



Sample &

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Reference Design



LMV341, LMV342, LMV344

SLOS447I-SEPTEMBER 2004-REVISED MAY 2016

LMV34x Rail-to-Rail Output CMOS Operational Amplifiers With Shutdown

1 Features

- 2.7-V and 5-V Performance
- Rail-to-Rail Output Swing
- Input Bias Current:1 pA (Typical)
- Input Offset Voltage: 0.25 mV (Typical)
- Low Supply Current: 100 μA (Typical)
- Low Shutdown Current: 45 pA (Typical)
- Gain Bandwidth of 1 MHz (Typical)
- Slew Rate: 1 V/µs (Typical)
- Turnon Time From Shutdown: 5 µs (Typical)
- Input Referred Voltage Noise (at 10 kHz): 20 nV/√Hz
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
 - 2000-V Human-Body Model (HBM)
 - 750-V Charged-device model (CDM)

2 Applications

- Cordless and Cellular Phones
- Consumer Electronics (Laptops, PDAs)
- Audio Preamplifiers for Voice
- Portable, Battery-Powered Electronic Equipment
- Supply-Current Monitoring
- Battery Monitoring
- Buffers
- Filters
- Drivers

3 Description

The LMV34x devices are single, dual, and quad CMOS operational amplifiers, respectively, with low voltage, low power, and rail-to-rail output swing capabilities. The PMOS input stage offers an ultra-low input bias current of 1 pA (typical) and an offset voltage of 0.25 mV (typical). The single-supply amplifier is designed specifically for low-voltage (2.7 V to 5 V) operation, with a wide common-mode input voltage range that typically extends from -0.2 V to 0.8 V from the positive supply rail. The LMV341 (single) also offers a shutdown (SHDN) pin that can be used to disable the device. In shutdown mode, the supply current is reduced to 33 nA (typical). Additional features of the family are a 20-nV/vHz voltage noise at 10 kHz, 1-MHz unity-gain bandwidth, 1-V/µs slew rate, and 100-µA current consumption per channel.

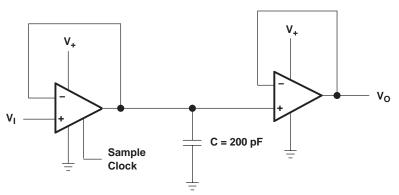
Offered in both the SOT-23 and smaller SC70 packages, the LMV341 is suitable for the most spaceconstraint applications. The LMV342 dual device is offered in the standard SOIC and VSSOP packages. An extended industrial temperature range from -40°C to 125°C makes these devices suitable in a wide variety of commercial and industrial environments.

-	Dorico information								
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)							
LMV341IDCK	2.00 mm × 1.25 mm								
LMV341IDBV	2.90 mm ×1.60 mm								
LMV342ID	SOIC (8)	4.90 mm × 3.91 mm							
LMV342IDGK	VSSOP (8)	3.00 mm × 3.00 mm							
LMV344ID	SOIC (14)	8.65 mm × 3.91 mm							
LMV344IPW	TSSOP (14)	5.00 mm × 4.40 mm							

Device Information⁽¹⁾

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Sample-and-Hold Circuit





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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

Changes from Revision H (June 2012) to Revision I

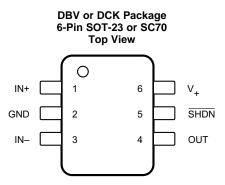
,	Added ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and	
	Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section.	1
,	Removed Ordering Information table	1

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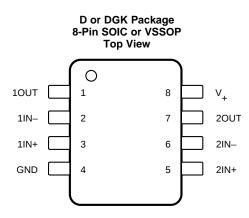


5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions: LMV341

PIN NAME SOT-23, SC70		I/O	DESCRIPTION		
		10			
IN+	1	I	Noninverting input on channel 1		
IN–	3	I	Inverting input on channel 1		
OUT	4	0	Output on channel 1		
GND	2	_	Ground		
SHDN	5	I	Shutdown active low		
V+	6		Positive power supply		

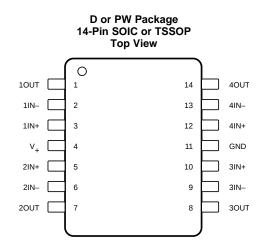


Pin Functions: LMV342

PIN		I/O	DESCRIPTION		
NAME	ME SOIC, VSSOP		DESCRIPTION		
1IN+	3	I	loninverting input on channel 1		
1IN-	2	I	Inverting input on channel 1		
10UT	1	0	Output on channel 1		
2IN+	5	I	Noninverting input on channel 2		
2IN-	6	I	Inverting input on channel 2		
20UT	7	0	Output on channel 2		
GND	4	—	Ground		
V+	8		Positive power supply		

