

# HA16671MP, HA16672MP

## Voice Coil Motor (VCM) Servo Controller

### Description

The HA16671MP and HA16672MP are VCM servo controllers for hard disk head positioning. Three chips can make up a control system for the HA13447 VCM driver: the HA16670MP for position signal generation, and the HA16671MP and HA16672MP servo controllers.

The HA16671MP is composed of a speed detection circuit, current integrating circuit, phase compensator, op amp filter, etc.

The HA16672MP, on the other hand, contains an 8-bit DAC, and can output target speed, target acceleration, and external force compensation values based on data from a microprocessor.

### Functions

- Position signal differentiation
- Current integration
- 1/4 track detection
- Fine track detection
- 8-bit DAC
- Sample and hold circuit
- Op amp for filter design

### Features

- Two power supply design (+5 V, +12 V)
- Compact surface-mount package (SMP)
- Feed forward compensation for low-error speed control
- Compensation based on acceleration and external force data can be added to the speed control loop
- Digital signals can be/directly linked to a microprocessor
- External op amps not needed

### Ordering Information

Type No.	Package
HA16671MP	
HA16672MP	MP-44

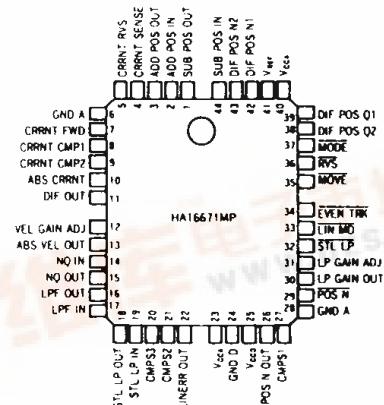
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(MP-44)

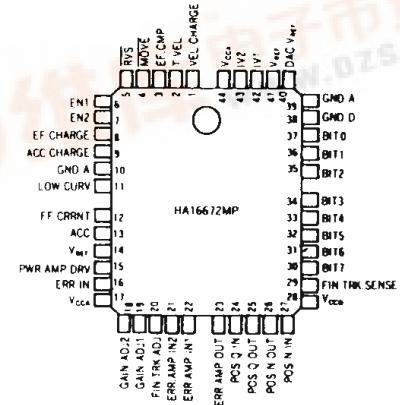
### Pin Assignments

• HA16671MP



(Top View)

