



February 2007

FDMS8672S

N-Channel PowerTrench[®] SyncFET[™]

30V, 35A, 5mΩ

Features

- Max $r_{DS(on)}$ = 5.0mΩ at $V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 17A$
- Max $r_{DS(on)}$ = 7.0mΩ at $V_{GS} = 4.5V, I_D = 15A$
- Advanced Package and Silicon combination for low $r_{DS(on)}$ and high efficiency
- SyncFET Schottky Body Diode
- MSL1 robust package design
- RoHS Compliant

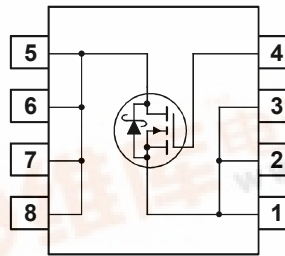
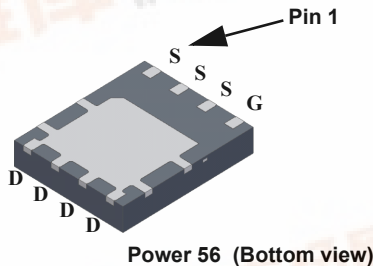


General Description

The FDMS8672S has been designed to minimize losses in power conversion application. Advancements in both silicon and package technologies have been combined to offer the lowest $r_{DS(on)}$ while maintaining excellent switching performance. This device has the added benefit of an efficient monolithic Schottky body diode.

Application

- Synchronous Rectifier for DC/DC Converters
- Notebook Vcore/ GPU low side switch
- Networking Point of Load low side switch
- Telecom secondary side rectification



MOSFET Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
V_{DS}	Drain to Source Voltage	30	V
V_{GS}	Gate to Source Voltage	±20	V
I_D	Drain Current -Continuous (Package limited) $T_C = 25^\circ C$	35	A
	-Continuous (Silicon limited) $T_C = 25^\circ C$	90	
	-Continuous $T_A = 25^\circ C$	17	
	-Pulsed	200	
P_D	Power Dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ C$	50	W
	Power Dissipation $T_A = 25^\circ C$ (Note 1a)	2.5	
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150	$^\circ C$

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	2.5	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (Note 1a)	50	

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Package	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
FDMS8672S	FDMS8672S	Power 56	13"	12mm	3000 units

FDMS8672S N-Channel PowerTrench[®] SyncFET[™]

Electrical Characteristics $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
--------	-----------	-----------------	-----	-----	-----	-------

Off Characteristics

BV_{DSS}	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 1\text{mA}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	30			V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 50\text{mA}$, referenced to 25°C		23		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 24\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$			500	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate to Source Leakage Current	$V_{GS} = \pm 20\text{V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{V}$			± 100	nA

On Characteristics

$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 1\text{mA}$	1	1.5	3	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 50\text{mA}$, referenced to 25°C		-5.4		$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
$r_{DS(on)}$	Drain to Source On Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 17\text{A}$		4.0	5.0	m Ω
		$V_{GS} = 4.5\text{V}, I_D = 15\text{A}$		5.2	7.0	
		$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 17\text{A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$		6.1	7.8	
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 10\text{V}, I_D = 17\text{A}$		72		S

Dynamic Characteristics

C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 15\text{V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ $f = 1\text{MHz}$		1890	2515	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			555	740	pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			205	380	pF
R_g	Gate Resistance			1.1		Ω

Switching Characteristics

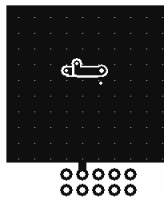
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	$V_{DD} = 15\text{V}, I_D = 17\text{A}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}, R_{GEN} = 7\Omega$		11	20	ns	
t_r	Rise Time			17	31	ns	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time			27	44	ns	
t_f	Fall Time			7	14	ns	
$Q_{g(TOT)}$	Total Gate Charge at 10V		$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 10\text{V}$		33	47	nC
$Q_{g(4.5V)}$	Total Gate Charge at 4.5V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V to } 4.5\text{V}$	$V_{DD} = 15\text{V},$ $I_D = 17\text{A}$		16	23	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate to Source Gate Charge				5		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge				6		nC

