



February 7, 2008

# DS50EV401

## 2.5 Gbps / 5.0 Gbps / 8.0 Gbps Quad PCI Express Cable and Backplane Equalizer

### General Description

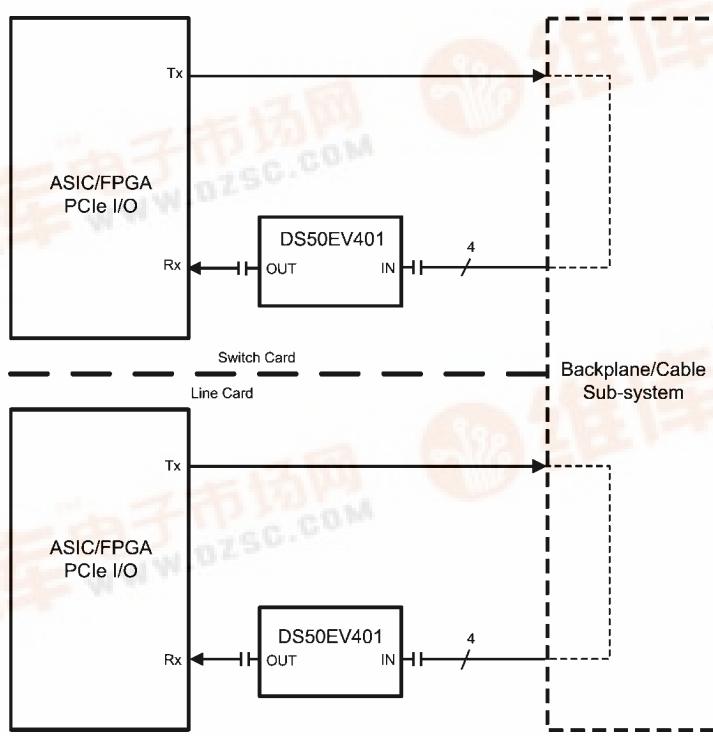
The DS50EV401 is a low power, programmable equalizer specifically designed for PCI Express applications. The device provides 2 equalization settings to reduce inter-symbol interference (ISI) induced by a variety of interconnect media. One setting is optimized for PCIe Gen1 and Gen2 applications; the other is optimized for future Gen3 data rates. In all modes, the equalizer can operate, error free, with an input eye that is completely closed by interconnect ISI. A single pin, MODE, allows the user to change between these two modes.

The DS50EV401 enables PCI Express compatible link extension by supporting transmit electrical idle, and Beacon signal pass through on a per lane basis. Current-mode logic (CML) is used on both input and output terminals, which provide constant 50 ohm single-ended impedance to AC ground. Differential signaling is implemented through out the entire signal path to minimize supply induced jitter. The DS50EV401 is available in a 7mm x 7mm 48-pin leadless LLP package, and is powered from a single power supply of either 3.3 or 2.5V.

### Features

- PCI Express compatible link extension
- Automatic power management on an individual lane basis
- Data rate optimized equalization
- Operates over 7 meter of 24 AWG PCI Express Cables up to 8 Gbps
- 0.18 UI of residual deterministic jitter at 8 Gbps with 30" of FR4
- 0.18 UI of residual deterministic jitter at 5 Gbps with 40" of FR4
- 0.16 UI of residual deterministic jitter at 2.5 Gbps with 40" of FR4
- 8 kV HBM ESD
- -40 to 85°C operating temperature range
- 7 mm x 7 mm 48-pin leadless LLP package
- Single power supply of either 3.3V or 2.5V
- Low power (typically 95 mW per channel at 2.5V VCC)

