Data Sheets of AVA technology Chip Type White LED

Model: T2520

AVA technology CO..

2640 S. Myrtle Ave. Suite 6 Monrovia,CA 91016

P: 626-574-7726

F: 626-574-7732

http://www.led4life.com



Thin Top View with Reflector

1. FEATURES

- High intensity with small package, ideal for backlighting
- · Wide viewing angle (120°)
- · Suitable for all SMT assembly methods
- · Suitable for all soldering methods
- · Delivery on 8mm tape reels



2. APPLICATIONS

Automotive: indoor/outdoor lighting.

Signal and symbol lightings

Backlighting (TFT-LCD displays, PDA, Digital Camera, Navigator....)

All applications in notice high intensities are required

Strobe light Channel Letter

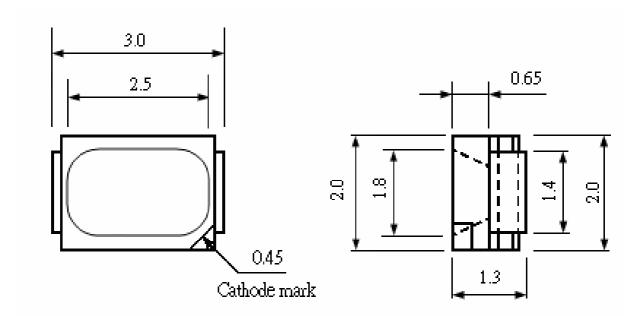
Туре	Color of Emission	Color of the Light Emitting Area	$Luminous\ intensity\\ Iv\ (mcd)\\ I_F{=}20mA$	
T2520	White	Colored	600 ~1650	

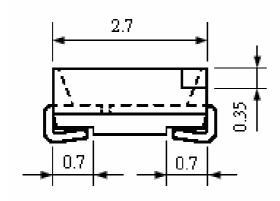
Materials Construction

ITEM	MATERIALS		
Package	Heat-Resistant Polymer		
Encapsulating Resin	Heat-Resistant Resin		
Electrodes	Ag Plating Copper Alloy		

Doc. No.: RD-EDS-0004 Version 1.2 Date: 2005.07.08 Page: 1 of 13

3. OUTLINE DIMENSION:





Note:

1. Unit: mm

2. Tolerance: Dimension \pm 0.15 / Angle \pm 0.5°

Doc. No.: RD-EDS-0004 Version 1.2 Date: 2005.07.08 Page: 2 of 13

AVA technology

4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A=25\square$)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Reverse Voltage	V_R	5	V
Forward Current	I_{F}	30	mA
Operating Temperature	$T_{ m opr}$	-40 ~ +85	
Storage Temperature	$T_{ m stg}$	-40 ~ +100	
Soldering Temperature	T_{sol}	260 (for 5 sec)	
Power Dissipation	P_{D}	114	mW
Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @ 1KHz)	${ m I}_{ m F(peak)}$	70	mA
Junction temperature	Tj	110	
Thermal Resistance (Junction to ambient)	$R_{ ext{th}) ext{JA}}$	500	□/ W

5. ELECTRONIC OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter		Symbol	Condition	РТА	Unit	
Chromaticity coordinate x acc. To CIE 1931		X	IF=20mA	0.31		
Chromaticity coordinate y acc. To CIE 1931		у	IF=20mA	0.31		
Viewing Angle		$2\theta_{1/2}$	IF=20mA	120	Deg	
E-man d W-14	Max		IE 20m A	3.8	V	
Forward Voltage	Тур	V_{F}	IF=20mA	3.4	V	
Reverse Current	Max	т		50	4	
Reverse Current	Тур	I_R	$V_R=5V$	50	μΑ	

Doc. No.: RD-EDS-0004 Version 1.2 Date: 2005.07.08 Page: 3 of 13

AVA technology

6. LUMINOUS INTENSITY GROUPS:

Luminous intensity group	Measurement condition	Luminous intensity Iv(mcd)		
U	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	1000 ~ 1650		
T2	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	800 ~ 1000		
T1	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	700 ~ 800		
S2	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	600 ~ 700		

^{*} Luminous intensity group includes 4 groups S2 to U

7. CHROMATICITY COORDINATES RANKS:

a3	0.280	0.248	b5	0.296	0.276	b7	0.291	0.257
	0.264	0.267		0.287	0.295		0.279	0.276
as	0.287	0.295		0.307	0.315		0.302	0.302
	0.296	0.276		0.311	0.294		0.308	0.279
	0.287	0.295	b6	0.311	0.294	b8	0.308	0.279
b3	0.283	0.307		0.307	0.315		0.302	0.302
03	0.304	0.330		0.330	0.339		0.319	0.318
	0.307	0.315		0.330	0.318		0.321	0.294
b4	0.307	0.315	d0	0.330	0.360			
	0.304	0.330		0.330	0.318			
	0.330	0.360		0.350	0.318			
	0.330	0.339		0.350	0.360			

