



HMC362

GaAs HBT MMIC
DIVIDE-BY-4, DC - 11 GHz

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FREQUENCY DIVIDERS - CHIP

Typical Applications

Prescaler for DC to X Band PLL Applications:

- Satellite Communication Systems
- Fiber Optic
- Point-to-Point and Point-to-Multi-Point Radios
- VSAT

Features

Ultra Low SSB Phase Noise: -149 dBc/Hz

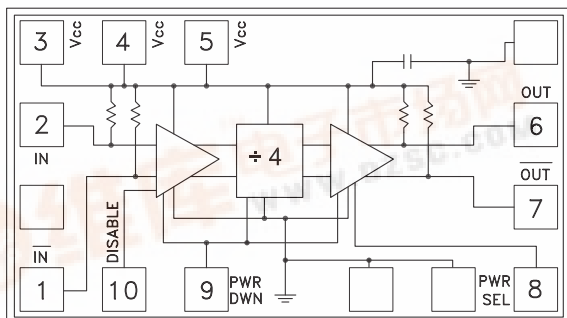
Wide Bandwidth

Output Power: -6 dBm

Single DC Supply: +5V

Small Size: 1.30 x 0.69 x 0.1 mm

Functional Diagram



General Description

The HMC362 is a low noise Divide-by-4 Static Divider with InGaP GaAs HBT technology that has a small size of 1.30 x 0.69 mm. This device operates from DC (with a square wave input) to 11 GHz input frequency with a single +5V DC supply. The low additive SSB phase noise of -149 dBc/Hz at 100 kHz offset helps the user maintain good system noise performance.

Electrical Specifications, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, 50 Ohm System, $V_{CC} = 5V$

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Maximum Input Frequency		11	12		GHz
Minimum Input Frequency	Sine Wave Input. [1]		0.2	0.5	GHz
Input Power Range	$F_{in} = 1$ to 8 GHz	-15	>-20	+10	dBm
	$F_{in} = 8$ to 11 GHz	-10	>-15	+2	dBm
Output Power [2]	$F_{in} = 11$ GHz	-9	-6		dBm
Reverse Leakage	Both RF Outputs Terminated		40		dB
SSB Phase Noise (100 kHz offset)	$P_{in} = 0$ dBm, $F_{in} = 6$ GHz		-149		dBc/Hz
Output Transition Time	$P_{in} = 0$ dBm, $F_{out} = 882$ MHz		100		ps
Supply Current (I_{CC}) [2]			68		mA

[1] Divider will operate down to DC for square-wave input signal.

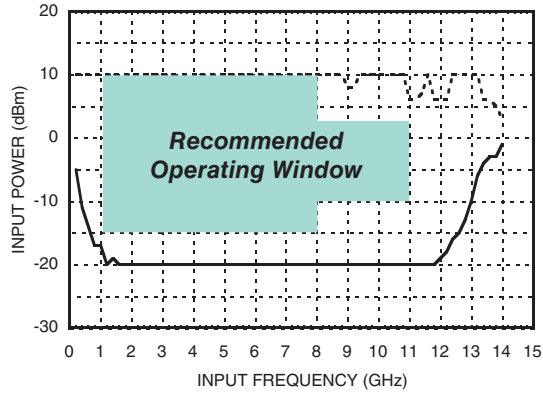
[2] When operated in low power mode (pin 8 floating).

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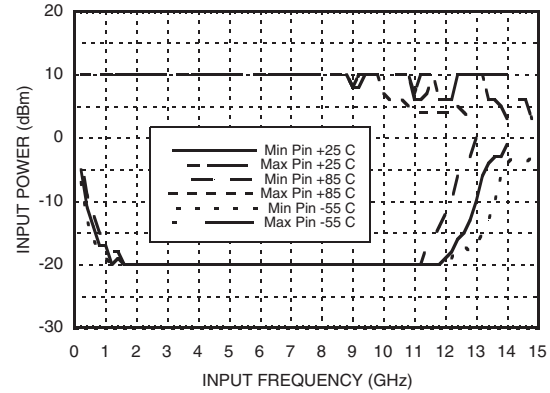
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FREQUENCY DIVIDERS - CHIP

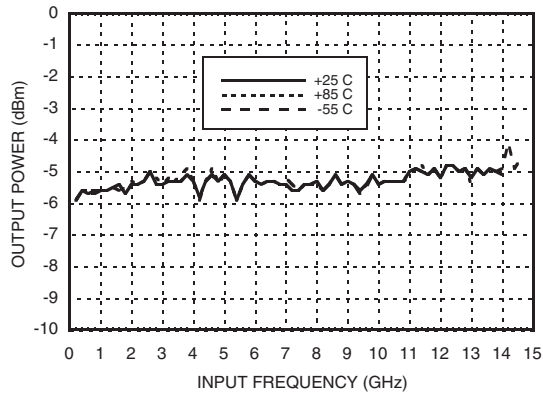
Input Sensitivity Window, $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$



