



April 2008

FDS8958A

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Dual N & P-Channel PowerTrench® MOSFET

General Description

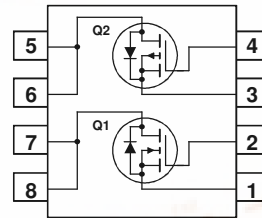
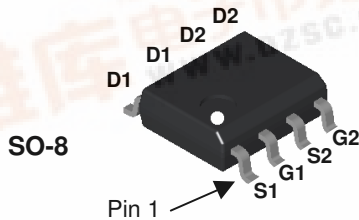
These dual N- and P-Channel enhancement mode power field effect transistors are produced using Fairchild Semiconductor's advanced PowerTrench process that has been especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance and yet maintain superior switching performance.

These devices are well suited for low voltage and battery powered applications where low in-line power loss and fast switching are required.



Features

- Q1:** N-Channel
 7.0A, 30V $R_{DS(on)} = 0.028\Omega @ V_{GS} = 10V$
 $R_{DS(on)} = 0.040\Omega @ V_{GS} = 4.5V$
- Q2:** P-Channel
 -5A, -30V $R_{DS(on)} = 0.052\Omega @ V_{GS} = -10V$
 $R_{DS(on)} = 0.080\Omega @ V_{GS} = -4.5V$
- Fast switching speed
- High power and handling capability in a widely used surface mount package



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Q1	Q2	Units
V_{DS}	Drain-Source Voltage	30	30	V
V_{GS}	Gate-Source Voltage	± 20	± 20	V
I_D	Drain Current - Continuous (Note 1a)	7	-5	A
	- Pulsed	20	-20	
P_D	Power Dissipation for Dual Operation	2	2	W
	Power Dissipation for Single Operation (Note 1a)	1.6	1.6	
	(Note 1c)	0.9	0.9	
E_{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy (Note 3)	54	13	mJ
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to +150		$^\circ\text{C}$

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1a)	78	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Case (Note 1)	40	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
FDS8958A	FDS8958A	13"	12mm	2500 units



Electrical Characteristics $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Type	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Off Characteristics							
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_D = -250\ \mu\text{A}$	Q1 Q2	30 -30			V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$, Referenced to 25°C $I_D = -250\ \mu\text{A}$, Referenced to 25°C	Q1 Q2		25 -23		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS} = 24\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$ $V_{DS} = -24\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$	Q1 Q2			1 -1	μA
I_{GSSF}	Gate-Body Leakage, Forward	$V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	All			100	nA
I_{GSSR}	Gate-Body Leakage, Reverse	$V_{GS} = -20\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 0\text{ V}$	All			-100	nA
On Characteristics (Note 2)							
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$ $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250\ \mu\text{A}$	Q1 Q2	1 -1	1.9 -1.7	3 -3	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$I_D = 250\ \mu\text{A}$, Referenced to 25°C $I_D = -250\ \mu\text{A}$, Referenced to 25°C	Q1 Q2		-4.5 4.5		mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 7\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, I_D = 7\text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS} = 4.5\text{ V}, I_D = 6\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -5\text{ A}$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, I_D = -5\text{ A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{GS} = -4.5\text{ V}, I_D = -4\text{ A}$	Q1 Q2		19 27 24 42 57 65	28 42 40 52 78 80	m Ω
$I_{D(on)}$	On-State Drain Current	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, V_{DS} = 5\text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, V_{DS} = -5\text{ V}$	Q1 Q2	20 -20			A
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 5\text{ V}, I_D = 7\text{ A}$ $V_{DS} = -5\text{ V}, I_D = -5\text{ A}$	Q1 Q2		25 10		S
Dynamic Characteristics							
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	Q1 Q2		575 528		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		Q1 Q2		145 132		pF
C_{riss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	Q1 Q2		65 70		pF
R_G	Gate Resistance	$V_{GS} = 15\text{ mV}, f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	Q1 Q2		2.1 6.0		Ω

Electrical Characteristics (continued) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