^{*} Color rank is tested at a current pulse duration of 25ms and a tolerance of the chromaticity coordinate of ± 0.01

8. FORWORD VOLTAGE:

Bin	VF(Volt)	Forward Current
VT1	3.00-3.40	20. 4
VT2	3.40-3.60	20mA

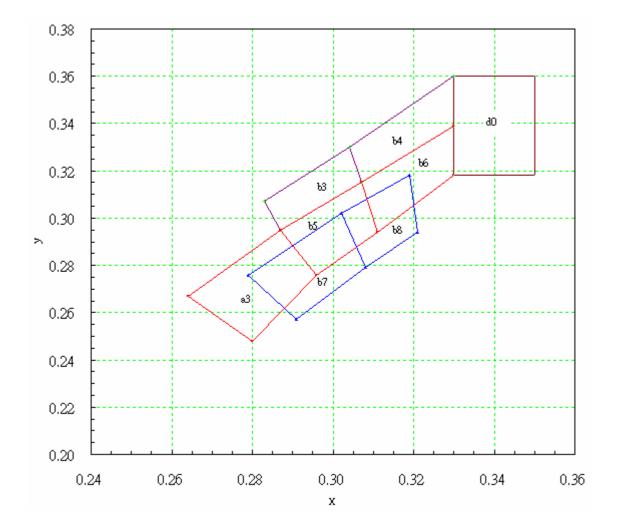
^{*} Tolerance of Forward Voltage is $\pm 0.05 V$

Doc. No.: RD-EDS-0004 Version 1.2 Date: 2005.07.08 Page: 4 of 13

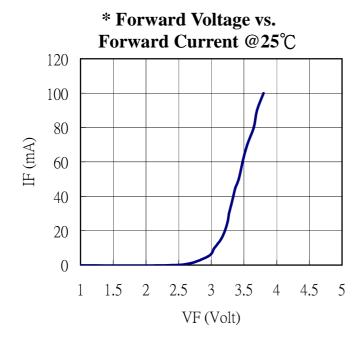
^{*} Luminous intensity is tested at a current pulse duration of 25ms and a tolerance of \pm 10%

9. TYPICAL ELECTRO-OPTICAL CHATACTERISTIC CURVES:

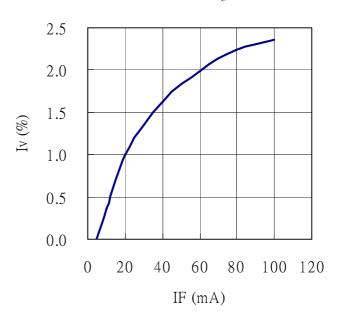
* Chromaticity Coordinates (CIE 1931 system)



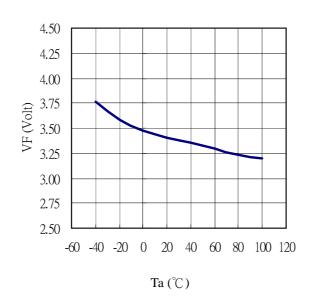
Doc. No.: RD-EDS-0004 Version 1.2 Date: 2005.07.08 Page: 5 of 13



Forward Current vs. Relative Luminosity@25℃

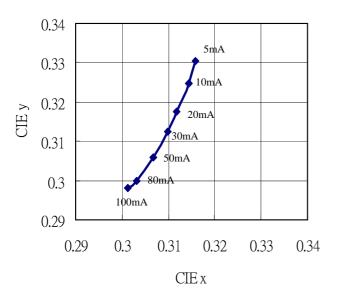


* Ambient Temperature vs. Forward Voltage@20mA

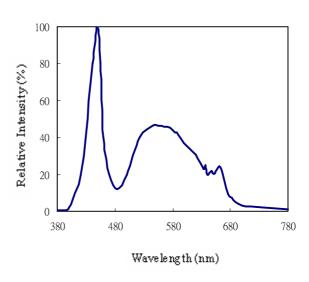


Doc. No.: RD-EDS-0004 Version 1.2 Date: 2005.07.08 Page: 6 of 13

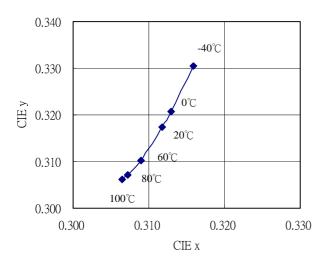
* Forward Current vs. Chromaticity diagram @ 25°C



