## FEATURES

- Specified Break-Before-Make Switching
- Negative Signaling Capability: Maximum Swing From -2.75 V to $2.75 \mathrm{~V}\left(\mathrm{~V}_{+}=2.75 \mathrm{~V}\right)$
- Internal Shunt Switch Prevents Audible Click-and-Pop When Switching Between Two Sources (TS5A22364)
- Low ON-State Resistance (0.65 $\Omega$ Typical)
- Low Charge Injection
- Excellent ON-State Resistance Matching
- $2.3-\mathrm{V}$ to $5.5-\mathrm{V}$ Power Supply ( $\mathrm{V}_{+}$)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
- 2500-V Human-Body Model
(A114-B, Class II)
- 1500-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- 200-V Machine Model (A115-A)


## APPLICATIONS

- Cell Phones
- PDAs
- Portable Instrumentation
- Audio Routing

YZP PACKAGE


Laser Marking View


YZP PACKAGE TERMINAL ASSIGNMENTS

| $\mathbf{D}$ | NO2 | V $_{+}$ | NO1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{C}$ | COM2 |  | COM1 |
| $\mathbf{B}$ | NC2 |  | NC1 |
| $\mathbf{A}$ | IN2 | GND | IN1 |
|  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ |

## DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

The TS5A22362 and TS5A22364 are single-pole double-throw (SPDT) analog switches designed to operate from 2.3 V to 5.5 V . The devices feature negative signal capability that allows signals below ground to pass through the switch without distortion. Additionally, the TS5A22364 includes an internal shunt switch, which automatically discharges any capacitance at the NC or NO terminals when they are unconnected to COM. This reduces the audible click/pop noise when switching between two sources. The break-before-make feature prevents signal distortion during the transferring of a signal from one path to another. Low ON-state resistance, excellent channel-to-channel ON-state resistance matching, and minimal total harmonic distortion (THD) performance are ideal for audio applications.

[^0]SCDS261-MARCH 2008

## ORDERING INFORMATION

| TA | PACKAGE ${ }^{(1)(2)}$ |  | ORDERABLE PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE MARKING ${ }^{(3)}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | NanoFree ${ }^{\text {TM }}-$ WCSP (DSBGA) <br> YZP (Pb-free) | Tape and reel | TS5A22362YZPR | 392 |
|  |  |  | TS5A22364YZPR | 382 |
|  | MSOP (VSSOP) - DGS | Tape and reel | TS5A22362DGSR | 39R |
|  |  |  | TS5A22364DGSR | 38R |
|  | SON - DRC | Tape and reel | TS5A22362DRCR | ZVG |
|  |  |  | TS5A22364DRCR | ZVF |

(1) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.
(2) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.
(3) YZP: The actual top-side marking has three preceding characters to denote year, month, and sequence code, and one following character to designate the assembly/test site. Pin 1 identifier indicates solder-bump composition ( $1=\mathrm{SnPb}, \bullet=\mathrm{Pb}$-free).

## SUMMARY OF CHARACTERISTICS

## $\mathrm{V}_{+}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

| Configuration | 2:1 Multiplexer/Demultiplexer ( $2 \times$ SPDT) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Number of channels | 2 |
| ON-state resistance ( $\mathrm{r}_{\text {on }}$ ) | $0.65 \Omega$ |
| ON-state resistance match ( $\Delta \mathrm{r}_{\text {on }}$ ) | $0.023 \Omega$ |
| ON-state resistance flatness ( $\mathrm{ron}_{\text {oflat }}$ ) | $0.18 \Omega$ |
| Turn-on/turn-off time (ton/toff) | $80 \mathrm{~ns} / 70 \mathrm{~ns}$ |
| Break-before-make time ( $\mathrm{t}_{\text {BBM }}$ ) | 7 ns |
| Charge injection ( $\mathrm{Q}_{\mathrm{C}}$ ) | 150 pC |
| Bandwidth (BW) | 17 MHz |
| OFF isolation ( $\mathrm{O}_{\text {ISO }}$ ) | -66 dB at 100 kHz |
| Crosstalk ( $\mathrm{X}_{\text {TALK }}$ ) | -75 dB at 100 kHz |
| Total harmonic distortion (THD) | 0.01\% |
| Leakage current ( $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{NO}(\mathrm{OFF}), \mathrm{I}_{\text {NC(OFF) }} \text { ) }}$ | TBD nA |
| Package options | 10-pin WCSP (YZP), 10-pin VSSOP (DGS), and 10-pin SON (DRC) |

