MIMIX BROADBAND_{TM}

November 2005 - Rev 21-Nov-05

XM1000

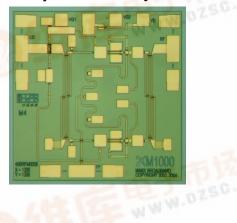
Features

- ★ Fundamental Balanced Mixer
- ★ 7.0 dB Conversion Loss
- ★ +24 dBm Input Third Order Intercept
- ★ 100% On-Wafer RF Testing
- ★ 100% Visual Inspection to MIL-STD-883 Method 2010

General Description

Mimix Broadband's 32.0-46.0 GHz GaAs MMIC fundamental balanced mixer has been optimized for use as a down-converter. The device has a conversion loss of 7.0 dB with a +24.0 dBm input third order intercept point. This MMIC uses Mimix Broadband's 0.15 μ m GaAs PHEMT device model technology, and is based upon electron beam lithography to ensure high repeatability and uniformity. The chip has surface passivation to protect and provide a rugged part with backside via holes and gold metallization to allow either a conductive epoxy or eutectic solder die attach process. This device is well suited for Millimeter-wave Point-to-Point Radio, LMDS, SATCOM and VSAT applications.

Chip Device Layout



Absolute Maximum Ratings

Gate Bias Voltage (Vg)	+0.3 VDC
Input Power (RF Pin)	+20.0 dBm
Storage Temperature (Tstg)	-65 to +165 ^O C
Operating Temperature (Ta)	-55 to +125 °C

Electrical Characteristics (Ambient Temperature T = 25° C)

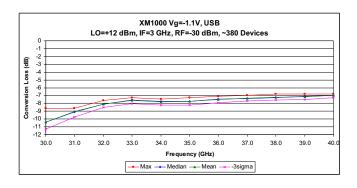
Parameter	Units	Min.	Тур.	Max.
Frequency Range (RF) Upper Sideband	GHz	32.0	-	46.0
Frequency Range (RF) Lower Sideband	GHZ	33.0	-	44.0
Frequency Range (LO)	GHz	29.0		47.0
Frequency Range (IF)	GHz	DC	(R)	3.0
RF Return Loss (S11)	dB	1 - 1	15.0	10.0
IF Return Loss (S22)	dB		10.0	-
LO Return Loss (S33)	dB	-	20.0	-
Conversion Loss (S21)	dB	-	7.0	-
LO Input Drive (PLO)	dBm	-	+15.0	-
Isolation LO/RF	dB	-	TBD	-
Isolation LO/IF	dB	-	TBD	-
Isolation RF/IF	dB	-	TBD	-
Input Third Order Intercept (IIP3)	dBm	-	+24.0	-
Gate Bias Voltage (Vg1)	VDC	-2.0	-0.6	+0.1