### Simplified Application Diagram



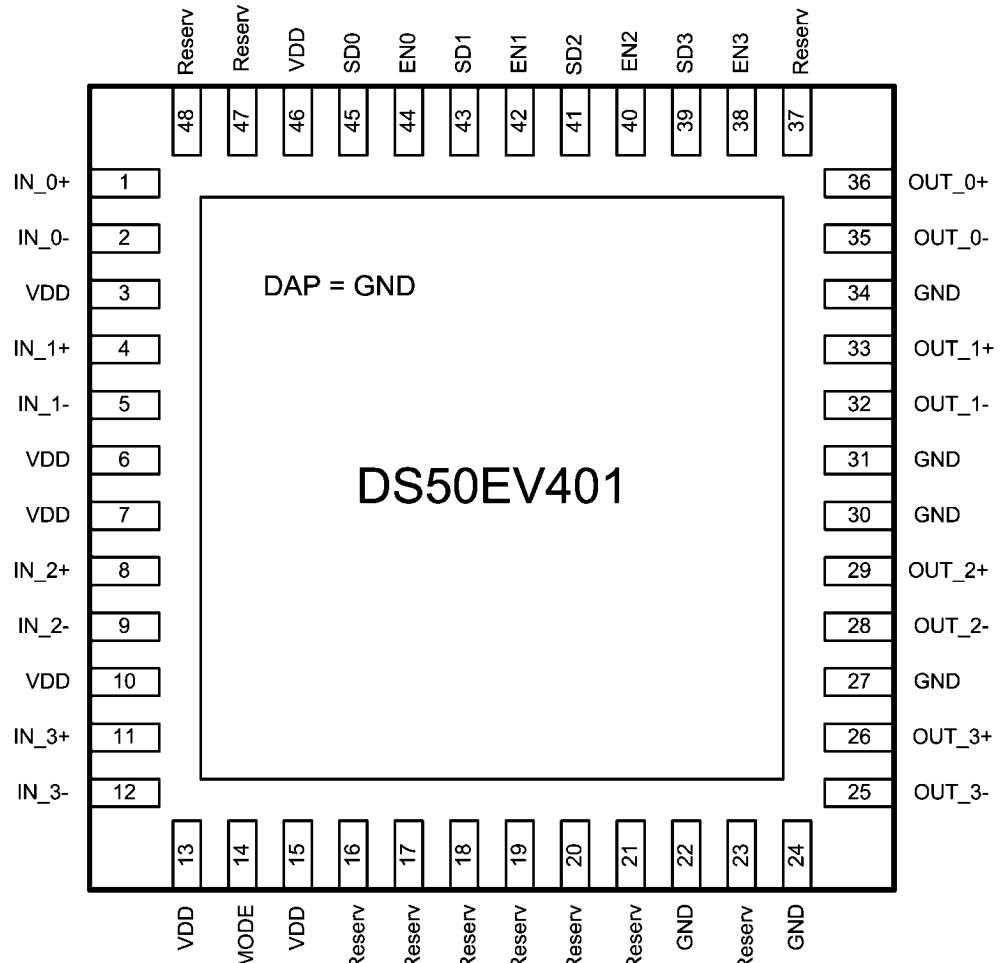
30050524

## Pin Descriptions

Pin Name	Pin Number	I/O, Type	Description
<b>HIGH SPEED DIFFERENTIAL I/O</b>			
IN_0+	1	I, CML	Inverting and non-inverting CML differential inputs to the equalizer. An on-chip 50Ω terminating resistor connects IN_0+ to V <sub>DD</sub> and IN_0- to V <sub>DD</sub> .
IN_0-	2		
IN_1+	4	I, CML	Inverting and non-inverting CML differential inputs to the equalizer. An on-chip 50Ω terminating resistor connects IN_1+ to V <sub>DD</sub> and IN_1- to V <sub>DD</sub> .
IN_1-	5		
IN_2+	8	I, CML	Inverting and non-inverting CML differential inputs to the equalizer. An on-chip 50Ω terminating resistor connects IN_2+ to V <sub>DD</sub> and IN_2- to V <sub>DD</sub> .
IN_2-	9		
IN_3+	11	I, CML	Inverting and non-inverting CML differential inputs to the equalizer. An on-chip 50Ω terminating resistor connects IN_3+ to V <sub>DD</sub> and IN_3- to V <sub>DD</sub> .
IN_3-	12		
OUT_0+	36	O, CML	Inverting and non-inverting CML differential outputs from the equalizer. An on-chip 50Ω terminating resistor connects OUT_0+ to V <sub>DD</sub> and OUT_0- to V <sub>DD</sub> .
OUT_0-	35		
OUT_1+	33	O, CML	An on-chip 50Ω terminating resistor connects OUT_1+ to V <sub>DD</sub> and OUT_1- to V <sub>DD</sub> .
OUT_1-	32		
OUT_2+	29	O, CML	Inverting and non-inverting CML differential outputs from the equalizer. An on-chip 50Ω terminating resistor connects OUT_2+ to V <sub>DD</sub> and OUT_2- to V <sub>DD</sub> .
OUT_2-	28		
OUT_3+	26	O, CML	Inverting and non-inverting CML differential outputs from the equalizer. An on-chip 50Ω terminating resistor connects OUT_3+ to V <sub>DD</sub> and OUT_3- to V <sub>DD</sub> .
OUT_3-	25		
<b>EQUALIZATION CONTROL</b>			
MODE	14	I, CMOS	MODE selects the equalizer frequency for EQ channels. MODE is internally pulled low.
<b>DEVICE CONTROL</b>			
EN0	44	I, CMOS	Enable Ch0 output driver input. When held High, normal operation is selected. When held Low, Ch0 output drive is off and standby mode is selected. EN0 is internally pulled High.
EN1	42	I, CMOS	Enable Ch1 output driver input. When held High, normal operation is selected. When held Low, Ch1 output drive is off and standby mode is selected. EN1 is internally pulled High.
EN2	40	I, CMOS	Enable Ch2 output driver input. When held High, normal operation is selected. When held Low, Ch2 output drive is off and standby mode is selected. EN2 is internally pulled High.
EN3	38	I, CMOS	Enable Ch3 output driver input. When held High, normal operation is selected. When held Low, Ch3 output drive is off and standby mode is selected. EN3 is internally pulled High.
SD0	45	O, CMOS	Equalizer Ch0 Signal Detect Output. Produces a High when signal is detected.
SD1	43	O, CMOS	Equalizer Ch1 Signal Detect Output. Produces a High when signal is detected.
SD2	41	O, CMOS	Equalizer Ch2 Signal Detect Output. Produces a High when signal is detected.
SD3	39	O, CMOS	Equalizer Ch3 Signal Detect Output. Produces a High when signal is detected.
<b>POWER</b>			
V <sub>DD</sub>	3, 6, 7, 10, 13, 15, 46	Power	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5V ± 5% or 3.3V ± 10%. V <sub>DD</sub> pins should be tied to V <sub>DD</sub> plane through low inductance path. A 0.01µF bypass capacitor should be connected between each V <sub>DD</sub> pin to GND planes.
GND	22, 24, 27, 30, 31, 34	Power	Ground reference. GND should be tied to a solid ground plane through a low impedance path.
Exposed Pad	PAD	Power	Ground reference. The exposed pad at the center of the package must be connected to ground plane of the board.
<b>OTHER</b>			
Reserv	16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 37, 47, 48		Reserved. Do not connect.

Note: I = Input   O = Output

## Connection Diagram



30050526

DS50EV401

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage ( $V_{DD}$ )	-0.5V to +4.0V
CMOS Input Voltage	-0.5V to +4.0V
CMOS Output Voltage	-0.5V to +4.0V
CML Input/Output Voltage	-0.5V to +4.0V
Junction Temperature	+150°C
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 4 Seconds)	+260°C

## ESD Rating

HBM, 1.5 kΩ, 100 pF

>8 kV

## Thermal Resistance

$\theta_{JA}$ , No Airflow

30°C/W

## Recommended Operating Conditions

	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Supply Voltage				
$V_{DD2.5}$ to GND	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
$V_{DD3.3}$ to GND	3.0	3.3	3.6	V
Ambient Temperature	-40	25	+85	°C

## Electrical Characteristics

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges with default register settings unless other specified. (Note 2, 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>POWER</b>						
P	Power Supply Consumption	Device Enabled, $V_{DD3.3}$		510	700	mW
		Device Disabled, $V_{DD3.3}$			100	mW
P	Power Supply Consumption	Device Enabled, $V_{DD2.5}$		380	490	mW
		Device Disabled, $V_{DD2.5}$		30		mW
N	Supply Noise Tolerance (Note 4)	Upto 50 MHz		100		mV <sub>P-P</sub>
<b>LVTTL DC SPECIFICATIONS</b>						
$V_{IH}$	High Level Input Voltage	$V_{DD3.3}$	2.0		$V_{DD}$	V
		$V_{DD2.5}$	1.6		$V_{DD}$	V
$V_{IL}$	Low Level Input Voltage		-0.3		0.8	V
$V_{OH}$	High Level Output Voltage	$I_{OH} = -3mA$ , $V_{DD3.3}$	2.4			V
		$I_{OH} = -3mA$ , $V_{DD2.5}$	2.0			V
$V_{OL}$	Low Level Output Voltage	$I_{OL} = 3mA$			0.4	V
$I_{IN}$	Input Current	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$			+15	µA
		$V_{IN} = GND$	-15			µA
$I_{IN-P}$	Input Leakage Current with Internal Pull-Down/Up Resistors	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ , with internal pull-down resistors			+140	µA
		$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$ , with internal pull-up resistors	-40			µA
<b>CML RECEIVER INPUTS (IN_n+, IN_n-)</b>						
$V_{IN}$	Input Voltage Swing	AC-Coupled or DC-Coupled Required Differential Amplitude measured at point A (Figure 1)	400		1600	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
$V_{IN-S}$	Input Voltage Sensitivity	AC-Coupled or DC-Coupled Required Differential Envelope measured at point B (Figure 1, 10) (Note 5)		170		mV <sub>P-P</sub>
$R_{LI}$	Differential Input Return Loss	100 MHz – 4.0 GHz, with fixture's effect de-embedded		10		dB
$R_{IN}$	Input Resistance	Single ended to VDD	40	50	60	Ω