FUNCTION TABLE

| IN | NC TO COM, <br> COM TO NC | NO TO COM, <br> COM TO NO |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| L | ON | OFF |
| $H$ | OFF | ON |

## APPLICATION BLOCK DIAGRAMS



Figure 1. TS5A22364 Application Block Diagram

## Shunt Switch (TS5A22364)

The $50-\Omega$ shunt switches on the TS5A22364 automatically discharge any capacitance at the NC or NO terminals when they are unconnected to COM. This reduces audible click-and-pop sounds that occur when switching between audio sources. Audible clicks and pops are caused when a step DC voltage is switched into the speaker. By automatically discharging the side that is not connected, any residual DC voltage is removed, thereby reducing the clicks and pops.


Figure 2. TS5A22362 Application Block Diagram

## Negative Signaling Capacity

The TS5A22362 and TS5A22364 dual SPDT switches feature negative signal capability that allows signals below ground to pass through without distortion. These analog switches operate from a single $+2.3-\mathrm{V}$ to $+5.5-\mathrm{V}$ supply. The input/output signal swing of the device is dependant of the supply voltage $\mathrm{V}_{+}$: the devices pass signals as high as $\mathrm{V}_{+}$and as low as $\mathrm{V}_{+}-5.5 \mathrm{~V}$, including signals below ground with minimal distortion.
Table 1 shows the input/output signal swing the user can get with different supply voltages.

SCDS261-MARCH 2008
Table 1. INPUT/OUTPUT SIGNAL SWING

| SUPPLY VOLTAGE, $\mathbf{V}_{+}$ | MINIMUM <br> $\left(\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{N c}}, \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{N O}}, \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{C O M}}\right)=\mathbf{V}_{+}-\mathbf{5 . 5}$ | MAXIMUM <br> $\left(\mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{N C}}, \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{N O}}, \mathbf{V}_{\mathbf{C O M}}\right)=\mathbf{V}_{+}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5.5 V | 0 V | 5.5 V |
| 4.2 V | -1.3 V | 4.2 V |
| 3.3 V | -2.2 V | 3.3 V |
| 3 V | -2.5 V | 3 V |
| 2.5 V | -3 V | 2.5 V |

## ABSOLUTE MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM RATINGS ${ }^{(1)(2)}$

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|  |  |  | MIN | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | Supply voltage range ${ }^{(3)}$ |  | -0.5 | 6 | V |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}$ <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}$ <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}$ | Analog voltage range ${ }^{(3)(4)(5)}$ |  | $\mathrm{V}_{+}-6$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}+0.5$ | V |
| $\mathrm{l}_{\text {I/OK }}$ | Analog port diode current | $\mathrm{V}_{+}<\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}<0$ | -50 | 50 | mA |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{NC}}$ | ON-state switch current | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}, \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=0$ to $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | -150 | 150 | mA |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \hline I_{\mathrm{NO}} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{COM}} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | ON-state peak switch current ${ }^{(6)}$ |  | -300 | 300 |  |
| $\mathrm{V}_{1}$ | Digital input voltage range |  | -0.5 | 6.5 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{IK}}$ | Digital input clamp current ${ }^{(3)(4)}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{10}<\mathrm{V}_{1}<0$ | -50 | 50 | mA |
| $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline I_{+} \\ I_{\mathrm{GND}} \end{array}$ | Continuous current through $\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND |  | -100 | 100 | mA |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage temperature range |  | -65 | 150 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