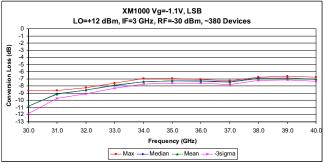
MIMIX BROADBAND_{TM}

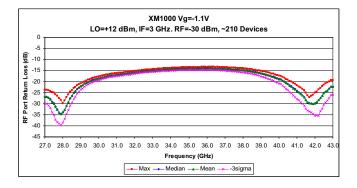
November 2005 - Rev 21-Nov-05

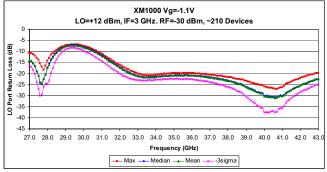
XMI000

Mixer Measurements







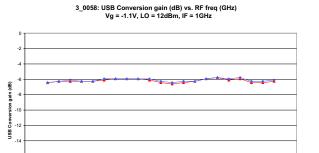


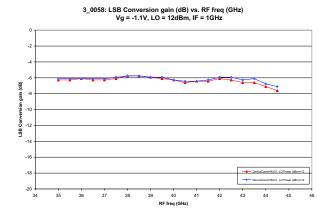


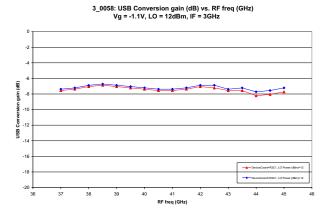
November 2005 - Rev 21-Nov-05

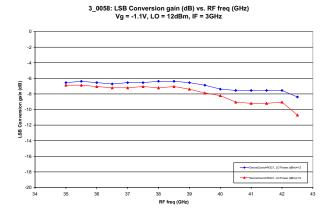
XM1000

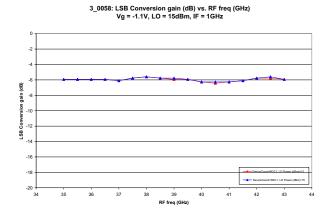
Mixer Measurements (cont.)

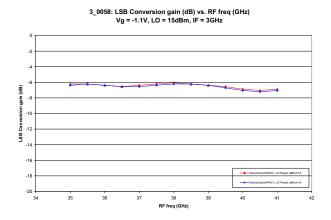










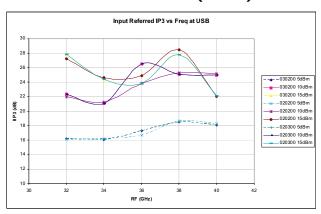


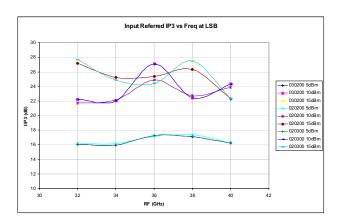
MIMIX BROADBAND...

November 2005 - Rev 21-Nov-05

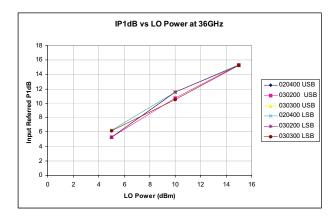
×M1000

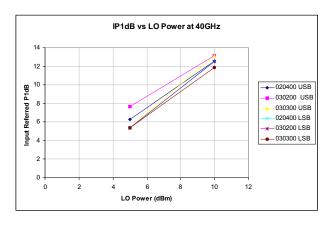
Mixer Measurements (cont.)





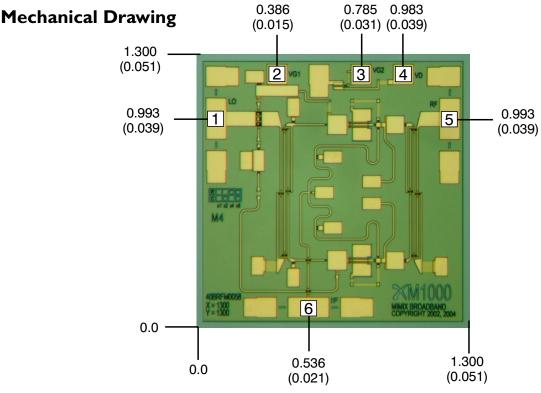








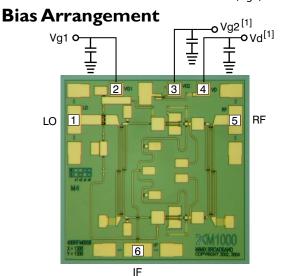
November 2005 - Rev 21-Nov-05 X M I 0 0 0



(Note: Engineering designator is 40BRFM0058)

Units: millimeters (inches) Bond pad dimensions are shown to center of bond pad. Thickness: 0.110 + -0.010 (0.0043 + -0.0004), Backside is ground, Bond Pad/Backside Metallization: Gold All DC Bond Pads are $0.100 \times 0.100 (0.004 \times 0.004)$. All RF Bond Pads are $0.100 \times 0.200 (0.004 \times 0.008)$ Bond pad centers are approximately 0.109 (0.004) from the edge of the chip. Dicing tolerance: +/-0.005 (+/-0.0002). Approximate weight: 1.048 mg.

