FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR®

August 1990
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74ACTQ00
Quiet Series™ Quad 2-Input NAND Gate

General Description

The ACTQ00 contains four 2-input NAND gates and utilizes Fairchild FACT Quiet Series™ technology to guarantee quiet output switching and improve dynamic threshold performance FACT Quiet Series features GTO™ output control and undershoot corrector in addition to a split ground bus for superior ACMOS performance.

Features

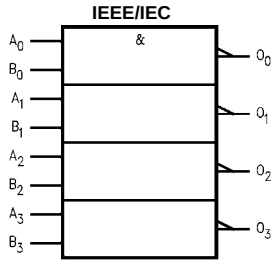
- I_{CC} reduced by 50%
- Guaranteed simultaneous switching noise level and dynamic threshold performance
- Improved latch-up immunity
- Outputs source/sink 24 mA
- Has TTL-compatible inputs

Ordering Code:

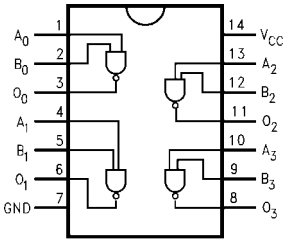
Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
74ACTQ00SC	M14A	14-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150" Narrow
74ACTQ00MTC	MTC14	14-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide
74ACTQ00PC	N14A	14-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide

Device also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

Logic Symbol



Connection Diagram



Pin Descriptions

Pin Names	Description
A_n, B_n	Inputs
$\overline{O}_n$	Outputs

FACT™, Quiet Series™, FACT Quiet Series™, and GTO™ are trademarks of Fairchild Semiconductor Corporation.

Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 1)

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	−0.5V to +7.0V
DC Input Diode Current (I_{IK})	
V_I = −0.5V	−20 mA
V_I = V_{CC} + 0.5V	+20 mA
DC Input Voltage (V_I)	−0.5V to V_{CC} + 0.5V
DC Output Diode Current (I_{OK})	
V_O = −0.5V	−20 mA
V_O = V_{CC} + 0.5V	+20 mA
DC Output Voltage (V_O)	−0.5V to V_{CC} + 0.5V
DC Output Source	
or Sink Current (I_O)	±50 mA
DC V_{CC} or Ground Current	
per Output Pin (I_{CC} or I_{GND})	±50 mA
Storage Temperature (T_{STG})	−65°C to +150°C
DC Latch-up Source	
or Sink Current	±300 mA
Junction Temperature (T_J)	
PDIP	140°C

Recommended Operating Conditions

Supply Voltage (V_{CC})	4.5V to 5.5V
Input Voltage (V_I)	0V to V_{CC}
Output Voltage (V_O)	0V to V_{CC}
Operating Temperature (T_A)	−40°C to +85°C
Minimum Input Edge Rate ($\Delta V/\Delta t$)	
V_{IN} from 0.8V to 2.0V	125 mV/ns
V_{CC} @ 4.5V, 5.5V	

Note 1: Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. The databook specifications should be met, without exception, to ensure that the system design is reliable over its power supply, temperature, and output/input loading variables. Fairchild does not recommend operation outside databook specifications.

DC Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC} (V)	T_A = +25°C Typ	T_A = −40°C to +85°C Guaranteed Limits		Units	Conditions
V_{IH}	Minimum HIGH Level Input Voltage	4.5	1.5	2.0	2.0	V	V_{OUT} = 0.1V or V_{CC} − 0.1V
		5.5	1.5	2.0	2.0		
V_{IL}	Maximum LOW Level Input Voltage	4.5	1.5	0.8	0.8	V	V_{OUT} = 0.1V or V_{CC} − 0.1V
		5.5	1.5	0.8	0.8		
V_{OH}	Minimum HIGH Level Output Voltage	4.5	4.49	4.4	4.4	V	I_{OUT} = −50 μA
		5.5	5.49	5.4	5.4		
							V_{IN} = V_{IL} or V_{IH}
		4.5		3.86	3.76	V	I_{OH} = −24 mA
		5.5		4.86	4.76		I_{OH} = −24 mA (Note 2)
V_{OL}	Maximum LOW Level Output Voltage	4.5	0.001	0.1	0.1	V	I_{OUT} = 50 μA
		5.5	0.001	0.1	0.1		
							V_{IN} = V_{IL} or V_{IH}
		4.5		0.36	0.44	V	I_{OL} = 24 mA
		5.5		0.36	0.44		I_{OL} = 24 mA (Note 2)
I_{IN}	Maximum Input Leakage Current	5.5		±0.1	±1.0	μA	V_I = V_{CC}, GND
I_{CCT}	Maximum I_{CC}/Input	5.5	0.6		1.5	mA	V_I = V_{CC} − 2.1V
I_{OLD}	Minimum Dynamic Output Current (Note 3)	5.5			75	mA	V_{OLD} = 1.65V Max
I_{OHD}		5.5			−75	mA	V_{OHD} = 3.85V Min
I_{CC}	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current	5.5		2.0	20.0	μA	V_{IN} = V_{CC} or GND
V_{OLP}	Quiet Output Maximum Dynamic V_{OL}	5.0	1.1	1.5		V	Figure 1, Figure 2 (Note 4)(Note 5)
V_{OLV}	Quiet Output Minimum Dynamic V_{OL}	5.0	−0.6	−1.2		V	Figure 1, Figure 2 (Note 4)(Note 5)
V_{IHD}	Minimum HIGH Level Dynamic Input Voltage	5.0	1.9	2.2		V	(Note 4)(Note 6)
V_{ILD}	Maximum LOW Level Dynamic Input Voltage	5.0	1.2	0.8		V	(Note 4)(Note 6)