(1) Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not implied.
(2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
(3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
(4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
(5) This value is limited to 5.5 V maximum.
(6) Pulse at 1 -ms duration $<10 \%$ duty cycle

## THERMAL IMPEDANCE RATINGS

|  |  |  |  | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\theta_{\mathrm{JA}}$ | Package thermal impedance ${ }^{(1)}$ | DGS package | 56.5 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
|  |  | DRC package | 165.36 |  |
|  |  | YZP package | 93 |  |

[^1]
## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 2.5-V SUPPLY ${ }^{(1)}$

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
(2) All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at $\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

SCDS261-MARCH 2008

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 2.5-V SUPPLY (continued)

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=2.3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $2.7 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {A }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dynamic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on time | ton | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \text { See Figure } 20 \end{aligned}$ | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 44 | 80 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 2.3 V to 2.7 V |  |  | 80 | ns |
| Turn-off time | toff | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \text { See Figure } 20 \end{aligned}$ | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 22 | 70 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 2.3 V to 2.7 V |  |  | 70 |  |
| Break-beforemake time | $t_{\text {BBM }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\mathrm{V}_{+} / 2 \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 21 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V | 1 | 7 |  | ns |
| Charge injection | Qc | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=1 \mathrm{nF},$ <br> See Figure 26 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 150 |  | pC |
| NC, NO OFF capacitance (TS5A22362 only) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NC} \text { (OFF) }}$, $\mathrm{C}_{\text {NO(OFF) }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}$ or $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 70 |  | pF |
| NC, NO, COM ON capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {COM(ON) }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & V_{\text {Com }}=V_{+} \text {or GND, } \\ & \text { Switch ON, } f=10 \mathrm{MHz} \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 370 |  | pF |
| Digital input capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND | See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 2.6 |  | pF |
| Bandwidth | BW | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega,-3 \mathrm{~dB}$ | See Figure 21 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 17 |  | MHz |
| OFF isolation | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {ISO }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega$ | $\mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{kHz},$ <br> See Figure 24 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | -66 |  | dB |
| Crosstalk | $\mathrm{X}_{\text {TALK }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega$ | $\mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{kHz},$ <br> See Figure 25 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | -75 |  | dB |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } \\ & 20 \mathrm{kHz} \text {, } \end{aligned}$ <br> See Figure 27 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.5 V |  | 0.01 |  | \% |
| Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Positive supply current | $I_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}+$ or GND |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 2.7 V |  | 0.2 | 1.1 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 1.3 |  |
| Positive supply current | $I_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{I}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}-5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | Full | 2.7 V |  |  | 3.3 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 3.3-V SUPPLY ${ }^{(1)}$

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

(1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
(2) All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at $\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

SCDS261-MARCH 2008

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 3.3-V SUPPLY (continued)

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=3 \mathrm{~V}$ to $3.6 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)


## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 5-V SUPPLY ${ }^{(1)}$

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)


[^2]SCDS261-MARCH 2008

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS FOR 5-V SUPPLY (continued)