• HA16672MP

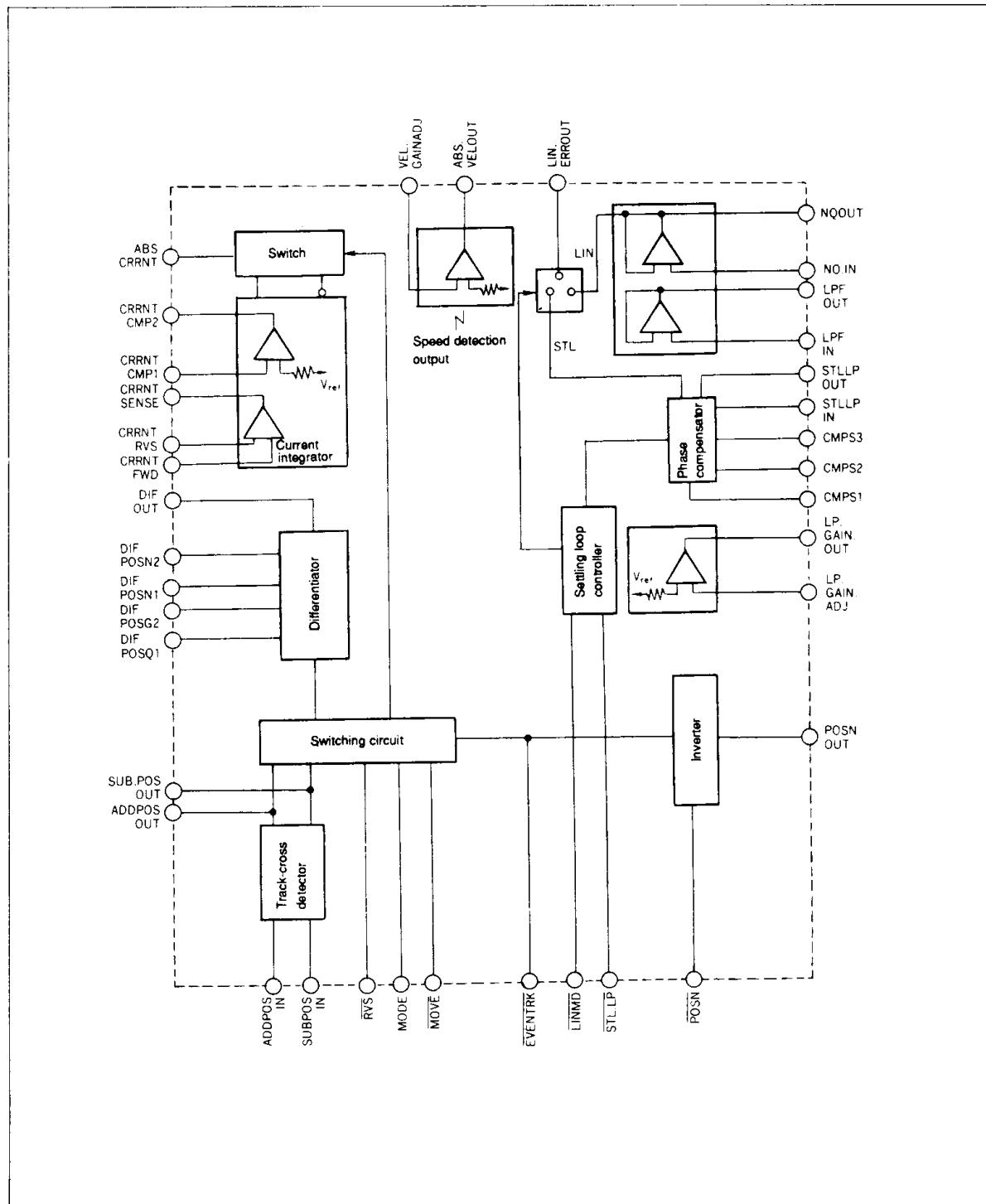


(Top View)

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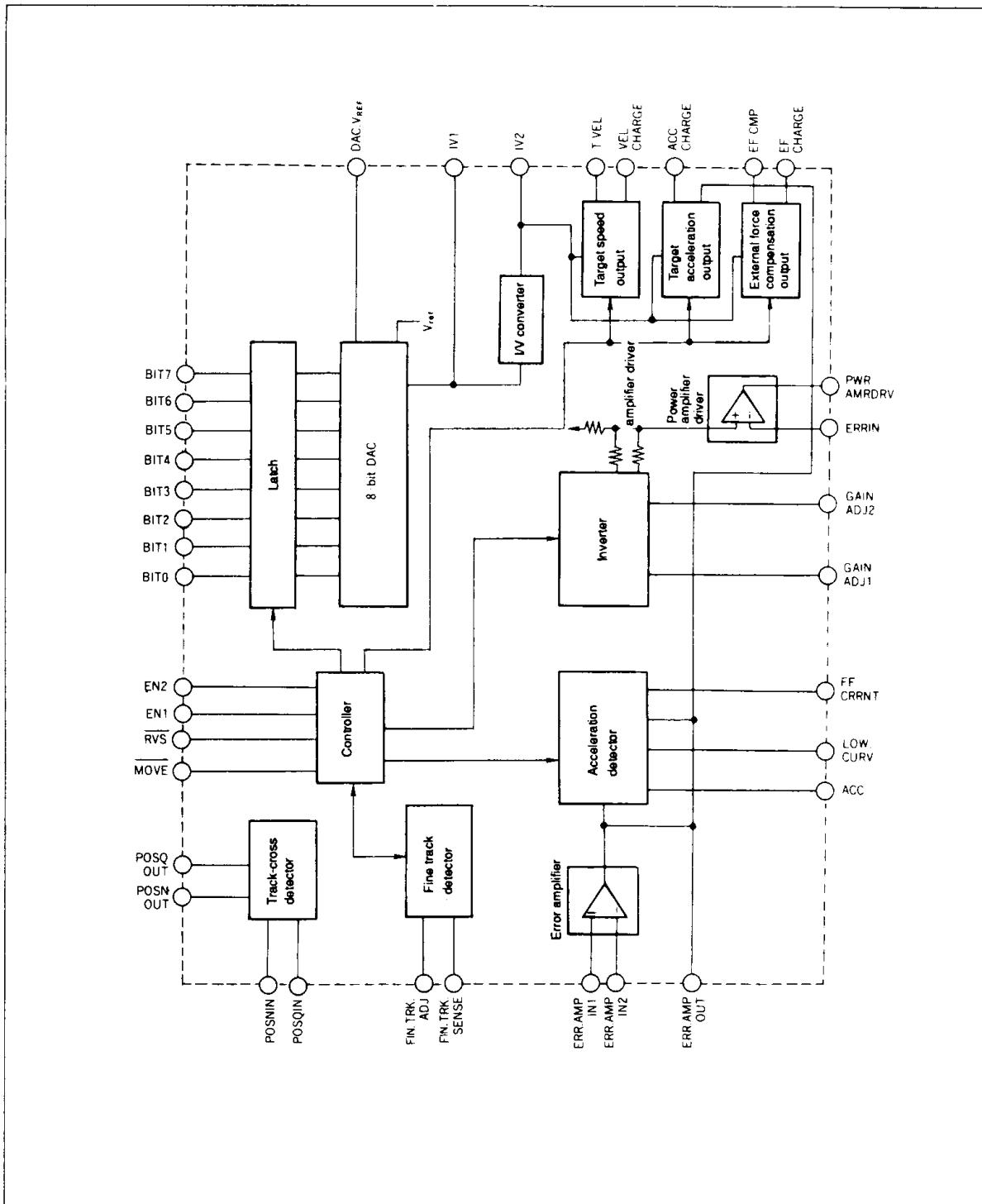
### Block Diagram