Note 2: All outputs loaded; thresholds on input associated with output under test.

Note 3: Maximum test duration 2.0 ms, one output loaded at a time.

Note 4: DIP package.

Note 5: Max number of outputs defined as (n). Data inputs are 0V to 3V. One output @ GND.

Note 6: Max number of data inputs (n) switching. (n−1) inputs switching 0V to 3V. Input-under-test switching: 3V to threshold (V_{ILD}), 0V to threshold (V_{IHD}), f = 1 MHz.

AC Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	V_{CC} (V) (Note 7)	$T_A = +25°C$, $C_L = 50$ pF			$T_A = -40°C$ to $+85°C$, $C_L = 50$ pF		Units
			Min	Typ	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PLH}	Propagation Delay Data to Output	5.0	2.0		7.5	2.0	8.0	ns
t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay Data to Output	5.0	2.0		7.5	2.0	8.0	ns
t_{OSHL} t_{OSLH}	Output to Output Skew (Note 8)	5.0		0.5	1.0		1.0	ns

Note 7: Voltage Range 5.0 is 5.0V ± 0.5V.

Note 8: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t_{OSHL}) or LOW-to-HIGH (t_{OSLH}). Parameter guaranteed by design.

Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Typ	Units	Conditions
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	4.5	pF	V_{CC} = OPEN
C_{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance	74	pF	V_{CC} = 5.0V

FACT™ Noise Characteristics

The setup of a noise characteristics measurement is critical to the accuracy and repeatability of the tests. The following is a brief description of the setup used to measure the noise characteristics of FACT.

Equipment:

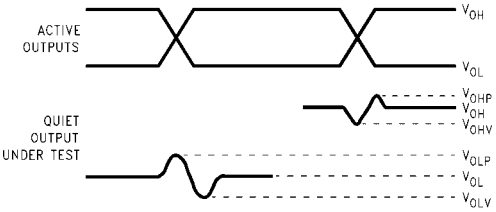
Hewlett Packard Model 8180A Word Generator

PC-163A Test Fixture

Tektronics Model 7854 Oscilloscope

Procedure:

1. Verify Test Fixture Loading: Standard Load 50 pF, 500Ω.
2. Deskew the HFS generator so that no two channels have greater than 150 ps skew between them. This requires that the oscilloscope be deskewed first. It is important to deskew the word generator channels before testing. This will ensure that the outputs switch simultaneously.
3. Terminate all inputs and outputs to ensure proper loading of the outputs and that the input levels are at the correct voltage.
4. Set the HFS generator to toggle all but one output at a frequency of 1 MHz. Greater frequencies will increase DUT heating and effect the results of the measurement.
5. Set the HFS generator input levels at 0V LOW and 3V HIGH for ACT devices and 0V LOW and 5V HIGH for AC devices. Verify levels with an oscilloscope



Note 9: V_{OHV} and V_{OLP} are measured with respect to ground reference.

Note 10: Input pulses have the following characteristics: f = 1 MHz, t_r = 3 ns, t_f = 3 ns, skew < 150 ps.

FIGURE 1. Quiet Output Noise Voltage Waveforms

V_{OLP}/V_{OLV} and V_{OHP}/V_{OHV}:

- Determine the quiet output pin that demonstrates the greatest noise levels. The worst case pin will usually be the furthest from the ground pin. Monitor the output voltages using a 50Ω coaxial cable plugged into a standard SMB type connector on the test fixture. Do not use an active FET probe.
- Measure V_{OLP} and V_{OLV} on the quiet output during the worst case transition for active and enable. Measure V_{OHP} and V_{OHV} on the quiet output during the worst case active and enable transition.
- Verify that the GND reference recorded on the oscilloscope has not drifted to ensure the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements.