Input Sensitivity Window vs. Temperature

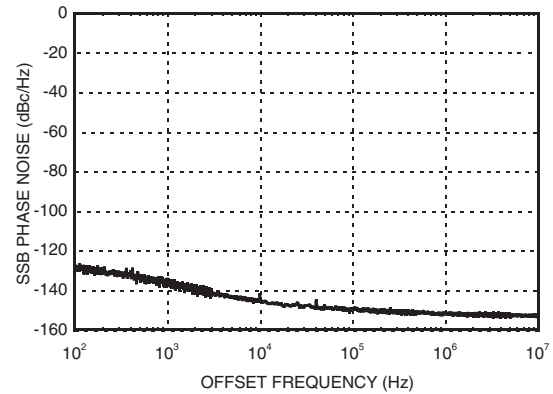


Output Power vs. Temperature



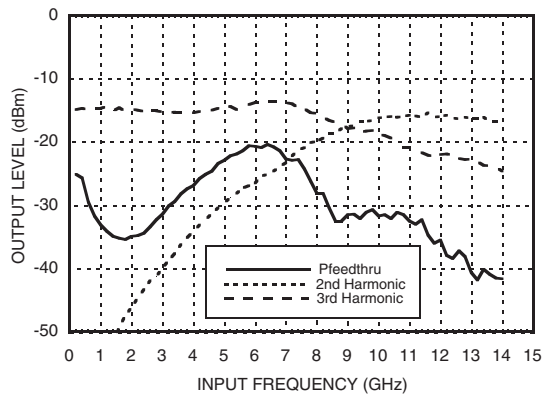
SSB Phase Noise

Performance, $P_{in} = 0\text{ dBm}$, $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$

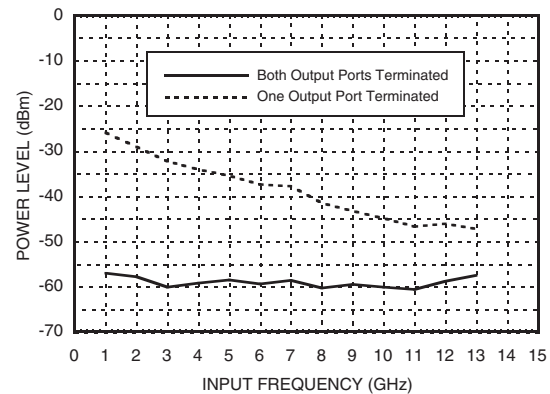


Output Harmonic

Content, $P_{in} = 0\text{ dBm}$, $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$



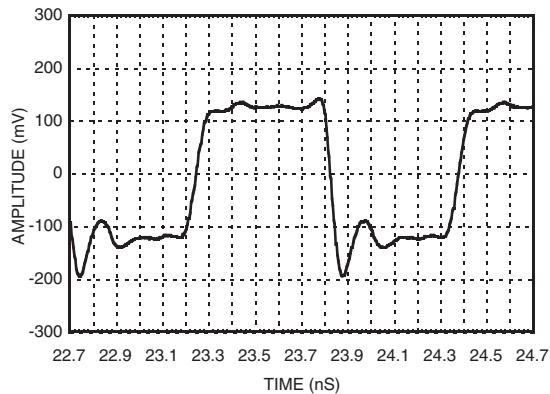
Reverse Leakage, $P_{in} = 0\text{ dBm}$, $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$



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Output Voltage Waveform,
 $P_{in} = 0 \text{ dBm}$, $F_{out} = 882 \text{ MHz}$, $T = 25^\circ\text{C}$



Absolute Maximum Ratings

RF Input ($V_{cc} = +5V$)	+13 dBm
V_{cc}	+5.5V
VLogic	$V_{cc} - 1.6V$ to $V_{cc} - 1.2V$
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150 °C
Operating Temperature	-55 to +85 °C