HA16671MP



## HA16671MP, HA16672MP

**HA16672MP**



# HA16671MP, HA16672MP

## Pin Descriptions

### HA16671MP

Type	Pin No.	Name	Function
Power supply	23, 40	V <sub>CCA</sub>	+12 V power supply (analog)
	25	V <sub>CCD</sub>	+5 V power supply (logic)
	6,28	GND <sub>A</sub>	Analog GND
	24	GND <sub>D</sub>	Logic GND
Input	41	V <sub>REF</sub>	Op amp reference voltage
	37	MODE	Position signal differentiation mode select Low: 2-phase servo mode High: 1-phase servo mode
	35	MOVE	Position signal differentiation select Low: On High: Off
	36	RVS	Position signal differentiation and current integrating inverter
	33	LIN MD	Positioning phase compensation control select Low: On High: Off
	32	STL LP	Settling compensation control
	34	EVEN TRK	Positioning signal inverter
	2	ADD POS IN	Comparator signals for the position signal differentiation circuit
	44	SUB POS IN	
Outputs	29	POS N	Positioning signal converter signal circuit
	31	LP GAIN ADJ	Op amp input for positioning signal gain adjustment
	17	LPF IN	Op amp input for positioning compensation active filter
	14	NQ IN	
	39	DIF POS Q1	Op amp input for positioning signal differentiation
	42	DIF POS N1	
	27	CMPS1	Op amp input for positioning signal phase compensation
	7	CCRNT FWD	Op amp input for voice coil motor drive current detection
	5	CCRNT RVS	
	8	CCRNT CMP1	Op amp input for current integration
	12	VELGAIN ADJ	Op amp input for speed signal detection
	1	SUB POS OUT	Comparator signals for the position signal differentiation circuit
	3	ADD POS OUT	
	26	POS N OUT	Positioning signal inverter
	30	LP GAIN OUT	Op amp output for positioning signal gain adjustment
	18	STL LP OUT	Op amp output for positioning phase compensation
External components	16	LPF OUT	Op amp output for positioning compensation active filter
	15	NQ OUT	
	11	DIF OUT	Positioning signal differentiation signal
	10	ABS CRRNT	Motor drive current integration signal
	13	ABS VEL OUT	Speed signal output
	22	LINERR OUT	Positioning compensation signal
	21	CMP S2	Positioning integration constant
	20	CMP S3	
	19	STL LP IN	Settling compensation circuit constant
	38	DIF POS Q2	Position signal differentiation constant
	43	DIF POS N2	
	9	CCRNT CMP2	Motor drive current integration constant

## HA16671MP, HA16672MP

### HA16672MP

Type	Pin No.	Name	Function				
Power supply	17, 44	V <sub>CCA</sub>	+12 V power supply (analog)				
	28	V <sub>CCD</sub>	+5 V power supply (logic)				
	10, 39	GND <sub>A</sub>	Analog GND				
	38	GND <sub>D</sub>	Logic GND				
Inputs	14, 41	V <sub>REF</sub>	Reference voltage				
	4	MOVE	DAC latch and analog control signals				
	5	RVS	Analog switch control signal; High: FWD; Low: RVS				
	37-30	BIT0-BIT7	DAC inputs; BIT0: LSB; BIT7: MSB				
	6	EN1	Sample and hold control signal	—	VEL	ACC	EF
	7	EN2		ENT1	0	1	0
				ENT2	0	0	1
Outputs	27	POSN IN	Microprocessor comparator (+) signal				
	24	POSQ IN	Microprocessor comparator (+) signal				
	22	ERR AMP IN1	Non-inverting op amp input for speed error signal generation				
	21	ERR AMP IN2	Inverting op amp input for speed error signal generation				
	19	GAIN ADJ1	Inverting op amp input for gain control				
	16	ERR IN	Inverting op amp input for VCM control signal generation				
	40	DAC V <sub>REF</sub>	DAC reference current				
	20	FIN.TRK.ADJ	Fine track width voltage level				
	29	FIN.TRK.SENSE	Comparator output for microprocessor control and seek control				
	23	ERR.AMP.OUT	Op amp output for speed error signal				
	2	T.VEL	Target speed signal				
	3	EF.CMP	External force compensation signal				
	11	LOW.CURV	Acceleration signal				
External components	12	FF.CRRNT	Acceleration signal				
	13	ACC	Acceleration signal (for monitor)				
	18	GAIN ADJ2	Op amp output for gain control				
	15	PWR.AMP.DRV	Op amp output for VCM control				
	26	POS N OUT	Comparator output for microprocessor control				
	25	POS Q OUT	Comparator output for microprocessor control				
	1	VEL CHARGE	Sample and hold capacitors				
compo-	9	ACC.CHARGE					
	8	EF.CHARGE					

### Principles of Operation

**Track Following:** Figure 1 shows the feedback loop for tracking. The loop holds the position error at zero by using a quadratic lowpass filter, notch filter, and lead/lag phase compensation to eliminate resonance from VCM mechanical vibrations.

**Settling Control:** Vibration is greatest when the VCM moves from seek to tracking. To reach a stable, stationary

state as quickly as possible, the IC increases the bandwidth by switching a filter (shown with dotted lines in figure 1) into the control loop.

**Speed Detection and Seek:** The actual speed is determined using the bandwidth division technique, which involves differentiating the position signal and integrating the current. Seek operation is carried out according to a speed profile which minimizes head movement. Figure 2 shows the speed control loop.

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**Track Crossing Detection:** From the two position signals POSN and POSQ, four signals ( $N > 0$ ,  $Q > 0$ ,  $N+Q > 0$ ,  $-N+Q > 0$ , corresponding to POSN OUT, POSQ OUT, ADD POS OUT, SUB POS OUT) are created and output.

**DAC and Sample and Hold:** Target speed, acceleration, and external force compensation data is input from the microprocessor as a time series, and converted into an analog signal. These signals are used as the target speed, target acceleration, and external force compensation values.

**End Acceleration Detection:** End acceleration detection reduces the variance of actual speed by adding acceleration data to the control loop.

**Fine Track Detection:** Whether or not the head is on-track is detected by the position signal input into a window comparator. The on-track window can be adjusted externally.

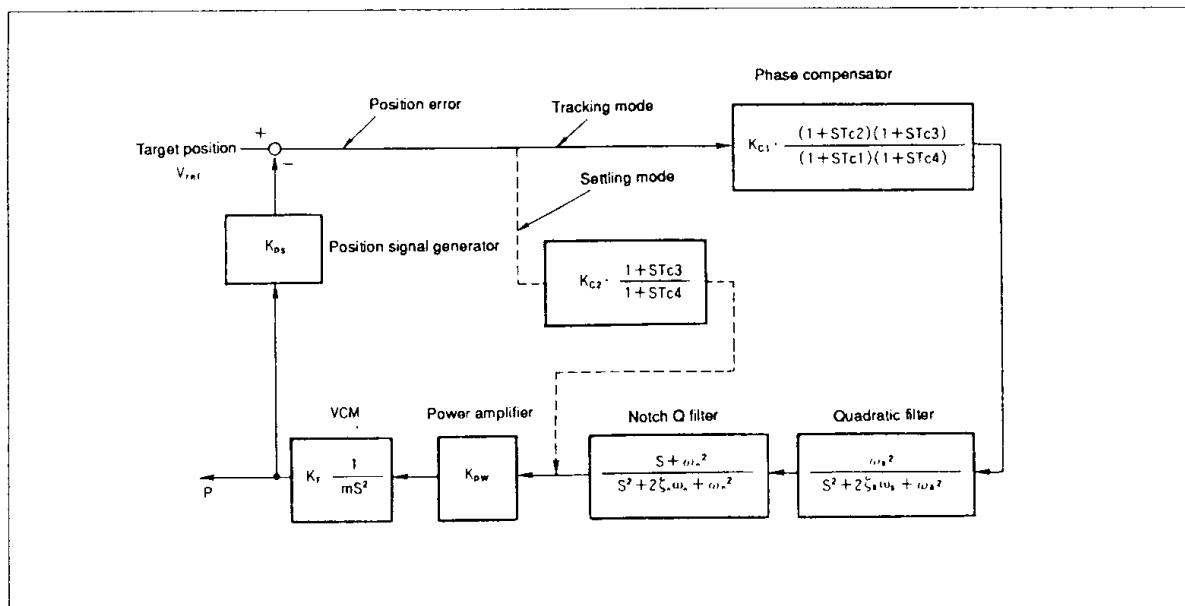


Figure 1 Track Feedback Loop

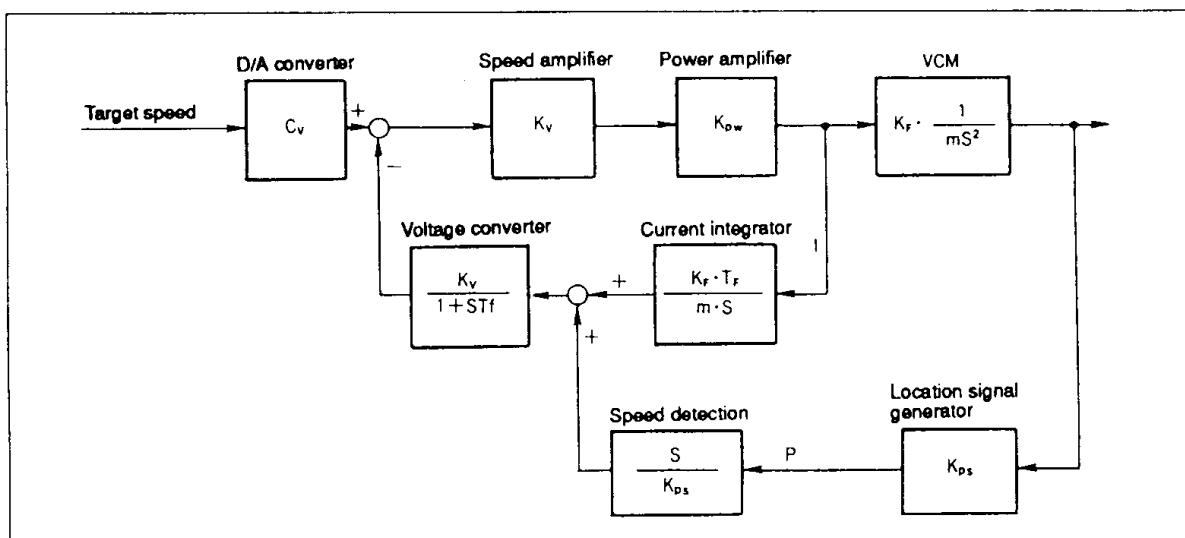


Figure 2 Speed Control Loop

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## Absolute Maximum Ratings

### HA16671MP

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Pins
Power supply voltage 1	V <sub>CCA</sub>	15.0	V	V <sub>CCA</sub>
Power supply voltage 2	V <sub>CCD</sub>	7.0	V	V <sub>CCD</sub>
Input voltage 1	V <sub>I1</sub>	7.0	V	Note 1
Input voltage 2	V <sub>I2</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> - 1.5	V	Note 2
Differential input voltage	V <sub>IN (DIFF)</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> - 1.5	V	CURRNT FWD CURRNT RVS