Drain-Source Diode Characteristics

V_{SD}	Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, I_S = 1.7\text{A}$		0.4	0.7	V
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 17\text{A}, di/dt = 300\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$		20	32	ns
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge			16	28	nC

Notes:

1: $R_{\theta JA}$ is determined with the device mounted on a 1in^2 pad 2 oz copper pad on a $1.5 \times 1.5\text{in.}$ board of FR-4 material. $R_{\theta JC}$ is guaranteed by design while $R_{\theta CA}$ is determined by the user's board design.



a. $50^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ when mounted on a 1in^2 pad of 2 oz copper



b. $125^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ when mounted on a minimum pad of 2 oz copper

2: Pulse time $< 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty cycle $< 2.0\%$.

Typical Characteristics $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

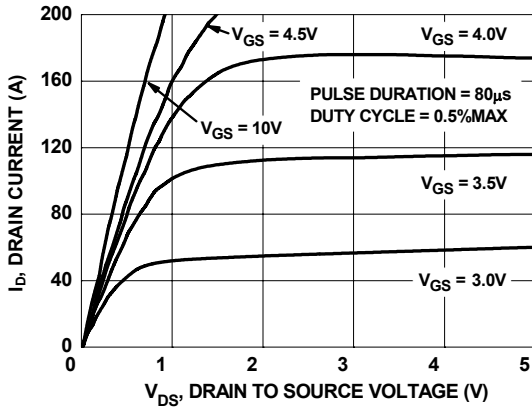


Figure 1. On Region Characteristics

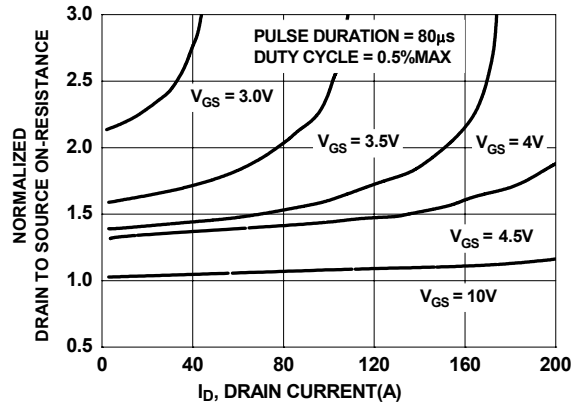


Figure 2. Normalized On-Resistance vs Drain Current and Gate Voltage

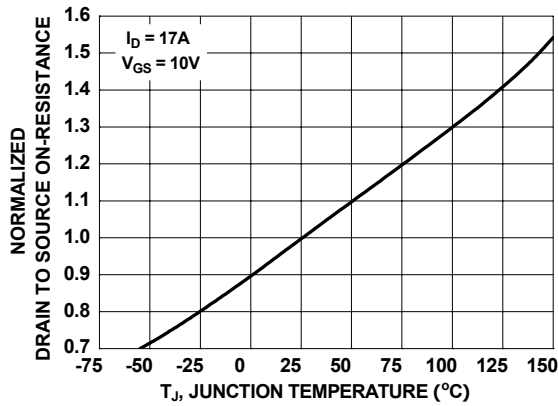


Figure 3. Normalized On Resistance vs Junction Temperature

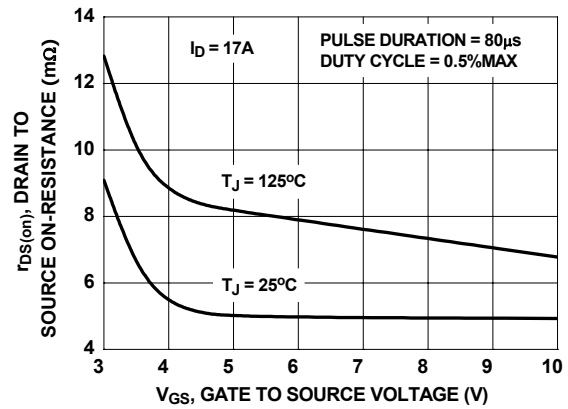


Figure 4. On-Resistance vs Gate to Source Voltage

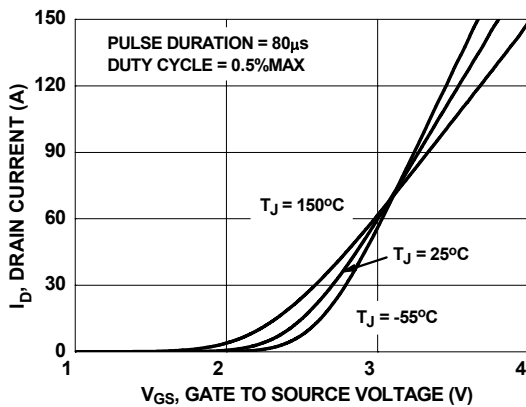


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics

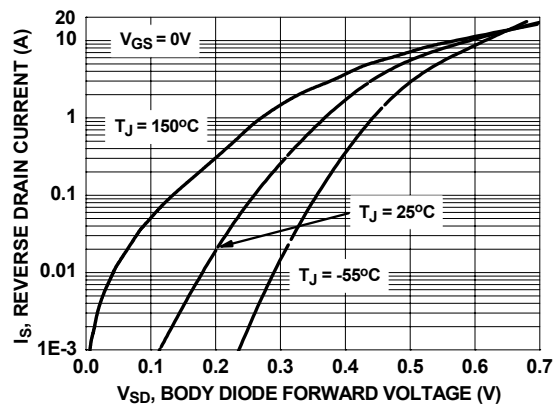


Figure 6. Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage vs Source Current