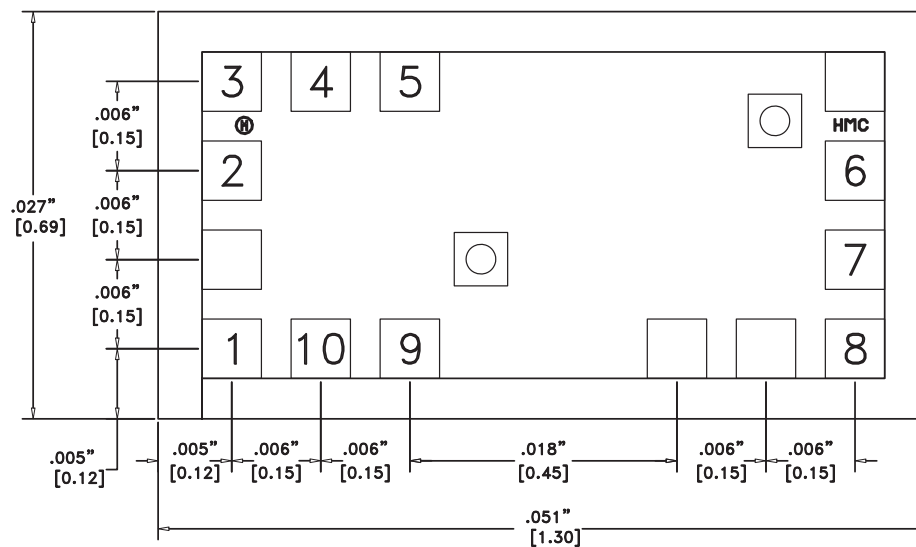
ELECTROSTATIC SENSITIVE DEVICE
 OBSERVE HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

Typical Supply Current vs. V_{cc}

V_{cc} (V)	I_{cc} (mA)
4.75	61
5.0	68
5.25	74

Note: Divider will operate over full voltage range shown above

Outline Drawing



Die Packaging Information ^[1]

Standard	Alternate
WP-8	[2]

[1] Refer to the "Packaging Information" section for die packaging dimensions.

[2] For alternate packaging information contact Hittite Microwave Corporation.

NOTES:

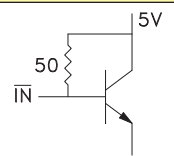
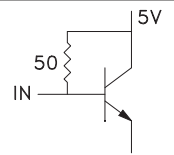
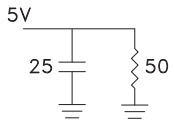
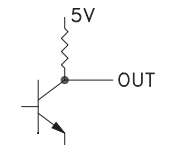
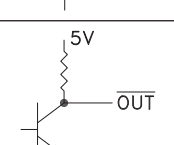
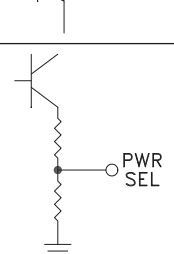
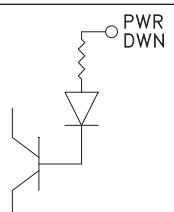
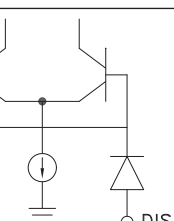
- ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES (MILLIMETERS)
- ALL TOLERANCES ARE ± 0.001 (0.025)
- DIE THICKNESS IS 0.004 (0.100) BACKSIDE IS GROUND
- BOND PADS ARE 0.004 (0.100) SQUARE
- BOND PAD SPACING, CTR-CTR: 0.006 (0.150)
- BACKSIDE METALLIZATION: GOLD
- BOND PAD METALLIZATION: GOLD

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Pad Description

Pad Number	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	$\overline{\text{IN}}$	RF Input 180° out of phase with pad 3 for differential operation. AC ground for single ended operation.	
2	IN	RF Input must be DC blocked.	
3, 4, 5	Vcc	Supply Voltage 5V ±0.25V can be applied to pad 3, 4, or 5.	
6	OUT	Divided Output	
7	$\overline{\text{OUT}}$	Divided output 180° out of phase with OUT.	
8	PWR SEL	In the low power mode, the power select pin is left floating. By grounding this pin, the output power is increased by approximately 10 dB.	
9	PWR DWN	The power down pin is grounded for normal operation. Applying 5 volts to this pin will power down this device.	
10	DISABLE	The disable pin is grounded for normal operation. Applying 5 volts to this pin will disable the input buffer amplifier.	