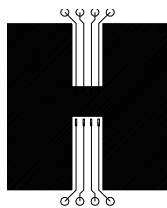
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Type	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Switching Characteristics (Note 2)							
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	Q1 $V_{DD} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 1\text{ A},$ Q2	Q1 Q2		8 7	16 14	ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \Omega$	Q1 Q2		5 13	10 24	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	Q2 $V_{DD} = -15\text{ V}, I_D = -1\text{ A},$ Q1	Q1 Q2		23 14	37 25	ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time	$V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}, R_{GEN} = 6\ \Omega$	Q1 Q2		3 9	6 17	ns
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	Q1 $V_{DS} = 15\text{ V}, I_D = 7\text{ A}, V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ Q2	Q1 Q2		11.4 9.6	16 13	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate-Source Charge	Q2	Q1 Q2		1.7 2.2		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate-Drain Charge	$V_{DS} = -15\text{ V}, I_D = -5\text{ A}, V_{GS} = -10\text{ V}$	Q1 Q2		2.1 1.7		nC

Drain-Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings

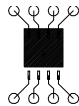
I_S	Maximum Continuous Drain-Source Diode Forward Current		Q1 Q2			1.3 -1.3	A
I_{SM}	Maximum Pulsed Drain-Source Diode Forward Current (Note 2)		Q1 Q2			20 -20	A
V_{SD}	Drain-Source Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = 1.3\text{ A}$ (Note 2) $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}, I_S = -1.3\text{ A}$ (Note 2)	Q1 Q2		0.75 -0.88	1.2 -1.2	V
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	Q1 $I_F = 7\text{ A}, d_{IF}/d_t = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$ Q2	Q1 Q2		19 19		nS
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	Q2 $I_F = -5\text{ A}, d_{IF}/d_t = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	Q1 Q2		9 6		nC

Notes:

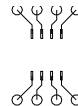
- $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins. $R_{\theta JC}$ is guaranteed by design while $R_{\theta CA}$ is determined by the user's board design.



a) 78°W when mounted on a 0.5 in² pad of 2 oz copper



b) 125°W when mounted on a .02 in² pad of 2 oz copper



c) 135°W when mounted on a minimum pad.

Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper

- Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300μs, Duty Cycle < 2.0%
- Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 3\text{ mH}$, $I_{AS} = 6\text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = 30\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ (Q1).
Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 3\text{ mH}$, $I_{AS} = 3\text{ A}$, $V_{DD} = 30\text{ V}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$ (Q2).

Typical Characteristics: Q1 (N-Channel)