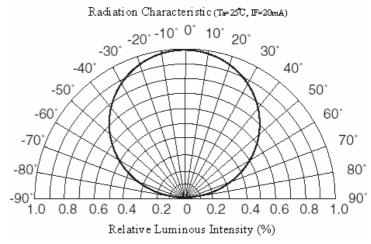
* Spectrum @ 20mA, 25℃



* Ambient Temperature vs. Chromaticity Diagram @ 20mA

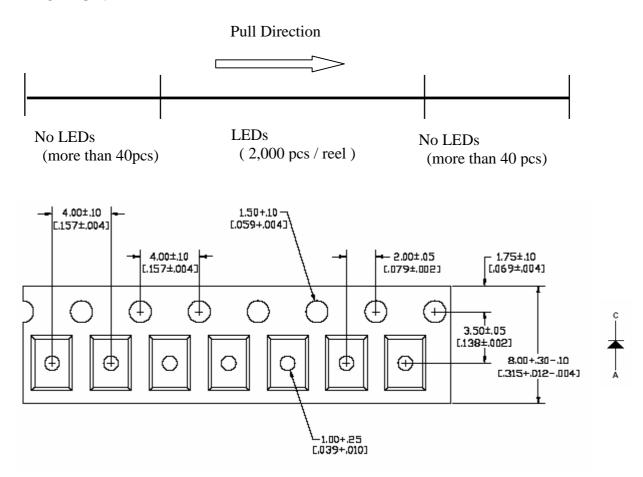


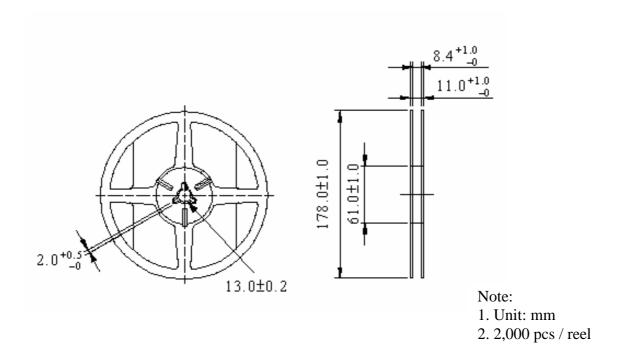
* Radiation Characteristic (@ 25°C, 20mA)



Doc. No.: RD-EDS-0004 Version 1.2 Date: 2005.07.08 Page: 7 of 13

10. REEL PACKAGE:





Doc. No.: RD-EDS-0004 Version 1.2 Date: 2005.07.08 Page: 8 of 13

11. RELIABILITY PLAN:

* The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below.

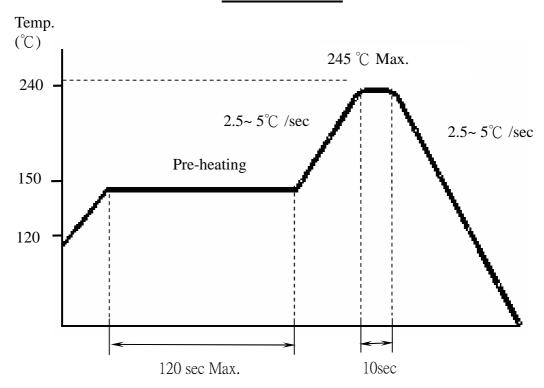
Confidence Level: 90 %, LTPD: 10 %

No	Test Item	Description & Condition		Sample size	Ac/Re	Failure Criteria
1	Solderability	Tsld =245 \pm 5 \Box , 10sec,	1 time	22	0/1	
2	Room Temperature operating	$Ta = 25$ \Box $I_F = 20 \text{mA}$	1000 hrs	22	0/1	IV < L* 0.6
3	Room Temperature operating	$Ta = 25 \square$ $I_F = 30mA$	500 hrs	22	0/1	$(I_F: 20\text{mA})$ $V_F > U * 1.1$ $(I_F: 20\text{mA})$
4	High Temperature operating	$Ta = 85$ \Box $I_F = 15 \text{mA}$	500 hrs	22	0/1	$I_{\rm R} > U * 2.0$
5	Low Temperature Storage	Ta = -40 □	1000 hrs	22	0/1	$(V_R:5V)$
6	High Temperature Storage	Ta = 100 □	1000 hrs	22	0/1	L: Lower Spec. Level
7	Temperature Cycle	-40 □ ~ 25 □ ~ 100 □ ~ 25 □ 30min 5min 30min 5 min	100 cycles	22	0/1	U: Upper Spec. Level
8	High Humidity Heat	$Ta = 60 \square$ $RH=90\%$ $I_F = 15mA$	500 hrs	22	0/1	

