

Kingbright

Selection Guide

| Part No. | Dice | Lens Type | Iv (mcd) [2] V= 5V | | Viewing Angle [1] |
|------------|---------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|------|-------------------|
| | | | Min. | Typ. | 2θ1/2 |
| WP7104ID5V | High Efficiency Red (GaAsP/GaP) | RED DIFFUSED | 8 | 20 | 40° |

Notes:

1. θ1/2 is the angle from optical centerline where the luminous intensity is 1/2 the optical centerline value.
2. Luminous intensity/ luminous Flux: +/-15%.

Electrical / Optical Characteristics at TA=25°C

| Symbol | Parameter | Device | Typ. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions |
|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------|------|------|-------|---------------------|
| λpeak | Peak Wavelength | High Efficiency Red | 627 | | nm | V _F =5V |
| λD [1] | Dominant Wavelength | High Efficiency Red | 625 | | nm | V _F =5V |
| Δλ1/2 | Spectral Line Half-width | High Efficiency Red | 45 | | nm | V _F =5V |
| I _F | Forward Current | High Efficiency Red | 13 | 17.5 | mA | V _F =5V |
| I _R | Reverse Current | High Efficiency Red | | 10 | uA | V _R = 5V |

Note:

- 1.Wavelength: +/-1nm.

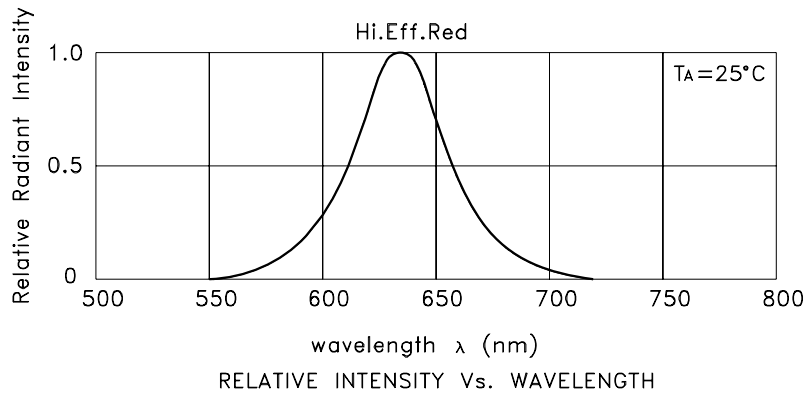
Absolute Maximum Ratings at TA=25°C

| Parameter | High Efficiency Red | Units |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|-------|
| Power dissipation | 85 | mW |
| Forward Voltage | 6 | V |
| Reverse Voltage | 5 | V |
| Operating Temperature | -40°C To +70°C | |
| Storage Temperature | -40°C To +85°C | |
| Lead Solder Temperature [1] | 260°C For 3 Seconds | |
| Lead Solder Temperature [2] | 260°C For 5 Seconds | |

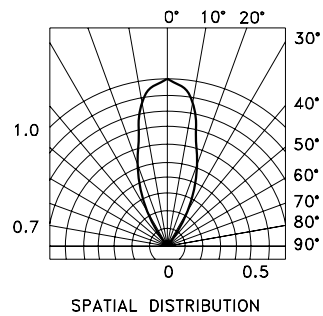
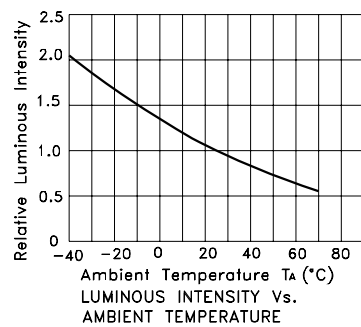
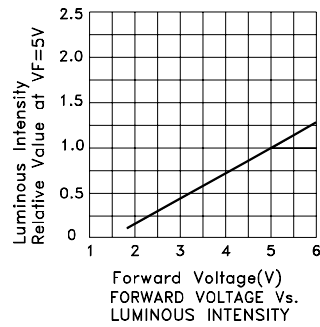
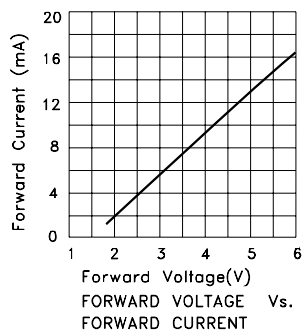
Notes:

1. 2mm below package base.
2. 5mm below package base.

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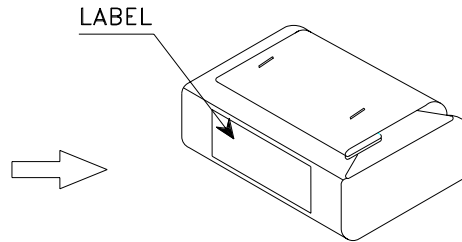
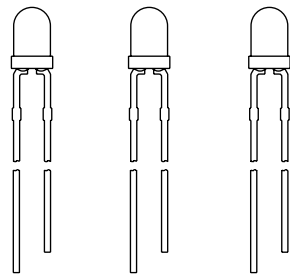
High Efficiency Red WP7104ID5V



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PACKING & LABEL SPECIFICATIONS

WP7104ID5V

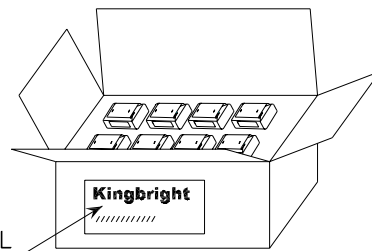
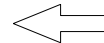


1,000PCS / BAG




56K / 9# BOX

OUTSIDE LABEL



OUTSIDE LABEL

28K / 5# BOX

| | | | | |
|--|--|----|----------|--------|
| Kingbright | | | | |
| Q.C. | <table border="1"> <tr> <td>QC</td> </tr> <tr> <td>XX XX XX</td> </tr> <tr> <td>PASSED</td> </tr> </table> | QC | XX XX XX | PASSED |
| QC | | | | |
| XX XX XX | | | | |
| PASSED | | | | |
| TYPE NO : WP7104xxx | | | | |
| QUANTITY : 1,000 pcs | | | | |
| S/N : XX | CODE: XX | | | |
| LOT NO :  | | | | |
| RoHS Compliant | | | | |

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LED MOUNTING METHOD

1. The lead pitch of the LED must match the pitch of the mounting holes on the PCB during component placement. Lead-forming may be required to insure the lead pitch matches the hole pitch. Refer to the figure below for proper lead forming procedures.

