate Charge (4.5V)			7.6	9.5	nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge			2		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge			3.8		nC
$t_{D(\text{on})}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-15\text{V}, R_L=3\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		8.3		ns
$t_r$	Turn-On Rise Time			5		ns
$t_{D(\text{off})}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			29		ns
$t_f$	Turn-Off Fall Time			14		ns
$t_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time		$I_F=-5\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	23.5	30	ns
$Q_{rr}$	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=-5\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		13.4		nC

A: The value of  $R_{\text{0JA}}$  is measured with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the  $t \leq 10\text{s}$  thermal resistance rating.

B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The  $R_{\text{0JA}}$  is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead  $R_{\text{JUL}}$  and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6, 12, 14 are obtained using 80  $\mu\text{s}$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ . The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

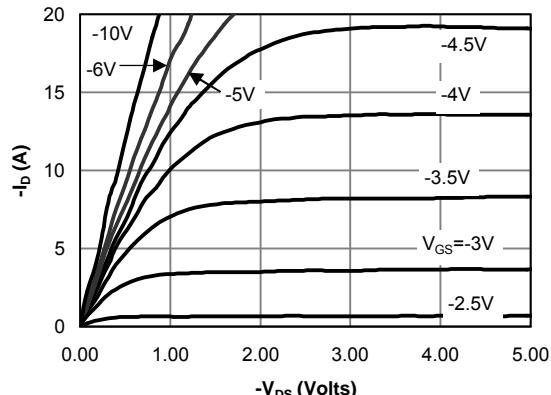


Figure 1: On-Region Characteristics

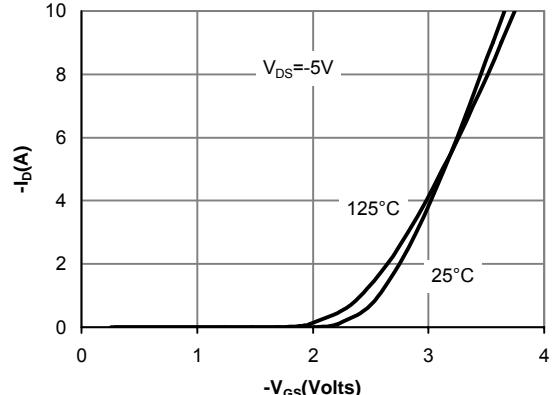


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

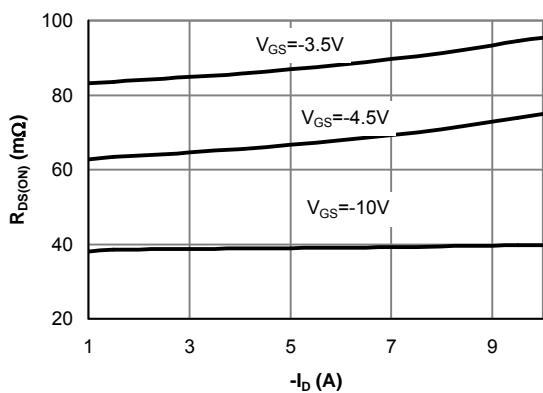


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

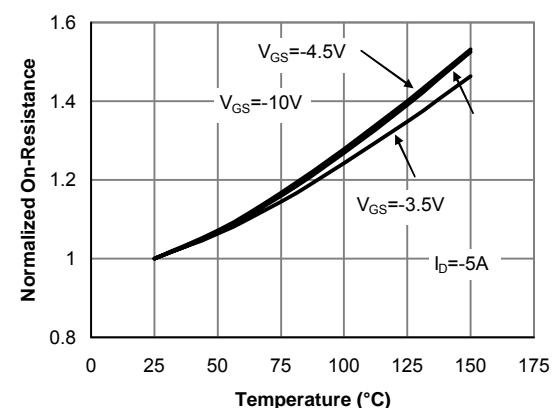


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

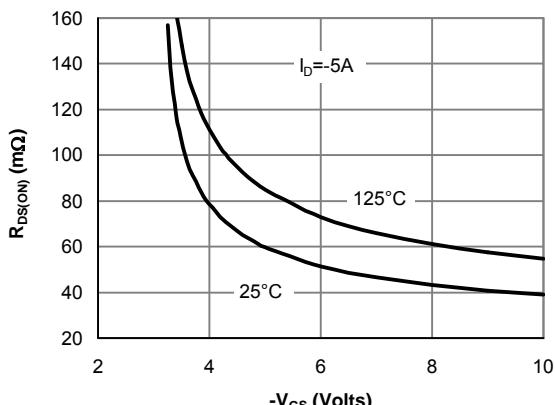


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

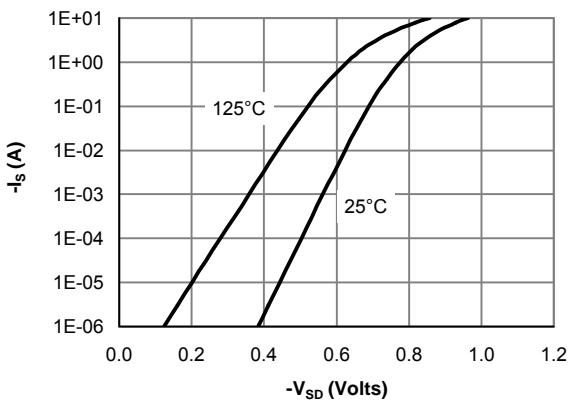


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

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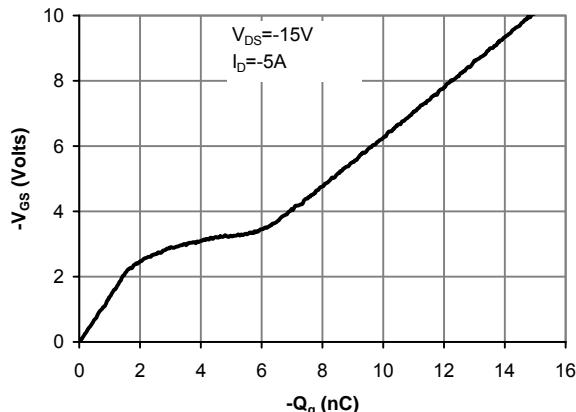


Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

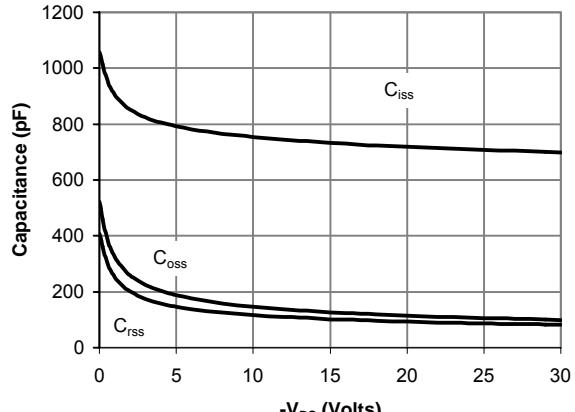


Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

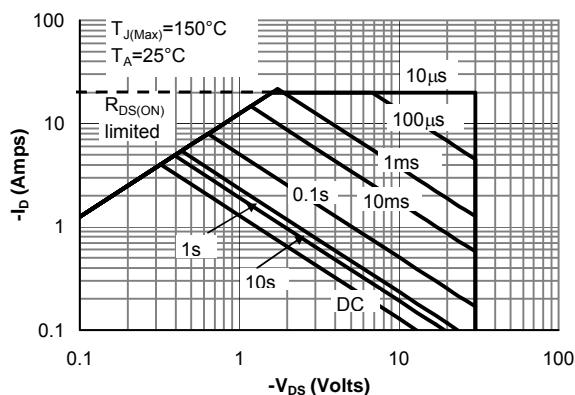


Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note E)

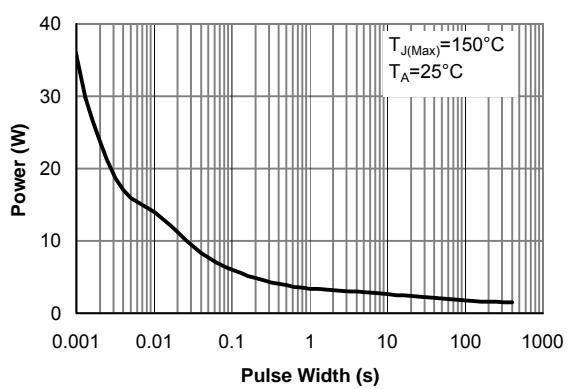


Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note E)

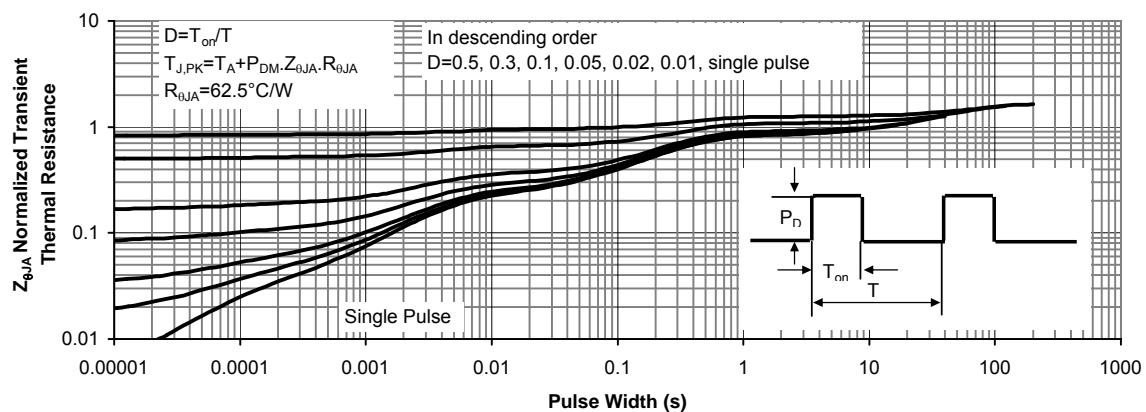


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance