Preliminary

FM1107

Nonvolatile 3V Dual State Saver

Features

Nonvolatile State Saver

- Logic States Retained in Absence of Power
- Outputs Automatically Restored at Power-up

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- Unlimited Number of State Changes
- Max t_{PD} 50ns at 2.7V •
- Max Frequency 1 MHz

Overview

The FM1107 is an innovative FRAM-based device that stores inputs like conventional logic and retains the stored state in the absence of power. This product solves three basic problems in an elegant fashion. First, it provides continuous access to nonvolatile system settings without performing a memory read operation or using dedicated processor I/O pins. Second, it allows the storage of signals that may change frequently and possibly without notice. Third, it allows the nonvolatile storage of a system setting without the system overhead and extra pins of a serial memory.

Functionally, the inputs are stored and passed to the output on the rising edge of the clock CLK. This unique product serves a variety of applications. Here are a few applications:

- \geq Control relays or valves with automatic setting on power-up without processor intervention
- Interface to soft/momentary front-panel switch and indicator lamp. Capture switch settings and drive LEDs without processor intervention
- Replaces jumpers & control signal routing >
- Initialize state of I/O card signals
- Eliminate the overhead of serial memory for \geq systems needing only a bit of data



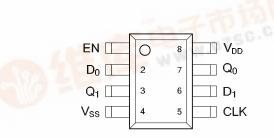
Low Power Operation

- Supply voltage of 2.7V to 3.6V
- 0.5 µA Standby Current

Industry Standard Configuration

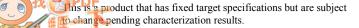
- Industrial Temperature -40° C to +85° C
- 8-pin "Green"/RoHS SOT-23 Package

Pin Configuration



Pin Names	Function
D _N	Data In
Q _N	Data Out
EN	Enable
CLK	Clock
VDD	Supply Voltage
VSS	Ground

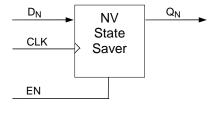
Ordering Information			
FM1107	Dual State Saver,		
	8-pin "Green"/RoHS SOT-23		



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Rev 12

Block Diagram and Truth Table



	INPUTS	OUTPUT	
EN	CLK	Dn	Qn
Н	↑	L	L
Η	1	Н	Н
Η	H or L	Х	Q_0
L	Х	Х	Hi-Z

Low voltage level High voltage level Don't Care L

Н

Х

CLK rising edge 1

 Q_0 Previous output state before CLK \uparrow

Pin Descriptions

Pin Name	I/O	Description
D_0, D_1	Ι	Data inputs
Q_0, Q_1	0	Data outputs
CLK	Ι	Clock: On a rising edge of CLK, the D_N inputs are transferred to the Q_N outputs. While
		CLK is high or low, the Q_N outputs do not change regardless of the state of the data
		inputs. See truth table.
EN	Ι	Enable. This active-high input enables the device. When low, inputs are ignored and
		updates to the nonvolatile cells are prevented. When high, the device operates
		normally. Do not tie this pin to V_{DD} .
VDD	Supply	Power Supply (2.7V to 3.6V)
VSS	Supply	Ground

Description

Nonvolatile storage applied to logic is a revolutionary concept. The FM1107 simplifies the design of system control functions. This product is unique because it remembers the stored output values in the absence of power. Any change in the latched state is automatically written to a nonvolatile ferroelectric latch. This function is possible due to the fast write time and extremely high write endurance of the underlying ferroelectric memory technology.

Use of Enable Pin

The FM1107 has an enable pin that is intended to be used in conjunction with a system reset. An active-low reset may be tied directly to the EN pin. At power-up, /RESET will be held low for some time during which the data input and CLK pins will be ignored. Once the system comes out of reset and EN goes high, the outputs Q_N drive to the state that were previously latched and the device operates normally. When the EN pin is low, the outputs Q_N are tristated.

The enable pin must not be tied to V_{DD} because the device does not have any power management circuits to monitor V_{DD} . The enable input must be held low during power cycles.

Electrical Specifications Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Description	Ratings		
V _{DD}	Power Supply Voltage with respect to V _{SS}	-1.0V to +5.0V		
V _{IN}	Voltage on any signal pin with respect to V_{SS}	-1.0V to +5.0V		
		and $V_{IN} < V_{DD} + 1.0V$		
T _{STG}	Storage temperature	-55° C to $+ 125^{\circ}$ C		
T _{LEAD}	Lead temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds)	300° C		

Stresses above those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only, and the functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those listed in the operational section of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum ratings conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC Operating Conditions ($T_A = -40^\circ$ C to $+ 85^\circ$ C, $V_{DD} = 2.7$ V to 3.6V unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
V _{DD}	Power Supply Voltage	2.7	-	3.6	V	
I _{SB}	Standby Current		-	0.5	μΑ	1
C _{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance		-	165	pF	2
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current			±1	μΑ	3
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	-0.3		0.3 V _{DD}	V	
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	0.7 V _{DD}		$V_{DD} + 0.3$	V	
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage					
	(a) $I_{OH} = -1 \text{ mA}$	$V_{DD} - 0.5$		-	V	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage					
	(a) $I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA} (V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{ V})$	-		0.4	V	
	@ $I_{OL} = 10 \text{ mA} (V_{DD} = 2.7 \text{V})$	-		0.8	V	
V _{HYS}	Input Hysteresis (CLK, D _N , EN)	0.05 V _{DD}			V	4

Notes

1. $CLK = V_{SS}$, all other inputs at V_{DD} or V_{SS} .

