

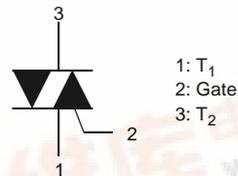
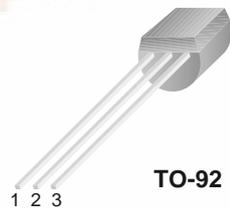


August 2006

# FKN08PN60 TRIAC (Silicon Bidirectional Thyristor)

## Application Explanation

- Switching mode power supply, light dimmer, electric flasher unit, hair drier
- TV sets, stereo, refrigerator, washing machine
- Electric blanket, solenoid driver, small motor control
- Photo copier, electric tool



## Absolute Maximum Ratings T<sub>a</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Rating	Units
V <sub>DRM</sub> V <sub>RRM</sub>	Peak Repetitive Off-State Voltage	Sine Wave 50 to 60Hz, Gate Open	600	V
I <sub>T (RMS)</sub>	RMS On-State Current	Commercial frequency, sine full wave 360° conduction, T <sub>c</sub> = 70°C	0.8	A
I <sub>TSM</sub>	Surge On-State Current	Sinewave 1 full cycle, peak value, non-repetitive	50Hz 8	A
			60Hz 9	A
I <sup>2</sup> t	I <sup>2</sup> t for Fusing	Value corresponding to 1 cycle of halfwave, surge on-state current, tp=8.4ms	0.33	A <sup>2</sup> s
P <sub>GM</sub>	Peak Gate Power Dissipation		5	W
P <sub>G (AV)</sub>	Average Gate Power Dissipation		0.1	W
V <sub>GM</sub>	Peak Gate Voltage		5	V
I <sub>GM</sub>	Peak Gate Current		1	A
T <sub>J</sub>	Junction Temperature		- 40 ~ 125	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature		- 40 ~ 125	°C

## Thermal Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
R <sub>θJC</sub>	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (note1)	40	°C/W
R <sub>θJA</sub>	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient (note2)	160	°C/W

Note1: Infinite cooling condition.

Note2: JESD51-10 ( Test Borad: FR4 3.0\*\*4.5\*\*0.062", Minimum land pad)

