

MOSPEC

COMPLEMENTARY SILICON PLASTIC POWER TRANSISTORS

... designed for use in general-purpose amplifier and switching applications.

FEATURES:

- * Collector-Emitter Sustaining Voltage-
 $V_{CE(SUS)} = 40\text{ V (Min) -2N6486, 2N6489}$
 $= 60\text{ V (Min) -2N6487, 2N6490}$
 $= 80\text{ V (Min) -2N6488, 2N6491}$
- * DC Current Gain Specified to 15 Ampers
 $hFE = 20-150 @ I_C = 5.0\text{ A}$
 $= 5.0(\text{Min}) @ I_C = 15\text{ A}$

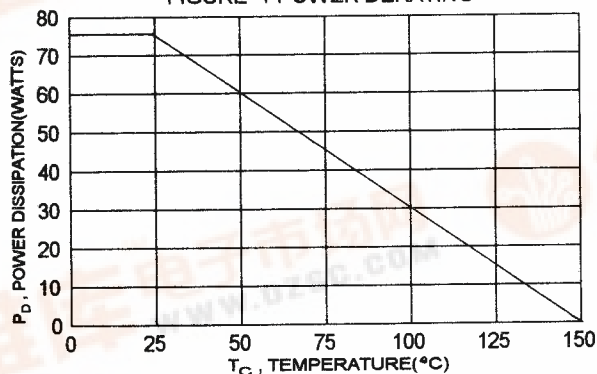
MAXIMUM RATINGS

Characteristic	Symbol	2N6486 2N6489	2N6487 2N6490	2N6488 2N6491	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	40	60	80	V
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CBO}	50	70	90	V
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EBO}	5.0			V
Collector Current - Continuous	I_C	15			A
Base Current	I_B	5.0			A
Total Power Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	75 0.6			W W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-65 to +150			$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance Junction to Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.67	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

FIGURE -1 POWER DERATING



NPN

2N6486

2N6487

2N6488

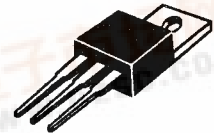
PNP

2N6489

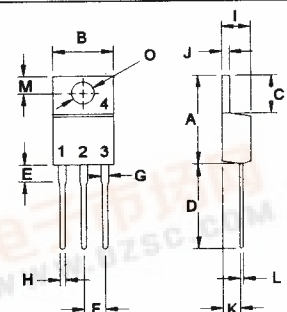
2N6490

2N6491

15 AMPERE
COMPLEMENTARY SILICON
POWER TRANSISTORS
40-80 Volts
75 Watts



TO-220



PIN 1.BASE
2.COLLECTOR
3.EMITTER
4.COLLECTOR(CASE)

DIM	MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX
A	14.68	15.31
B	9.78	10.42
C	5.01	6.52
D	13.06	14.62
E	3.57	4.07
F	2.42	3.66
G	1.12	1.36
H	0.72	0.96
I	4.22	4.98
J	1.14	1.38
K	2.20	2.97
L	0.33	0.55
M	2.48	2.98
O	3.70	3.90

2N6486, 2N6487, 2N6488 NPN / 2N6489, 2N6490, 2N6491 PNP

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
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OFF CHARACTERISTICS

Collector - Emitter Sustaining Voltage (1) ($I_c = 100\text{ mA}$, $I_B = 0$) 2N6486, 2N6489 2N6487, 2N6490 2N6488, 2N6491	$V_{CEO(sus)}$	40 60 80		V
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$, $I_B = 0$) ($V_{CE} = 30\text{ V}$, $I_B = 0$) ($V_{CE} = 40\text{ V}$, $I_B = 0$) 2N6486, 2N6489 2N6487, 2N6490 2N6488, 2N6491	I_{CEO}		1.0 1.0 1.0	mA
Collector Cutoff Current ($V_{CE} = 45\text{ V}$, $V_{BE(off)} = 1.5\text{ V}$) ($V_{CE} = 65\text{ V}$, $V_{BE(off)} = 1.5\text{ V}$) ($V_{CE} = 85\text{ V}$, $V_{BE(off)} = 1.5\text{ V}$) ($V_{CE} = 40\text{ V}$, $V_{BE(off)} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $T_c = 125^\circ\text{C}$) ($V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$, $V_{BE(off)} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $T_c = 125^\circ\text{C}$) ($V_{CE} = 80\text{ V}$, $V_{BE(off)} = 1.5\text{ V}$, $T_c = 125^\circ\text{C}$) 2N6486, 2N6489 2N6487, 2N6490 2N6488, 2N6491 2N6486, 2N6489 2N6487, 2N6490 2N6488, 2N6491	I_{CEX}		0.5 0.5 0.5 5.0 5.0 5.0	mA
Emitter Cutoff Current ($V_{EB} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $I_C = 0$)	I_{EBO}		1.0	mA

ON CHARACTERISTICS (1)