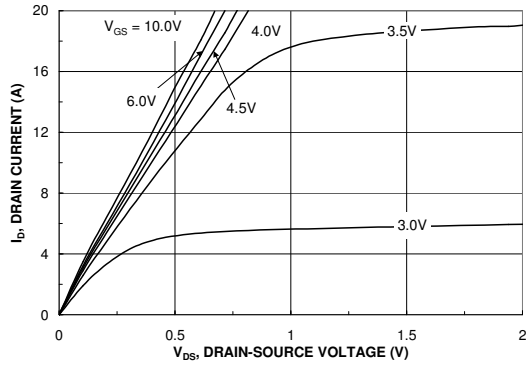


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

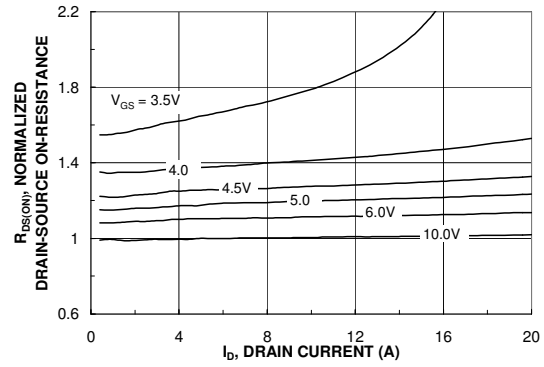


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

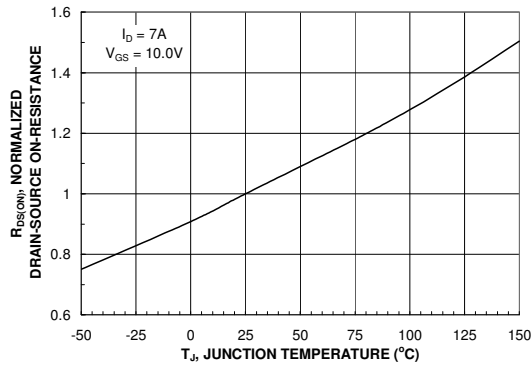


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

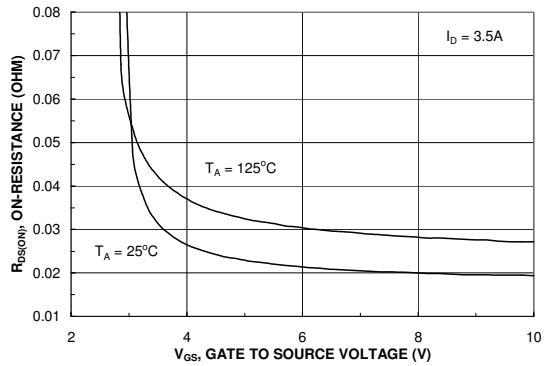


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

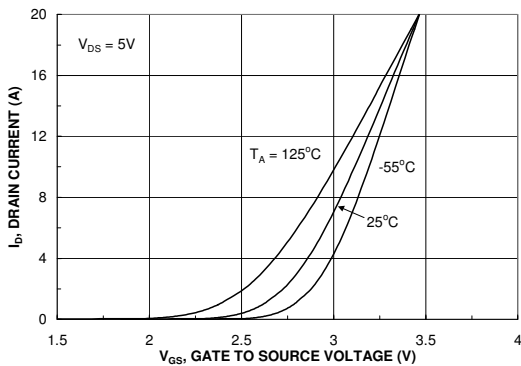


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

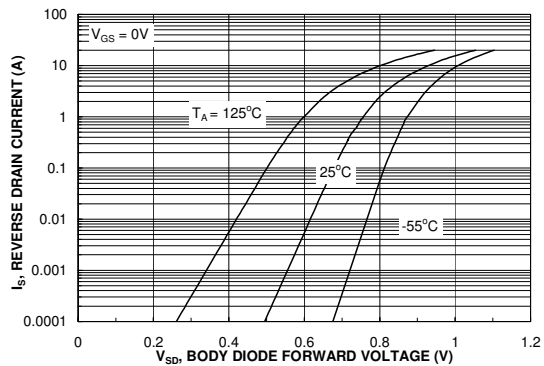


Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

Typical Characteristics: Q1 (N-Channel)

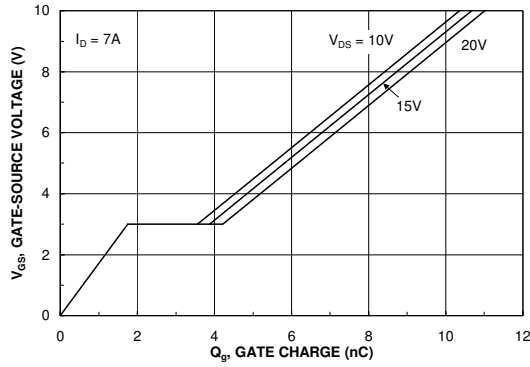


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics.

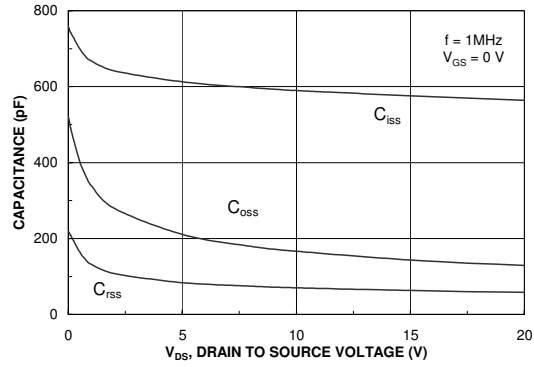


Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics.

