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HMC347* Product Page Quick Links

Last Content Update: 11/01/2016

Comparable Parts

View a parametric search of comparable parts

Evaluation Kits

- HMC347C8 Evaluation Board
- HMC347G8 Evaluation Board
- This page contains ordering information for evaluating the HMC347.

Documentation

Data Sheet

- HMC347 Die Data Sheet
- HMC347C8 Data Sheet
- HMC347G8 Data Sheet
- HMC347LP3 Data Sheet

Tools and Simulations

- HMC347 Die S-Parameters
- HMC347C8 S-Parameters
- HMC347G8 S-Parameters
- HMC347LP3 S-Parameters

Reference Materials

Quality Documentation

- Package/Assembly Qualification Test Report: 16L 3x3mm QFN Package (QTR: 11003 REV: 02)
- Package/Assembly Qualification Test Report: LC3, LC3B, LC3C (QTR: 2014-00376 REV: 01)
- Package/Assembly Qualification Test Report: LP2, LP2C, LP3, LP3B, LP3C, LP3D, LP3F, LP3G (QTR: 2014-0364)
- Package/Assembly Qualification Test Report: Plastic Encapsulated QFN (QTR: 05006 REV: 02)
- Semiconductor Qualification Test Report: MESFET-F (QTR: 2013-00247)

Design Resources

- HMC347 Material Declaration
- PCN-PDN Information
- Quality And Reliability
- Symbols and Footprints

Discussions

View all HMC347 EngineerZone Discussions

Sample and Buy

Visit the product page to see pricing options

Technical Support

Submit a technical question or find your regional support number

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GaAs MMIC SPDT NON-REFLECTIVE SWITCH, DC - 20 GHz

Typical Applications

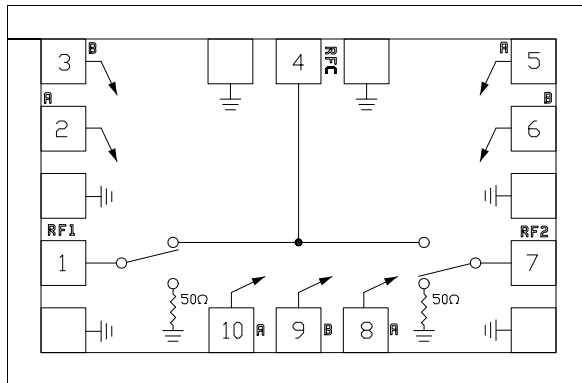
This switch is suitable DC - 20 GHz applications:

- Fiber Optics
- Microwave Radio
- Military
- Space
- VSAT

Features

- High Isolation: >40 dB @ 20 GHz
- Low Insertion Loss: 1.6 dB @ 20 GHz
- Non-Reflective Design
- Small Size: 1.3 x 0.8 x 0.1 mm

Functional Diagram



General Description

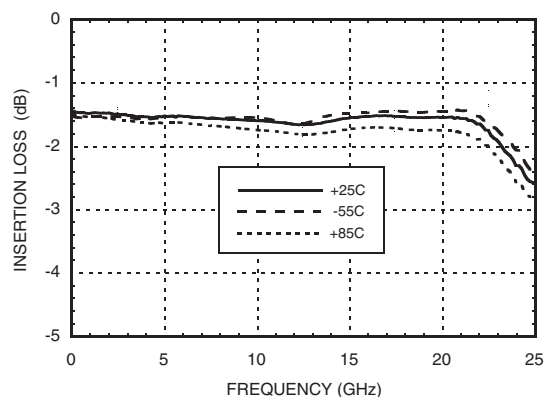
The HMC347 is a broadband non-reflective GaAs MESFET SPDT MMIC chip. Covering DC to 20 GHz, the switch offers high isolation and low insertion loss. The switch features over 50 dB isolation at lower frequencies and over 40 dB at higher frequencies due to the implementation of on-chip via hole structures. The switch operates using two negative control voltage logic lines of -5/0V, requires no Vee and has no current consumption. The switch operates down to DC. The chip features coplanar I/Os that allow 100% RF testing prior to delivery to the customer.

