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### 捷多邦,专业PCB打样工厂,24小时加急出货 TB1305FG,TB1308FG

TOSHIBA BiCMOS Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

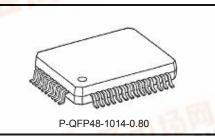
# TB1305FG,TB1308FG

Component SW, Sync Separation and H/V Frequency Counter IC for TVs

The TB1305FG and TB1308FG include a component SW block, a prefilter for AD conversion, sync separation and H/V format detectors for TV component video signals.

The TB1305FG and TB1308FG contribute to reduction in the proportion of PCB occupied by LCR filters and to the simplification of designs on analog interfaces.

The TB1305FG and TB1308FG are equipped with an I<sup>2</sup>CBUS interface through which various functions can be controlled.



Weight: 0.83 g (typ.)

#### Features

#### COMPONENT BLOCK

- · Component video input: TB1305FG 2 channels, TB1308FG 3 channels; RGB available
- Component video output
- Gain switching: 0dB / +6dB
- Bandwidth filter: prefilter for ADC; 4.2 to 31MHz variable)

#### SYNC SEPARATION BLOCK

- Supports 525/60i/60p, 625/50i/50p, 750/50p/60p, 1125/50i/60i/50p/60p, 1250/50i, VGA@60, SVGA@60, XGA@60, SXGA@60, UXGA@60
- HD/VD input: 2 channels; positive and negative input acceptable
- HD/VD output: positive and negative output selectable
- Masking pseudo-sync for copyguard signal

#### OTHERS

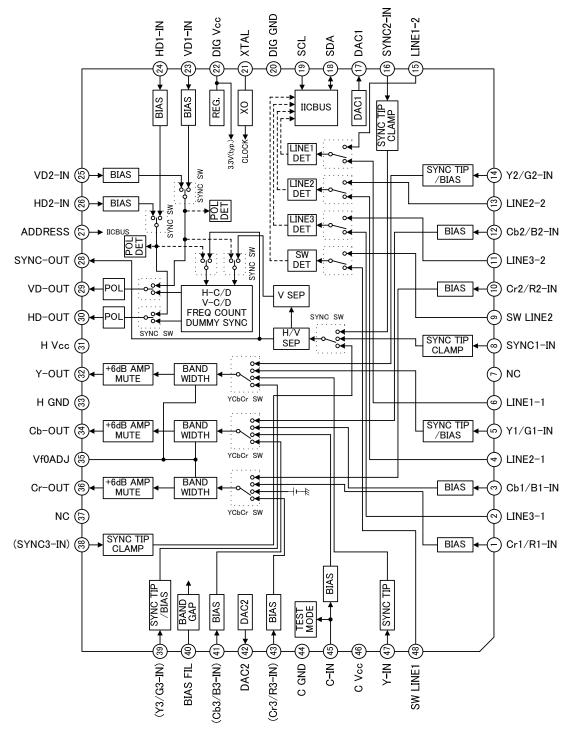
- Line detector for D-pin (2 channels)
- Horizontal and vertical frequency counter
- Format detection circuit for input signal
- Automatic sync process switching mode

#### Lineup

Part No.	Number of component video inputs
TB1305FG	2
TB1308FG	3



### **Block Diagram**



NOTE: Pins 38, 39, 41 and 43 are available for the TB1308FG only. The pins are NC for the TB1305FG.

The TB1305FG and TB1308FG do not support weak signals, ghost signals or other non-standard signals.

Some functional blocks, circuits or constants may be omitted or simplified in the block diagram for explanatory purposes.

#### **Pin Functions**

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function	Interface Circuit	Input Signal/Output Signal
22	DIG V <sub>cc</sub>	$V_{cc}$ pin for the logical circuits. Supply power through a resistor from pin 31 like the Application Circuit. This pin voltage is clipped to 3.3 V (typ.) by the internal regulator.		3.3 V (typ.)
20	DIG GND	GND pin for the logical circuits.		_
-		$V_{cc}$ pin for the sync circuits.		
31	H V <sub>cc</sub>	Connect 5.0 V (typ.)	—	5.0 V (typ.)
33	H GND	GND pin for the sync circuits.	_	_
		$V_{cc}$ pin for the video circuits.		
46	C V <sub>cc</sub>	Connect 5.0 V (typ.)	—	5.0 V (typ.)
44	C GND	GND pin for the video circuits.	_	_
		Y or G input pin.		
5	Y1/G1-IN	Input the signal via a clamp capacitor.		Sync tip level: 2.1 V (typ.)
14	Y2/G2-IN	The clamp system is selectable by CLAMP		Bias level: 2.7 V (typ.)
39	Y3/G3-IN	register.		RGB/YCbCr/YPbPr signal amplitude:
	10,00	NOTE: Pin 39 is not available for the TB1305FG. It is an NC pin.		0.7 Vp-p (without sync)
		Y or CVBS input pin.	(39) 47 ► ≥ ≈ 101 0	
		Input the Y or CVBS signal in NTSC, PAL or	Sync tip level: 2.1 V (typ.)	
47	Y-IN			Bias level: 2.7 V (typ.)
			44	Y/CVBS signal's amplitude:
		The clamp system is selectable by CLAMP register.		1.0 Vp-p (with sync)
1	Cr1/R1-IN		1 (46)	
3	Cb1/B1-IN	Cb/Cr, Pb/Pr or B/R input pin.	3	
10	Cr2/R2-IN	Input the signal via a capacitor.		2.7 V bias (typ.)
12	Cb2/B2-IN	NOTE: Pins 41 and 43 are not available for	$(43) \qquad \qquad$	RGB/YCbCr/YPbPr signal amplitude:
43	Cr3/R3-IN	the TB1305FG. They are NC pins.		0.7 Vp-p (without sync)
41	Cb3/B3-IN			
				1.7 V bias (typ.)
			(46)	
		Chroma signal input pin.	•	5V Prohibited
45	C-IN	Input C signal from AV-SW via a capacitor.		3.6V
		When this pin's voltage is High, TEST mode for shipping is active. The pin voltage must		n dhfh
		be less than 3.6 V during operating.		
				0V
				Sync tip level: 1.75 V (typ.)
				- j
c		Composite SYNC input pin to separate into H- and V-SYNC.		
8	SYNC1-IN	Input the signal via a resister and a clamp		⊔ ⊔.⊮.
16	SYNC2-IN	capacitor.	8 4	or
38	SYNC3-IN	NOTE: Pin 38 is not available for the		
		TB1305FG. It is an NC pin.		
				┤╶╢╝╶╺┶╖╟╴╢ <sup>╹⋁┍−┍</sup>
				U U¥

The equivalent circuit diagrams may be simplified or some parts of them may be omitted for explanatory purposes.

#### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function	Interface Circuit	Input Signal/Output Signal
24 26	HD1-IN HD2-IN	HD input pin. Input a separated horizontal sync signal (1.0 to 2.0 Vp-p) via a resister and a coupling capacitor. The polarity of the input signal is detected and its leading edge becomes a timing trigger. VD input pin.		1.45 V bias (typ.) 1.0 to 2.0 Vp−p or
23 25	VD1-IN VD2-IN	Input a separated vertical sync signal (1.0 to 2.0 Vp-p) via a resister and a coupling capacitor. The polarity of the input signal is detected and its leading edge becomes a timing trigger.	33 <b>* 7+</b> (3)	1.0 to 2.0 Vp-p
6 15	LINE1-1 LINE1-2	LINE1 (number of lines) detection pin. Connect LINE1 of D-pin.		DC
2 11	LINE3-1 LINE3-2	LINE3 (aspect ratio) detection pin. Connect LINE3 of D-pin.	$\begin{array}{c} 11 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 15 $	DC
4 13	LINE2-1 LINE2-2	LINE2 (i/p) detection pin. Connect LINE2 of D-pin.		DC
48 9	SW LINE1 SW LINE2	SW LINE detection pin. Connect SW LINE of D-pin.		DC
32	Y-OUT	Y, G or CVBS signal output pin.	46	
34	Cb-OUT	Cb, Pb, B or C signal output pin.		AC: 0 dB or +6 dB (typ.)
36	Cr-OUT	Cr, Pr or R signal output pin.	4	
28	SYNC-OUT	Separated composite sync output pin.		- 3.4V(typ.) 0.1V(typ.)
29 30	VD-OUT HD-OUT	HD or VD output pin. The polarity of the output is selectable by HV-POL register. The tailing edge of the VD-OUT has a jitter. Use the leading edge only.		or 0.1V(typ.) 0.1V(typ.) 0.1V(typ.)
17 42	DAC1 DAC2	1-bit DAC output pin. Open-collector pin.		DC

#### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

Pin No.	Pin Name	Function	Interface Circuit	Input Signal/Output Signal
21	XTAL	Crystal connection pin. Connect a 3.579545 MHz crystal for NTSC demodulation to generate internal clocks.		
35	Vf0ADJ	A filter pin to adjust bandwidth filter characteristics.		_
40	BIAS FIL	A filter pin for internal bias circuits.		_
18	SDA	SDA pin for I <sup>2</sup> CBUS.		H to L: 1.50 V (typ.) L to H: 2.25 V (typ.)
19	SCL	SCL pin for I <sup>2</sup> CBUS.		H to L: 1.50 V (typ.) L to H: 2.25 V(typ.)
27	ADDRESS	Slave address switching pin. Connect to 5 V Vcc or GND. Or leave this pin open.		5 V Vcc: DC <sub>H</sub> /DD <sub>H</sub> Open: DA <sub>H</sub> /DB <sub>H</sub> GND: D8 <sub>H</sub> /D9 <sub>H</sub>
7 37	NC	These pins are not used. Connect to GND. NOTE: Pins 38, 39, 41 and 43 of the TB1305FG are not used . Connect them to GND.	_	_

#### **BUS Control Map**

### Write Mode Slave address: D8<sub>H</sub> / DA<sub>H</sub> / DC<sub>H</sub>

SA	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	PRESET
00	MUTE	FILPASS	HD WIDTH	DAC2	DAC1	YCbC	Cr SW	GAIN	00000000
01	f0 SW		BANDWIDTH						00000000
02	fc HALF	SYNC SW HV FREQ					00000000		
03	HV-SEP	VGA-SEP	1(PS MASK)	A SYNC	S MODE	CLAMP	HV-POL	VD PHS	00000000

NOTE: Set PS MASK = 1 (ON) for except "Sync on G" input. Remark: SA = Sub-Address.

### Read Mode Slave address: D9<sub>H</sub> / DB<sub>H</sub> / DD<sub>H</sub>

	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
0	LIN	IE1	LINE2 LINE3 SW LI		LINE2 LINE3		SW LINE2	*
1	HD-POL	VD-POL		H FORMAT				RMAT
2	H FM2	V FM2	H IN V IN V-SYNC-W *			VER	SION	
3	*		V FREQ DET					
4	H FREQ DET							

\*: Undefined

### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

### **Bus Control Functions**

#### Write Mode

Register Name	Function	Preset Value
MUTE	Swtches mute mode.	NORMAL
MUTE	0: NORMAL 1: Video mute	(0)
	Switches the bandwidth limit filter.	ON
FILPASS	0: ON (by-pass) 1: OFF	(0)
	Switches the width of HD-OUT.	
	0: WIDE 1: NARROW	WIDE
HD WIDTH	Remark: HD WIDTH = 1 (NARROW) is recommended for the 1125/50p/60p format owing to crosstalk from HD-OUT to video signals so that spike noises on video signals will occur.	(0)
	1-bit DAC switching	
DAC1,2	Output voltages of DAC1 (pin 17) and DAC2 (pin 42) are controlled. DAC1/2 are open-collector pins.	LOW (0)
	0: LOW (ON) 1: HIGH (OPEN)	
	Switches the component video input and line input	
	00: Y1 / Cb1 / Cr1 / LINE1, 2, 3-1 (pins 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)	
YCbCr SW	01: Y2 / Cb2 / Cr2 / LINE1, 2, 3-2 (pins 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15)	Y1 / Cb1 / Cr1
	10: Y / C (pins 45, 47. Cr-out is muted.)	(00)
	11: Y3 / Cb3 / Cr3 (pins 39, 41, 43)	
	NOTE: The data (11) is not available for the TB1305FG.	
	Switches the output gain.	
	Gain of YCbCr output (pins 32, 34, 36) is controlled.	0 dB
GAIN	0: 0 dB 1: +6 dB	(0)
	Remark: GAIN = 0 (0 dB) is recommended for the $1125/50p/60p$ format since this offers superior frequency characteristics to those of +6 dB mode.	
f0 SW	Switches the f0 of bandwidth limit filter	HIGH
10 3 10	0: HIGH 1: LOW	(0)
	Switches the f0 of bandwidth limit filter	MIN
BANDWIDTH	0000000: MIN (low)	
	1111111: MAX (high)	(000000)
	Switches the frequency of bandwidth limit filters for Cb/Cr	
fc HALF	The cutoff frequency of bandwidth limit filters for Cb/Cr is 1/2 to Y.	OFF
	0: OFF (same for 3 outputs) 1: ON (1/2 fc for Cb/Cr)	(0)

Register Name		Function		Preset Value			
	Switches sync input. Sync input to HD/VD-OUT						
	HD OUT (pin 30	) VD OUT (pin 29)	SYNC OUT (pin 28)				
	000						
	001 SYNC2 (pin 16)						
	010	SYNC3 (pin 38: TB13	08FG only)				
SYNC SW	011	Not available	e	SYNC1			
	100 HD1 (pin 24)	VD1 (pin 23)	SYNC1 (pin 8)	(000)			
	101 HD2 (pin 26)	VD2 (pin 25)	SYNC2 (pin 16)				
	110 HD1 (pin 24)	VD1 (pin 23)	SYNC3 (pin 38 : TB1308FG only)				
	111 HD2 (pin 26)	VD2 (pin 25)	SYNC3 (pin 38: TB1308FG only)				
	NOTE: SYNC3 of the data 01	), 110, 111 is not availa	ble for the TB1305FG.				
HV FREQ	Set the horizontal and verti 0000: 15.625 kHz, 50 Hz 0010: 31.25 kHz, 50 Hz 0100: 28.125 kHz, 50 Hz 0110: 37.5 kHz, 50 Hz 1000: 31.25 kHz, 50 Hz 1001: 37.9 kHz, 60 Hz (S 1010: 64 kHz, 60 Hz (U) 1101: 75 kHz, 60 Hz (U) 1100: 56.25 kHz, 50 Hz 1101 ~ 1111: Not availat	15.625 kHz, 50 Hz (0000)					
HV-SEP	Switches the separation level The H/V sync separation le 0: LOW Remark: The separation leve width per H period a	LOW (0)					
VGA-SEP	Switches the separation level The H/V sync separation signals. 0: Normal (component vi Remark: The separation leve width per H period a	Normal (0)					
PS MASK	Switches the mask mode for p Pseudo-syncs in lines are r 0: OFF (V-BLK period or NOTE: Set PS MASK = 1 (ON	emoved. ly) 1: ON (all line	,	OFF (0)			

### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

Register Name	Function	Preset Value
	Automatic sync processing mode.	
A-SYNC	Sync processing mode is changed in accordance with the results obtained by the internal format detection circuits. Format detection is performed for a SYNC or HD/VD signal selected by SYNC SW. The result of detection is returned to H, V FORMAT and H, V FM2. The HV FREQ setting is invalid when this mode is active.	OFF (0)
	0: OFF (manual switching mode by HV FREQ setting)	
	1: ON	
	Switches sync output mode.	
S MODE	This function sets the dummy HD/VD output mode when there is no input. The frequency of the dummy HD/VD output depends on the HV FREQ setting (when A-SYNC = OFF) or H, V FORMAT (when A-SYNC = ON). H, V IN shows whether there is no input or not.	OFF (00)
	0: OFF (No HD and free-run VD output (approx. 44 Hz), when there is no input. However, in 1250i mode, no HD and no VD output, when there is no input.)	(00)
	1: ON (Dummy HD/VD output when there is no input)	
	Switches Y clamping mode.	SYNC TIP
CLAMP	This function sets the clamping mode for pins 5, 14, 39.	(0)
	0: SYNC TIP CLAMP 1: BIAS	(0)
	Switches the polarity of the HD/VD output.	Positive
HV-POL	This function sets the polarity of HD/VD OUT (pins 29, 30).	(0)
	0: Positive 1: Negative	(0)
	Switches the phase of dummy VD output.	
VD PHS	VD PHS compensates for delay time so that the dummy VD-OUT phase is the same as that form the separated V-sync.	No-delay
	0: No delay	(0)
	1: 0.2 H delay (0.15 H delay for 1125/50p)	

#### **Read Mode**

Register Name	Function
	LINE1 detection for D-pin (for the number of lines)
LINE1	00: 525 (480) 01: 750 (720) 10: 11: 1125 (1080)
	Detects the voltage of LINE1 selected by YCbCr SW. 11 is returned when the pin is not connected.
	LINE2 detection for D-pin (for i/p)
LINE2	0: Interlace 1: Progressive
	Detects the voltage of LINE2 selected by YCbCr SW. 1 is returned when the pin is not connected.
	LINE3 detection for D-pin (for aspect ratio)
LINE3	00: 4:3 01: 4:3 letter box 10: 11: 16:9
	Detects the voltage of LINE3 selected by YCbCr SW. 11 is returned when the pin is not connected.
SW LINE1	SW LINE1 (pin 48) detection for D-pin
SVV LINE I	0: Connected 1: Not connected
	SW LINE1 (pin 9) detection for D-pin
SW LINE2	0: Connected 1: Not connected
	Polarity detection to HD-IN
HD-POL	0: Positive 1: Negative
	Detects the width from the HD-IN pin to determine whether it is negative or not. When the High level of the input HD-IN is wider than approx 14 $\mu s$ , HD-POL shows 1.

### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

Register Name	Function					
	Polarity detection to VD-IN					
VD-POL	0: Positive 1: Negative					
	Detects the width from the VD-IN pin to determine whether it is negative or not. When the High level of the input VD-IN is wider than approx 4.5 ms, VD-POL shows 1.					
	Horizontal format detection					
	0000: 15.625/15.75kHz 0001: 28.125kHz 0010: 31.25/31.5kHz 0011: 33.75kHz					
	0100: 37.5/37.9kHz 0101: 45/48kHz 0110: 64kHz/67.5kHz 0111: 75kHz					
	1000 56.25kHz 1001 ~ 1111: Undefined					
H FORMAT	Detects a horizontal format (horizontal frequency).					
	NOTE1: Format detection errors such as the following can occur when suppressed syncs are input. See NOTE3 in the function description on Automatic sync processing mode, too. 525i input → 525p detected, 625i input → 625p detected, 1125i input → 1125p detected 525p/625p input → No V-sync detected					
	NOTE2: When 525i, 625i, 1125/50i or 1125/60i signal is input, H FORMAT data can be incorrect caused by the pseudo-syncs for copy guard or the equalizing pulses.					
	Vertical format detection					
V FORMAT	00: 50 Hz 01: 60 Hz 10 ~ 11: Undefined					
	Detects a vertical format (horizontal frequency) according to V FREQ DET data.					
	Horizontal format detection 2					
	0: Known 1: Unknown					
H FM2	Detects whether an input is in one of the defined formats or not. This is based on H FORMAT data.					
	NOTE: H FM2 may indicate Unknown, when 525p input with pseudo sync signal for copy guard is input.					
	Vertical format detection 2					
V FM2	0: Known 1: Unknown					
	Detects whether an input is in one of the defined formats or not. This is based on V FORMAT data.					
	Input detection to horizontal syncs					
H IN	0: No signal 1: Signal					
V/ INI	Input detection to vertical syncs					
V IN	0: No signal 1: Signal					
	V-SYNC width detection					
	0: Wide 1: Narrow					
V-SYNC-W	Detects V-SYNC width for detecting 1250i format. Under A-SYNC = 1 (ON), V-SYNC-W shows 1, when the VD width from the VD-IN pin is narrower than approx 69 $\mu$ s, or when the V-SYNC width from the SYNC-IN pin is narrower than approx 27 $\mu$ s.					
VERSION	IC version identification					
VERSION	00: TB1305FG 01: TB1308FG 10: 11:					
	Counts the vertical frequency of an input selected by SYNC SW.					
	0000000: Over 3.5kHz 1001111: 44Hz or less					
	1010000~11111111: No signal					
V FREQ DET	How to calculate a vertical frequency (Y):					
	Convert data read from V FREQ DET into decimal value and call it X.					
	Vertical frequency (Y) = $1 \div (X \times 2.8607 \times 10^{-4})$ [Hz]					
	The error range of X is -1 to +1.					
	Counts the horizontal frequency of an input selected by SYNC SW.					
	00000000: No signal 11111111: Over 85kHz					
H FREQ DET	How to calculate a horizontal frequency (Y):					
	Convert data read from H FREQ DET into decimal value and call it X.					
	Horizontal frequency (Y) = $1 \div (0.003 \div X)$ [Hz]					
	The error range of X is $-1$ to $+1$ .					

- Note 1: In determining the decision algorithms (detection range, detection times and so on) for H/V frequency detection, it is necessary to take into account both previously mentioned cautions and other factors such as signal conditions and I<sup>2</sup>CBUS data transmission in the course of prototype TV set evaluation.
- Note 2: The READ BUS flags indicate that a certain signal is detected at a given moment. However, the detection result will not be very reliable if only one flag is checked. To obtain accuracy, it is recommended that a judgment will be made on the basis of confirming several times and verifying agreement among the majority of flags read in a sequence and/or at the same time.

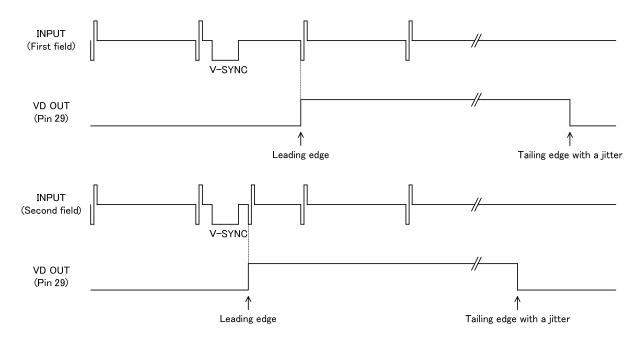
#### **Function Descriptions**

#### Vertical sync separation for 1250i/50

When HV FREQ = 1000, the vertical sync separation for 1250i/50 is accomplished through the use of a special circuit. The phase of the VD-out (pin 29) depends on the H-SYNC timing shown in the figure below. There is no VD-out when there is no H-SYNC input.

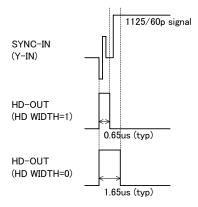
In the manual sync processing mode (A-SYNC = OFF), use READ BUS functions, V-SYNC-W and H, V FORMAT (or H, V FREQ DET) to detect 1250i/50.

NOTE: The VD-OUT's tailing edge has a jitter. Use the leading edge only.



#### HD width

HD-OUT width is selectable by HD WIDTH, as below. HD WIDTH = 1 (NARROW) is recommended for the 1125/50p/60p format owing to crosstalk from HD-OUT to video signals so that spike noises on video signals will occur.



#### Automatic sync processing mode (A-SYNC)

Counted horizontal and vertical frequency data to input signal are returned to READ BUS functions, H, V FREQ DET. Also, the detected format is returned to H, V FORMAT and H, FM2 when the H/V frequencies are in internal defined ranges. Input detection results, which indicate whether there is an input or not, for H, V-SYNC or HD, VD are returned to H, V IN. In automatic sync processing mode (when A-SYNC = ON), the TB1305FG and TB1308FG operate as indicated in the following table according to these READ data.

INPUT CONDITION	H, V FORMAT status	H, V FM2 status	H, V IN status	HD, VD outputs
Standard format	The format as input	The format as input Known		The separated sync as input
Non-standard format	The status indicates not the current condition but the last detected format.	Unknown	Signal	The separated sync as input
No input	The status indicates not the current condition but the last detected format.	Known: The status indicates not the current condition but the last detected format.	No signal	Dummy HD and VD, of which the frequency depends on the H, V FORMAT status

NOTE 3: The following format detection errors can occur when suppressed syncs are input.

525i input  $\rightarrow$  525p detected, 625i input $\rightarrow$  625p detected, 1125i input $\rightarrow$  1125p detected 525p/625p inputs  $\rightarrow$  In case of the 525p/625p sync amplitude become bigger from zero to its standard gradually, V-sync of the input is not detected even though the sync amplitude is got back to its standard amplitude.

The V-sync separation performance to the suppressed sync input may be improved when VGA-SEP is set to 1 (VGA), though the H and V separation level are also changed.

- NOTE 4: We recommend recognizing a format by H/V FREQ DET rather than one by H/V FORMAT because H FORMAT and H FM2 can indicate an incorrect data for 525i, 625i, 525p, 1125/50i and 1125/60i caused by the pseudo-syncs for copy guard or the equalizing pulses.
- NOTE 5: Dummy HD and VD may become unstable while the mode is changing from one format to another.

By the way, in A-SYNC = OFF and S-MODE = ON mode, dummy HD and VD are output according to HV FREQ setting when there is no input.

#### Manual sync processing mode (A-SYNC = OFF \*NOTE6)

HV FREQ = 625p is required to separate H-SYNC and V-SYNC properly. Set HV FREQ = 625p to count H/V-SYNC for Manual sync processing mode.

The following is an example of how to detect H/V frequency when A-SYNC=OFF.

- 1. Set HV FREQ = 625p(0010) and read data such as H, V FREQ DET.
- 2. Detect the H/V frequencies by microprocessor or similar means, depending on the data obtained.
- 3. Set HV FREQ and so on to the detected mode.
- 4. Continue to monitor the obtained data such as H, V FREQ DET. When any alteration is recognized, set HV FREQ = 625p(0010) and detect again.

Decision algorithms (for detection range, detection times and so on) for H/V frequency detection should be determined taking into account the above-mentioned errors in measuring H/V frequencies and the other factors such as signal conditions and I<sup>2</sup>CBUS data transmission in the course of prototype TV set evaluation.

NOTE 6: We recommend recognizing formats for 525i and 625i signals by another device such as a color-decoder, not by this product, because 525i and 625i signals include non-standard signals.

However, if you use this product to recognize formats including the standard 525i and 625i, set "A-SYNC = ON". Otherwise, H/V FREQ DET and H/V FORMAT may indicate incorrect value and VD-OUT may lock irregularly for 525i and 625i signals. Refer to the "Application circuit 3 (system configuration)", too.