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>CML OUTPUTS (OUT_n+, OUT_n-)</b>						
$V_O$	Output Voltage Swing	Differential measurement with OUT_n+ and OUT_n- terminated by $50\Omega$ to GND AC-Coupled (Figure 2)	800		1200	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
$V_{OCM}$	Output Common-Mode Voltage	Single-ended measurement DC-Coupled with $50\Omega$ termination (Note 6)		$V_{DD} - 0.25$		V
$t_R, t_F$	Transition Time	20% to 80% of differential output voltage, measured within 1" from output pins (Figure 2) (Note 6)		40		ps
$R_O$	Output Resistance	Single-ended to $V_{DD}$	40	50	60	$\Omega$
$R_{LO}$	Differential Output Return Loss	100 MHz – 4.0 GHz, with fixture's effect de-embedded. IN_n+ = static high		10		dB
$t_{PLHD}$	Differential Low to High Propagation Delay	Propagation delay measurement at 50% $V_O$ between input to output, 100 Mbps (Figure 3) (Note 8)		240		ps
$t_{PHLD}$	Differential High to Low Propagation Delay			240		ps
$t_{ID}$	Idle to Valid Differential Data	$VIN = 800 \text{ mVp-p}, 5 \text{ Gbps}, \text{EIEOS}, 40" \text{ of } 6 \text{ mil microstrip FR4}$ (Figure 4) (Note 6)		8		ns
$t_{DI}$	Valid Differential data to idle	$VIN = 800 \text{ mVp-p}, 5 \text{ Gbps}, \text{EIOS}, 40" \text{ of } 6 \text{ mil microstrip FR4}$ (Figure 4) (Note 6)		8		ns
$t_{CCSK}$	Inter Pair Channel to Channel Skew	Difference in 50% crossing between channels		7		ps
<b>EQUALIZATION</b>						
DJ1	Residual Deterministic Jitter at 8 Gbps	30" of 6 mil microstrip FR4, MODE=0, PRBS-7 (2 <sup>7</sup> -1) pattern (Note 6, 7)		0.18		UI <sub>P-P</sub>
DJ2	Residual Deterministic Jitter at 5 Gbps	40" of 6 mil microstrip FR4, MODE=1, PRBS-7 (2 <sup>7</sup> -1) pattern (Note 6, 7)		0.18	0.21	UI <sub>P-P</sub>
DJ3	Residual Deterministic Jitter at 2.5 Gbps	40" of 6 mil microstrip FR4, MODE=1, PRBS-7 (2 <sup>7</sup> -1) pattern (Note 6, 7)		0.16	0.18	UI <sub>P-P</sub>
RJ	Random Jitter	(Note 8, 9)		0.5		psrms
<p><b>Note 1:</b> "Absolute Maximum Ratings" indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur, including inoperability and degradation of device reliability and/or performance. Functional operation of the device and/or non-degradation at the Absolute Maximum Ratings or other conditions beyond those indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. The Recommended Operating Conditions indicate conditions at which the device is functional and the device should not be operated beyond such conditions. Absolute Maximum Numbers are guaranteed for a junction temperature range of -40°C to +125°C. Models are validated to Maximum Operating Voltages only.</p> <p><b>Note 2:</b> Typical values represent most likely parametric norms at <math>V_{DD} = 3.3\text{V}</math> or <math>2.5\text{V}</math>, <math>T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}</math>, and at the Recommended Operation Conditions at the time of product characterization and are not guaranteed.</p> <p><b>Note 3:</b> The Electrical Characteristics tables list guaranteed specifications under the listed Recommended Operating Conditions except as otherwise modified or specified by the Electrical Characteristics Conditions and/or Notes. Typical specifications are estimations only and are not guaranteed.</p> <p><b>Note 4:</b> Allowed supply noise (mV<sub>P-P</sub> sine wave) under typical conditions.</p> <p><b>Note 5:</b> <math>V_{IN-S}</math> is a measurement of the input differential envelope (Figure 10). The device does not require an open eye.</p> <p><b>Note 6:</b> Specification is guaranteed by characterization at optimal MODE setting and is not tested in production.</p> <p><b>Note 7:</b> Deterministic jitter is measured at the differential outputs (point C of Figure 1), minus the deterministic jitter before the test channel (point A of Figure 1). Random jitter is removed through the use of averaging or similar means.</p> <p><b>Note 8:</b> Measured with clock-like {11111 00000} pattern.</p> <p><b>Note 9:</b> Random jitter contributed by the equalizer is defined as <math>\sqrt{J_{OUT}^2 - J_{IN}^2}</math>. <math>J_{OUT}</math> is the random jitter at equalizer outputs in ps-rms, see point C of Figure 1; <math>J_{IN}</math> is the random jitter at the input of the equalizer in ps-rms, see point B of Figure 1.</p>						