$\mathrm{V}_{+}=4.5 \mathrm{~V}$ to $5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{A}}=-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | TEST CONDITIONS |  | TA | $\mathrm{V}_{+}$ | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNIT |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dynamic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turn-on time | ton | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & C_{L}=35 \mathrm{pF}, \\ & \text { See Figure } 20 \end{aligned}$ | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 27 | 80 |  |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  |  | 80 | ns |
| Turn-off time | toff | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{COM}}=\mathrm{V}_{+}, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF},$$\text { See Figure } 20$ | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 13 | 70 | ns |
|  |  |  |  | Full | 4.5 V to 5.5 V |  |  | 70 |  |
| Break-beforemake time | $t_{\text {BBM }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\mathrm{V}_{+} / 2 \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=300 \Omega, \end{aligned}$ | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=35 \mathrm{pF},$ <br> See Figure 21 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 3.3 V | 1 | 3.5 |  | ns |
| Charge injection | Qc | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0, \\ & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{GEN}}=0, \end{aligned}$ | $C_{L}=1 \mathrm{nF},$ <br> See Figure 26 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 10 |  | pC |
| NC, NO OFF capacitance (TS5A22362 only) | $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{NC}(\mathrm{OFF})}$, $\mathrm{C}_{\text {NO(OFF) }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NC}} \text { or } \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{NO}}=\mathrm{V}_{+} \text {or } \\ & \mathrm{V}_{+}-5.5 \mathrm{~V}, \end{aligned}$ | See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 70 |  | pF |
| NC, NO, COM ON capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{\text {COM(ON) }}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {COM }}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND, | See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 370 |  | pF |
| Digital input capacitance | $\mathrm{C}_{1}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND | See Figure 19 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 2.6 |  | pF |
| Bandwidth | BW | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega$, | See Figure 21 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 18.3 |  | MHz |
| OFF isolation | $\mathrm{O}_{\text {ISO }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega$, | $\mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{kHz},$ <br> See Figure 24 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | -70 |  | dB |
| Crosstalk | $\mathrm{X}_{\text {TALK }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=50 \Omega$, | $\mathrm{f}=100 \mathrm{kHz},$ <br> See Figure 25 | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | -78 |  | dB |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=600 \Omega, \\ & \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{L}}=15 \mathrm{pF}, \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{f}=20 \mathrm{~Hz} \text { to } 20 \mathrm{kHz}, \\ & \text { See Figure } 27 \end{aligned}$ | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5 V |  | 0.009 |  | \% |
| Supply |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Positive supply current | $I_{+}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND |  | $25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 5.5 V |  | 0.2 | 1.3 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  |  |  |  | Full |  |  |  | 3.5 |  |
|  |  | $\mathrm{V}_{1}=\mathrm{V}_{+}-5.5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | Full |  |  |  | 5 |  |

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE



Figure 3. $\mathrm{r}_{\text {on }}$ vs $\mathrm{V}_{\text {com }}$


Figure 5. $\mathrm{r}_{\text {on }}$ vs $\mathrm{V}_{\text {com }}\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}\right)$


Figure 7. Leakage Current vs Temperature


Figure 4. $\mathrm{r}_{\text {on }}$ vs $\mathrm{V}_{\text {com }}\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}=2.7 \mathrm{~V}\right)$


Figure 6. $\mathrm{r}_{\text {on }}$ vs $\mathrm{V}_{\text {com }}\left(\mathrm{V}_{+}=5 \mathrm{~V}\right)$


Figure 8. Insertion Loss

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE (continued)


Figure 9. OFF Isolation vs Frequency


Figure 11. Crosstalk ( $\mathrm{V}_{+}=3.3 \mathrm{~V}$ )


Figure 13. Power-Supply Current vs $\mathbf{V}_{+}$


Figure 10. Charge Injection $\left(Q_{c}\right)$ vs $\mathrm{V}_{\text {com }}$


Figure 12. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency


Figure 14. $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ and $\mathrm{t}_{\text {OFF }}$ vs Supply Voltage

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE (continued)



Figure 15. $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ and $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{OFF}}$ vs Temperature (2.5-V Supply)

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION


Figure 16. ON-State Resistance (ron)


Figure 17. OFF-State Leakage Current
(ICOM(OFF), $I_{\text {NO(OFF) }}$

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



Figure 18. ON-State Leakage Current
(ICOM(ON), $I_{\text {NO(ON) }}$ )


Figure 19. Capacitance
( $\mathrm{C}_{1}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {COM(OFF) }}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {COM(ON) }}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {NO(OFF) }}, \mathrm{C}_{\text {NO(ON) }}$ )

SCDS261-MARCH 2008

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)


A. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\mathrm{PRR} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}$, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}$.
B. $C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 20. Turn-On ( $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{ON}}$ ) and Turn-Off Time ( $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{OFF}}$ )

A. $\quad C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.
B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\mathrm{PRR} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}$, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}$.

