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UC1901 UC2901 UC3901

Isolated Feedback Generator

FEATURES

 An Amplitude-Modulation System for Transformer Coupling an Isolated Feedback Error Signal

JNITRODE

- Low-Cost Alternative to Optical Couplers
- Internal 1% Reference and Error
 Amplifier
- Internal Carrier Oscillator Usable to 5MHz
- Modulator Synchronizable to an External Clock
- Loop Status Monitor

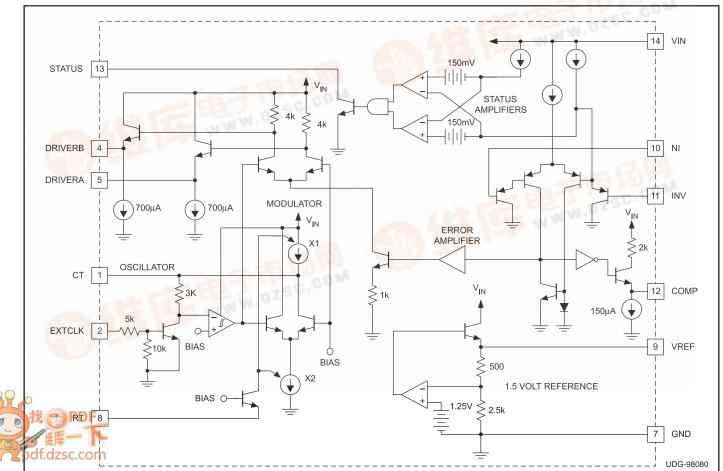
DESCRIPTION

The UC1901 family is designed to solve many of the problems associated with closing a feedback control loop across a voltage isolation boundary. As a stable and reliable alternative to an optical coupler, these devices feature an amplitude modulation system which allows a loop error signal to be coupled with a small RF transformer or capacitor.

The programmable, high-frequency oscillator within the UC1901 series permits the use of smaller, less expensive transformers which can readily be built to meet the isolation requirements of today's line-operated power systems. As an alternative to RF operation, the external clock input to these devices allows synchronization to a system clock or to the switching frequency of a SMPS.

An additional feature is a status monitoring circuit which provides an activelow output when the sensed error voltage is within $\pm 10\%$ of the reference. The DRIVERA output, DRIVERB output, and STATUS output are disabled until the input supply has reached a sufficient level to allow proper operation of the device.

Since these devices can also be used as a DC driver for optical couplers, the benefits of 4.5 to 40V supply operation, a 1% accurate reference, and a high gain general purpose amplifier offer advantages even though an AC system may not be desired.



UC1901 SIMPLIFIED SCHEMATIC

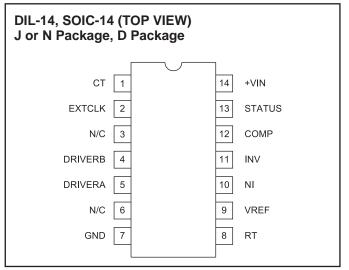
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (Note 1)

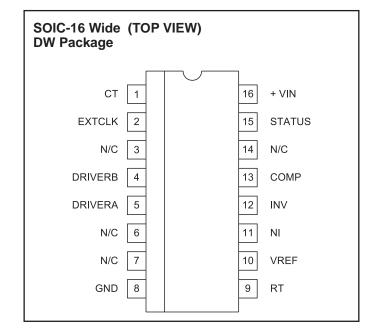
| Input Supply Voltage, VIN 40V |
|--|
| Reference Output Current10mA |
| Driver Output Currents |
| Status Indicator Voltage 40V |
| Status Indicator Current 20mA |
| Ext. Clock Input 40V |
| Error Amplifier Inputs0.5V to +35V |
| Power Dissipation at TA = 25°C 1000mW |
| Power Dissipation at Tc = 25°C 2000mW |
| Operating Junction Temperature55°C to +150°C |
| Storage Temperature |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 seconds) |

Note 1: Voltages are referenced to ground, Pin 7. Currents are positive into, negative out of the specified terminal.

Note 2: Consult Packaging section of Databook for thermal limitations and considerations of package.

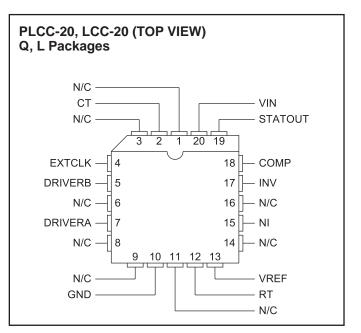
CONNECTION DIAGRAMS





TEMPERATURE AND PACKAGE SELECTION GUIDE

| | TEMPERATURE RANGE | AVAILABLE PACKAGES |
|--------|----------------------|-----------------------|
| UC1901 | –55°C to +125°C | J, L |
| UC2901 | -40°C to +85°C | D, DW, J, N, Q |
| UC3901 | 0°C to +70°C | D, DW, J, N, Q |



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Unless otherwise stated, these specifications apply for $V_{IN} = 10V$, $R_T = 10k\Omega$, $C_T = 820pF$, $T_A = T_J$.