## Timing Diagrams

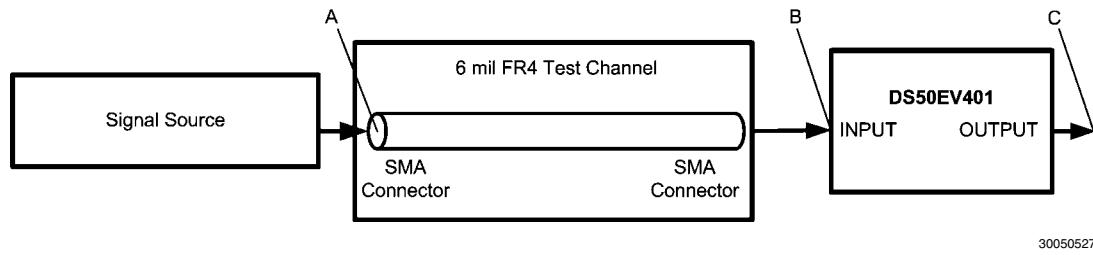


FIGURE 1. Test Setup Diagram

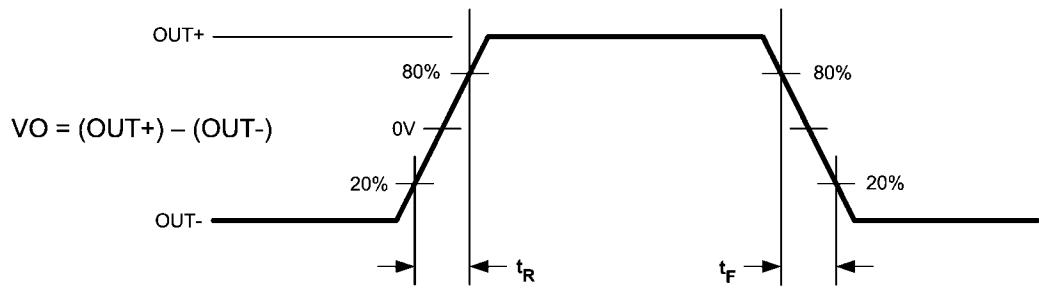


FIGURE 2. CML Output Transition Times

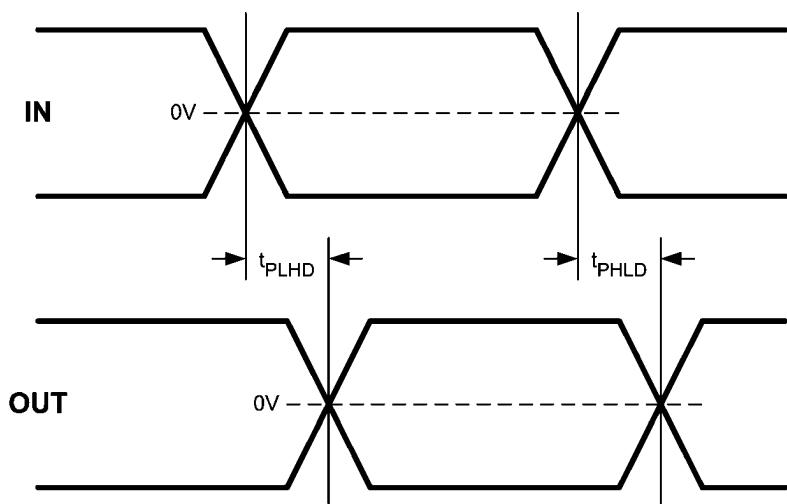


FIGURE 3. Propagation Delay Timing Diagram

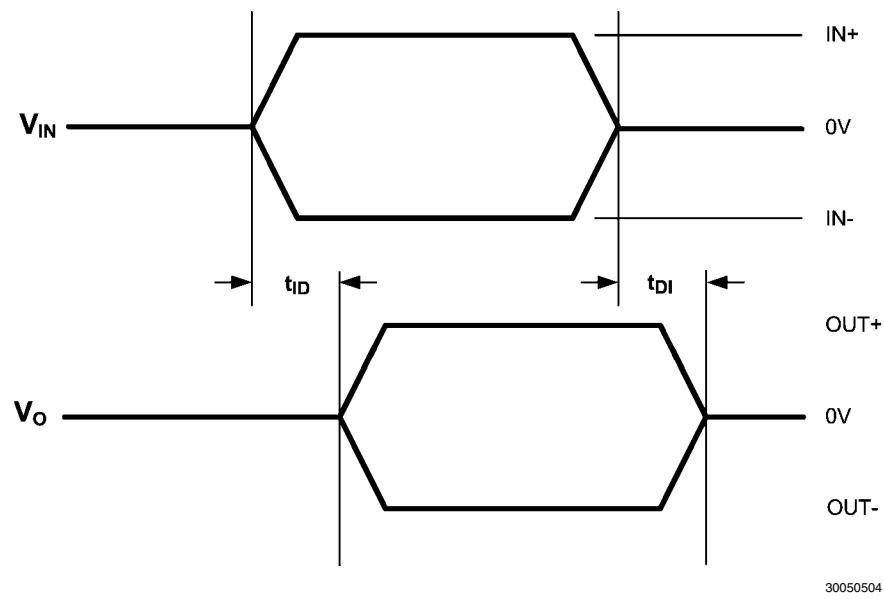


FIGURE 4. Idle Timing Diagram

## DS50EV401 Applications Information

The DS50EV401 is a programmable quad equalizer optimized for PCI Express applications. It is designed to operate over copper backplanes and cables at transmission rates of 2.5 Gbps up to 8 Gbps. The device consists of an input receive equalizer followed by a limiting amplifier. The equalizer is designed to open an input eye that is completely closed due to inter-symbol interference (ISI) induced by the channel interconnect. The equalization is set to keep residual deterministic jitter below 0.2 unit intervals (UI) regardless of data rate. This equalization scheme allows 1 equalization setting to satisfy both Gen1 and Gen2 links, eliminating the need for interaction between the equalizer and PCI Express endpoint

during link negotiation. The DS50EV401 is intended as a unidirectional receiver that should be placed in close physical proximity to the end point. Therefore the transmitter does not include de-emphasis as TX equalization would not be needed over the short distance between the equalizer and the end point.

In order to enable PCI compliant link extension the DS50EV401 will put the transmitter into electrical idle mode when no active data is sensed on its inputs. Idle is controlled on a per lane basis, and is solely dependent on activity of a particular channel's input activity. 50 ohm termination is maintained on both the RX and TX terminals in electrical idle mode. The DS50EV401 internal signal path is designed to be broad band, allowing the Beacon Wakeup signal to pass through to the endpoint device.

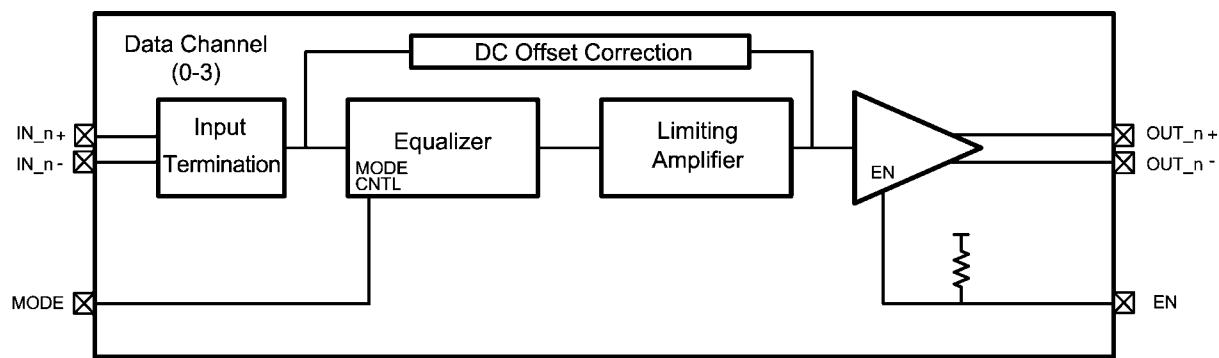


FIGURE 5. Simplified Block Diagram

### DATA CHANNELS

The DS50EV401 consists of four data channels. Each channel provides input termination, receiver equalization, signal limiting, offset cancellation, and a CML output driver, as shown in Figure 5. The data channels support two levels of equalization, controlled by the pin MODE. The equalization levels are set simultaneously on all 4 channels, as described in Table 1.