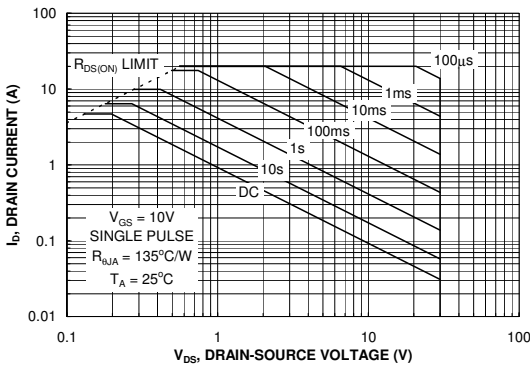


Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area.

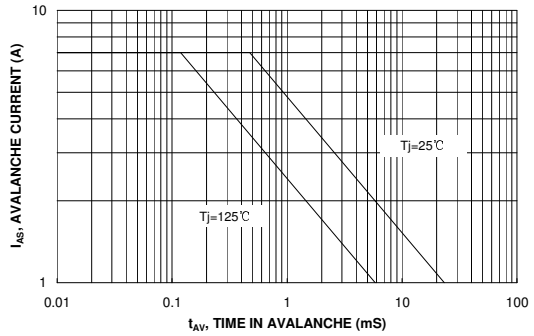


Figure 10. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability Figure

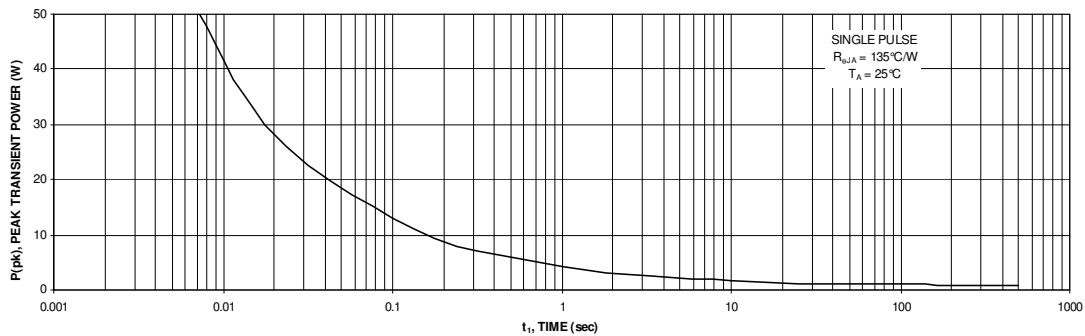


Figure 11. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation.

Typical Characteristics: Q2 (P-Channel)

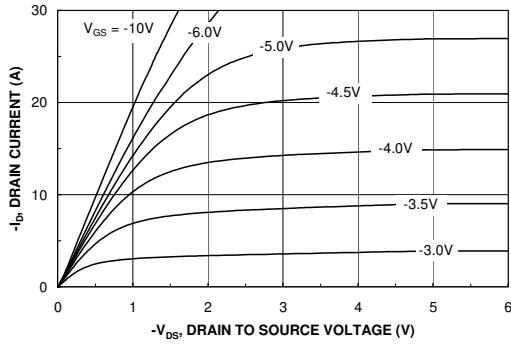


Figure 12. On-Region Characteristics.