In-phase input voltage	V <sub>CM</sub>	-0.3 to V <sub>CCA</sub> - 1.5	V	CURRNT FWD CURRNT RVS
Input current	I <sub>I</sub>	1.5	mA	Note 3
Output current 1	I <sub>OCL</sub>	3.2	mA	Note 4
Output current 2	I <sub>OCH</sub>	-400	μA	Note 5
Output current 3	I <sub>OAMP</sub>	2.0	mA	Note 6
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	0 to +70	°C	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +125	°C	

### HA16672MP

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	Pins
Power supply voltage 1	V <sub>CCA</sub>	15.0	V	V <sub>CCA</sub>
Power supply voltage 2	V <sub>CCD</sub>	7.0	V	V <sub>CCD</sub>
Input voltage 1	V <sub>I1</sub>	7.0	V	Note 7
Input voltage 2	V <sub>I1</sub>	V <sub>CCA</sub> - 1.5	V	Note 8
Input current	I <sub>IDAC</sub>	3.0	mA	DAC V <sub>REF</sub>
Output current 1	I <sub>OCL</sub>	3.2	mA	Note 9
Output current 2	I <sub>OCH</sub>	-400	μA	Note 10
Output current 3	I <sub>OAMP</sub>	±2.0	mA	Note 11
Output current 4	I <sub>ODAC</sub>	3.0	mA	I <sub>V1</sub>
Output current 5	I <sub>OIV</sub>	±12.0	mA	I <sub>V2</sub>
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	0 to +70	°C	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +125	°C	

The absolute maximum ratings are limiting values, to be applied individually, beyond which the device may be permanently damaged. Functional operation under any of these conditions is not guaranteed. Exposing a circuit to its absolute maximum rating for extended periods of time may affect the device's reliability.

#### Notes:

1. V<sub>REF</sub>, RVS, MODE, MOVE, EVEN TRK, LIN MD, STLLP
2. ADDPOSIN, SUBPOSIN, LPGAINADJ, CMPS1, LPFIN, NQIN, VELGAINADJ, CRRNTCMP1, DIFPOSN1, DI FPOSQ1, POSN, CMPS2, CMPS3, STLLPIN
3. POSN, CMPS2, CMPS3, STLLPIN
4. When SUBPOSOUT, and ADDPOSOUT outputs are low.
5. When SUBPOSOUT and ADDPOSOUT outputs are high.
6. LPGAINOUT, STLLPOUT, LPFOUT, NQOUT, ABSVELOUT, CRRNTCMP2, DIFPOSN2, DIFPOSQ2, CURRNTSENSE
7. V<sub>REF</sub>, FINTRKADJ, BIT0-BIT7, EN1, EN2, RVS, MOVE
8. POSNIN, POSQIN, ERRAMPIN1, ERRAMPIN2, GAINADJ1, ERRIN
9. When POSNOUT, POSQOUT, and FINTRKSENSE outputs are low.
10. When POSNOUT, POSQOUT, and FINTRKSENSE outputs are high.
11. ERRAMPIN, GAINADJ2, PWRAMPDRV, ACC, TVEL, EFCMP, LOWCURV, FFCRRNT