Electrical Specifications, $T_A = +25^\circ \text{C}$, With 0/-5V Control, 50 Ohm System

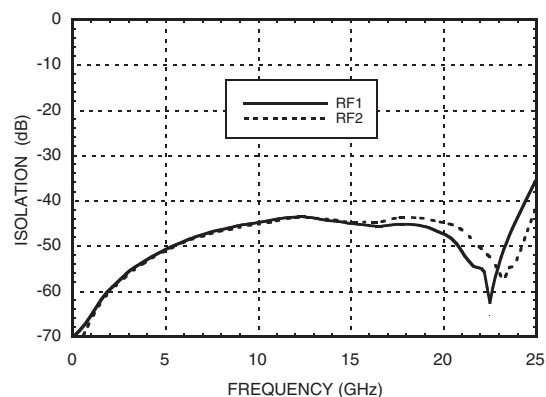
Parameter	Frequency	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Insertion Loss	DC - 20.0 GHz		1.7	2.2	dB
Isolation	DC - 20.0 GHz	40	45		dB
Return Loss "On State"	DC - 20.0 GHz	10	13		dB
Return Loss RF1, RF2 "On State"	DC - 20.0 GHz	8	10		dB
Input Power for 1 dB Compression	0.5 - 20.0 GHz	19	23		dBm
Input Third Order Intercept	0.5 - 20.0 GHz	38	43		dBm
Switching Characteristics tRISE, tFALL (10/90% RF) tON, tOFF (50% CTL to 10/90% RF)	DC - 20.0 GHz		3 6		ns ns

GaAs MMIC SPDT NON-REFLECTIVE SWITCH, DC - 20 GHz

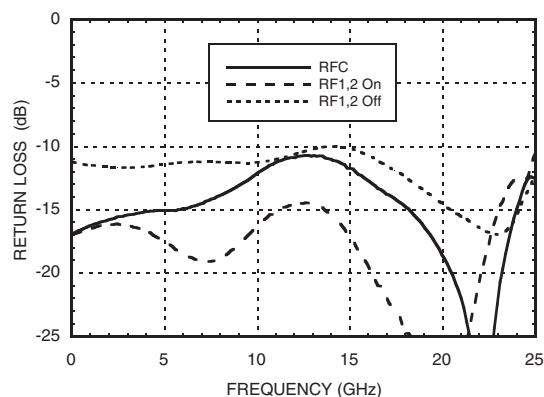
Insertion Loss



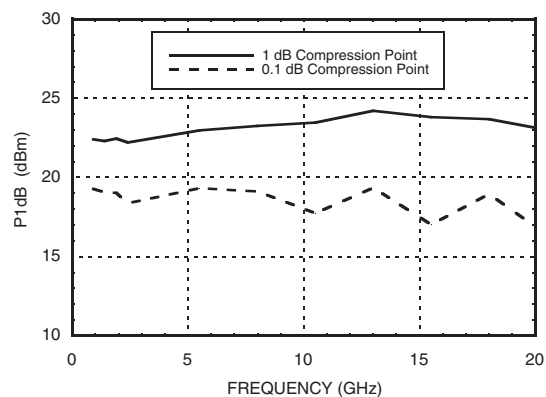
Isolation



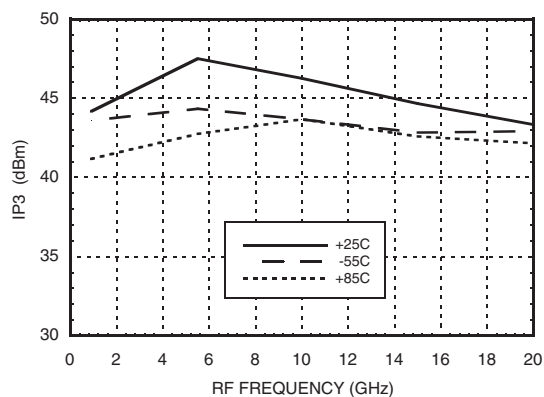
Return Loss



0.1 and 1 dB Input Compression Point



Input Third Order Intercept Point



**GaAs MMIC SPDT NON-REFLECTIVE
SWITCH, DC - 20 GHz**

Absolute Maximum Ratings

RF Input Power (Vctl = -5V)	+27 dBm
Control Voltage Range (A & B)	+0.5V to -7.5 Vdc
Channel Temperature	150 °C
Thermal Resistance (Insertion Loss Path)	440 °C/W
Thermal Resistance (Terminated Path)	540 °C/W
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150 °C
Operating Temperature	-55 to +85 °C
ESD Sensitivity (HBM)	Class 1A