When an idle condition is sensed on a channel's input, the transmit driver is automatically placed into electrical idle

mode, as shown in Figure 6. The common mode voltage is set, and the differential output is forced to zero. To save power, the output driver current is powered off when the device is in electrical idle mode. All other circuits maintain their bias currents allowing a fast recovery from idle to the active state. Electric idle is performed on a per channel basis, and several channels can be in idle while others are actively passing data.

TABLE 1. MODE Control Table

6 mil microstrip FR4 trace length (in)	24 AWG Twin-AX cable length (m)	Frequency	Channel Loss	MODE
0-30	0-7	8 Gbps	16 dB	0
0-40	0-10	5 Gbps 2.5 Gbps	14 dB 20 dB	1

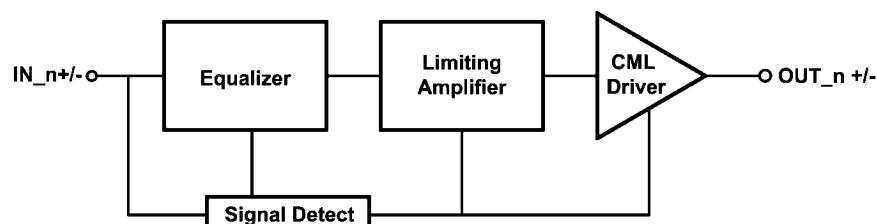
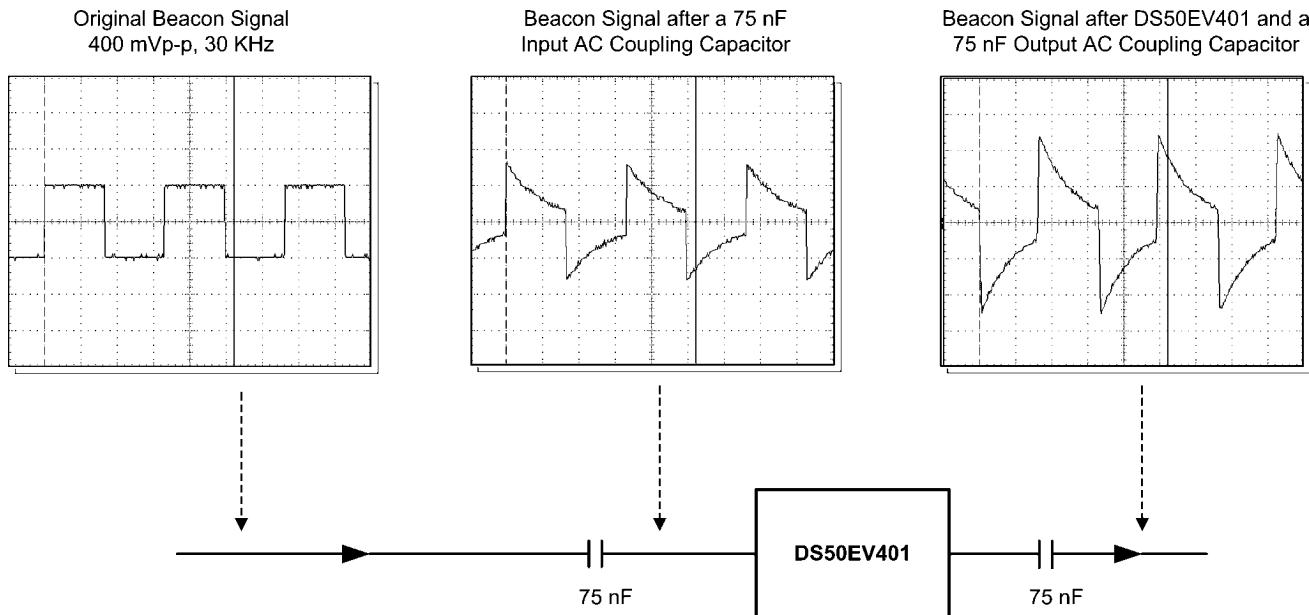


FIGURE 6. Automatic Power Management

## BEACON WAKEUP

The DS50EV401 signal path is designed to be broadband, allowing a low frequency signal, such as the Beacon Wakeup used by the PCI Express protocol, to pass through the device.

The AC coupling capacitors used to connect the DS50EV401 to the rest of the system limit the fidelity of the Beacon signal. Therefore, a minimum capacitance of 75nF, as shown in figure 7, is required for proper operation.



30050507

**FIGURE 7. Example of Passing Beacon Signal**

## GENERAL RECOMMENDATIONS

The DS50EV401 is a high performance device capable of delivering excellent performance. In order to extract full performance from the device in a particular application, good high-speed design practices must be followed. National Semiconductor's LVDS Owner's Manual, 4th edition provides detailed information about managing signal integrity and power delivery to get the most from your design.

## PCB LAYOUT CONSIDERATIONS FOR DIFFERENTIAL PAIRS

The CML inputs and outputs must have a controlled differential impedance of  $100\Omega$ . It is preferable to route CML lines exclusively on one layer of the board, particularly for the input traces. The use of vias should be avoided if possible. If vias must be used, they should be used sparingly and must be placed symmetrically for each side of a given differential pair. Route the CML signals away from other signals and noise sources on the printed circuit board. See AN-1187 for additional information on LLP packages..