Typical Characteristics $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

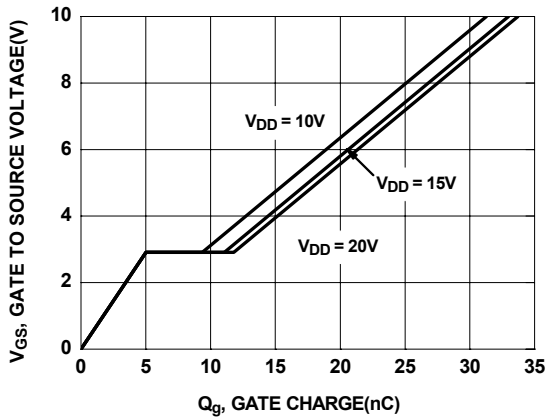


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics

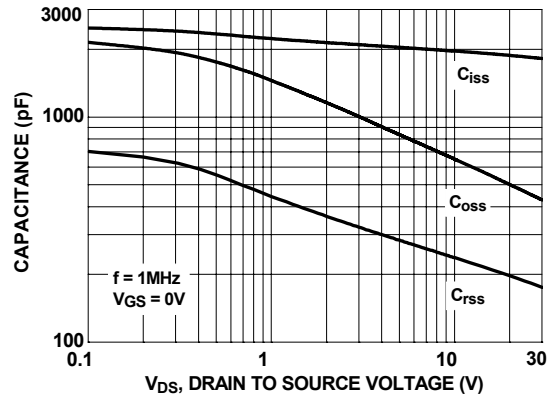


Figure 8. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

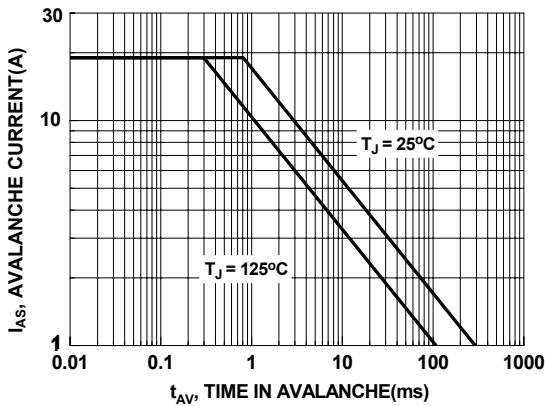


Figure 9. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability

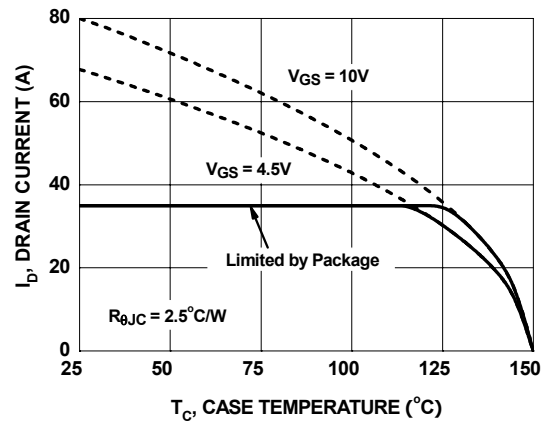


Figure 10. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Case Temperature

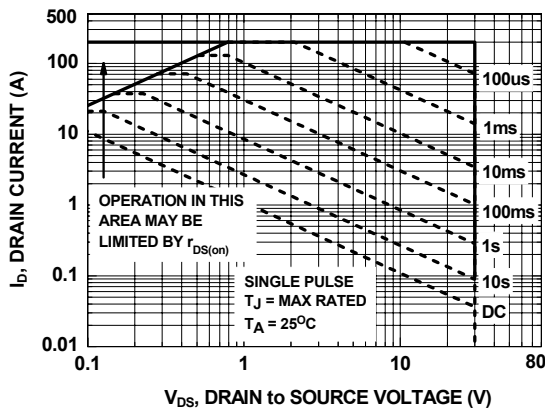


Figure 11. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

