



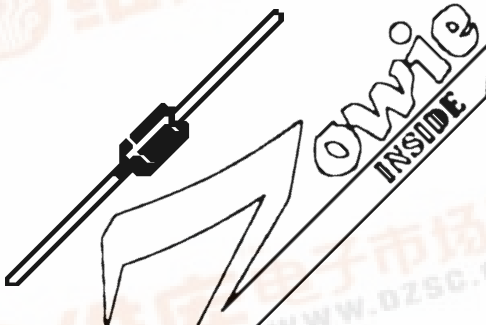
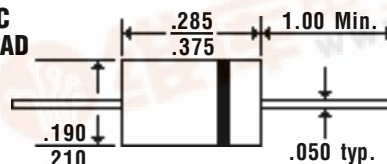
Preliminary Data Sheet

Description

3.0 Amp Glass Passivated Sintered Fast Efficient Rectifiers

Mechanical Dimensions

JEDEC
DO-201AD



Features

- LOWEST COST FOR GLASS SINTERED FAST EFFICIENT CONSTRUCTION
- LOWEST V_F FOR GLASS SINTERED FAST EFFICIENT CONSTRUCTION
- TYPICAL $I_R < 100$ nAmps
- 3.0 AMP OPERATION @ $T_A = 55^\circ\text{C}$, WITH NO THERMAL RUNAWAY
- SINTERED GLASS CAVITY-FREE JUNCTION

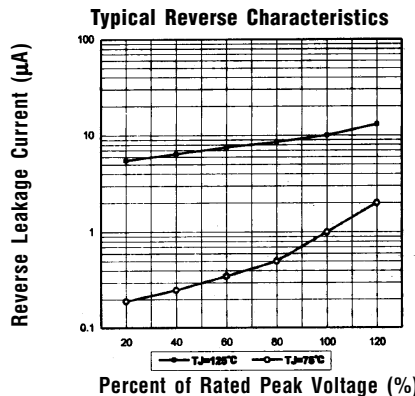
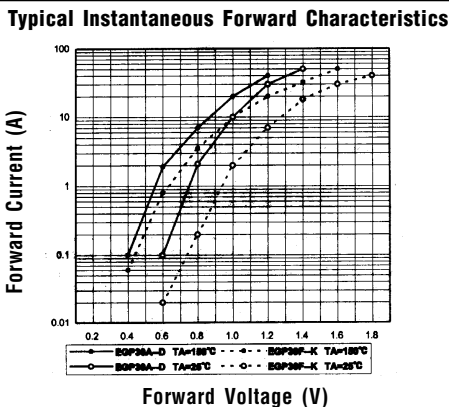
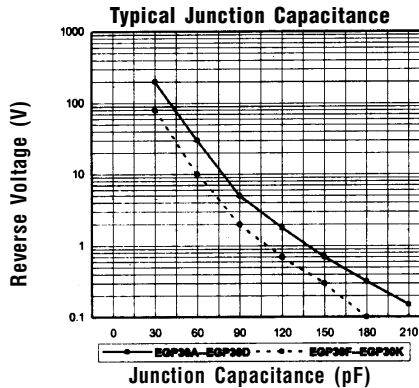
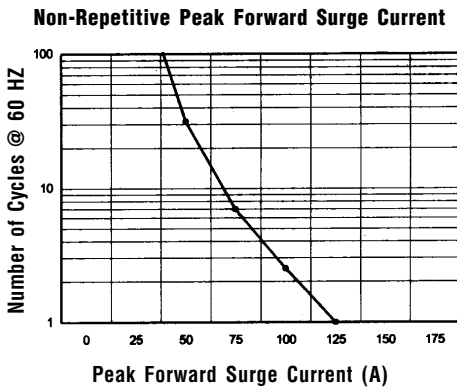
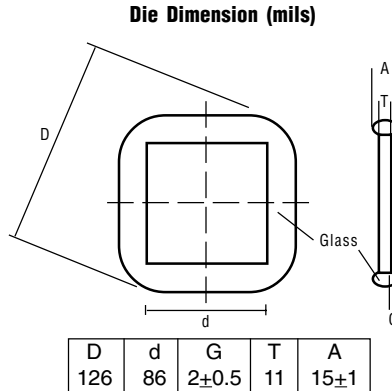
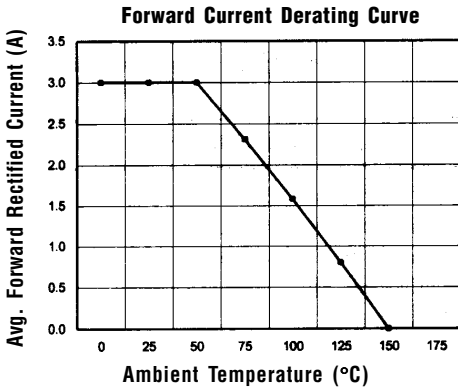
Electrical Characteristics @ 25°C.	EGPZ30A . . . 30M Series								Units
Maximum Ratings	30A	30B	30D	30G	30J	30K	30M		
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage... V_{RRM}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000		Volts
RMS Reverse Voltage... $V_{R(rms)}$	35	70	140	280	420	560	700		Volts
DC Blocking Voltage... V_{DC}	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000		Volts
Average Forward Rectified Current... $I_{F(av)}$ Current 3/8" Lead Length @ $T_A = 55^\circ\text{C}$				3.0					Amps
Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current... I_{FSM} 8.3ms, 1/2 Sine Wave Superimposed on Rated Load				125					Amps
Forward Voltage @ Rated Forward Current and 25°C... V_F	< 1.0 >			1.3	< 1.7 >				Volts
DC Reverse Current... $I_{R(max)}$ @ Rated DC Blocking Voltage				5.0					μAmps
				100					μAmps
Typical Junction Capacitance... C_j (Note 1)				60					pF
Maximum Thermal Resistance... $R_{\theta JA}$ (Note 2)				16					$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time... t_{RR} (Note 3)	< 50 >				< 75 >				nS
Operating & Storage Temperature Range... T_J, T_{STRG}				-65 to 150					$^\circ\text{C}$



Preliminary Data Sheet

3.0 Amp Glass Passivated Sintered Fast Efficient Rectifiers

EGPZ30A . . . 30M Series



Ratings at 25 Deg. C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Single Phase Half Wave, 60 HZ Resistive or Inductive Load.

For Capacitive Load, Derate Current by 20%.

- NOTES:**
1. Measured @ 1 MHz and applied reverse voltage of 4.0V.
 2. Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient at 3/8" Lead Length, P.C. Board Mounted.
 3. Reverse Recovery Condition $I_F = 0.5A$, $I_R = 1.0A$, $I_{RR} = 0.25A$.