(Fig. 1)

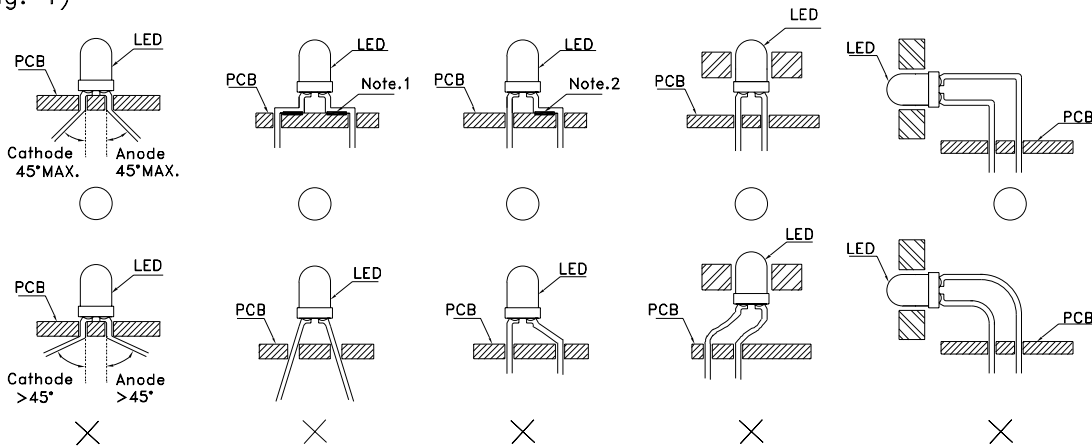


Fig.1

“○” Correct mounting method “×” Incorrect mounting method

Note 1–2 : Do not route PCB trace in the contact area between the leadframe and the PCB to prevent short-circuits.

2. When soldering wire to the LED, use individual heat-shrink tubing to insulate the exposed leads to prevent accidental contact short-circuit.

(Fig. 2)

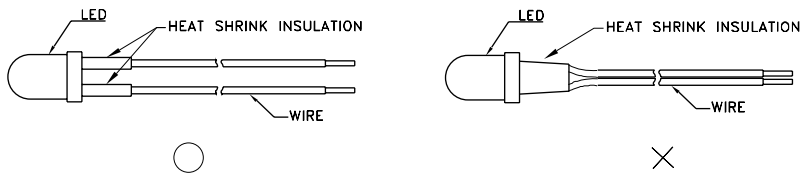


Fig. 2

3. Use stand-offs (Fig. 3) or spacers (Fig. 4) to securely position the LED above the PCB.

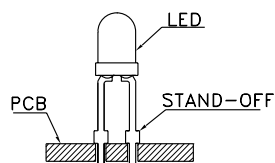


Fig. 3

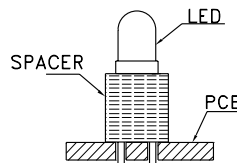


Fig. 4

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LEAD FORMING PROCEDURES

1. Maintain a minimum of 2mm clearance between the base of the LED lens and the first lead bend. (Fig. 5 and 6)

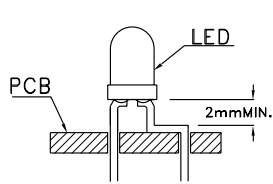


Fig. 5

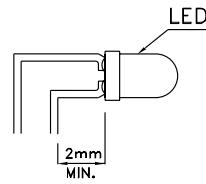


Fig. 6

2. Lead forming or bending must be performed before soldering, never during or after Soldering.
3. Do not stress the LED lens during lead-forming in order to fractures in the lens epoxy and damage the internal structures.
4. During lead forming, use tools or jigs to hold the leads securely so that the bending force will not be transmitted to the LED lens and its internal structures. Do not perform lead forming once the component has been mounted onto the PCB. (Fig. 7)
5. Do not bend the leads more than twice. (Fig. 8)

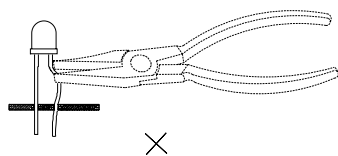


Fig. 7

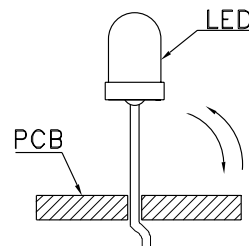


Fig. 8

6. After soldering or other high-temperature assembly, allow the LED to cool down to 50°C before applying outside force (Fig. 9). In general, avoid placing excess force on the LED to avoid damage. For any questions please consult with Kingbright representative for proper handling procedures.

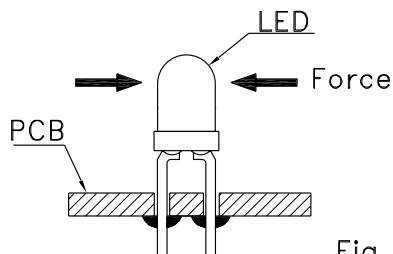


Fig. 9