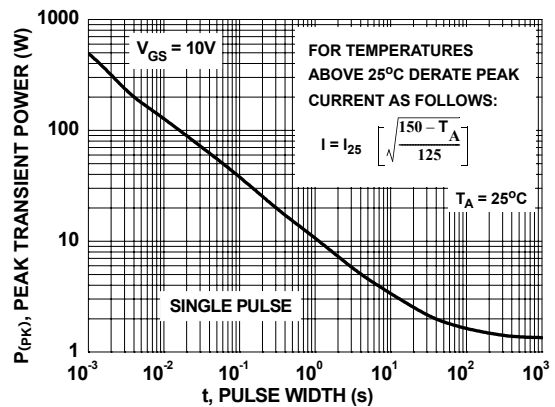
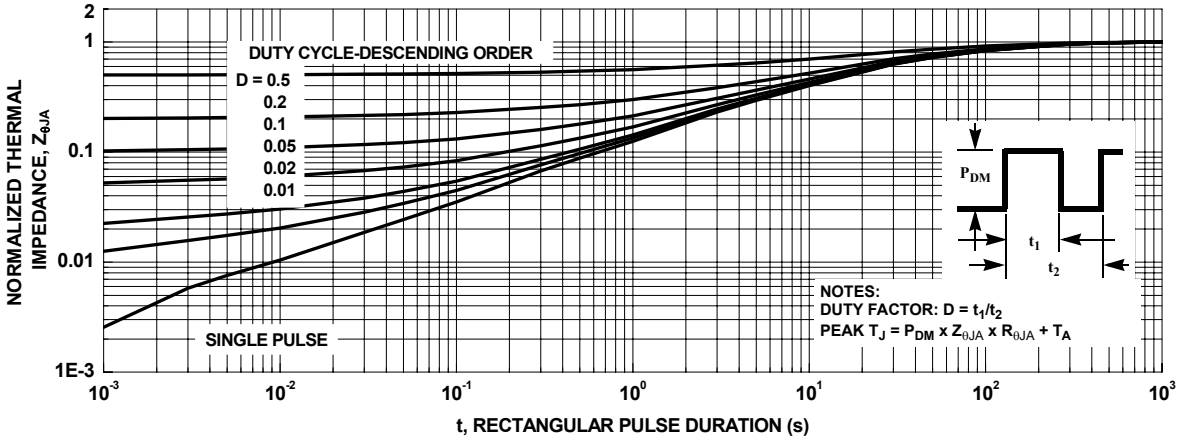


Figure 12. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

Typical Characteristics $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted



Typical Characteristics (continued)

SyncFET Schottky body diode Characteristics

Fairchild's SyncFET process embeds a Schottky diode in parallel with PowerTrench MoSFET. This diode exhibits similar characteristics to a discrete external Schottky diode in parallel with a MOSFET. Figure 14 shows the reverse recovery characteristic of the FDMS8672S.