| PARAMETER | TEST CONDITIONS | UC1901/UC2901 | | | UC3901 | | | UNITS |
|------------------------------------|--|---------------|------|-------|--------|------|-------|-------|
| | | MIN | TYP | MAX | MIN | TYP | MAX | |
| Reference Section | | | | | | | | |
| Output Voltage | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ | 1.485 | 1.5 | 1.515 | 1.47 | 1.5 | 1.53 | V |
| | $T_{MIN} \le T_J \le T_{MAX}$ | 1.470 | 1.5 | 1.530 | 1.455 | 1.5 | 1.545 | |
| Line Regulation | V _{IN} = 4.5 to 35V | | 2 | 10 | | 2 | 15 | mV |
| Load Regulation | I _{OUT} = 0 to 5mA | | 4 | 10 | | 4 | 15 | mV |
| Short Circuit Current | $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ | | -35 | -55 | | -35 | -55 | mV |
| Error Amplifier Section (To Com | pensation Terminal) | | | | - | | - | _ |
| Input Offset Voltage | $V_{CM} = 1.5V$ | | 1 | 4 | | 1 | 8 | mV |
| Input Bias Current | $V_{CM} = 1.5V$ | | -1 | -3 | | -1 | -6 | μA |
| Input Offset Current | $V_{CM} = 1.5V$ | | 0.1 | 1 | | 0.1 | 2 | μA |
| Small Signal Open Loop Gain | | 40 | 60 | | 40 | 60 | | dB |
| CMRR | V _{CM} = 0.5 to 7.5V | 60 | 80 | | 60 | 80 | | dB |
| PSRR | V _{IN} = 2 to 25V | 80 | 100 | | 80 | 100 | | dB |
| Output Swing, Δ Vo | | 0.4 | 0.7 | | 0.4 | 0.7 | | V |
| Maximum Sink Current | | 90 | 150 | | 90 | 150 | | μA |
| Maximum Source Current | | -2 | -3 | | -2 | -3 | | mA |
| Gain Band Width Product | | | 1 | | | 1 | | MHz |
| Slew Rate | | | 0.3 | | | 0.3 | | V/µS |
| Modulators/Drivers Section (Fro | om Compensation Terminal) | _ | | | | | | |
| Voltage Gain | | 11 | 12 | 13 | 10 | 12 | 14 | dB |
| Output Swing | | ±1.6 | ±2.8 | | ±1.6 | ±2.8 | | V |
| Driver Sink Current | | 500 | 700 | | 500 | 700 | | μA |
| Driver Source Current | | -15 | -35 | | -15 | -35 | | mA |
| Gain Band Width Product | | | 25 | | | 25 | | MHz |
| Oscillator Section | | | | | | _ | | |
| Initial Accuracy | T _J = 25°C | 140 | 150 | 160 | 130 | 150 | 170 | kHz |
| | $T_{MIN} \le T_J \le T_{MAX}$ | 130 | | 170 | 120 | | 180 | kHz |
| Line Sensitivity | $V_{IN} = 5 \text{ to } 35V$ | | .15 | .35 | | .15 | .60 | %/V |
| Maximum Frequency | $R_{T} = 10k, C_{T} = 10pF$ | | 5 | | | 5 | | MHz |
| Ext. Clock Low Threshold | $Pin 1 (C_T) = V_{IN}$ | 0.5 | | | 0.5 | | | V |
| Ext. Clock High Threshold | $Pin 1 (C_T) = V_{IN}$ | | | 1.6 | | | 1.6 | V |
| Status Indicator Section | | | | | | | | |
| Input Voltage Window | @ E/A Inputs, $V_{CM} = 1.5V$ | ±135 | ±150 | ±165 | ±130 | ±150 | ±170 | mV |
| Saturation Voltage | $E/A \Delta$ Input = 0V, I_{SINK} = 1.6mA | | | 0.45 | | | 0.45 | V |
| Max. Output Current | Pin 13 = 3V, E/A \triangle Input = 0.0V | 8 | 15 | 0110 | 8 | 15 | 0110 | mA |
| Leakage Current | Pin 13 = 40V, E/A Δ Input = 0.2V | | .05 | 1 | | .05 | 5 | μA |
| Supply Current | $V_{\rm IN} = 35V$ | | 5 | 8 | | 5 | 10 | mA |
| UVLO Section | | _1 | | | | | | |
| Drivers Enabled Threshold | At Input Supply VIN | | 3.9 | 4.5 | | 3.9 | 4.5 | V |
| Status Output Enabled Threshold | At Input Supply VIN | 1 | 3.9 | 4.5 | | 3.9 | 4.5 | V |
| Change in Reference Output | When V _{IN} Reaches UVLO Threshold | 1 | -2 | -30 | | -2 | -30 | mV |