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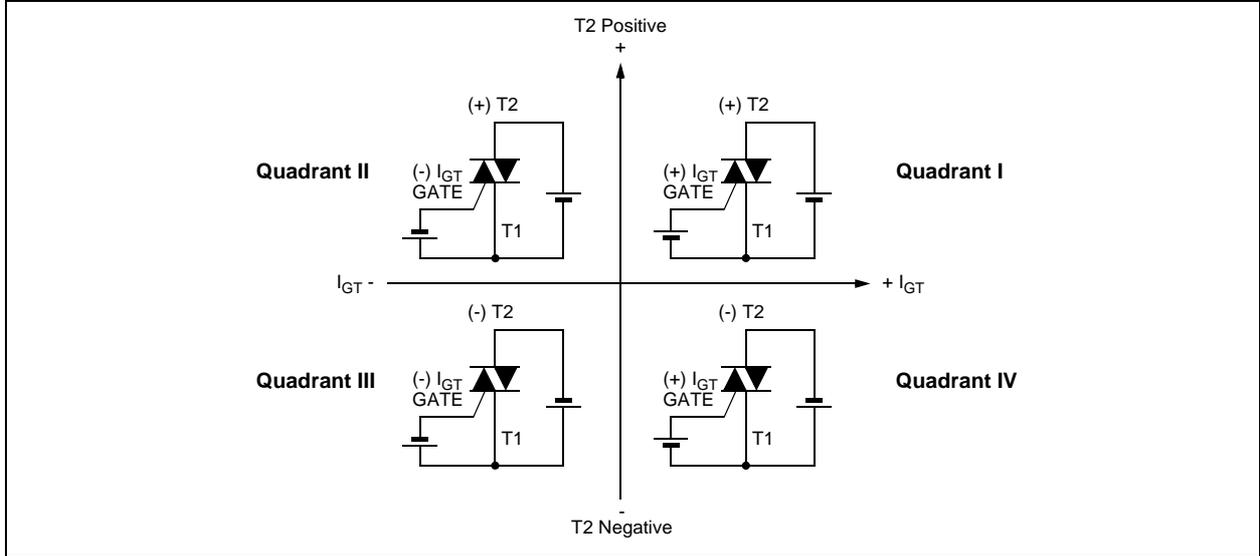
**Electrical Characteristics**  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	
$I_{DRM}$ $I_{RRM}$	Repetitive Peak Off-State Current	$V_{DRM}/V_{RRM}$ applied	-	-	100	$\mu\text{A}$	
$V_{TM}$	On-State Voltage	$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{TM}=1.12\text{A}$ Instantaneous measurement	-	-	1.8	V	
$V_{GT}$	Gate Trigger Voltage	$V_D=12\text{V}$ , $R_L=100\Omega$	T2(+), Gate (+)	-	-	2.0	V
			T2(+), Gate (-)	-	-	2.0	V
			T2(-), Gate (-)	-	-	2.0	V
$I_{GT}$	Gate Trigger Current	$V_D=12\text{V}$ , $R_L=100\Omega$	T2(+), Gate (+)	-	-	5	mA
			T2(+), Gate (-)	-	-	5	mA
			T2(-), Gate (-)	-	-	5	mA
$V_{GD}$	Gate Non-Trigger Voltage	$T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_D=1/2V_{DRM}$	0.2	-	-	V	
$I_H$	Holding Current (I, II, III)	$V_D = 12\text{V}$ , $I_{TM} = 200\text{mA}$	-	-	15	mA	
$I_L$	Latching Current	$V_D = 12\text{V}$ , $I_G = 10\text{mA}$	I, III	-	-	15	mA
			II	-	-	20	mA
dv/dt(s)	Critical Rate of Rise of Off-State Voltage	$V_{DRM} = 63\%$ Rated, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ , Exponential Rise	20	-	-	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	
dv/dt(c)	Critical-Rate of Rise of Off-State Commutating Voltage ( $di/dt=0.7\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ )		3.0	-	-	$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$	

**Commutation dv/dt test**

$V_{DRM}$ (V)	Test Condition	Commutating voltage and current waveforms (inductive load)
FKN08PN60	1. Junction Temperature $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ 2. Rate of decay of on-state commutating current $(di/dt)_C$ 3. Peak off-state voltage $V_D = 300\text{V}$	<p>The diagram shows three vertically aligned waveforms over a common time axis. The top waveform is 'Supply Voltage', a sine wave. The middle waveform is 'Main Current', which follows the supply voltage but drops to zero during the commutation period. The bottom waveform is 'Main Voltage', which is zero during the on-state and rises to a peak <math>V_D</math> during the commutation period. The rate of decay of the current is labeled <math>(di/dt)_C</math> and the rate of rise of the voltage is labeled <math>(dv/dt)_C</math>.</p>

