

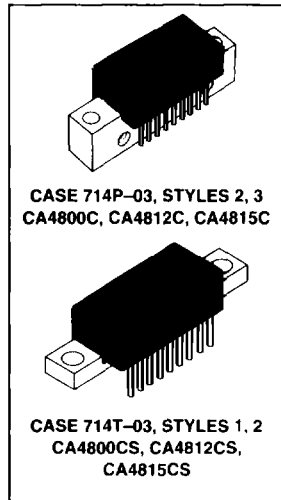
The RF Line
Wideband Linear Amplifiers

... designed for amplifier applications in 50 ohm systems requiring wide bandwidth, low noise and low-distortion. This hybrid provides excellent gain stability with temperature and linear amplification as a result of the push-pull circuit design.

- Specified Characteristics at $V_{CC} = 24\text{ V}$ for CA4800C; 12 V for CA4812C; 15 V for CA4815C, $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$:
 Frequency Range — 10 to 1000 MHz
 Output Power — 400 mW Typ @ 1 dB Compression, $f = 900\text{ MHz}$
 Power Gain — 17.5 dB Typ @ 1000 MHz
 Noise Figure — 6.5 dB Typ @ $f = 500\text{ MHz}$
 ITO — 38 dBm Typ @ 1000 MHz
- All Gold Metallization for Improved Reliability
- CA4812C is Optimized for 12 V Operation
- CA4815C is Optimized for 15 V Operation

CA4800C,CS
CA4812C,CS
CA4815C,CS

17 dB
10–1000 MHz
400 mW
WIDEBAND
LINEAR AMPLIFIERS



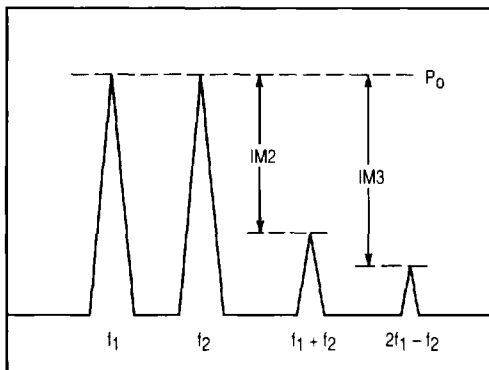
MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Supply Voltage	CA4800C,CS CA4815C,CS CA4812C,CS	V_{CC}	28 18 14	V
RF Input Power		P_{in}	+14	dBm
Storage Temperature		T_{stg}	-40 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Operating Case Temperature Range		T_C	-20 to +100	$^\circ\text{C}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 24\text{ V}$ for CA4800C; 12 V for CA4812C; 15 V for CA4815C, 50 Ohm System)

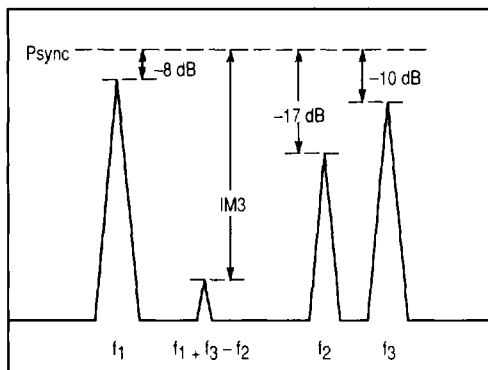
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	
Supply Current	CA4800C,CS CA4812C,CS; CA4815C,CS	I_{DC}	— —	220 380	240 400	mA
Power Gain ($f = 1000\text{ MHz}$)		PG	16.5	17.5	18.5	dB
Bandwidth (3 dB Down at 10 MHz)		BW	10	—	1000	MHz
Gain Flatness ($f = 40\text{--}1000\text{ MHz}$)		FL	—	1	2	dB
Power Output — 1 dB Compression ($f = 900\text{ MHz}$)		$P_{O\ 1dB}$	300	400	—	mW
Input/Output VSWR $f = 40\text{--}900\text{ MHz}$ $f = 900\text{--}1000\text{ MHz}$		VSWR	— —	— —	2:1 2.6:1	—
Noise Figure, Broadband $f = 500\text{ MHz}$ $f = 1000\text{ MHz}$		NF	— —	6.5 7.5	8 9	dB
Third Order Intercept ($f_1 = 10\text{--}1000\text{ MHz}$, See Figure 1)		ITO	37	38	—	dBm
Second Harmonic Distortion ($P_O = 100\text{ mW}$, $f_{2H} = 1000\text{ MHz}$)		dso	—	-50	-40	dB
Second Order Intermodulation Distortion ($P_O = 2.75\text{ dBm}$, $f_1 = 373\text{ MHz}$, $f_2 = 450\text{ MHz}$, See Figure 1)		IM2	—	—	-60	dB
Intermodulation Distortion, 3 Tone ($f = 860\text{ MHz}$, $P_{sync} = 200\text{ mW}$, See Figure 2)		IM3	—	-60	—	dB

REV 1



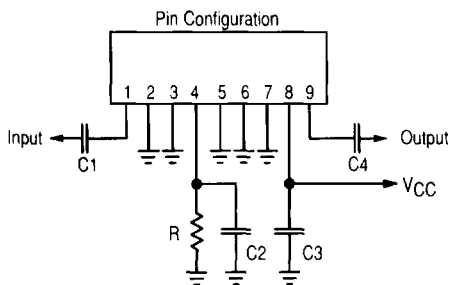
$$ITO = P_0 + IM3 / 2 @ IM3 > 60 \text{ dB}$$

Figure 1. 2-Tone Intermodulation Test A



f_1 = Video
 f_2 = Sideband
 f_3 = Sound

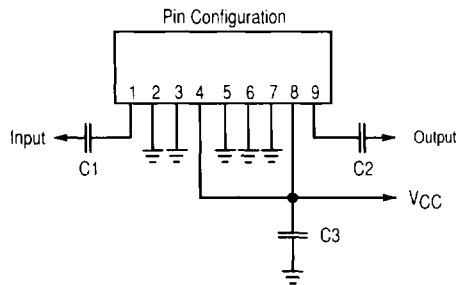
Figure 2. 3-Tone TV Intermodulation Test



$C1, 2, 3, 4 \geq 0.01 \mu\text{F}$ (chip)
 $R = 200 \text{ Ohms}, 1 \text{ Watt}$

CA4800C (Case 714P-03, Style 2)
 CA4800CS (Case 714T-03, Style 1)

Figure 3. External Connections



$C1, 2, 3 \geq 0.01 \mu\text{F}$ (chip)

CA4812C, CA4815C (Case 714P-03, Style 3)
 CA4812CS, CA4815CS (Case 714T-03, Style 2)

Figure 4. External Connections