## HA16671MP, HA16672MP

**Electrical Characteristics** ( $V_{CCA} = 12.0$  V,  $V_{CCD} = V_{REF} = 5.0$  V,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

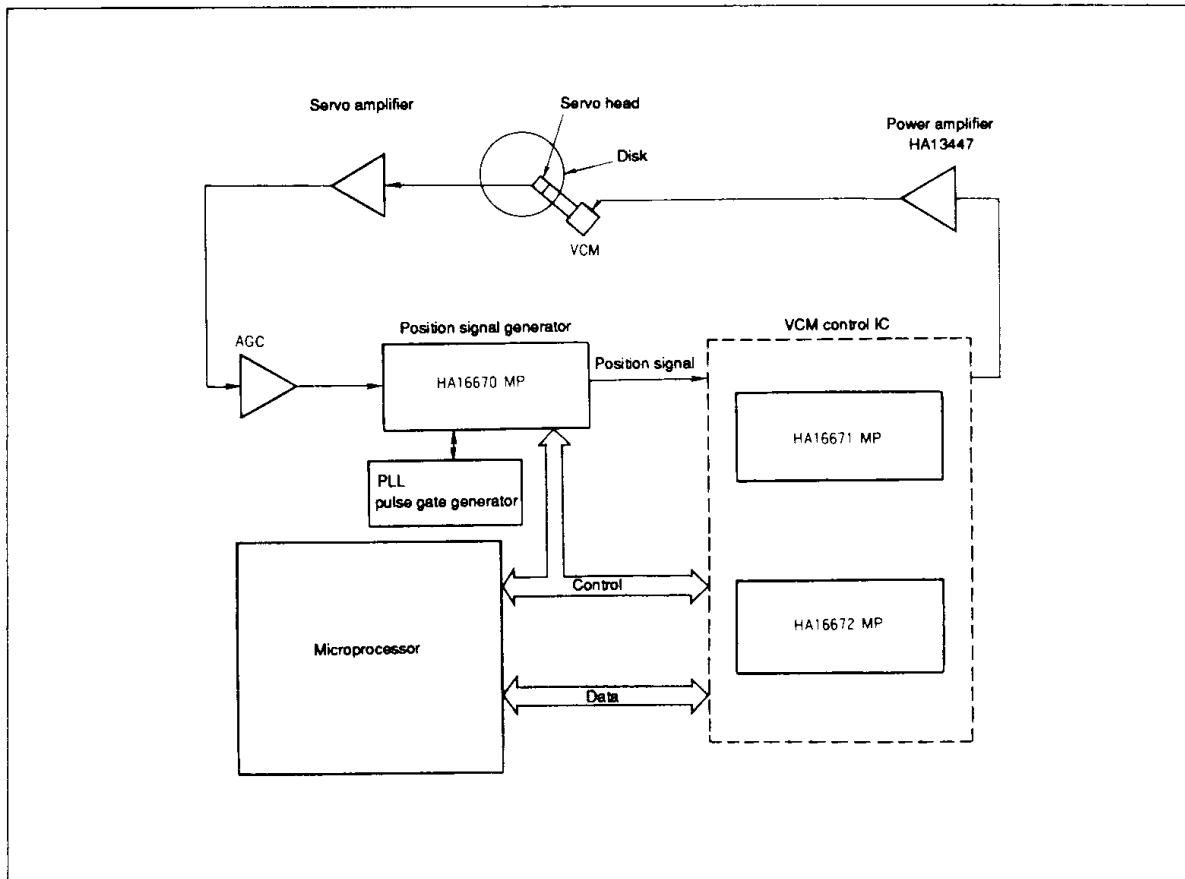
Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Test Conditions	Notes
Power supply	Operating voltage 1	$V_{CCOAP}$	10.8	12.0	13.2	V		1
	Operating voltage 2	$V_{CCDOP}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V		
	$V_{REF}$ voltage	$V_{REFop}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V		
Current consumption		$I_{CCA1}$	—	18.4	23.9	mA	$V_{CCA} = 13.2$ V, $V_{CCD} = 5.5$ V	2
		$I_{CCD1}$	—	3.7	4.1	mA	$V_{CCA} = 13.2$ V, $V_{CCD} = 5.5$ V	
		$I_{CCA2}$	—	28	43	mA	$V_{CCA} = 13.2$ V, $V_{CCD} = 5.5$ V	
		$I_{CCD2}$	—	9	15	mA	$V_{CCA} = 13.2$ V, $V_{CCD} = 5.5$ V	
Logic block	Input low voltage	$V_{IL}$	—	—	0.8	V		
	Input high voltage	$V_{IH}$	4.0	—	—	V		
DAC block	Resolution		—	8.0	—	bit		
(HA16672MP)	Phase error	$ER$	-0.19	0	0.19	% FS		
	Settling time	$t_s$	—	1.8	—	μs	All bits on → off ± 1/2LSB	
	Output voltage range	$I_{OR}$	0	—	2.1	mA	DAC, $I_{REF} = 2$ mA	
	Input current 1	$I_{ODAC1}$	1.42	1.49	1.57	mA	$I_{REF} = 1.5$ mA, All bits high	
	Input current 2	$I_{ODAC2}$	—	0	3.0	μA	$I_{REF} = 1.5$ mA, All bits low	
	Reference voltage	$I_{DREF}$	1.0	—	2.0	mA		
Op amp block	Input bias current	$I_B$	—	300	700	nA		4
	Input offset voltage	$V_{IO}$	—	(3.0)	7.7	mV		
	Output offset voltage	$V_{OS}$	—	(3.0)	9.0	mV		
	Maximum output voltage	$V_{OCMI}$	9.8	—	—	V		
	Minimum output voltage		—	—	1.82	V		
Analog switch	Slew rate	$SR$	1.0	2.4	—	V/μs		
	On resistance	$R_{ON}$	300	500	750	Ω		
	Turn on time	$t_{ON}$	—	0.4	1.0	μs		
	Turn off time	$t_{OFF}$	—	0.4	1.0	μs		