Control Voltages

State	Bias Condition
Low	0 to -0.2V @ 10 uA Max.
High	-5V @ 10 uA Typ. to -7V @ 40 uA Max.

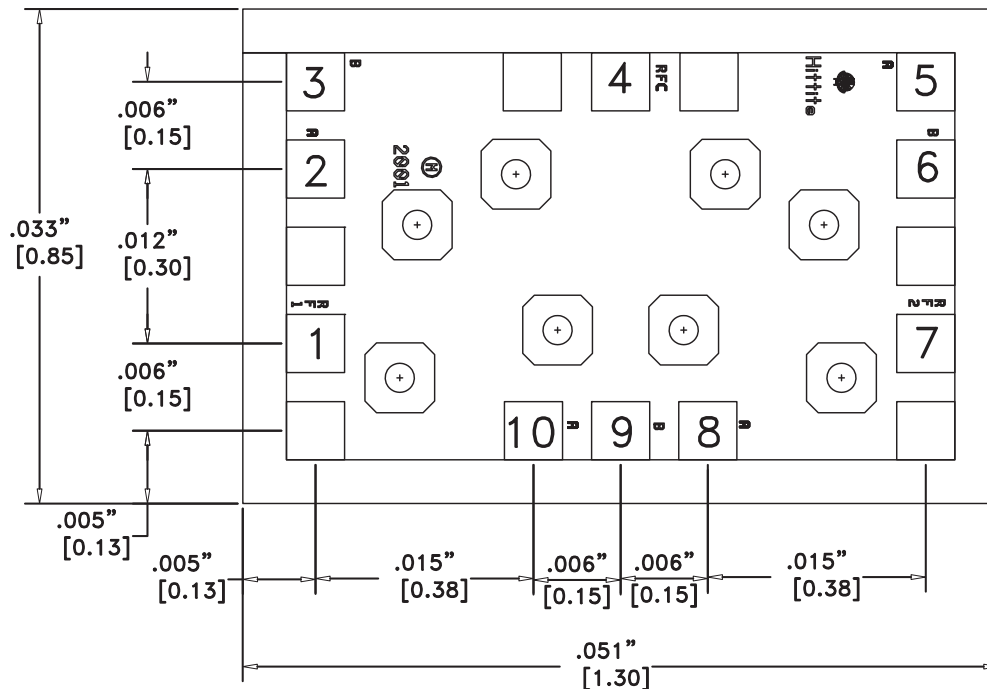
Truth Table

Control Input		Signal Path State	
A	B	RFC to RF1	RFC to RF2
High	Low	ON	OFF
Low	High	OFF	ON



**ELECTROSTATIC SENSITIVE DEVICE
OBSERVE HANDLING PRECAUTIONS**

Outline Drawing



Die Packaging Information ^[1]

Standard	Alternate
WP-8 (Waffle Pack)	[2]