DC Current Gain ($I_c = 5.0\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ V}$) ($I_c = 15\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ V}$)	h_{FE}	20 5.0	150	
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_c = 5.0\text{ A}$, $I_B = 0.5\text{ A}$) ($I_c = 15\text{ A}$, $I_B = 5.0\text{ A}$)	$V_{CE(sat)}$		1.3 3.5	V
Base-Emitter On Voltage ($I_c = 5.0\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ V}$) ($I_c = 15\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ V}$)	$V_{BE(on)}$		1.3 3.5	V

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Current-Gain-Bandwidth Product (2) ($I_c = 1.0\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$)	f_T	5.0		MHz
Small-Signal Current Gain ($I_c = 1.0\text{ A}$, $V_{CE} = 4.0\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ KHz}$)	h_{fe}	15		

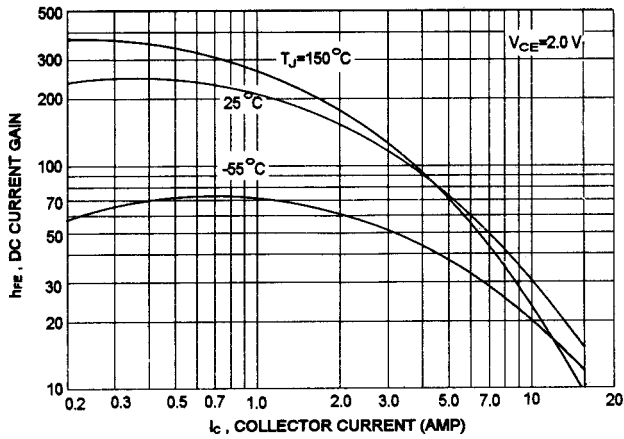
(1) Pulse Test: Pulse width = $300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2.0\%$

(2) $f_T = |h_{fe}| \cdot f_{test}$

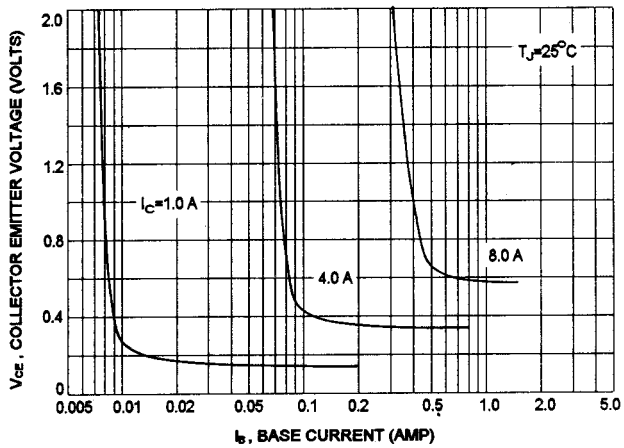
2N6486, 2N6487, 2N6488 NPN / 2N6489, 2N6490, 2N6491 PNP