2. To calculate device power dissipation, $P_D = C_{PD} * V_{DD}^2 * f_i + C_L * V_{DD}^2 * f_o$, where f_i is the input clk freq, f_o is the output freq, and C_L is the output load capacitance. Active current I_{DD} may be calculated as $I_{DD} = C_{PD} * V_{DD} * f_i$, assuming outputs are floating.

3. V_{IN} or $V_{OUT} = V_{SS}$ to V_{DD} .

4. This parameter is characterized but not tested.

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Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Notes
\mathbf{f}_{MAX}	Maximum Clock Frequency		1	MHz	
t_{LOW}	CLK Low Period	0.3		μs	
t _{HIGH}	CLK High Period	0.3		μs	
t _{PD}	Propagation delay CLK to Q _N		50	ns	
t _{HZ}	EN Low to Q _N Hi-Z		25	ns	1
t _R	Input Rise Time		100	ns	1
t _F	Input Fall Time		100	ns	1
t _{DS}	Data (D_N) Setup Time to CLK \uparrow	5		ns	
t _{DH}	Data (D_N) Hold Time after CLK \uparrow	10		ns	
t _{EHD}	EN Hold Time (EN High after CLK ↑)	0		μs	
the	EN High Time	5		μs	
$t_{\rm EL}$	EN Low Time	2		μs	

AC Parameters ($T_A = -40^\circ$ C to $+85^\circ$ C, $V_{DD} = 2.7$ V to 3.6V, $C_L = 30$ pF unless otherwise specified)

Notes

1. This parameter is characterized but not tested.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Notes
	Nonvolatile Data Retention Time	45	-	years	
t _{VDR}	V _{DD} Rise Time	0.1	-	μs/V	1
t _{VDF}	V _{DD} Fall Time	0.1	-	μs/V	1
t _{RES}	EN High to Q _N Restore Time	-	0.5	μs	2
t _{PDS}	EN Low to Power Down Time	1	-	μs	
t _{EHFC}	EN High to First Clock (CLK ↑) after Power Up	4	-	μs	3

Notes

1. Slope measured at any point on V_{DD} waveform.

2. After power up, when EN goes high the nonvolatile latches are read and the values restored to the outputs Q_N .

3. After power up, this is the minimum time required before a state change operation may occur. EN and V_{DD} may be coincident at power up, and in this case t_{EHFC} time is referenced to V_{DD} (min) and CLK \uparrow .

Capacitance ($T_A = 25^\circ C$, f=1.0 MHz, $V_{DD} = 3.3V$)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Notes
CI	Input Capacitance	-	8	pF	1

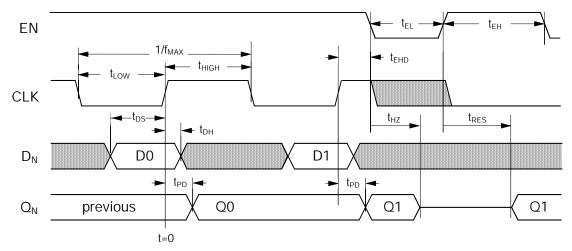
Notes

1. This parameter is characterized but not tested.

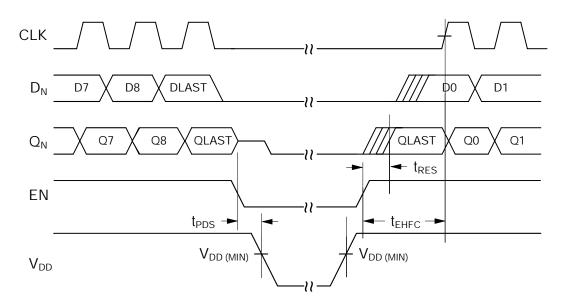
AC Test Conditions

Input Pulse Levels	0.1 V_{DD} to 0.9 V_{DD}
Input Rise and Fall Times	10 ns
Input and Output Timing Levels	$0.5 V_{DD}$
Output Load Capacitance	30pF

FM1107 Signal Timing

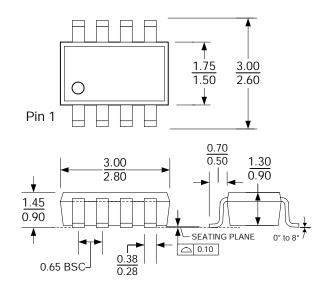


Power Cycle Timing

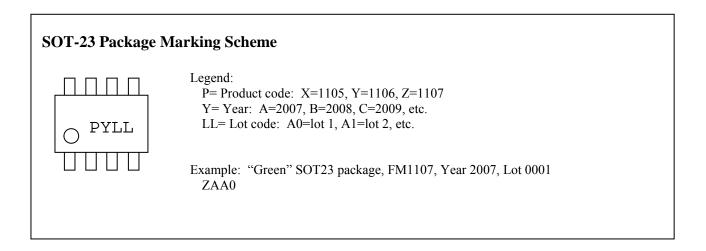


Mechanical Drawing

8-pin SOT-23



Note: All dimensions in millimeters.



Revision History

Revision	Date	Summary
1.0	5/17/07	Initial Release.
1.1	8/6/07	Added pin names to Input Hysteresis spec. Fixed Retention Time typo.
1.2	8/22/07	Reduced I _{SB} spec.