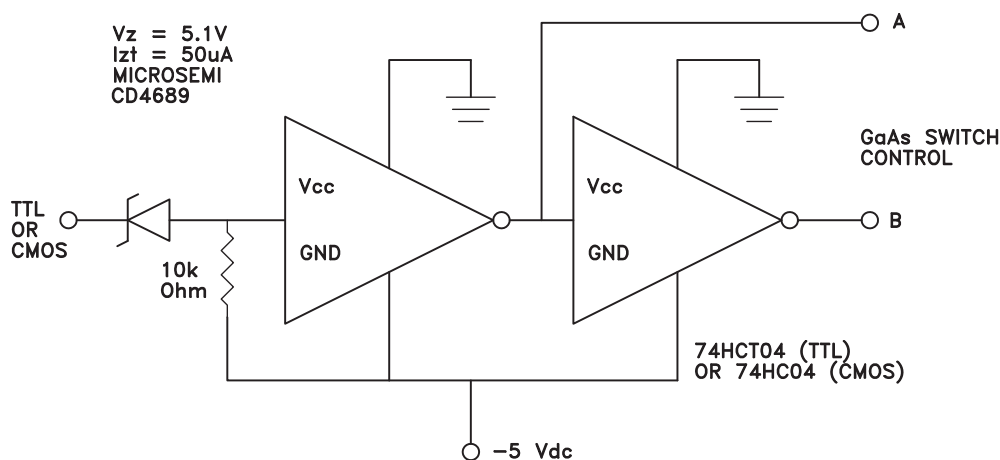
[1] Refer to the "Packaging Information" section for die packaging dimensions.

[2] For alternate packaging information contact Hittite Microwave Corporation.

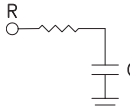
For price, delivery, and to place orders, please contact Hittite Microwave Corporation:
20 Alpha Road, Chelmsford, MA 01824 Phone: 978-250-3343 Fax: 978-250-3373
Order On-line at www.hittite.com