V_{ILD} and V_{IHD}:

- Monitor one of the switching outputs using a 50Ω coaxial cable plugged into a standard SMB type connector on the test fixture. Do not use an active FET probe.
- First increase the input LOW voltage level, V_{IL}, until the output begins to oscillate or steps out a min of 2 ns. Oscillation is defined as noise on the output LOW level that exceeds V_{IL} limits, or on output HIGH levels that exceed V_{IH} limits. The input LOW voltage level at which oscillation occurs is defined as V_{ILD}.
- Next decrease the input HIGH voltage level.V_{IH} until the output begins to oscillate or steps out a mine of 2 ns. Oscillation is defined as noise on the output LOW level that exceeds V_{IL} limits, or on output HIGH levels that exceed V_{IH} limits. The input HIGH voltage level at which oscillation occurs is defined as V_{IHD}.
- Verify that the GND reference recorded on the oscilloscope has not drifted to ensure the accuracy and repeatability of the measurements.

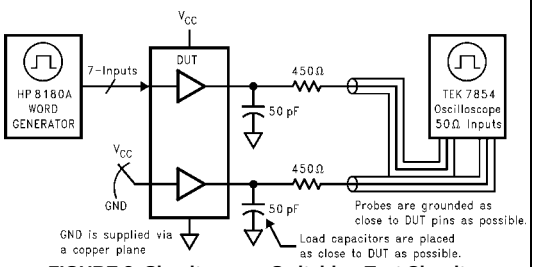
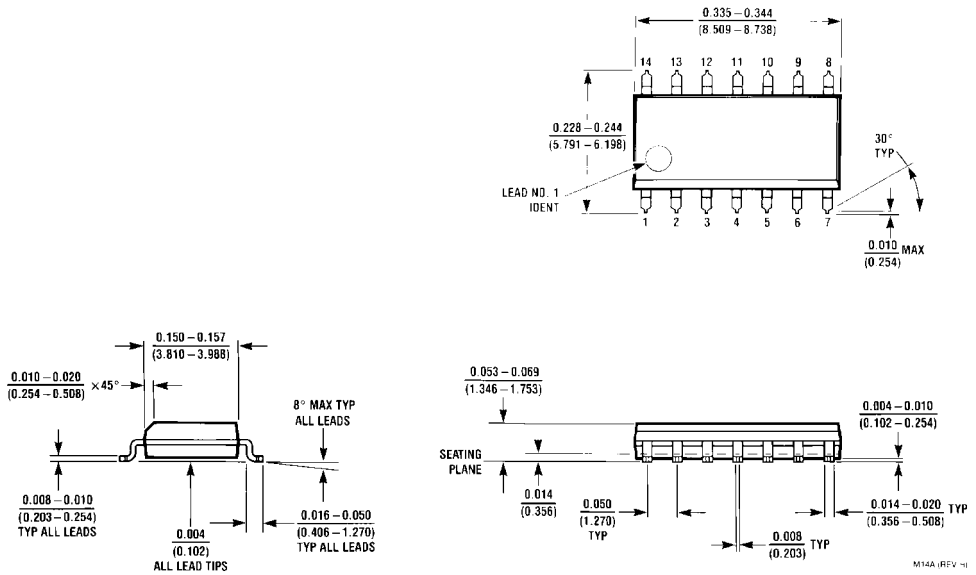