NPN 2N6486, 2N6487, 2N6488

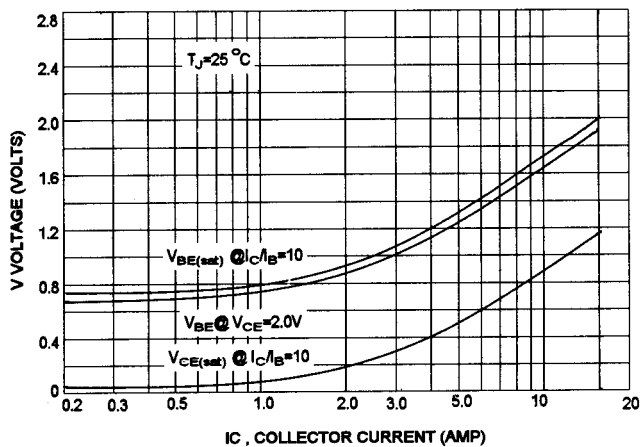
DC CURRENT GAIN



COLLECTOR SATURATION REGION

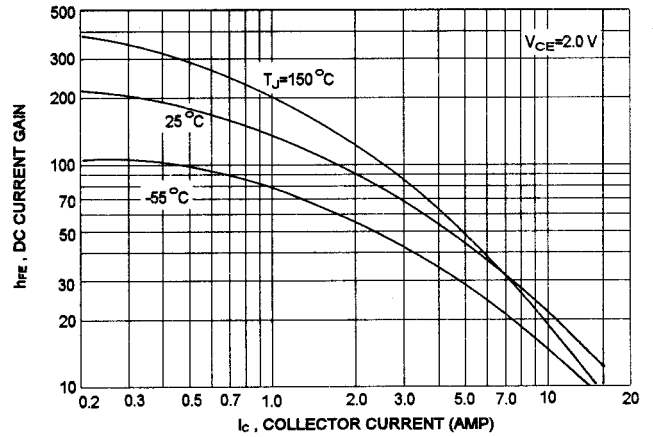


"ON" VOLTAGES

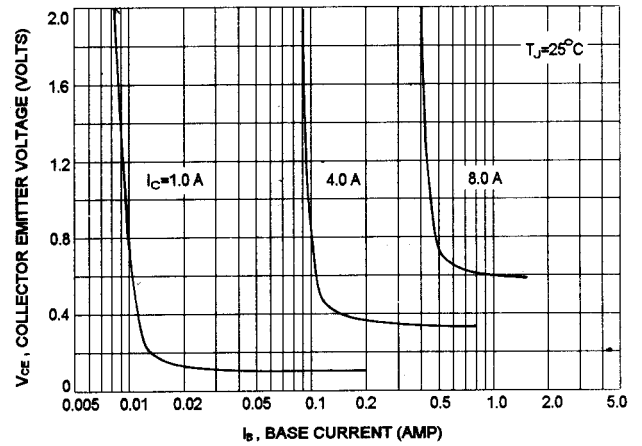


PNP 2N6489, 2N6490, 2N6491

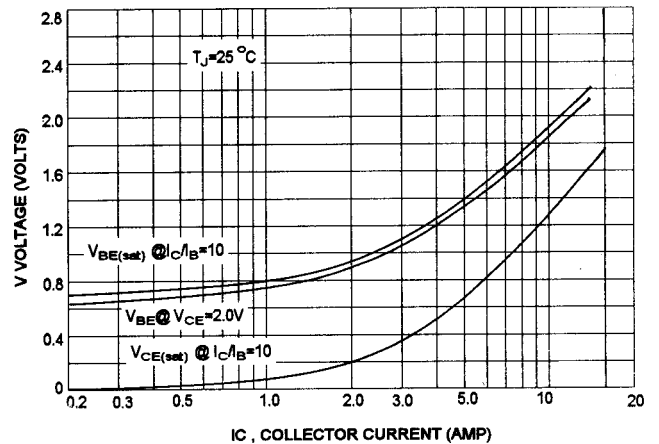
DC CURRENT GAIN



COLLECTOR SATURATION REGION

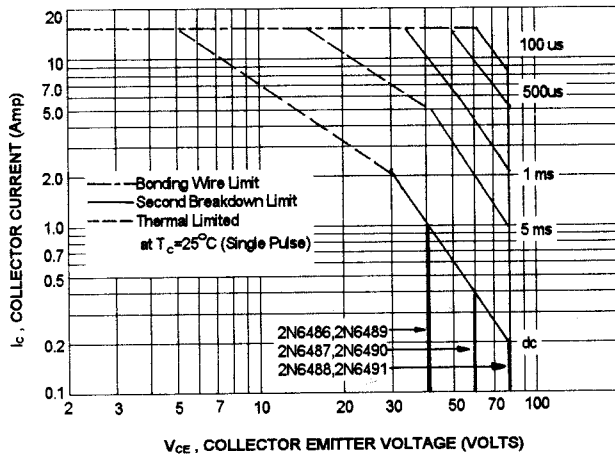


"ON" VOLTAGES



2N6486, 2N6487, 2N6488 NPN / 2N6489, 2N6490, 2N6491 PNP

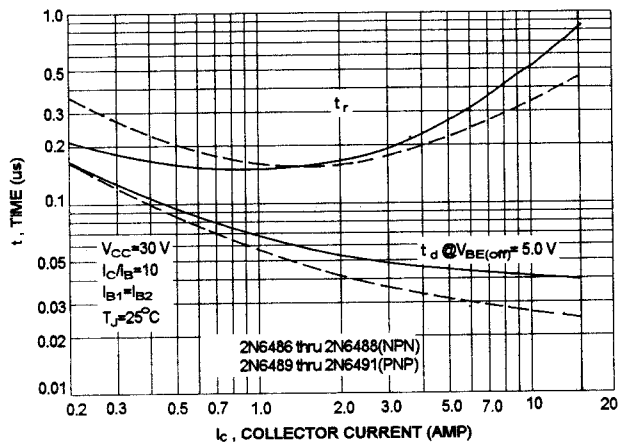
ACTIVE-REGION SAFE OPERATING AREA (SOA)



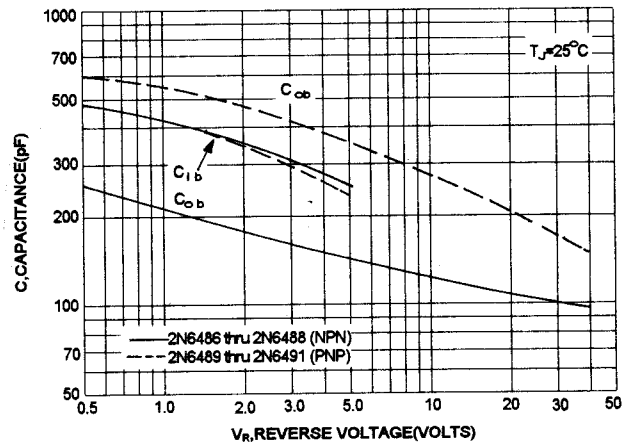
There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown safe operating area curves indicate I_C - V_{CE} limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than curves indicate.

The data of SOA curve is based on $T_{J(PK)} = 150^\circ\text{C}$; T_C is variable depending on conditions. Second breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% provided $T_{J(PK)} < 150^\circ\text{C}$. At high case temperatures, thermal limitation will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by second breakdown.

TURN-ON TIME



CAPACITANCES



TURN-OFF TIME