Bond Pad #1 (LO) Bond Pad #3 (Vg2) Bond Pad #5 (RF) Bond Pad #2 (Vg1) Bond Pad #4 (Vd) Bond Pad #6 (IF)



App Note [1] **Biasing** - As shown in the bonding diagram, the pHEMT mixer devices are operated using a separate gate voltage Vg1. Set Vg1=-0.6V for optimum conversion loss performance. pHEMT test device (Vd,Vg2) with 100 Ohm resistor is provided so that mixer gate bias can be corrected for local Vto.

App Note [2] Bias Arrangement - Each DC pad (Vg1) needs to have DC bypass capacitance (~100-200 pF) as close to the device as possible. Additional DC bypass capacitance (~0.01 uF) is also recommended.

BROADBAND_{TM}

November 2005 - Rev 21-Nov-05

XMI000

Handling and Assembly Information

CAUTION! - Mimix Broadband MMIC Products contain gallium arsenide (GaAs) which can be hazardous to the human body and the environment. For safety, observe the following procedures:

- Do not ingest.
- Do not alter the form of this product into a gas, powder, or liquid through burning, crushing, or chemical processing as these by-products are dangerous to the human body if inhaled, ingested, or swallowed.
- Observe government laws and company regulations when discarding this product. This product must be discarded in accordance with methods specified by applicable hazardous waste procedures.

Life Support Policy - Mimix Broadband's products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems without the express written approval of the President and General Counsel of Mimix Broadband. As used herein: (1) Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury to the user. (2) A critical component is any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

ESD - Gallium Arsenide (GaAs) devices are susceptible to electrostatic and mechanical damage. Die are supplied in antistatic containers, which should be opened in cleanroom conditions at an appropriately grounded antistatic workstation. Devices need careful handling using correctly designed collets, vacuum pickups or, with care, sharp tweezers.

Die Attachment - GaAs Products from Mimix Broadband are 0.100 mm (0.004") thick and have vias through to the backside to enable grounding to the circuit. Microstrip substrates should be brought as close to the die as possible. The mounting surface should be clean and flat. If using conductive epoxy, recommended epoxies are Ablestick 84-1LMI or 84-1LMIT cured in a nitrogen atmosphere per manufacturer's cure schedule. Apply epoxy sparingly to avoid getting any on to the top surface of the die. An epoxy fillet should be visible around the total die periphery. If eutectic mounting is preferred, then a fluxless gold-tin (AuSn) preform, approximately 0.001² thick, placed between the die and the attachment surface should be used. A die bonder that utilizes a heated collet and provides scrubbing action to ensure total wetting to prevent void formation in a nitrogen atmosphere is recommended. The gold-tin eutectic (80% Au 20% Sn) has a melting point of approximately 280°C (Note: Gold Germanium should be avoided). The work station temperature should be 310°C ± 10°C. Exposure to these extreme temperatures should be kept to minimum. The collet should be heated, and the die pre-heated to avoid excessive thermal shock. Avoidance of air bridges and force impact are critical during placement.

Wire Bonding - Windows in the surface passivation above the bond pads are provided to allow wire bonding to the die's gold bond pads. The recommended wire bonding procedure uses 0.076 mm x 0.013 mm (0.003" x 0.0005") 99.99% pure gold ribbon with 0.5-2% elongation to minimize RF port bond inductance. Gold 0.025 mm (0.001") diameter wedge or ball bonds are acceptable for DC Bias connections. Aluminum wire should be avoided. Thermo-compression bonding is recommended though thermosonic bonding may be used providing the ultrasonic content of the bond is minimized. Bond force, time and ultrasonics are all critical parameters. Bonds should be made from the bond pads on the die to the package or substrate. All bonds should be as short as possible.