## POWER SUPPLY BYPASSING

Two approaches are recommended to ensure that the DS50EV401 is provided with an adequate power supply. First, the supply (VDD) and ground (GND) pins should be connected to power planes routed on adjacent layers of the printed circuit board. The layer thickness of the dielectric should be minimized so that the VDD and GND planes create a low inductance supply with distributed capacitance. Second, careful attention to supply bypassing through the proper use of bypass capacitors is required. A  $0.01\mu\text{F}$  bypass capacitor should be connected to each VDD pin such that the capacitor is placed as close as possible to the DS50EV401. Smaller body size capacitors can help facilitate proper component placement. Additionally, three capacitors with capacitance in the range of  $2.2\ \mu\text{F}$  to  $10\ \mu\text{F}$  should be incorporated in the power supply bypassing design as well. These capacitors can be either tantalum or an ultra-low ESR ceramic and should be placed as close as possible to the DS50EV401.

## Typical Performance Eye Diagrams and Curves

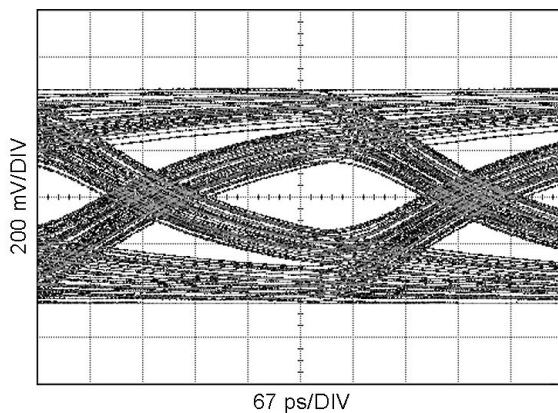


Figure 8. Unequalized Signal (40 in FR4, 2.5 Gbps, PRBS7) 30050508

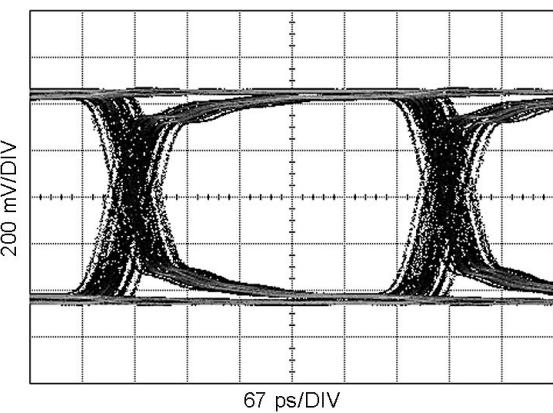


Figure 9. Equalized Signal (40 in FR4, 2.5 Gbps, PRBS7, MODE=1) 30050509

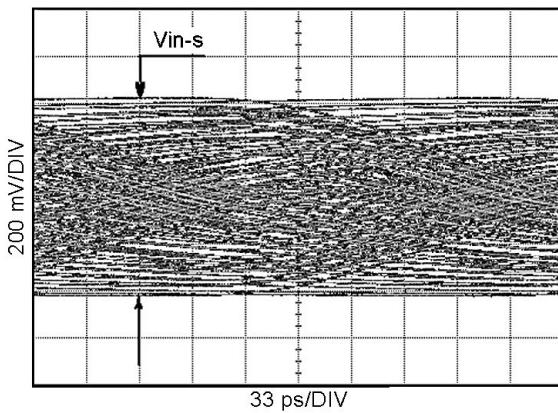


Figure 10. Unequalized Signal (40 in FR4, 5 Gbps, PRBS7) 30050510

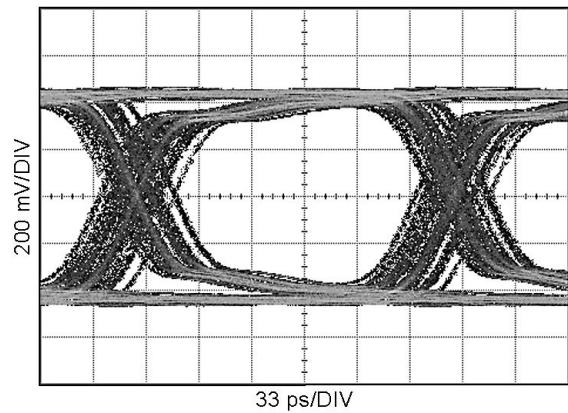


Figure 11. Equalized Signal (40 in FR4, 5 Gbps, PRBS7, MODE=1) 30050511

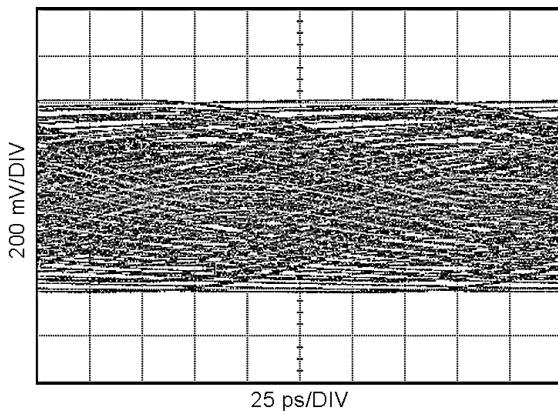


Figure 12. Unequalized Signal (30 in FR4, 8 Gbps, PRBS7) 30050512

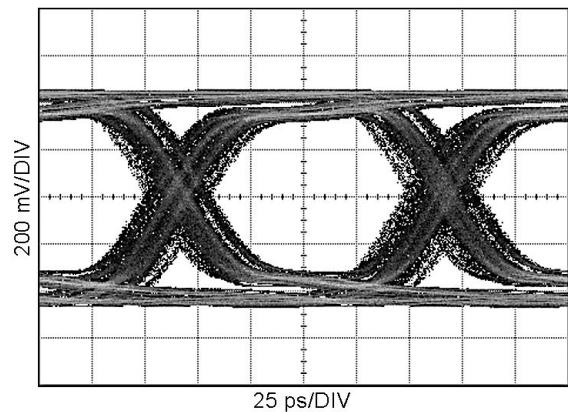
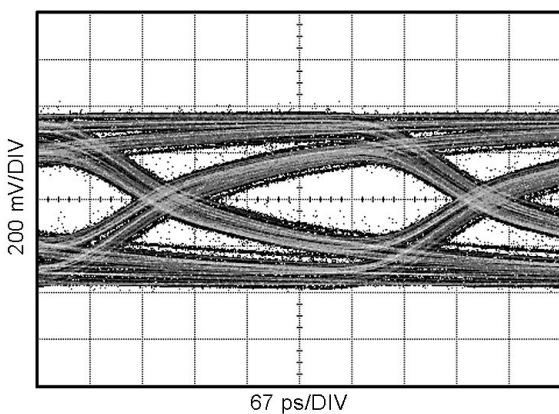
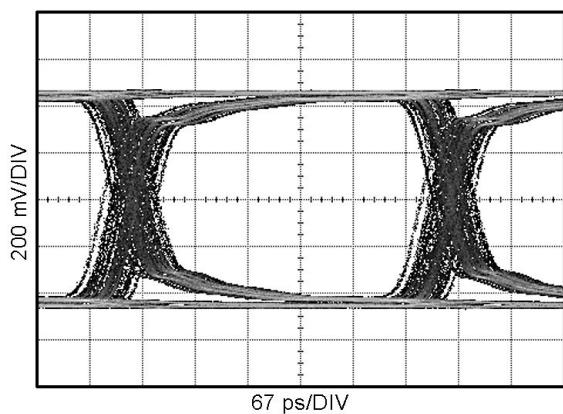