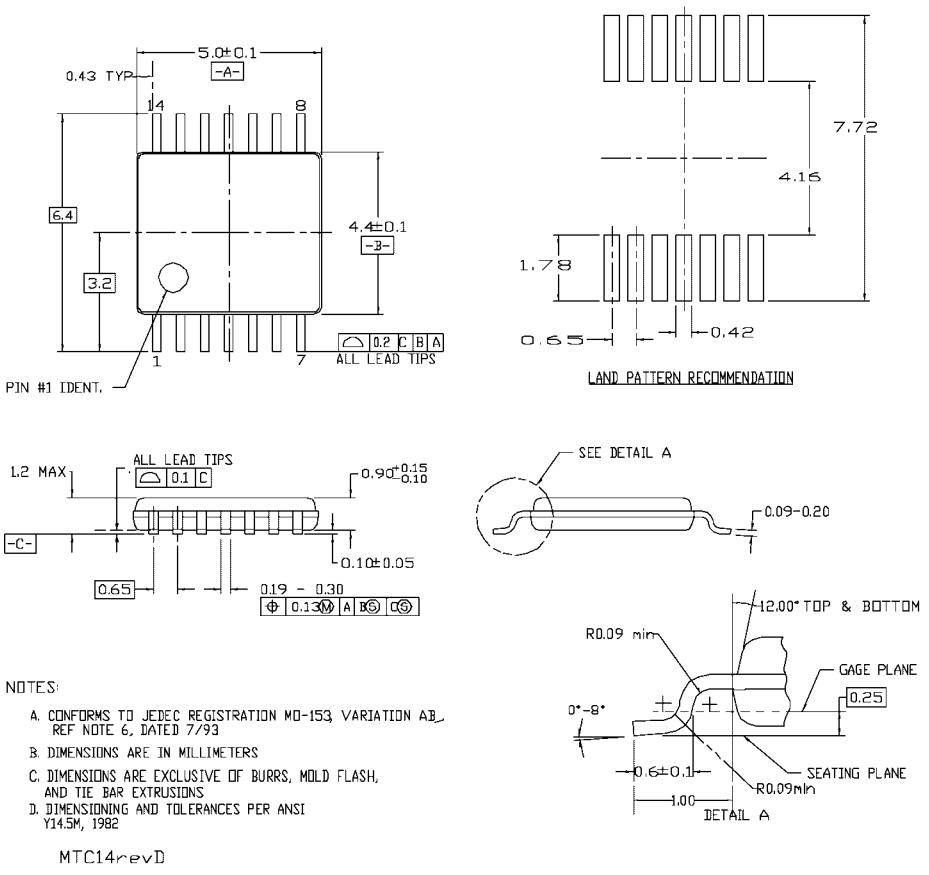
FIGURE 2. Simultaneous Switching Test Circuit

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



14-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-012, 0.150" Narrow
Package Number M14A

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



NOTES:

A. CONFORMS TO JEDEC REGISTRATION MO-153, VARIATION AB, REF NOTE 6, DATED 7/93

B. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS

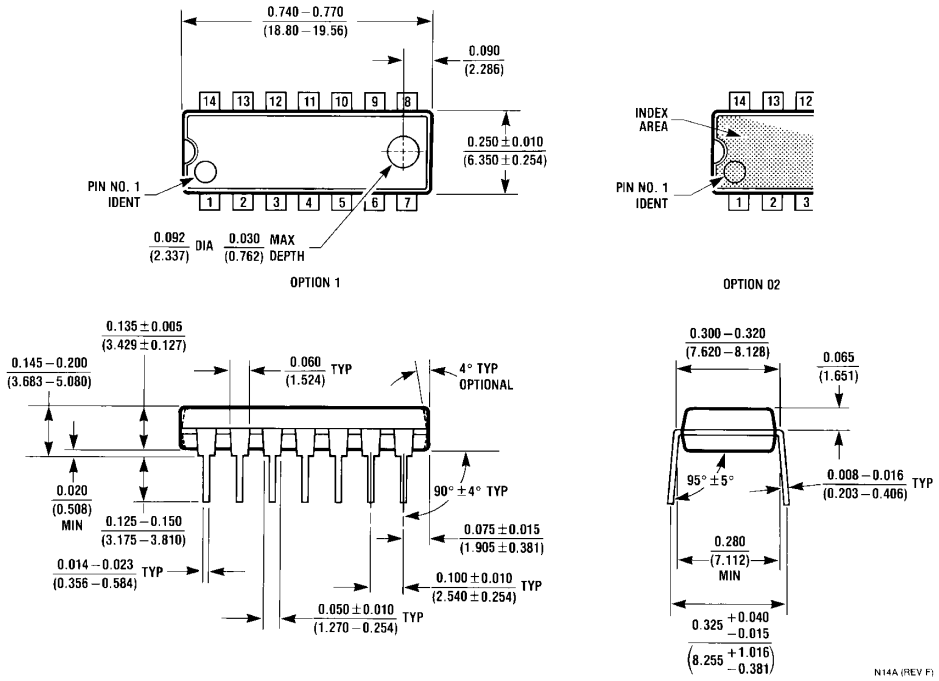
C. DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF BURRS, MOLD FLASH, AND TIE BAR EXTRUSIONS

D. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCES PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982

MTC14revD

14-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide
Package Number MTC14

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



14-Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line Package (PDIP), JEDEC MS-001, 0.300" Wide
Package Number N14A

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2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

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