Figure 21. Break-Before-Make Time ( $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{BB}}$ )
(TS5A22362 Only)

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



Figure 22. Break-Before-Make Time ( $\mathrm{t}_{\text {ввм }}$ )
(TS5A22364 Only)
A. $\quad C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.
B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\mathrm{PRR} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega$, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}$, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}$.


Figure 23. Bandwidth (BW)

SCDS261-MARCH 2008

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)



Figure 24. OFF Isolation ( $\mathrm{O}_{\mathrm{IsO}}$ )


Figure 25. Crosstalk ( $\mathrm{X}_{\text {taLK }}$ )

PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (continued)

A. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $\mathrm{PRR} \leq 10 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{Z}_{\mathrm{O}}=50 \Omega, \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{r}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}$, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}<5 \mathrm{~ns}$.
B. $C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 26. Charge Injection $\left(Q_{C}\right)$

A. $C_{L}$ includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 27. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)
www.ti.com

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

| Orderable Device | Status $^{(1)}$ | Package <br> Type | Package <br> Drawing | Pins Package <br> Qty | Eco Plan ${ }^{(2)}$ | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp ${ }^{(3)}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TS5A22362DGSR | PREVIEW | MSOP | DGS | 10 | 2500 | TBD | Call TI | Call TI |
| TS5A22362DRCR | PREVIEW | SON | DRC | 10 | 3000 | TBD | Call TI | Call TI |
| TS5A22362YZPR | PREVIEW | WCSP | YZP | 10 | 3000 | TBD | Call TI | Call TI |
| TS5A22364DGSR | ACTIVE | MSOP | DGS | 10 | 2500 |  <br> no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |
| TS5A22364DGSRG4 | ACTIVE | MSOP | DGS | 10 | 2500 |  <br> no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU | Level-1-260C-UNLIM |

${ }^{(1)}$ The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.
${ }^{(2)}$ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS \& no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.
TBD: The $\mathrm{Pb}-\mathrm{Free} / \mathrm{Green}$ conversion plan has not been defined.
Pb -Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed $0.1 \%$ by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb -Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.
Pb -Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.
Green (RoHS \& no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine ( Br ) and Antimony ( Sb ) based flame retardants ( Br or Sb do not exceed $0.1 \%$ by weight in homogeneous material)
${ }^{(3)}$ MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION
www.ti.com

## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION



TAPE DIMENSIONS


| A0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width |
| :--- | :--- |
| B0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length |
| K0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W | Overall width of the carrier tape |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers |

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE

*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package <br> Type | Package <br> Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Reel <br> Diameter <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | Reel <br> Width <br> $\mathbf{W 1}(\mathbf{m m})$ | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | $\mathbf{W}$ <br> $(\mathbf{m m})$ | Pin1 <br> Quadrant |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TS5A22364DGSR | MSOP | DGS | 10 | 2500 | 330.0 | 13.0 | 5.3 | 3.4 | 1.4 | 8.0 | 12.0 | Q1 |

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

*All dimensions are nominal

| Device | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TS5A22364DGSR | MSOP | DGS | 10 | 2500 | 358.0 | 335.0 | 35.0 |

DGS (S-PDSO-G10)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation BA.


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. NanoFree ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ package configuration.
D. This package is a lead-free solder ball design.


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Small Outline No-Lead (SON) package configuration.

The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
See the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad dimensions.
Metalized features are supplier options and may not be on the package.

THERMAL PAD MECHANICAL DATA

THERMAL INFORMATION
This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).
For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, Quad Flatpack No-Lead Logic Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017. This document is available at www.ti.com.
The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.


Bottom View
NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

DRC (S-PVSON-N10)


NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, Quad Flat-Pack Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017, SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <http: //www.ti.com>.
E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.

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[^0]:    找 (a)PDF
    Piease be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of
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[^1]:    (1) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

[^2]:    (1) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
    (2) All unused digital inputs of the device must be held at $\mathrm{V}_{+}$or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.