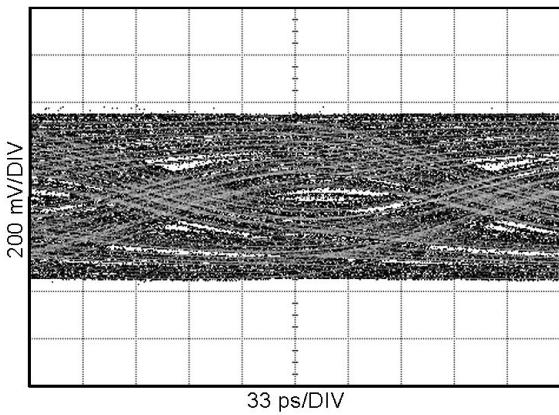
Figure 13. Equalized Signal (30 in FR4, 8 Gbps, PRBS7, MODE=0) 30050513



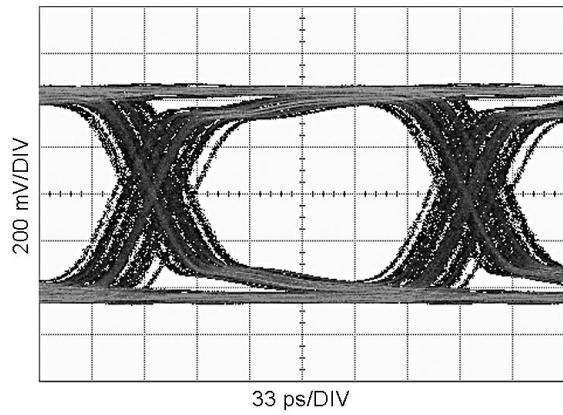
**Figure 14. Unequalized Signal (10 m 24 AWG Twin-AX Cable, 2.5 Gbps, PRBS7)**



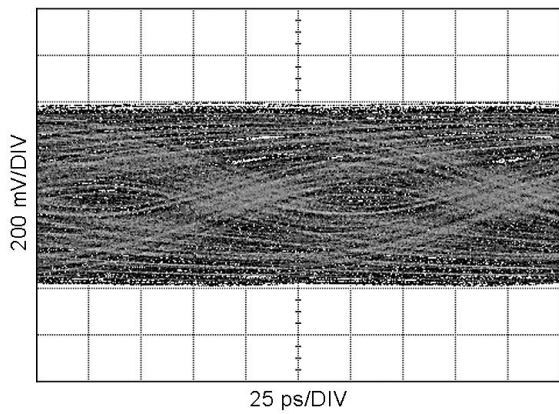
**Figure 15. Equalized Signal (10 m 24 AWG Twin-AX Cable, 2.5 Gbps, PRBS7, MODE=1)**



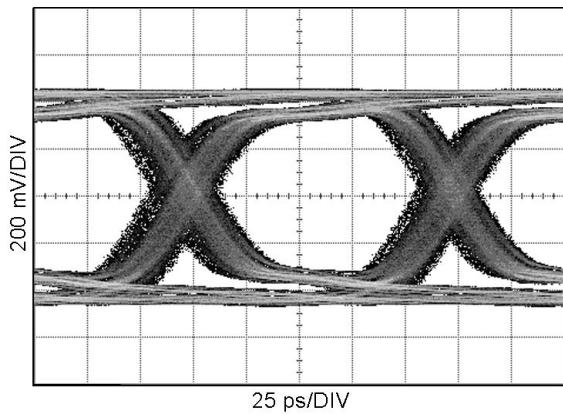
**Figure 16. Unequalized Signal (10 m 24 AWG Twin-AX Cable, 5 Gbps, PRBS7)**



**Figure 17. Equalized Signal (10 m 24 AWG Twin-AX Cable, 5 Gbps, PRBS7, MODE=1)**



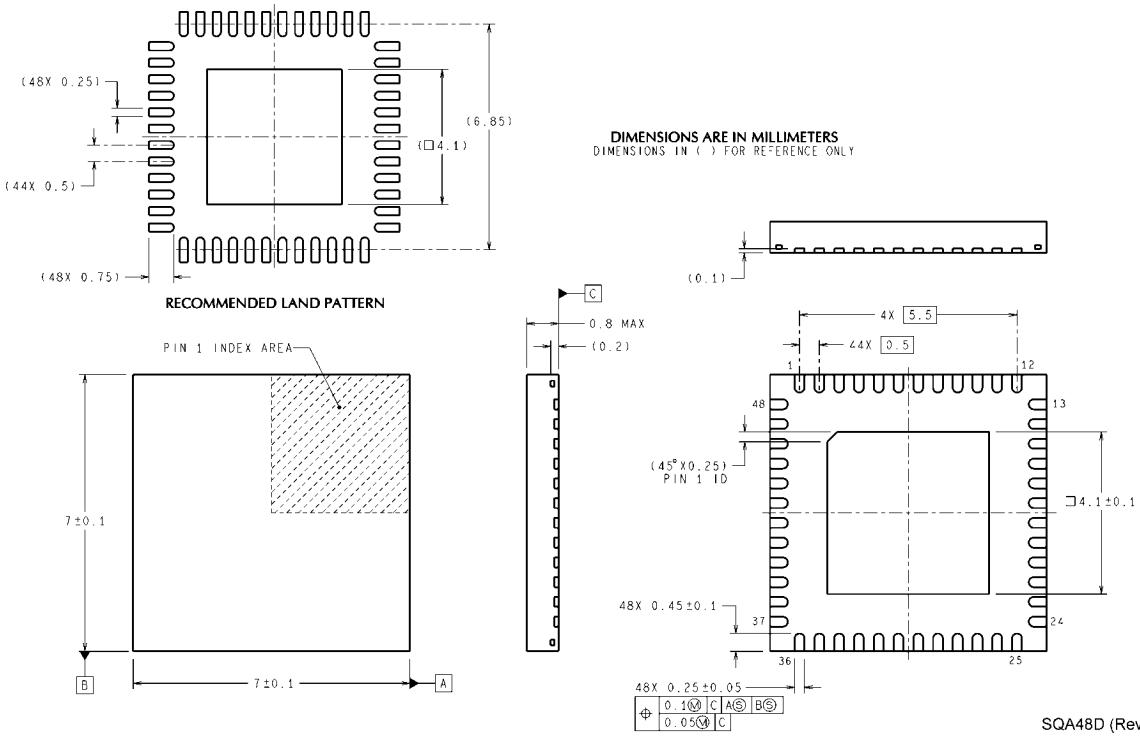
**Figure 18. Unequalized Signal (7 m 24 AWG Twin-AX Cable, 8 Gbps, PRBS7)**