#### Sync separation level

The sync separation level is changed according to the ratio of H-sync width to one line and the connected resistance. Typical sync separation levels for each format are as follows. Then, VGA-SEP=1 for VGA to UXGA.

Format	H۷	/-SEP = 0 (LO	W)	ΗV	/-SEP = 1 (HIG	GH)
Format	R = 1.2 kΩ	R = 1.5 kΩ	R = 1.8 kΩ	R = 1.2 kΩ	R = 1.5 kΩ	R = 1.8 kΩ
625/50i	22	28	33	24	32	37
525/60i	22	28	34	24	31	37
625/50p	22	28	34	25	31	38
525/60p	21	27	32	24	30	36
1125/50i	31	39	45	40	49	54
1125/60i	26	33	39	34	43	50
750/50p	29	37	43	37	46	52
750/60p	24	31	37	32	40	47
1250/50i	25	32	37	32	41	47
1125/50p	36	45	51	45	54	58
1125/60p	31	39	45	39	49	55
VGA/60	15	19	23	16	21	25
SVGA/60	15	18	22	16	20	24
XGA/60	17	22	26	19	24	28
SXGA/60	27	33	39	30	37	43

Unit [%] ; where 286 mVp-p sync for 525/60i and 300 mVp-p sync for others

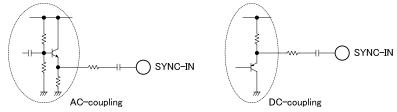
For "Sync on G" signal, HD-OUT is not output during V-sync period because there is no H-sync during V-sync period. Furthermore, for Sync on G of XGA input, HD-OUT disappears during active video period caused by unexpected lock of the internal V-BLK.

The format detection and sync separation performances are changed due to the separation level set by HV-SEP, VGA-SEP setting and/or the connected resistance with SYNC-IN pin. The careful evaluations are required to set the separation level under consideration of expected input conditions such as a suppressed sync input, an input with V-sag and APL (Average Picture Level) fluctuations.

#### Note on Sync input pin

If the AC-coupling circuit is put before the SYNC-IN pin, the picture on the screen may be not stable. This is because the sync separation circuit is unable to follow the DC level fluctuation caused by APL (Average Picture Level) change in the input signal, and the HD and/or VD output is unable to synchronize the input.

It is recommended to input signals via the DC-coupling buffer if necessary.



For the DC level fluctuation caused by APL change, the sync separation ability may be improved to change the setting of HV-SEP, VGA-SEP and/or changing the resister R. Furthermore, adding a high-resistance around several  $M\Omega$  between SYNC-IN pin and GND (or Vcc) may improve the sync separation ability.

Adding DC restoration circuit such as a clamp circuit can be also effective for the improvement of DC level fluctuation. Also, refer to Sync separation level descriptions.

#### Prefilter for AD converter

The filter of the TB1305FG and TB1308FG can be used as a prefilter for AD converter. The cutoff frequency is controllable by I2CBUS functions, FILPASS, f0-SW, BANDWIDTH and fc HALF. The characteristics for cutoff frequency and delay time are as below.

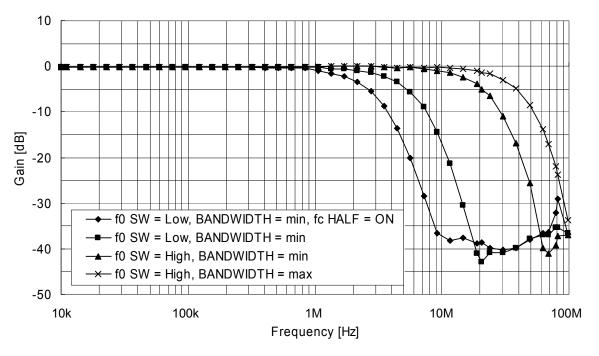
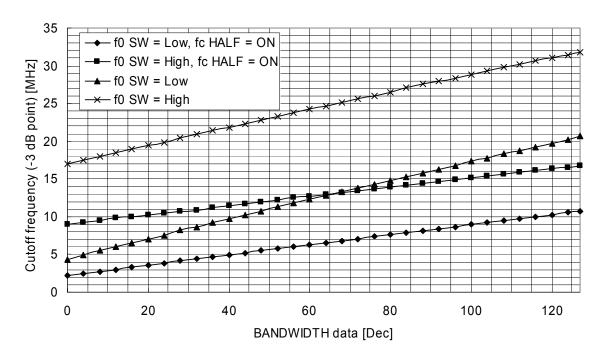
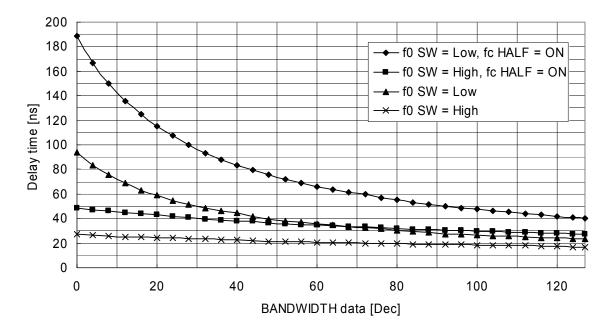


Figure. Typical prefilter frequency characteristics



# Figure. Typical cutoff frequency (-3 dB point) characteristics of prefilter due to BANDWIDTH data.



### Figure. Typical delay-time (group delay @ 1MHz) characteristics of prefilter due to BANDWIDTH data.

#### Note on 1125/50p/60p input

When 1125/50p and/or 60p signal are input, GAIN = 0(0dB) and FILPASS = 0(ON) are recommended due to the performance of the slew rate and cutoff frequency of the TB1305FG and TB1308FG circuits. A gain amplifier and/or a prefilter for 1125/50p/60p should be added as external circuits, if necessary.

#### Note on video output pins

To conduct the video signal from the TB1305FG or TB1308FG to the following circuits, a buffer such as the one in the application circuits is required due to the drive capability of the TB1305FG and TB1308FG being insufficient, especially for high-frequency components.

The DC levels of the video output vary according to I<sup>2</sup>CBUS functions, the APL of the input and temperature drift.Therefore, the DC levels should be re-clamped in connected circuits such as AD converters.

#### **Recommended crystal oscillator**

When a connected crystal oscillator is used for the XO, the following oscillation specifications are required. Oscillation frequency (fundamental): 3.579545 MHz (for NTSC decoding) Frequency tolerance: +/- 50 ppm

#### External CW input into crystal oscillator pin

Instead of connecting a crystal oscillator, it is possible to input an external CW (Continual Wave) into pin 21 through a capacitor as below.

The specifications required for CW input are as follows.

Input frequency (fundamental): 3.579545 MHz +/- 50 ppm

Input amplitude: 1.0 Vp-p +/- 0.5 Vp-p

(21) XTAL 220pF

### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

#### How to deal with unused pins

Unused pins should be dealt with as below. Pins not mentioned below should be connected properly.

Pin No.	Pin Name	Procedure	Pin No.	Pin Name	Procedure
1	Cr1/R1-IN	Procedure 1	25	VD2-IN	Procedure 4
2	LINE3-1	Procedure 2	26	HD2-IN	Procedure 4
3	Cb1/B1-IN	Procedure 1	27	ADDRESS	Procedure 3
4	LINE2-1	Procedure 2	28	SYNC-OUT	Procedure 3
5	Y1/G1-IN	Procedure 1	29	VD-OUT	Procedure 3
6	LINE1-1	Procedure 2	30	HD-OUT	Procedure 3
7	NC	Procedure 2	32	Y-OUT	Procedure 3
8	SYNC1-IN	Procedure 3	34	Cb-OUT	Procedure 3
9	SW LINE2	Procedure 2	36	Cr-OUT	Procedure 3
10	Cr2/R2-IN	Procedure 1	37	NC	Procedure 2
11	LINE3-2	Procedure 2	38	SYNC3-IN	Procedure 3
12	Cb2/B2-IN	Procedure 1	39	Y3/G3-IN	Procedure 1
13	LINE2-2	Procedure 2	41	Cb3/B3-IN	Procedure 1
14	Y2/G2-IN	Procedure 1	42	DAC2	Procedure 3
15	LINE1-2	Procedure 2	43	Cr3/R3-IN	Procedure 1
16	SYNC2-IN	Procedure 3	45	C-IN	Procedure 1
17	DAC1	Procedure 3	47	Y-IN	Procedure 1
23	VD1-IN	Procedure 4	48	SW LINE1	Procedure 2
24	HD1-IN	Procedure 4	_	_	

Procedure 1: Connect a 1  $\mu\text{F}$  capacitor between this pin and GND.

Procedure 2: Connect to GND.

Procedure 3: Leave open.

Procedure 4: Connect a 10 k $\Omega$  resister between this pin and GND.

NOTE: Pins 38, 39, 41 and 43 are NC pins for the TB1305FG. Of these, any unused pins should be dealt with as in "Procedure 2".

### How to Start the I<sup>2</sup>CBUS

How to send bus data after power on is described below. Use software to handle the procedure.