**GaAs MMIC SPDT NON-REFLECTIVE
SWITCH, DC - 20 GHz**

Suggested Driver Circuit

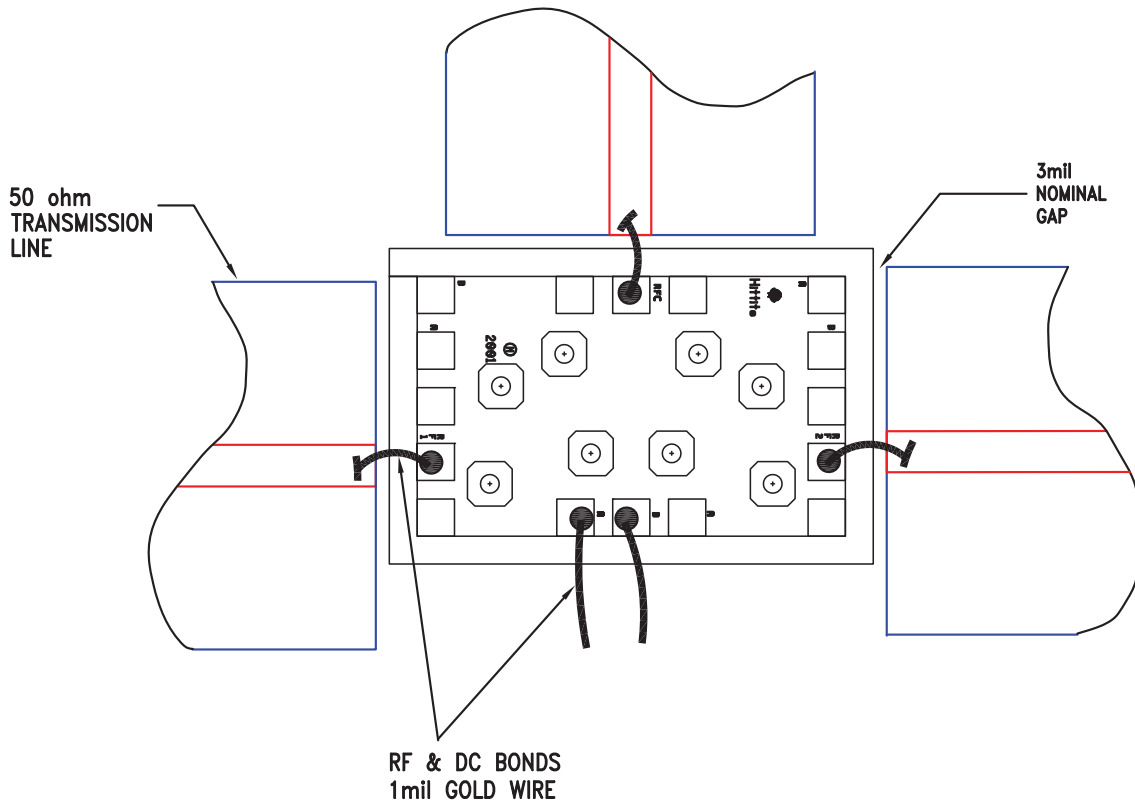


Pad Descriptions

Pad Number	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1, 4, 7	RFC, RF1, RF2	This pad is DC coupled and matched to 50 Ohm. Blocking capacitors are required if the RF line potential is not equal to 0V.	
2, 5, 8, 10	CTRLA	See truth table and control voltage table.	
3, 6, 9	CTRLB	See truth table and control voltage table.	
	GND	Die bottom must be connected to RF ground.	

**GaAs MMIC SPDT NON-REFLECTIVE
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Assembly Diagram



GaAs MMIC SPDT NON-REFLECTIVE SWITCH, DC - 20 GHz

Mounting & Bonding Techniques for Millimeterwave GaAs MMICs

The die should be attached directly to the ground plane eutectically or with conductive epoxy (see HMC general Handling, Mounting, Bonding Note).

50 Ohm Microstrip transmission lines on 0.127mm (5 mil) thick alumina thin film substrates are recommended for bringing RF to and from the chip (Figure 1). If 0.254mm (10 mil) thick alumina thin film substrates must be used, the die should be raised 0.150mm (6 mils) so that the surface of the die is coplanar with the surface of the substrate. One way to accomplish this is to attach the 0.102mm (4 mil) thick die to a 0.150mm (6 mil) thick molybdenum heat spreader (moly-tab) which is then attached to the ground plane (Figure 2).

Microstrip substrates should be brought as close to the die as possible in order to minimize bond wire length. Typical die-to-substrate spacing is 0.076mm (3 mils).

Handling Precautions

Follow these precautions to avoid permanent damage.

Storage: All bare die are placed in either Waffle or Gel based ESD protective containers, and then sealed in an ESD protective bag for shipment. Once the sealed ESD protective bag has been opened, all die should be stored in a dry nitrogen environment.

Cleanliness: Handle the chips in a clean environment. DO NOT attempt to clean the chip using liquid cleaning systems.

Static Sensitivity: Follow ESD precautions to protect against ESD strikes.

Transients: Suppress instrument and bias supply transients while bias is applied. Use shielded signal and bias cables to minimize inductive pick-up.

General Handling: Handle the chip along the edges with a vacuum collet or with a sharp pair of bent tweezers. The surface of the chip has fragile air bridges and should not be touched with vacuum collet, tweezers, or fingers.

Mounting

The chip is back-metallized and can be die mounted with AuSn eutectic preforms or with electrically conductive epoxy. The mounting surface should be clean and flat.

Eutectic Die Attach: A 80/20 gold tin preform is recommended with a work surface temperature of 255 deg. C and a tool temperature of 265 deg. C. When hot 90/10 nitrogen/hydrogen gas is applied, tool tip temperature should be 290 deg. C. DO NOT expose the chip to a temperature greater than 320 deg. C for more than 20 seconds. No more than 3 seconds of scrubbing should be required for attachment.

Epoxy Die Attach: Apply a minimum amount of epoxy to the mounting surface so that a thin epoxy fillet is observed around the perimeter of the chip once it is placed into position. Cure epoxy per the manufacturer's schedule.

Wire Bonding

Ball or wedge bond with 0.025 mm (1 mil) diameter pure gold wire (DC bias, IF1 and IF2) or Ribbon Bond (RF and LO ports) 0.076 mm x 0.013 mm (3 mil x 0.5 mil) size is recommended. Thermosonic wirebonding with a nominal stage temperature of 150 °C and a ball bonding force of 40 to 50 grams or wedge bonding force of 18 to 22 grams is recommended. Use the minimum level of ultrasonic energy to achieve reliable wirebonds. Wirebonds should be started on the chip and terminated on the package or substrate. All bonds should be as short as possible <0.31 mm (12 mils).