**Figure 19. Equalized Signal (7 m 24 AWG Twin-AX Cable, 8 Gbps, PRBS7, MODE=0)**

## Physical Dimensions

inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



7mm x 7mm 48-pin LLP Package  
Order Number DS50EV401  
Package Number SQA48D

To order lead-free products, call your National Semiconductor distributors. They can order products for you with an "NOPB" specification. For more information on our Lead-free program, please check out our Lead-Free Status page.

## Notes

DS50EV401

## Notes

For more National Semiconductor product information and proven design tools, visit the following Web sites at:

Products		Design Support	
Amplifiers	<a href="http://www.national.com/amplifiers">www.national.com/amplifiers</a>	WEBENCH	<a href="http://www.national.com/webench">www.national.com/webench</a>
Audio	<a href="http://www.national.com/audio">www.national.com/audio</a>	Analog University	<a href="http://www.national.com/AU">www.national.com/AU</a>
Clock Conditioners	<a href="http://www.national.com/timing">www.national.com/timing</a>	App Notes	<a href="http://www.national.com/appnotes">www.national.com/appnotes</a>
Data Converters	<a href="http://www.national.com/adc">www.national.com/adc</a>	Distributors	<a href="http://www.national.com/contacts">www.national.com/contacts</a>
Displays	<a href="http://www.national.com/displays">www.national.com/displays</a>	Green Compliance	<a href="http://www.national.com/quality/green">www.national.com/quality/green</a>
Ethernet	<a href="http://www.national.com/ethernet">www.national.com/ethernet</a>	Packaging	<a href="http://www.national.com/packaging">www.national.com/packaging</a>
Interface	<a href="http://www.national.com/interface">www.national.com/interface</a>	Quality and Reliability	<a href="http://www.national.com/quality">www.national.com/quality</a>
LVDS	<a href="http://www.national.com/lvds">www.national.com/lvds</a>	Reference Designs	<a href="http://www.national.com/refdesigns">www.national.com/refdesigns</a>
Power Management	<a href="http://www.national.com/power">www.national.com/power</a>	Feedback	<a href="http://www.national.com/feedback">www.national.com/feedback</a>
Switching Regulators	<a href="http://www.national.com/switchers">www.national.com/switchers</a>		
LDOs	<a href="http://www.national.com/ldo">www.national.com/ldo</a>		
LED Lighting	<a href="http://www.national.com/led">www.national.com/led</a>		
PowerWise	<a href="http://www.national.com/powerwise">www.national.com/powerwise</a>		
Serial Digital Interface (SDI)	<a href="http://www.national.com/sdi">www.national.com/sdi</a>		
Temperature Sensors	<a href="http://www.national.com/tempssensors">www.national.com/tempssensors</a>		
Wireless (PLL/VCO)	<a href="http://www.national.com/wireless">www.national.com/wireless</a>		

THE CONTENTS OF THIS DOCUMENT ARE PROVIDED IN CONNECTION WITH NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION ("NATIONAL") PRODUCTS. NATIONAL MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES WITH RESPECT TO THE ACCURACY OR COMPLETENESS OF THE CONTENTS OF THIS PUBLICATION AND RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES TO SPECIFICATIONS AND PRODUCT DESCRIPTIONS AT ANY TIME WITHOUT NOTICE. NO LICENSE, WHETHER EXPRESS, IMPLIED, ARISING BY ESTOPPEL OR OTHERWISE, TO ANY INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS IS GRANTED BY THIS DOCUMENT.

TESTING AND OTHER QUALITY CONTROLS ARE USED TO THE EXTENT NATIONAL DEEMS NECESSARY TO SUPPORT NATIONAL'S PRODUCT WARRANTY. EXCEPT WHERE MANDATED BY GOVERNMENT REQUIREMENTS, TESTING OF ALL PARAMETERS OF EACH PRODUCT IS NOT NECESSARILY PERFORMED. NATIONAL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY FOR APPLICATIONS ASSISTANCE OR BUYER PRODUCT DESIGN. BUYERS ARE RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR PRODUCTS AND APPLICATIONS USING NATIONAL COMPONENTS. PRIOR TO USING OR DISTRIBUTING ANY PRODUCTS THAT INCLUDE NATIONAL COMPONENTS, BUYERS SHOULD PROVIDE ADEQUATE DESIGN, TESTING AND OPERATING SAFEGUARDS.

EXCEPT AS PROVIDED IN NATIONAL'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE FOR SUCH PRODUCTS, NATIONAL ASSUMES NO LIABILITY WHATSOEVER, AND NATIONAL DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY RELATING TO THE SALE AND/OR USE OF NATIONAL PRODUCTS INCLUDING LIABILITY OR WARRANTIES RELATING TO FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, MERCHANTABILITY, OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT.

### LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

NATIONAL'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS PRIOR WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER AND GENERAL COUNSEL OF NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

Life support devices or systems are devices which (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user. A critical component is any component in a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

National Semiconductor and the National Semiconductor logo are registered trademarks of National Semiconductor Corporation. All other brand or product names may be trademarks or registered trademarks of their respective holders.

Copyright© 2008 National Semiconductor Corporation

For the most current product information visit us at [www.national.com](http://www.national.com)



National Semiconductor  
Americas Technical  
Support Center  
Email:  
[new.feedback@nsc.com](mailto:new.feedback@nsc.com)  
Tel: 1-800-272-9959

National Semiconductor Europe  
Technical Support Center  
Email: [europe.support@nsc.com](mailto:europe.support@nsc.com)  
German Tel: +49 (0) 180 5010 771  
English Tel: +44 (0) 870 850 4288

National Semiconductor Asia  
Pacific Technical Support Center  
Email: [ap.support@nsc.com](mailto:ap.support@nsc.com)

National Semiconductor Japan  
Technical Support Center  
Email: [jpn.feedback@nsc.com](mailto:jpn.feedback@nsc.com)