1. Turn power on.

2. Transmit all write data.

### How to Transmit/Receive via the I<sup>2</sup>CBUS

### Slave Address: Can Be Changed Using Pin 27.

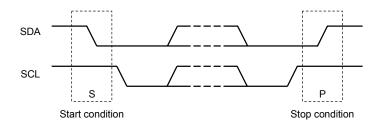
#### Pin 27-GND: D8<sub>H</sub>/D9<sub>H</sub>

A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	W/R
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0/1

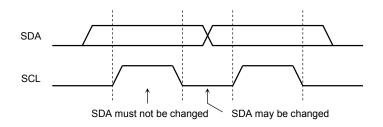
#### Pin 27-Vcc: DC<sub>H</sub>/DD<sub>H</sub>

A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	W/R
1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0/1

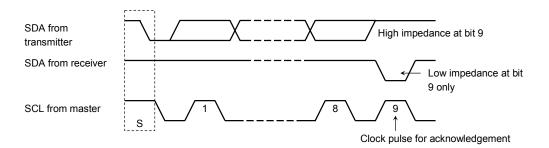
#### **Start and Stop Conditions**



#### **Bit Transmission**



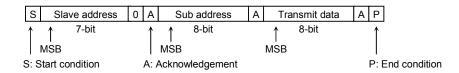
#### Acknowledgement



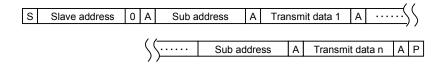
#### Pin 27-OPEN: DA<sub>H</sub>/DB<sub>H</sub>

A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1	A0	W/R
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0/1

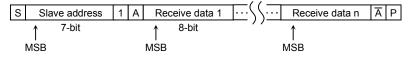
#### **Data Transmit Format 1**



#### **Data Transmit Format 2**



#### **Data Receive Format**



To receive data, the master transmitter changes to a receiver immediately after the first acknowledgement. The slave receiver changes to a transmitter. The end condition is always created by the master.

#### **Optional Data Transmit Format (Automatic Increment Mode)**

S	Slave address	0	A 1	Sub address	Α	Transmit data 1	 Transmit data n	А	Ρ
	↑ <sup>7-bit</sup>		1	7-bit		↑ <sup>8-bit</sup>	↑ <sup>8-bit</sup>		
	MSB		MS	B		MSB	MSB		

In this way, sub-addresses are automatically incremented from the specified sub-address and data are set.

#### I<sup>2</sup>CBUS Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Low level input voltage	VIL	0	-	1.1	V
High level input voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.8	Ι	H-Vcc	V
Hysteresis of Schmitt trigger inputs	V <sub>hys</sub>	-	0.7	-	V
Low level output voltage at 3 mA sink current	V <sub>OL1</sub>	0	-	0.6	V
Input current each I/O pin with an input voltage between 0.1 VDD and 0.9 VDD	li	-10	_	10	μA
Capacitance for each I/O pin	Ci	-	-	10	pF
SCL clock frequency	f <sub>SCL</sub>	0	-	400	kHz
Hold time START condition	t <sub>hd;sta</sub>	0.6	Ι	-	μS
Low period of SCL clock	t <sub>LOW</sub>	1.3	Ι	-	μS
High period of SCL clock	t <sub>HIGH</sub>	0.6	Ι	-	μS
Set-up time for a repeated START condition	t <sub>su;sta</sub>	0.6	I	-	μS
Data hold time	$t_{HD;DAT}$	50	-	-	ns
Data set-up time	t <sub>su;dat</sub>	100	_	_	ns
Set-up time for STOP condition	t <sub>su;sто</sub>	0.6	_	_	μS
Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	t <sub>BUF</sub>	1.3	-	-	μS

NOTE: This parameter is not tested during production and is provided only as information to assist the design of applications.

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CCmax</sub>	6.0	V
Input pin voltage	V <sub>in</sub>	GND - 0.3 ~ Vcc + 0.3	V
Y or Sync input amplitude (pins 5, 8, 14, 16, 38, 39, 47) (Pins 38, 39 are for the TB1308FG only.)	Y <sub>in</sub>	2.0	Vp-p
Power dissipation	P <sub>D</sub> (Note 5)	1136	mW
Power dissipation reduction rate	1/θја	9.1	mW/°C
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20 ~ 75	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	<i>–</i> 55 ~ 150	°C

Note 5: Refer to the figure below.

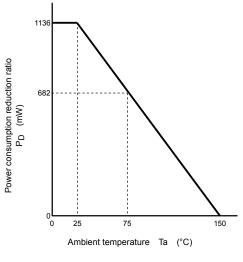


Figure. P<sub>D</sub> - Ta Curve

Note 6: Handle pins 7 and 37 of the TB1305FG and TB1308FG with special care. These ICs are sensitive to electrostatic discharge and surge impulse.

Install the product correctly. Otherwise, it may result in break down, damage and/or degradation to the product or equipment.

The absolute maximum ratings of a semiconductor device are a set of specified parameter values that must not be exceeded during operation, even for an instant.

If any of these ratings are exceeded during operation, the electrical characteristics of the device may be irreparably altered, in which case the reliability and lifetime of the device can no longer be guaranteed.

Moreover, operations with exceeded ratings may cause breakdown, damage and/or degradation in other equipment. Applications using the device should be designed so that no maximum rating will ever be exceeded under any operating conditions.

Before using, creating and/or producing designs, refer to and comply with the precautions and conditions set forth in these documents.

### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

### **Operating conditions**

Characteris	tic	Description		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
		Pins 31, 46		4.7	5.0	5.3	v	
Supply voltage (V <sub>CC</sub> )		Pin 22; supply power from H Vcc (pin 3	1) via a resistor.	3.1	3.3	3.5	v	
Y signal input amplitude	•	Pins 5, 8, 14, 16, 38, 39, 47; with sync		_	1.0	_	V <sub>p-p</sub>	
G signal input amplitude	;	Pins 8, 16, 38; with sync			1.0	_	V <sub>p-p</sub>	
		Pins 5, 14, 39		0	_	60	MHz	
Y signal input frequency	1	Pin 47		0	_	8		
Chroma signal input am	plitude	Pin 45		_	0.3	2	V <sub>p-p</sub>	
DC voltage of chroma input pin		Pin 45			_	3.6	V	
Cb, Cr, Pb, Pr signal input amplitude		Pins 1, 3, 10, 12, 41, 43; 100% color ba	r signal		0.7	_	V <sub>p-p</sub>	
Cb, Cr, Pb, Pr signal input frequency		Pins 1, 3, 10, 12, 41, 43			_	60	MHz	
R, G, B signal input amplitude		Pins 1, 3, 5, 10, 12, 14, 39, 41, 43; 100% white signal without sync			0.7	_	V <sub>p-p</sub>	
R, G, B signal input frequency		Pins 1, 3, 5, 10, 12, 14, 39, 41, 43, 39, 4	41, 43	0	_	60	MHz	
HD, VD signal input am	plitude	Pins 23, 24, 25, 26		1.0	_	2.0	V <sub>p-p</sub>	
HD input frequency		Pins 24, 26 for freq counter			_	85	kHz	
VD input frequency		Pins 23, 25 for freq counter			_	3500	Hz	
			Н	3.5	5.0	C-Vcc	V	
	LINE1,3	Pins 2, 6, 11, 15	М	1.4	2.2	2.4		
			L		GND	0.6		
LINE detection input voltage	LINE2	Ding 4, 12	Н	1.4	2.2	C-Vcc	V	
5	LINEZ	Pins 4, 13	L	_	GND	0.6	v	
	SW LINE	Pins 9, 48	Н	1.4	5.0	C-Vcc	v	
	SVV LINE	F IIIS 9, 40		_	GND	0.6	v	
			88/89 <sub>H</sub>		GND	0.6		
ADDRESS switching vo	ltage	Pin 27	DA/DB <sub>H</sub>		Pin open	l	V	
		DC/DD <sub>H</sub>		3.5	C-Vcc	C-Vcc	1	
SDA input current		Pin 18		_	_	3	mA	

Remark: Supply power to all Vcc pins (pins 22, 31 and 46).

NOTE: Pins 38, 39, 41 and 43, as Y/Cb/Cr/SYNC3-IN, are available for the TB1308FG only. Pins 38, 39, 41 and 43 of the TB1305FG are NC pins.

### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

(Unless otherwise specified, C and H V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, D V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, Ta =  $25^{\circ}$ C, I<sup>2</sup>CBUS data: preset values)

#### **Current Consumption**

Pin Name	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
C V <sub>CC</sub> (pin 46)	Iccc	—	30.0	38.0	46.0	
H V <sub>CC</sub> (pin 31)	ICCH	—	4.5	6.0	7.5	mA
D V <sub>CC</sub> (pin 22)	I <sub>CCD</sub>	Resistance to 5 V; R = 150 $\Omega$	8.5	10.5	12.5	

#### Pin Voltage (test condition: no signal input)

Pin No.	Pin Name	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
1	Cr1/R1-IN	V <sub>1</sub>	—	2.6	2.7	2.8	
2	LINE3-1	V <sub>2</sub>	—	4.8	_	_	
3	Cb1/B1-IN	V <sub>3</sub>	—	2.6	2.7	2.8	
4	LINE2-1	V4	—	4.8	_	_	
5	Y1/G1-IN	V <sub>5</sub>	—	1.95	2.1	2.25	
6	LINE1-1	V <sub>6</sub>	—	4.8	_	_	
8	SYNC1-IN	V <sub>8</sub>	—	1.4	1.75	2.1	
9	SW LINE2	V <sub>9</sub>	—	4.8			
10	Cr2/R2-IN	V <sub>10</sub>	—	2.6	2.7	2.8	
11	LINE3-2	V <sub>11</sub>	—	4.8			
12	Cb2/B2-IN	V <sub>12</sub>	_	2.6	2.7	2.8	
13	LINE2-2	V <sub>13</sub>	_	4.8			
14	Y2/G2-IN	V <sub>14</sub>	_	1.95	2.1	2.25	
15	LINE1-2	V <sub>15</sub>	_	4.8			
16	SYNC2-IN	V <sub>16</sub>	_	1.4	1.75	2.1	
21	XTAL	V <sub>21</sub>	_	3.7	3.85	4.0	
22	DIG Vcc	V <sub>22</sub>	Resistance to 5 V; R = 150 $\Omega$	3.2	3.35	3.5	
23	VD1-IN	V <sub>23</sub>	_	1.2	1.45	1.7	V
24	HD1-IN	V <sub>24</sub>	_	1.2	1.45	1.7	
25	VD2-IN	V <sub>25</sub>	_	1.2	1.45	1.7	
26	HD2-IN	V <sub>26</sub>	_	1.2	1.45	1.7	
27	ADDRESS	V <sub>27</sub>	Pin open	1.8	2.0	2.2	
32	Y-OUT	V <sub>32</sub>	_	0.3	1.0	1.7	
34	Cb-OUT	V <sub>34</sub>	_	1.5	1.95	2.4	
35	Vf0ADJ	V <sub>35</sub>	_	2.2	2.5	2.8	
36	Cr-OUT	V <sub>36</sub>	_	1.5	1.95	2.4	
38	SYNC3-IN	V <sub>38</sub>	For the TB1308FG only	1.4	1.75	2.1	
39	Y3/G3-IN	V <sub>39</sub>	For the TB1308FG only	1.95	2.1	2.25	
40	BIAS FIL	V <sub>40</sub>	—	1.6	1.8	2.0	
41	Cb3/B3-IN	V <sub>41</sub>	For the TB1308FG only	2.6	2.7	2.8	
43	Cr3/R3-IN	V <sub>43</sub>	For the TB1308FG only	2.6	2.7	2.8	
45	C-IN	V <sub>45</sub>	_	1.6	1.7	1.8	
47	Y-IN	V47	_	1.95	2.1	2.25	
48	SW LINE1	V <sub>48</sub>	_	4.8			

### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

#### Video Block

Cha	racteristic		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	
	Sync-tip cla	amp mode	Vdsync		1.40	1.65	_		
Input dynamic range	Bias mode		Vdbias	FILPASS = 1, BANDWIDTH = max	1.40	1.65	_	Vp-p	
	Chroma in	put	Vdchrm	Pin 45	1.40	1.65	_		
	1	GAIN = 0	Gfoffg0		-1.0	-0.5	0		
		GAIN = 1	Gfoffg6	FILPASS = 0, input = 0.2Vp-p 10 kHz	5.0	5.5	6.0		
I/O gain		GAIN = 0	Gfong0	FILPASS = 1, f0 SW = 0,	-0.5	0	0.5	dB	
		GAIN = 1	Gfong6	BANDWIDTH = min, input = 0.2 Vp-p 10 kHz	5.5	6.0	6.5		
I/O frequency	GAIN = (	)	fg0		70	90	110		
characteristic 1	GAIN = 1		fg6	FILPASS = 0, -3 dB point, NOTE 7	60	80	100	MHz	
	BANDW	DTH = max	fLmax		18.4	20.5	22.6		
I/O frequency	frequency racteristic 2 BANDWIDTH = cnt BANDWIDTH = min		fLcnt	FILPASS = 1, GAIN = 0, f0 SW = 1, -3 dB point, NOTE 7	11.4	12.7	14.0	MHz	
characteristic 2			fLmin		3.7	4.2	4.7		
	BANDW	DTH = max	fHmax		27.9	31.0	34.1		
I/O frequency characteristic 3	BANDW	BANDWIDTH = cnt		FILPASS = 1, GAIN = 0, f0 SW = 0, -3 dB point, NOTE 7	21.6	24.0	26.4	MHz	
	BANDW	BANDWIDTH = min			14.6	16.3	18.0		
	BANDW	BANDWIDTH = max			9.2	10.3	11.4		
I/O frequency characteristic 4	BANDW	DTH = cnt	fhfLcnt	FILPASS = 1, GAIN = 0, f0 SW = 1, fc HALF = 1, -3 dB point, NOTE 7	5.7	6.4	7.1	MHz	
BANDWIDTH =		DTH = min	fhfLmin		1.85	2.1	2.35		
	BANDWIDTH = max		fhfHmax		13.9	15.5	17.1		
I/O frequency characteristic 5	BANDW	DTH = cnt	fhfHcnt	FILPASS = 1, GAIN = 0, f0 SW = 0, fc HALF = 1, -3 dB point, NOTE 7	10.8	12	13.2	MHz	
	BANDW	DTH = min	fhfHmin		7.3	8.2	9.1		
Differential 1 of frequency	GAIN = (	)	fdg0		-10	0	10	N411-	
characteristic among 3 outputs	GAIN = 1		fdg6	FILPASS = 0, -3 dB point, NOTE 7	-10	0	10	MHz	
Differential 2 of	BANDW	DTH = max	fdHmax		-0.90	0	0.90		
frequency characteristic	BANDW	DTH = cnt	fdHcnt	FILPASS = 1, f0 SW = 1, -3 dB point, NOTE 7	-0.54	0	0.54	MHz	
among 3 outputs	BANDW	DTH = min	fdHmin		-0.18	0	0.18		
Differential 3 of	BANDW	DTH = max	fdHmax		-1.30	0	1.30		
frequency characteristic	BANDW	DTH = cnt	fdHcnt	FILPASS = 1, f0 SW = 0, -3 dB point, NOTE 7	-1.05	0	1.05	MHz	
among 3 outputs	BANDW	DTH = min	fdHmin		-0.70	0	0.70		
	GAIN = (	)	Tdg0		_	5	10		
I/O delay time 1	GAIN = 1		Tdg6	FILPASS = 0, 1 MHz, NOTE 7	_	5	10	ns	
	BANDW	DTH = max	TdLmax		18	23	28		
I/O delay time 2	BANDW	DTH = cnt	TdLcnt	FILPASS = 1, GAIN = 0, f0 SW = 1, 1 MHz. NOTE 7	29	34	39	ns	
	BANDWIDTH = min		TdLmin		85	95	105		
	BANDW	DTH = max	TdHmax		10	15	20		
I/O delay time 3	BANDW	DTH = cnt	TdHcnt	FILPASS = 1, GAIN = 0, f0 SW = 0, 1 MHz, NOTE 7	15	20	25	ns	
	BANDW	DTH = min	TdHmin			27	32	1	
	BANDW	DTH = max	TdhfLmax		35	40	45		
I/O delay time 4	BANDW	DTH = cnt	TdhfLcnt	FILPASS = 1, GAIN = 0, f0 SW = 1, fc HALF = 1, 1 MHz, NOTE 7	58	65	72	ns	
	BANDW	BANDWIDTH = min TdhfLmi		, <b>.</b> , <b>2</b> . <b>2</b> .	170	190	210	-	

### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

Characteristic		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
	BANDWIDTH = max	TdhfHmax	FILPASS = 1, GAIN = 0, f0 SW = 0, fc HALF = 1, 1 MHz, NOTE 7	22	27	32	ns
I/O delay time 5	BANDWIDTH = cnt	TdhfHcnt		29	34	39	
	BANDWIDTH = min	TdhfHmin		45	50	55	
Differential 1 of	GAIN = 0	Tddg0		-10	0	10	ns
delay time among 3 outputs	GAIN = 1	Tddg6	FILPASS = 0, 1 MHz, NOTE 7	-10	0	10	
Differential 2 of delay time among	BANDWIDTH = max	TddHmax	FILPASS = 1, f0 SW = 1, 1 MHz, NOTE 7	-10	0	10	ns
	BANDWIDTH = cnt	TddHcnt		-10	0	10	
3 outputs	BANDWIDTH = min	TddHmin		-10	0	10	
Differential 3 of	BANDWIDTH = max	TddHmax		0	10	20	ns
delay time between Y and	BANDWIDTH = cnt	TddHcnt	FILPASS = 1, f0 SW = 0, fc HALF = 1, 1 MHz, NOTE 7	10	20	30	
Cb/Cr outputs	BANDWIDTH = min	TddHmin		35	45	55	
Differential 4 of	BANDWIDTH = max	TddHmax	FILPASS = 1, f0 SW = 0, fc HALF = 1, 1 MHz, NOTE 7	-10	0	10	ns
delay time between Cb and Cr outputs	BANDWIDTH = cnt	TddHcnt		-10	0	10	
	BANDWIDTH = min	TddHmin		-10	0	10	
Mute mode attenua	Mute mode attenuation		30 MHz sin wave input, NOTE 7	_	_	-50	dB
Crosstalk among in	puts	Gcrs	30 MHz sin wave input, NOTE 7	_	_	-50	dB

NOTE 7: This parameter is not tested during production and is provided only as information to assist the design of applications.