### Quadrant Definitions for a Triac

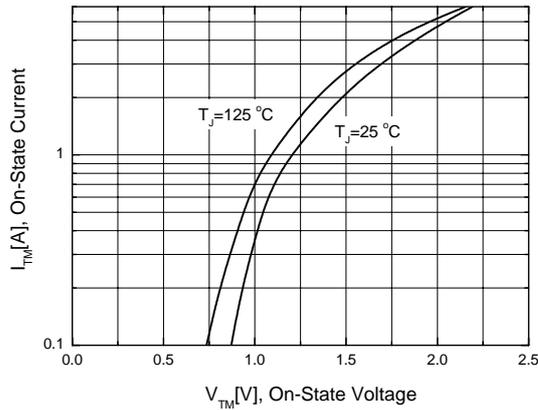


### Package Marking and Ordering Information

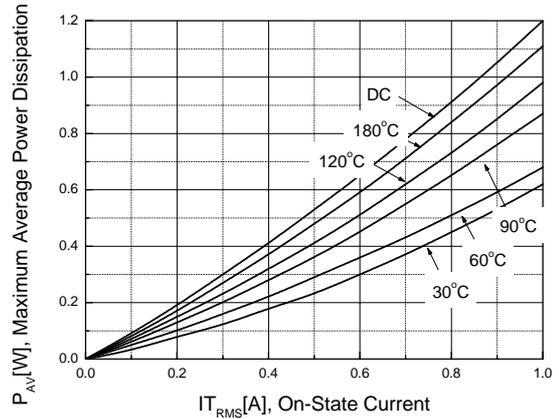
Device Marking	Device	Package	Packing	Tape Width	Quantity
K08PN60	FKN08PN60	TO-92	Bulk	--	--

## Typical Performance Characteristics

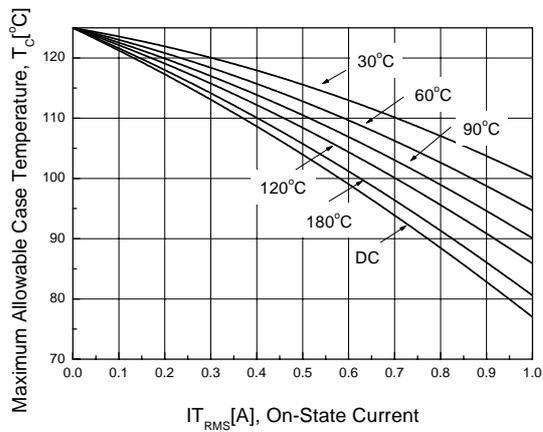
**Figure 1. On-State Characteristics**



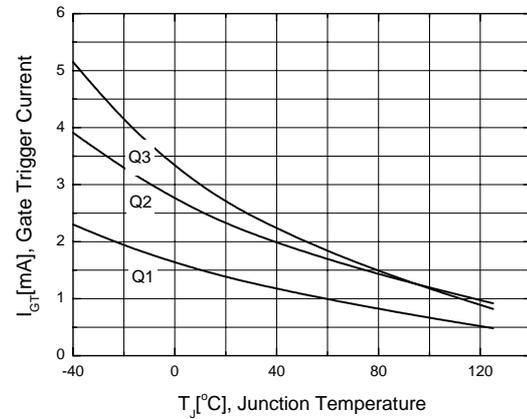
**Figure 2. Power Dissipation**



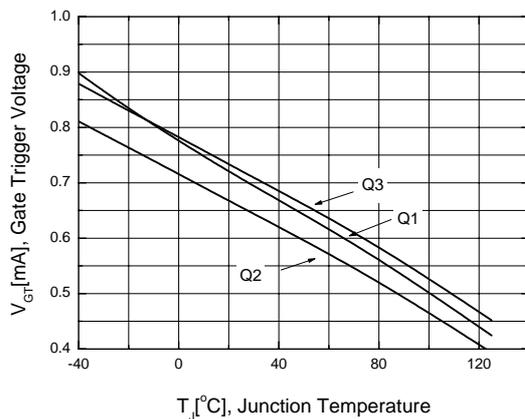
**Figure 3. RMS Current Rating**



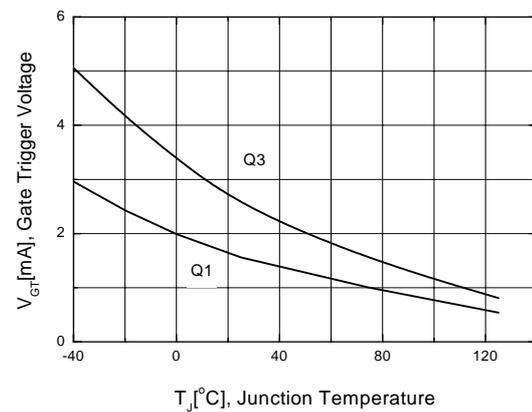
**Figure 4. Typical Gate Trigger Current vs Junction Temperature**