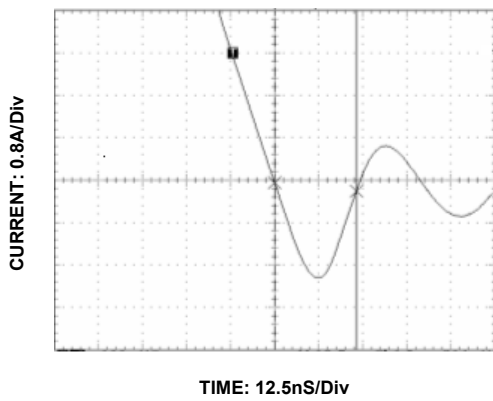


Figure 14. FDMS8672S SyncFET Body Diode Reverse Recovery Characteristics

Schottky barrier diodes exhibit significant leakage at high temperature and high reverse voltage. This will increase the power in the device.

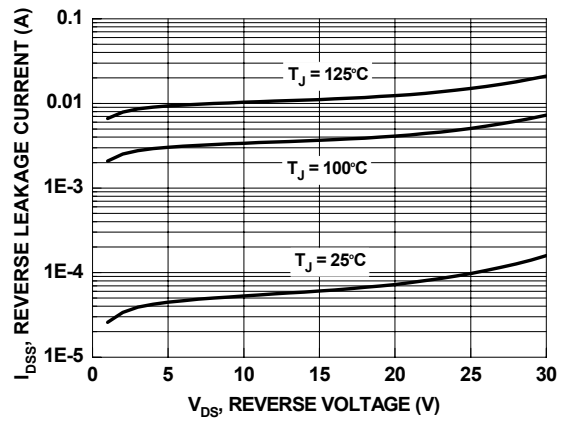


Figure 15. SyncFET Body Diode Reverse Leakage vs Drain to Source Voltage

TRADEMARKS

The following are registered and unregistered trademarks Fairchild Semiconductor owns or is authorized to use and is not intended to be an exhaustive list of all such trademarks.

ACE _x ™	FACT Quiet Series™	OCX™	SILENT SWITCHER®	UniFET™
ActiveArray™	GlobalOptoisolator™	OCXPro™	SMART START™	VCX™
Bottomless™	GTO™	OPTOLOGIC®	SPM™	Wire™
Build it Now™	HiSeC™	OPTOPLANAR™	Stealth™	
CoolFET™	I ² C™	PACMAN™	SuperFET™	
CROSSVOLT™	i-Lo™	POPT™	SuperSOT™-3	
DOME™	ImpliedDisconnect™	Power247™	SuperSOT™-6	
EcoSPARK™	IntelliMAX™	PowerEdge™	SuperSOT™-8	
E ² CMOST™	ISOPANAR™	PowerSaver™	SyncFET™	
EnSigna™	LittleFET™	PowerTrench®	TCM™	
FACT®	MICROCOUPLER™	QFET®	TinyBoost™	
FAST®	MicroFET™	QS™	TinyBuck™	
FASTr™	MicroPak™	QT Optoelectronics™	TinyPWM™	
FPST™	MICROWIRE™	Quiet Series™	TinyPower™	
FRFET™	MSX™	RapidConfigure™	TinyLogic®	
	MSXPro™	RapidConnect™	TINYOPTO™	
Across the board. Around the world.™		μSerDes™	TruTranslation™	
The Power Franchise®		ScalarPump™	UHC®	
Programmable Active Droop™				

DISCLAIMER

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS. THESE SPECIFICATIONS DO NOT EXPAND THE TERMS OF FAIRCHILD'S WORLDWIDE TERMS AND CONDITIONS, SPECIFICALLY THE WARRANTY THEREIN, WHICH COVERS THESE PRODUCTS.

LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION.

As used herein:

1. Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, or (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.
2. A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

PRODUCT STATUS DEFINITIONS

Definition of Terms

Datasheet Identification	Product Status	Definition
Advance Information	Formative or In Design	This datasheet contains the design specifications for product development. Specifications may change in any manner without notice.
Preliminary	First Production	This datasheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
No Identification Needed	Full Production	This datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design.
Obsolete	Not In Production	This datasheet contains specifications on a product that has been discontinued by Fairchild semiconductor. The datasheet is printed for reference information only.