#### Synchronization Block (Test condition: A-SYNC = 1 (ON))

Characteristic		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
		505/00:	VsepL1	HV-SEP = 0, 286 mVp-p sync, NOTE 7	24	28	32	%
		525/60i	VsepH1	HV-SEP = 1, 286 mVp-p sync, NOTE 7	27	31	35	70
H/V-sync separatio		4405/00	VsepL2	HV-SEP = 0, 0.3 Vp-p sync, NOTE 7	30	34	38	%
H/V-Sync Separatic		1125/60i	VsepH2	HV-SEP = 1, 0.3 Vp-p sync, NOTE 7	40	44	48	
		SVGA/60	VsepL3	HV-SEP = 0, VGA-SEP = 1, 0.3 Vp-p sync, NOTE 7	14	18	22	%
			VsepH3	HV-SEP = 1, VGA-SEP = 1, 0.3 Vp-p sync, NOTE 7	16	20	24	
Threshold amplitud	Threshold amplitude for HD input		VthHD	SYNC SW = 100	0.8	—	—	Vp-р
Threshold amplitud	Threshold amplitude for VD input		VthVDn	SYNC SW = 100	0.9	_	_	Vp-р
HD-OUT voltage			VhdH	High level	3.2	3.4	3.5	v
HD-001 Vollage		VhdL	Low level	_	0.1	0.4	v	
HD-OUT width		Thdw0	HD WIDTH = 0	1.55	1.65	1.75		
		Thdw1	HD WIDTH = 1	0.55	0.65	0.75	us	
HD-OUT phase	H sync	-in to HD-out	Thdp1	SYNC-SW = 000, 1125/60p input	130	150	170	ns
no-oor pliase	HD-in to HD-out		Thdp2	SYNC-SW = 100, NOTE 7	23	28	32	ns

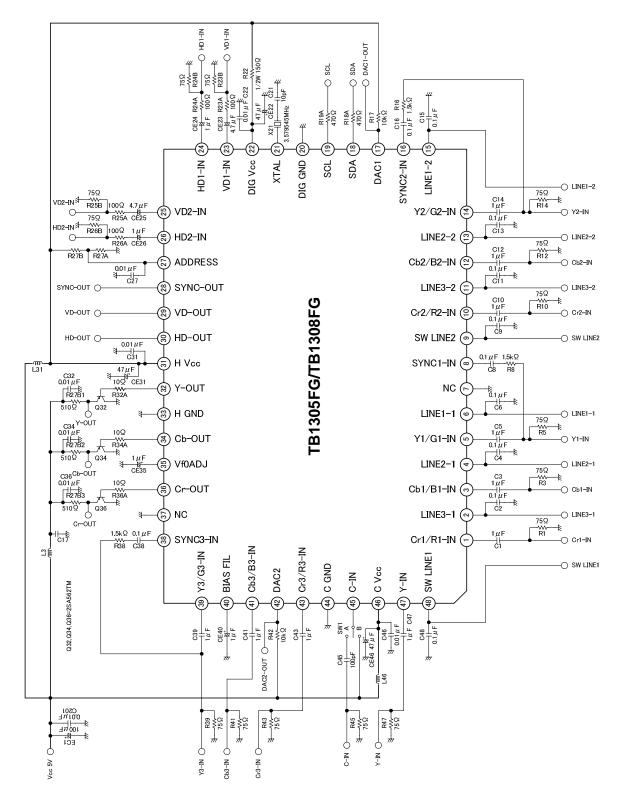
Characteristic		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit		
VD-OUT voltage		VvdH	High level	3.2	3.4	3.5	V		
		VvdL	Low level	_	0.1	0.4	v		
	Sync s	ер	Tvdws	Separated VD-OUT	_	290	_	us	
	1250i (	DDD	Tvdwodd		_	285	_	us	
VD-OUT width	1250i E	VEN	Tvdweven	When 1250i input		270			
	Free-ru	ın 1	Tvdwfi	Free-run VD-OUT in interlace mode		4	_		
	Free-ru	ın 2	Tvdwfp	Free-run VD-OUT in progressive mode	_	8	_	н	
			Tvdp1	625/50i input	0.15	0.20	0.26		
			Tvdp2	525/60i input	0.15	0.20	0.26		
			Tvdp3	625/50p input	0.15	0.20	0.26		
			Tvdp4	525/60p input	0.15	0.20	0.26	-	
			Tvdp5	1125/50i input	0.15	0.20	0.26		
			Tvdp6	1125/60i input	0.15	0.20	0.26		
			Tvdp7	750/50p input	0.15	0.20	0.26		
	V sync	-in to VD-out	Tvdp8	750/60p input	0.15	0.20	0.26	H	
VD-OUT phase			Tvdp9	1125/50p input	0.10	0.15	0.20		
			Tvdp10	1125/60p input	0.15	0.20	0.26		
			Tvdp11	VGA/60 input	0.15	0.20	0.26		
			Tvdp12	SVGA/60 input	0.15	0.20	0.26		
			Tvdp13	XGA input	0.15	0.20	0.26		
			Tvdp14	SXGA input	0.15	0.20	0.26		
			Tvdp15	UXGA input	0.15	0.20	0.26	1	
	H sync	-in to VD-out	Tvdp16	1250/50i input, H sync-in to VD-out	330	340	350	ns	
	VD-in t	o VD-out	Tvdp17	SYNC-SW=100, NOTE 7	23	28	32	ns	
Minimum amplitude			VsupvL	Suppressed H/V-sync input, without	_	_	52	%	
suppressed V-syno separate			VsupvH			_	48		
			VsoH	High level	3.2	3.4	3.5	- V	
SYNC-OUT volta	ge		VsoL	Low level		0.1	0.4		

### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

Characteristic		Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
		fh156	HV FREQ = 0000, S MODE = 1	_	15.564	_	
		fh157	HV FREQ = 0001, S MODE = 1	_	15.701	_	
		fh312	HV FREQ = 0010, S MODE = 1	_	31.401	_	
		fh315	HV FREQ = 0011, S MODE = 1	_	31.401	_	
		fh281	HV FREQ = 0100, S MODE = 1	_	27.966	_	
		fh337	HV FREQ = 0101, S MODE = 1	_	33.771	_	
Dummy HD-OUT frequency		fh375	HV FREQ = 0110, S MODE = 1	_	37.288	_	kHz
		fh450	HV FREQ = 0111, S MODE = 1	_	44.746	_	
		fh1250	HV FREQ = 1000, S MODE = 1	_	31.401	_	
		fh379	HV FREQ = 1001, S MODE = 1	_	37.288	_	
		fh640	HV FREQ = 1010, S MODE = 1	_	63.923	_	
		fh750	HV FREQ = 1011, S MODE = 1	_	74.577	_	
		fh562	HV FREQ = 1100, S MODE = 1	_	55.932	_	
		fv625i	HV FREQ = 0000, S MODE = 1	_	312.5	_	
		fv525i	HV FREQ = 0001, S MODE = 1	—	262.5	_	
		fv625p	HV FREQ = 0010, S MODE = 1	_	625	_	
		fv525p	HV FREQ = 0011, S MODE = 1	_	525	_	
		fv1125i5	HV FREQ = 0100, S MODE = 1	_	562.5	_	
		fv1125i6	HV FREQ = 0101, S MODE = 1	_	562.5	_	
		fv750p5	HV FREQ = 0110, S MODE = 1	_	750	_	
Dummy VD-OUT frequency		fv750p6	HV FREQ = 0111, S MODE = 1	_	750	_	
		fv1250iO	HV FREQ = 1000, S MODE = 1, ODD	_	624.5		
		fv1250iE	HV FREQ = 1000, S MODE = 1, EVEN	_	625.5	—	
		fvsvga	HV FREQ = 1001, S MODE = 1	_	628	_	
		fvsxga	HV FREQ = 1010, S MODE = 1	_	1066	_	
		fvuxga	HV FREQ = 1011, S MODE = 1	_	1250	_	
		fv1125p5	HV FREQ = 1100, S MODE = 1	_	1125	_	
VD PHS delay phase	others	Tvdphs1	No input, S MODE = 1, VD PHS = 1	0.15	0.2	0.26	ļ.,
VD FIIS delay pliase	1125/50p	Tvdphs2	10 mput, 3 mode - 1, vd FH3 - 1	0.1	0.15	0.2	н
LINE1 data ation throughold	L⇔M	VIn1LM	Din 6, 45	0.8	1.0	1.2	
LINE1 detection threshold M⇔F		VIn1MH	Pin 6, 15	2.8	3.0	3.2	1
LINE2 detection threshold L⇔H		VIn2LH	Pin 4, 13	0.8	1.0	1.2	
LINE2 data ation throughold	L⇔M	VIn3LM		0.8	1.0	1.2	
LINE3 detection threshold	M⇔H	VIn3MH	Pin 2, 11	2.8	3.0	3.2	
SW LINE detection threshold L⇔H		VInsLH	Pin 9, 48	0.8	1.0	1.2	
Input impedance of LINE input pin		Zline	Pin 2,4,6,9,11,13,15,48, NOTE 7	120	150	_	kΩ
		VdacH	High level	4.8	5.0	_	1
DAC1,2 output voltage		VdacL	Low level	_	0.2	0.4	- V
Test mode threshold voltage		Vontest	Pin 45, turned-on voltage for test mode	3.6	_	_	V

### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

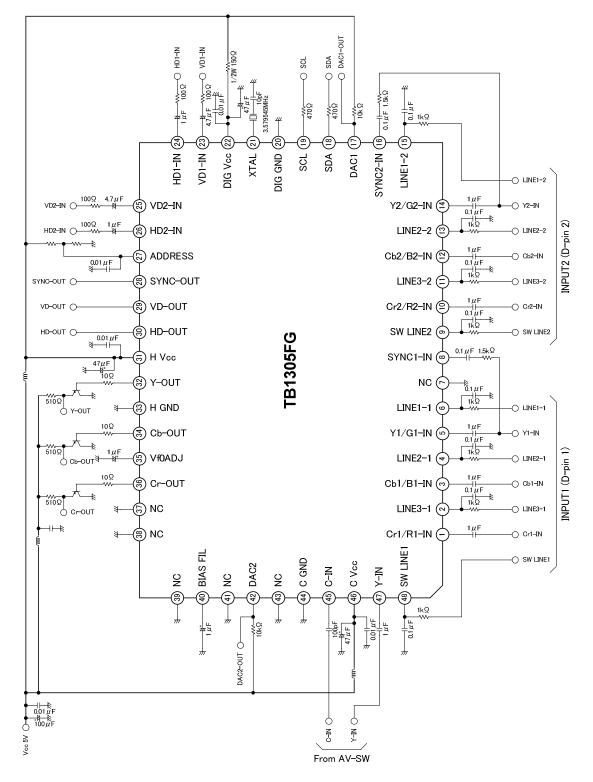
#### **Test circuit**



Components in the test circuits are only used to obtain and confirm the device characteristics. These components and circuits do not warrant to prevent the application equipment from malfunction or failure.

### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

#### Application circuit 1 (TB1305FG: typical values)



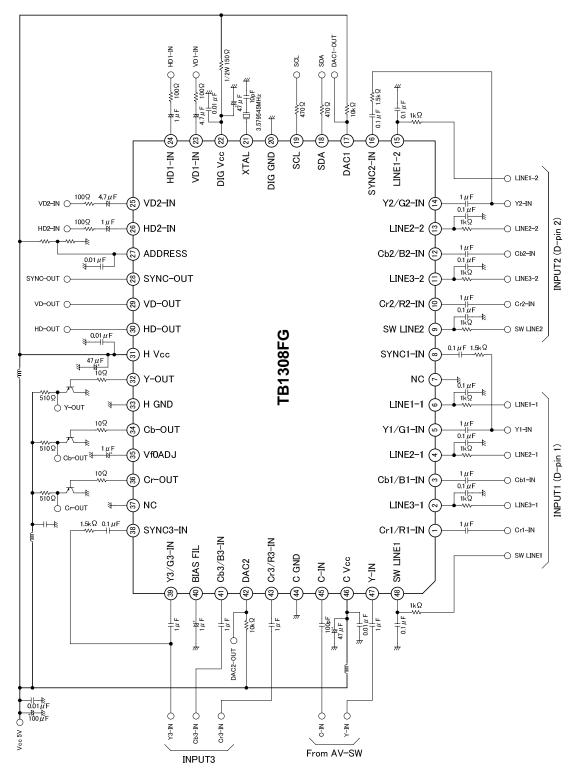
Input video signals, which are driven with low impedance.

The application circuits shown in this document are examples provided for reference purposes only. Thorough evaluation is required in the mass production design phase.

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### TB1305FG, TB1308FG

#### Application circuit 2 (TB1308FG: typical values)

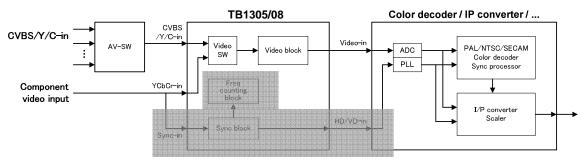


Input video signals, which are driven with low impedance.

The application circuits shown in this document are examples provided for reference purposes only. Thorough evaluation is required in the mass production design phase.

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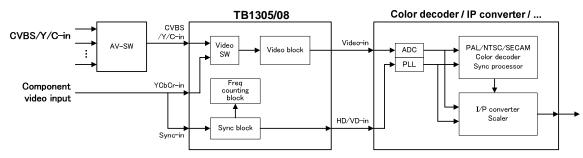
#### Application circuit 3 (system configuration)



#### (1) For non-standard signals such as CVBS, YC (S-video), 525i, 625i or so.

The TB1305FG and TB1308FG cannot be used for non-standard signals such as weak strength signals, ghost signals and so on. Therefore, these signals should be dealt with through the use of another device such as a color-decoder which is capable of handling these signals. In such cases, the signal switcher and the video circuits of the TB1305FG and TB1308FG can be used.

The TB1305FG and TB1308FG cannot distinguish between component and RGB video. The different kinds of input signal should be separated through the use of different signal-specific input pins; for example, specific-purpose pins for RGB video input only or component video input only.



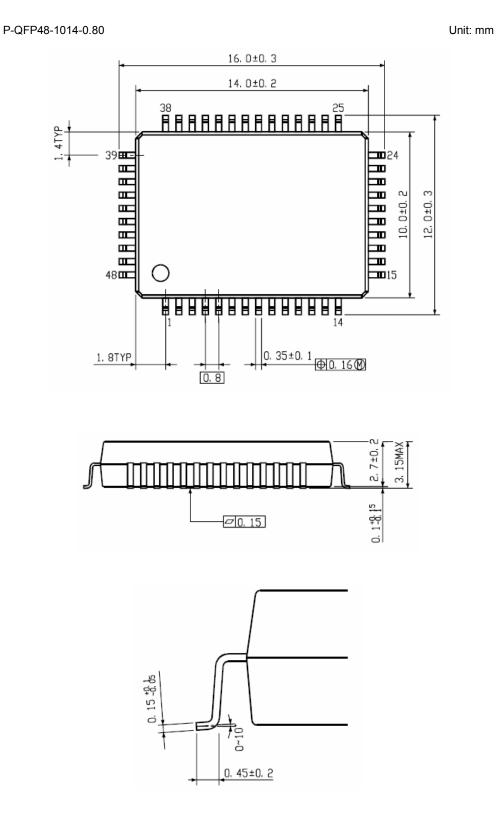
#### (2) For standard component video (SMPTE STANDARD) and standard RGB video (VESA STANDARD)

The TB1305FG and TB1308FG can detect a format type for standard signal inputs.

The application circuits shown in this document are examples provided for reference purposes only. Thorough evaluation is required in the mass production design phase.

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### Package dimensions



Weight: 0.83 g (typ.)

### Appendix: Comparison Table of the Family

#### 1) Pin functions

Pin No.	TB1305FG	TB1308FG
Pin 38	NC	SYNC3-IN
Pin 39	NC	Y3/G3-IN
Pin 41	NC	Cb3/B3-IN
Pin 43	NC	Cr3/R3-IN

2) Write BUS functions

Name	Data	TB1305FG	TB1308FG
YCbCr SW	11	Not available	Y3/Cb3/Cr3
	010	Not available	SYNC3
SYNC SW	110	HD1/VD1/Not available	HD1/VD1/SYNC3
	111	HD2/VD2/Not available	HD2/VD2/SYNC3

3) Read BUS functions

Name	TB1305FG	TB1308FG		
VERSION	00: TB1305FG	01: TB1308FG		

About solderability, following conditions were confirmed

- Solderability
  - (1) Use of Sn-37Pb solder Bath
    - $\cdot$  solder bath temperature = 230  $^{\circ}\text{C}$
    - dipping time = 5 seconds
    - $\cdot \,$  the number of times = once
    - use of R-type flux
  - (2) Use of Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu solder Bath
    - $\cdot$  solder bath temperature = 245°C
    - dipping time = 5 seconds
    - $\cdot$  the number of times = once
    - use of R-type flux

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