**Notes:**

1. Common to HA16671MP and HA16672MP.
2. Applies to HA16671MP.
3. Applies to HA16672MP.
4. Characteristic values of the op amp and analog switch included in the HA16671MP and HA16672MP.
5. Values in parentheses are preliminary.

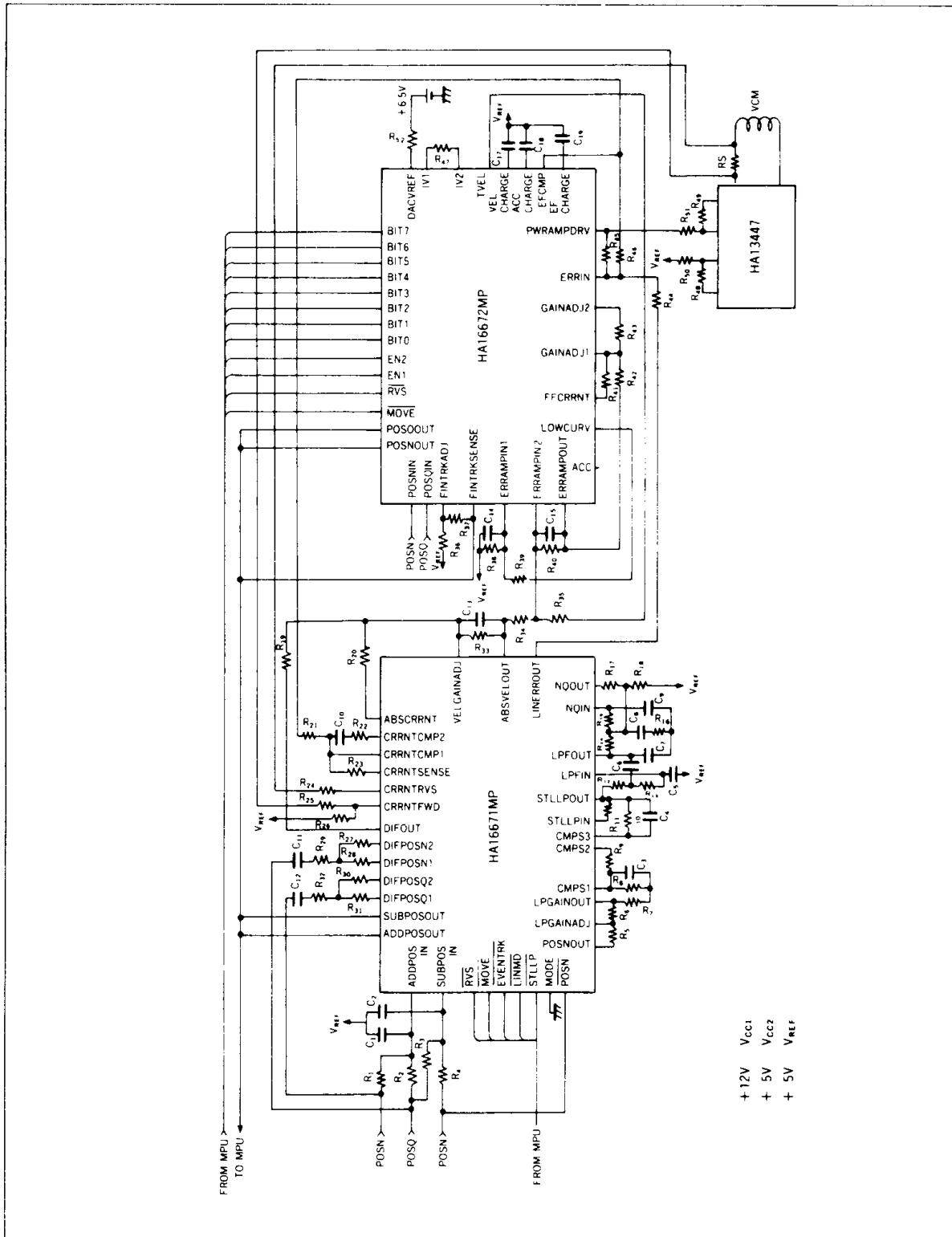