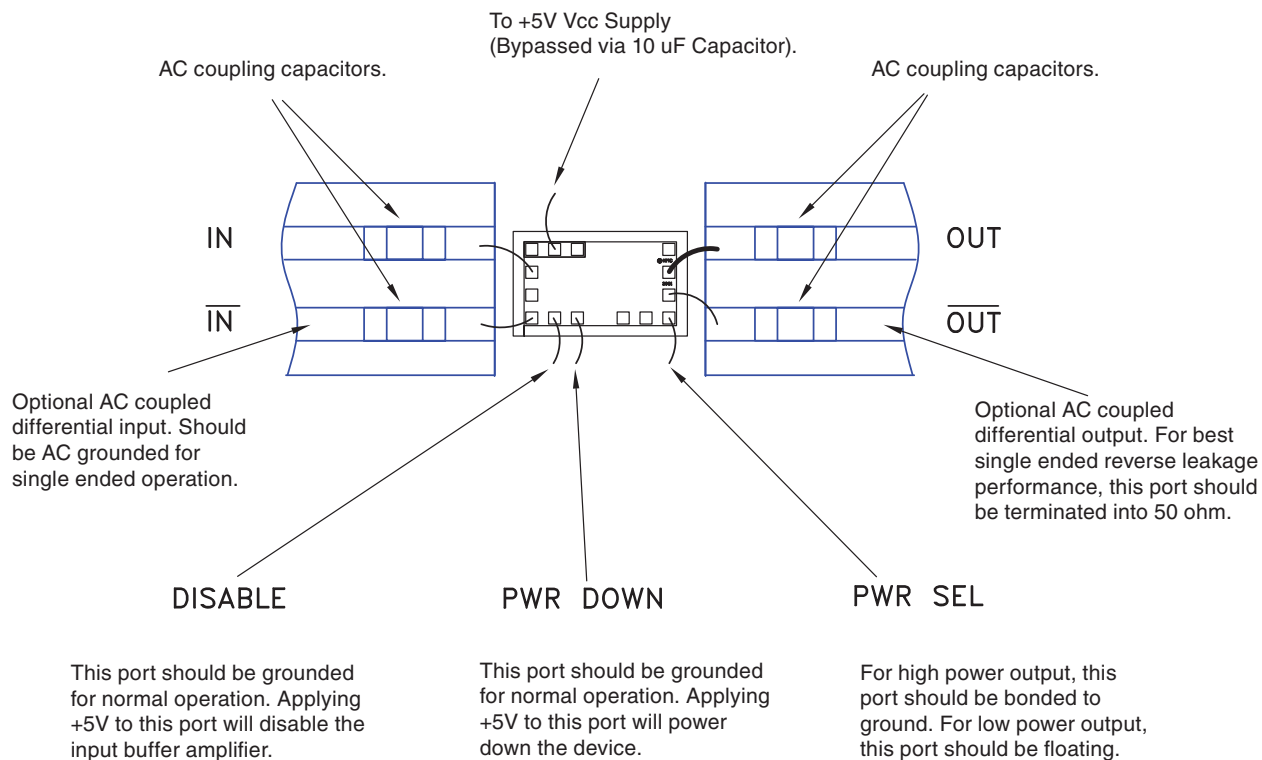
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Truth Table

Function	Pin	5V	GND	Float
DISABLE	10	Output Off	Output On	X
PWR DWN	9	Power Down	Power Up	X
PWR SEL	8	X	High Power Output	Low Power Output

X = State not permitted.

Assembly Diagram



Handling Precautions

Follow these precautions to avoid permanent damage.

Cleanliness: Handle the chips in a clean environment. DO NOT attempt to clean the chip using liquid cleaning systems.

Static Sensitivity: Follow ESD precautions to protect against ESD strikes.

Transients: Suppress instrument and bias supply transients while bias is applied. Use shielded signal and bias cables to minimize inductive pick-up.

General Handling: Handle the chip along the edges with a vacuum collet or with a sharp pair of bent tweezers. The surface of the chip has fragile air bridges and should not be touched with vacuum collet, tweezers, or fingers.

Mounting

The chip is back-metallized and can be die mounted with AuSn eutectic preforms or with electrically conductive epoxy. The mounting surface should be clean and flat.

Eutectic Die Attach: A 80/20 gold tin preform is recommended with a work surface temperature of 255 °C and a tool temperature of 265 °C. When hot 90/10 nitrogen/hydrogen gas is applied, tool tip temperature should be 290 °C. DO NOT expose the chip to a temperature greater than 320 °C for more than 20 seconds. No more than 3 seconds of scrubbing should be required for attachment.

Epoxy Die Attach: Apply a minimum amount of epoxy to the mounting surface so that a thin epoxy fillet is observed around the perimeter of the chip once it is placed into position. Cure epoxy per the manufacturer's schedule.

Wire Bonding

Ball or wedge bond with 0.025 mm (1 mil) diameter pure gold wire. Thermosonic wirebonding with a nominal stage temperature of 150 °C and a ball bonding force of 40 to 50 grams or wedge bonding force of 18 to 22 grams is recommended. Use the minimum level of ultrasonic energy to achieve reliable wirebonds. Wirebonds should be started on the chip and terminated on the package or substrate. All bonds should be as short as possible <0.31 mm (12 mils).