**Figure 5. Typical Gate Voltage vs Junction Temperature**

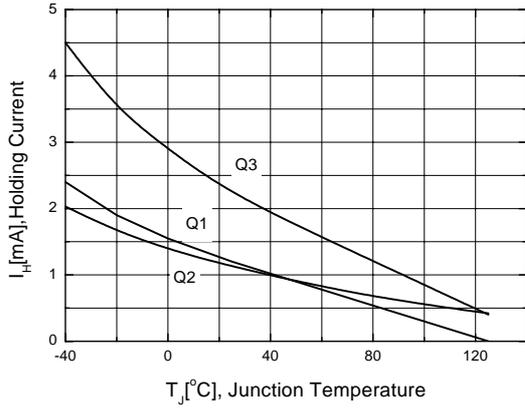


**Figure 6. Typical Latching Current vs Junction Temperature**

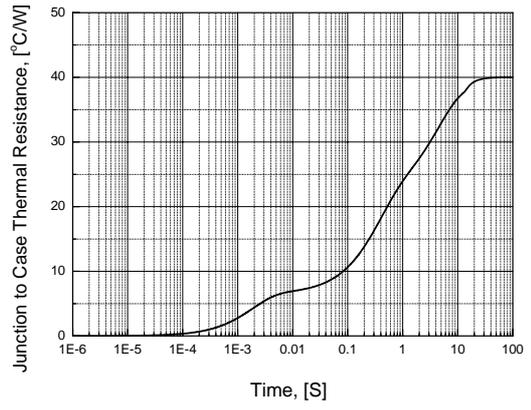


**Typical Performance Characteristics** (Continued)

**Figure7. Typical Holding Current vs Junction Temperature**

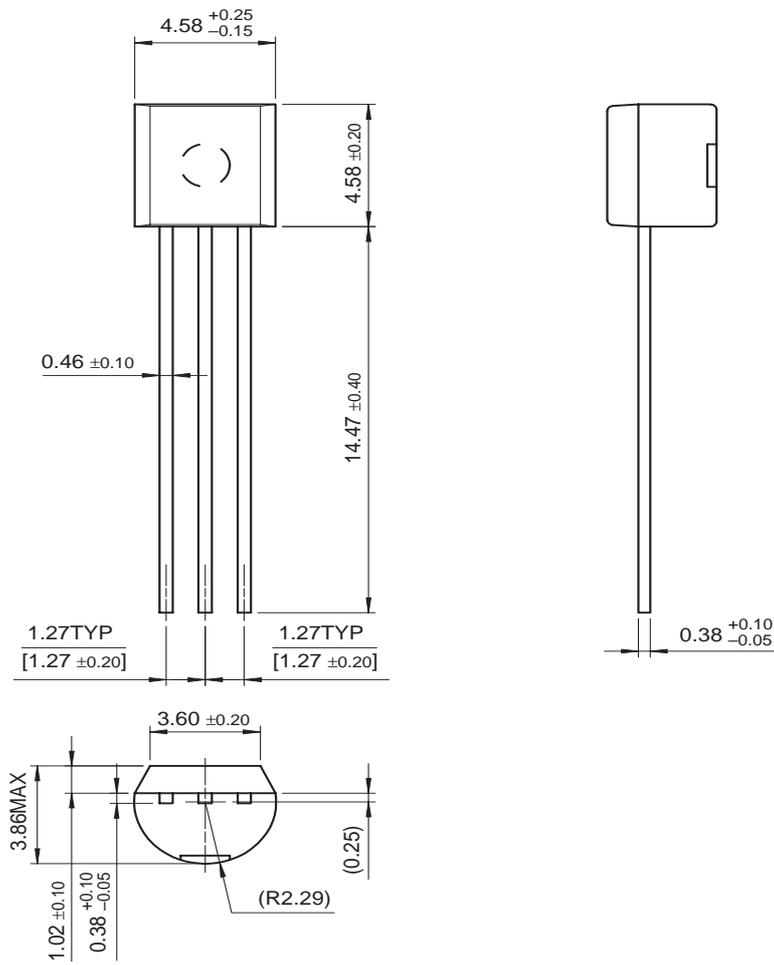


**Figure8. Junction to Case Thermal Resistance**



# Package Dimension

## TO-92



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