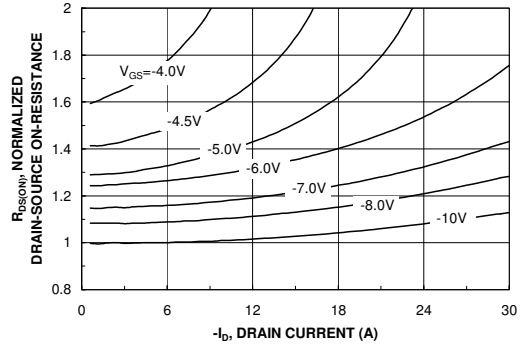


Figure 13. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

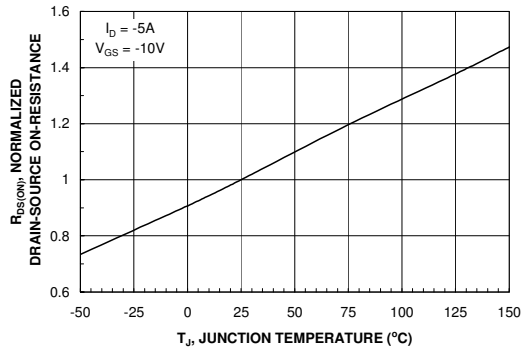


Figure 14. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

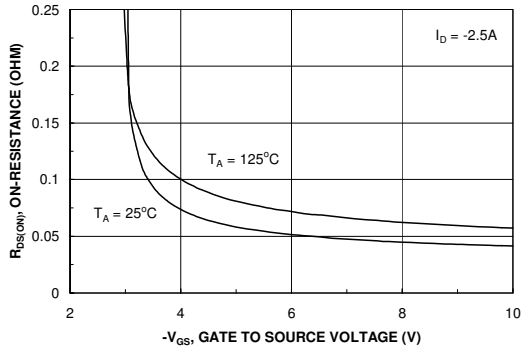


Figure 15. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

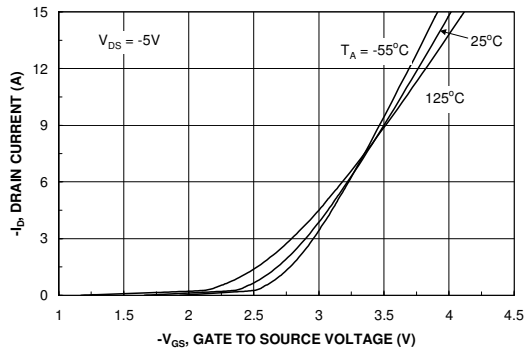


Figure 16. Transfer Characteristics.

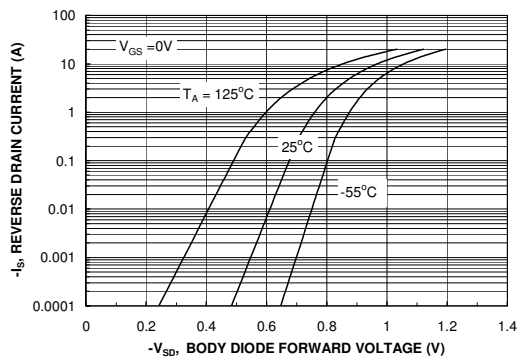


Figure 17. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

Typical Characteristics: Q2 (P-Channel)

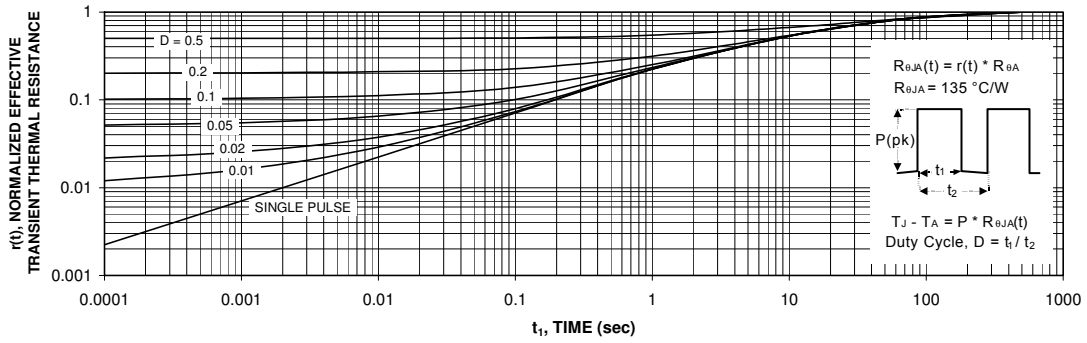







Figure 23. Transient Thermal Response Curve.

Thermal characterization performed using the conditions described in Note 1c. Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.



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