## HA16671MP, HA16672MP

### Example



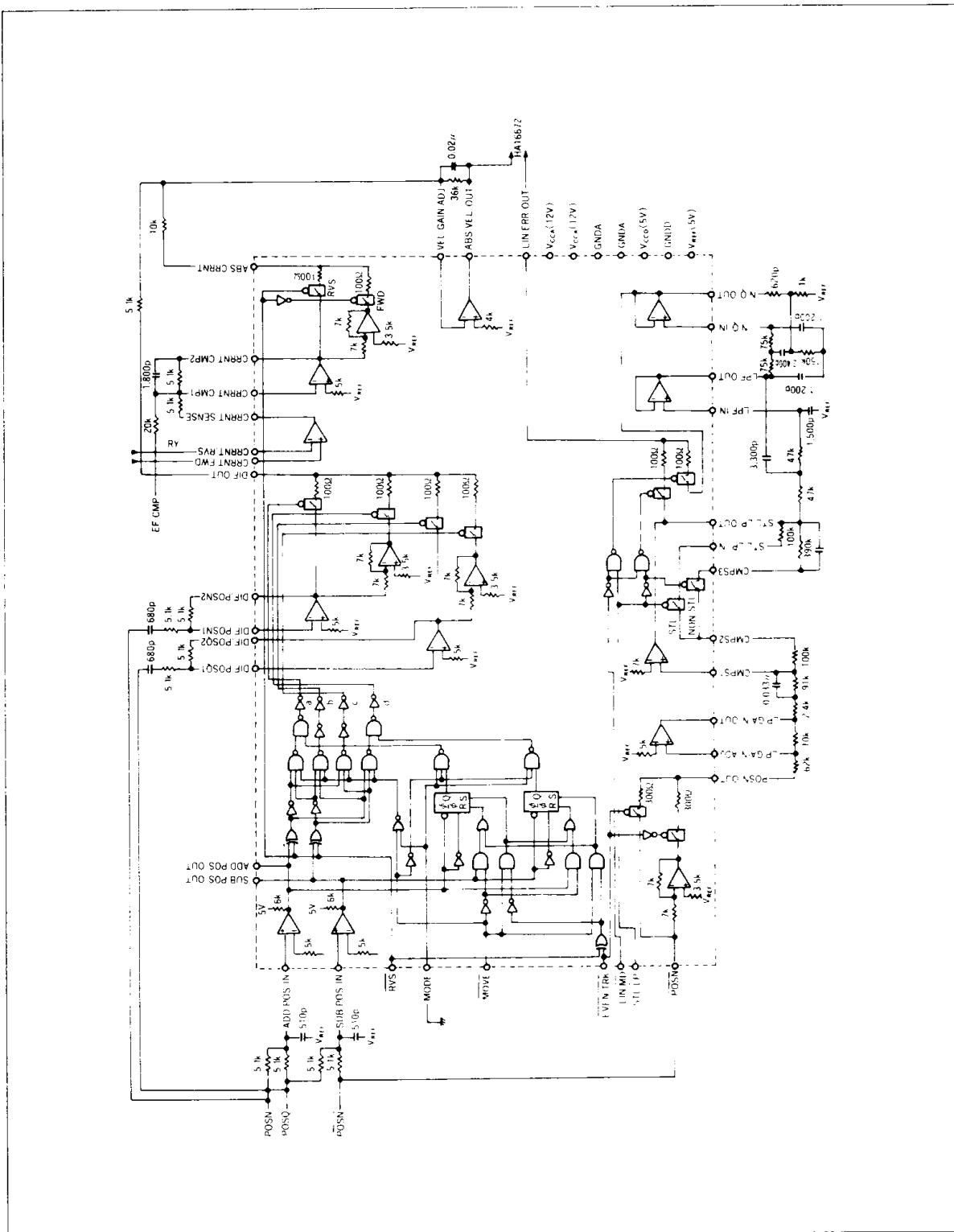
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## Phase Servo Mode Circuit Example



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## **HA16671MP Internal Circuit**



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## HA16672MP Internal Circuit