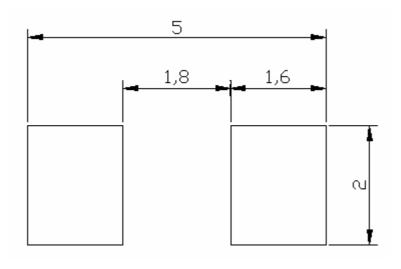
Doc. No.: RD-EDS-0004 Version 1.2 Date: 2005.07.08 Page: 9 of 13

12. SOLDERING CONDITIONS:

Re-flow Profile



Recommended Soldering Pad



Note:

1. Unit: mm

Doc. No.: RD-EDS-0004 Version 1.2 Date: 2005.07.08 Page: 10 of 13

13. CAUTIONS:

(1)Storage

• Before opening the package:

The LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 30%RH~85%RH. The LEDs should be used within a year. When storing the LEDs, moisture proof packaging with desiccant (Silica gel)is recommended.

• After opening the package :

The LEDs should be kept at 30°C or less and 30%RH~70%RH. The LEDs should be soldered within 168hours (7days) after opening the package. If unused LEDs remain, they should be stored in moisture proof packages, such as sealed containers with packages of moisture desiccant (Silica ge1), or reseal the moisture proof bag again.

If the moisture desiccant (Silica ge1) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions.

Baking treatment: more than 24 hours at 65° C.

Please avoid conditions which may cause the LED to corrode, tarnish or discolor. This corrosion or discoloration might lower solderability or might effect on optical characteristics. Please avoid rapid transitions in ambient temperature, especially in high humidity environments where condensation can occur.

• Moisture Proof package

When moisture is absorbed into the SMT package it may vaporize and expand during soldering. There is a possibility that this can cause exfoliation of the contacts and damage to the optical characteristics of the LEDs. For this reason, the moisture proof package is used to keep moisture to a minimum in the package. A package of a moisture desiccant (silica gel)is inserted into the moisture proof bag. The silica gel changes its color from blue to pink as it absorbs moisture.

(2)Static Electricity

- Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs. It is recommended that a wrist band or an anti-electrostatic glove and shoe be used when handling the LEDs.
- All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. It is recommended that measures be taken against surge voltage to the equipment that mounts the LEDs.
- When inspecting the final products in which LEDs were assembled, it is recommended to check whether the assembled LEDs are damaged by static electricity or not. It is easy to End static-damaged LEDs by a light-on test or a V_F test at a lower current (below l mA).
- Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristics such as the leak current remarkably increases, the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current. (Criteria : $V_F>2.0V$ at $I_F=0.5mA$.)

(3)Heat Generation

- Please consider the heat generation of the LED when making the system design that it's very importance. The coefficient of temperature increase per input electric power is affected by the thermal resistance of the circuit board and density of LED placement on the board, and other components. It is necessary to avoid intense heat generation and operate within the maximum ratings given in this specification.
- The operating current should be decided after considering the ambient maximum temperature of LEDs.

Doc. No.: RD-EDS-0004 Version 1.2 Date: 2005.07.08 Page: 11 of 13

AVA technology

T2520

(4)Others

- Care must be taken to ensure that the reverse voltage will not exceed the absolute maximum rating when using the LEDs with matrix drive.
- The LED light output is strong enough to injure human eyes. Precautions must be taken to prevent looking directly for more than a few seconds. Flashing lights have been known to cause discomfort in people; you can prevent this by taking precautions during use. Also, people should be cautious when using equipment that has had LEDs incorporated into it.

Doc. No.: RD-EDS-0004 Version 1.2 Date: 2005.07.08 Page: 12 of 13

AVA TECHNOLOGY CO. MAKES NO WARRANTY, REPRESENTATION OF GUARANTEE, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, REGARDING THE SUITABILITY OF ITS PRODUCTS FOR ANY PARTICULAR PURPOSE, NOR THAT THE USE OR APPLICATION AND SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS ANY AND ALL LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF ANY SUCH USE OR APPLICATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO, CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES.

AVA Technology CO. are not designed, intended or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life, or for any other application in which the failure of the AVA Technology Co. Product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur.

AVA Technology CO. reserves the right to make changes to or discontinue any product or service desecribed herein without notice.

AVA technology Co..

World Wide Web http://www.led4life.com

Doc. No.: RD-EDS-0004 Version 1.2 Date: 2005.07.08 Page: 13 of 13