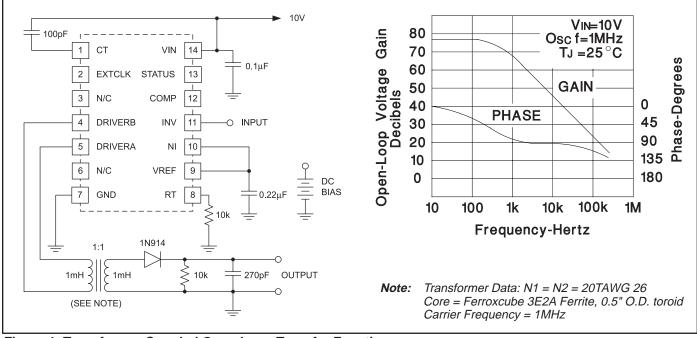


Figure 1. Transformer Coupled Open Loop Transfer Function

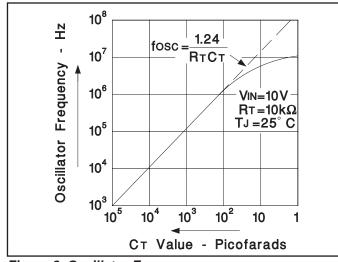


Figure 2. Oscillator Frequency

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The error amplifier compensation terminal, Pin 12, is intended as a source of feedback to the amplifier's inverting input at Pin 11. For most applications, a series DC blocking capacitor should be part of the feedback network. The amplifier is internally compensated for unity feedback.

The waveform at the driver outputs is a squarewave with an amplitude that is proportional to the error amplifier input signal. There is a fixed 12dB of gain from the error amplifier compensation pin to the modulator driver outputs. The frequency of the output waveform is controlled by either the internal oscillator or an external clock signal.

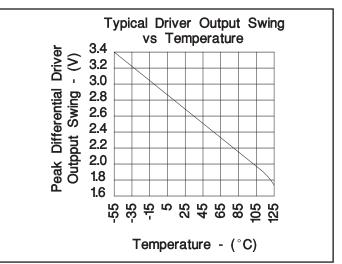


Figure 3. Typical Driver Output Swing vs Temperature

With the internal oscillator the squarewave will have a fixed 50% duty cycle. If the internal oscillator is disabled by connecting Pin 1, C_R , to V_{IN} then the frequency and duty cycle of the output will be determined by the input clock waveform at Pin 2. If the oscillator remains disabled and there is not clock input at Pin 2, there will be a linear 12dB of signal gain to one or the other of the driver outputs depending on the DC state of Pin 2.

The driver outputs are emitter followers which will source a minimum of 15mA of current. The sink current, internally limited at 700 μ A, can be increased by adding resistors to ground at the driver outputs.

APPLICATION INFORMATION (continued)

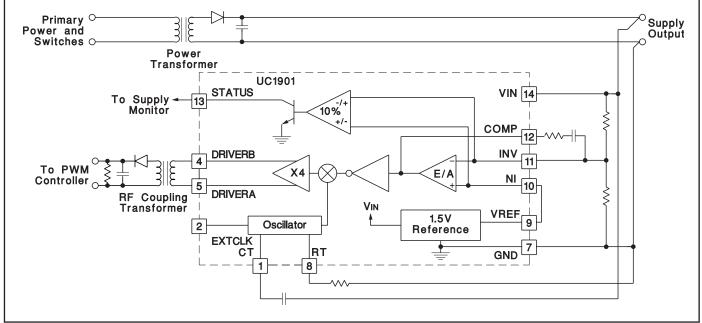


Figure 4. R.F. Transformer Coupled Feedback

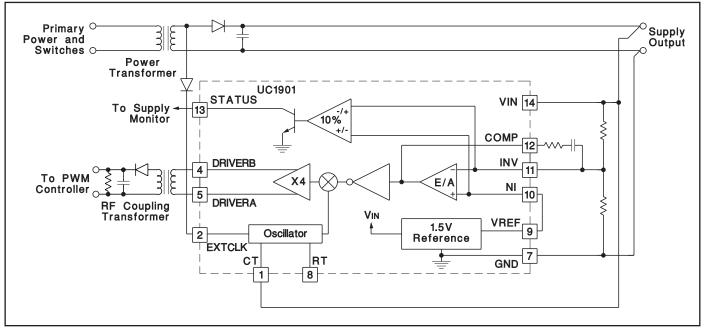


Figure 5. Feedback Coupled at Switching Frequency

TYPICAL APPLICATION

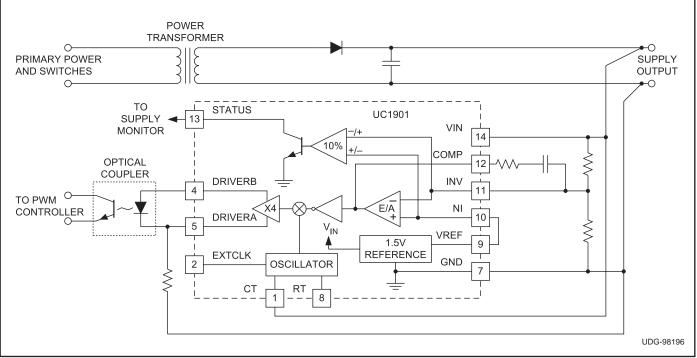


Figure 6. Optically Coupled DC Feedback

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