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Pin Functions: LMV344

PIN		./o	DESCRIPTION	
NAME	SOIC, TSSOP	1/0	DESCRIPTION	
1IN+	3	I	Noninverting input on channel 1	
1IN-	2	I	Inverting input on channel 1	
10UT	1	0	Output on channel 1	
2IN+	5	I	Noninverting input on channel 2	
2IN-	6	I	Inverting input on channel 2	
20UT	7	0	Output on channel 2	
3IN+	10	I	Noninverting input on channel 3	
3IN-	9	I	Inverting input on channel 3	
3OUT	8	0	Output on channel 3	
4IN+	12	I	Noninverting input on channel 4	
4IN-	13	I	Inverting input on channel 4	
40UT	14	0	Output on channel 4	
GND	11	_	Ground	
V ₊	4	-	Positive power supply	

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

		MIN	МАХ	UNIT
V+	Supply voltage ⁽²⁾	-0.3	5.5	V
V _{ID}	Differential input voltage ⁽³⁾		±5.5	V
VI	Input voltage (either input)	-0.3	5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage	-0.3	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
TJ	Operating virtual junction temperature		150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) All voltage values (except differential voltages) are with respect to the network GND.

(3) Differential voltages are at IN+ with respect to IN-.



6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V	Electrostatic	Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	V
V _(ESD)	discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 ⁽²⁾	±750	v

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V+	Supply voltage (single-supply operation)	2.5	5.5	V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature	-40	125	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾		LMV342	LMV344	LMV	/341	LMV342	LMV344	
		D (SOIC)		DBV DCK (SOT-23) (SC70)		DGK (VSSOP)	PW (TSSOP)	UNIT
		8 PINS	14 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS	8 PINS	14 PINS	
R _{θJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ^{(2) (3)}	123.9	88.7	193.4	196.8	192.3	118	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	70.2	49	145.6	82.4	78.2	46.9	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	64.1	43	44.1	95.2	112.6	59.7	°C/W
Ψ _{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	25	16.9	34.1	1.8	15.2	5.1	°C/W
ψ_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	63.6	42.7	43.4	93.2	111.2	59.1	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

(2) Maximum power dissipation is a function of $T_J(max)$, $R_{\theta JA}$, and T_A . The maximum allowable power dissipation at any allowable ambient temperature is $P_D = (T_J(max) - T_A)/R_{\theta JA}$. Operating at the absolute maximum T_J of 150°C can affect reliability.

(3) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics: V₊ = 2.7 V

 $V_{+} = 2.7 \text{ V}, \text{ GND} = 0 \text{ V}, V_{IC} = V_{O} = V_{+}/2, R_{L} > 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT	
V			25°C		0.25	4	mV	
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage		Full range			4.5	mv	
α_{VIO}	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		Full range		1.7		µV/°C	
			25°C		1	120	~ ^	
I _{IB}	Input bias current		-40°C to 85°C			4	рА	
			-40°C to 125°C			3	nA	
I _{IO}	Input offset current		25°C		6.6		fA	
		$0 \le V_{ICR} \le 1.7 V$	25°C	56	80			
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$0 \le V_{ICR} \le 1.6 V$	Full range	50		dB	aв	
l.	Supply voltage rejection ratio	2.7 V ≤ V ₊ ≤ 5 V	25°C	65	82		dB	
k _{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{+} \leq 5 \text{ V}$	Full range	60			uБ	
M	Common-mode input voltage	Lower range, CMRR ≥ 50 dB	25°C		-0.2	0	\ <i>\</i>	
V _{ICR}	range	Upper range, CMRR ≥ 50 dB	25°C	1.7	1.9		V	
			25°C	°C 78 113				
•		$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ to } 1.35 \text{ V}$	Full range	70			dB	
A _V	Large-signal voltage gain ⁽²⁾		25°C	72	103			
		$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ to 1.35 V	Full range	64				

(1) Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm.

(2) $GND + 0.2 V \le V_0 \le V_+ - 0.2 V$

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Electrical Characteristics: V₊ = 2.7 V (continued)

 V_{+} = 2.7 V, GND = 0 V, V_{IC} = V_{O} = $V_{+}/2,$ R_{L} > 1 M Ω (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDIT	IONS	T _A	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT	
			Low level	25°C		24	60		
			LOW IEVEI	Full range			95		
		$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ to 1.35 V	High level	25°C		26	60		
V	Output swing			Full range			95	mV	
Vo	(delta from supply rails)		Low level	25°C		5	30	mv	
		$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ to } 1.35 \text{ V}$	LOW IEVEI	Full range			40		
		$K_{L} = 10 \ K_{22} \ 10 \ 1.55 \ V$	High level	25°C		5.3	30		
		High level		Full range			40		
1	Supply current (per channel)		25°C		100	170	μA		
I _{CC}	Supply current (per charmer)		Full range			230	μΑ		
		Sourcing	LMV341, LMV342	_	20	32			
I _{OS}	Output short-circuit current		LMV344	25°C	18	24		mA	
		Sinking	Sinking			24			
SR	Slew rate	$R_{L} = 10 \ k\Omega^{(3)}$		25°C		1		V/µs	
GBM	Unity-gain bandwidth	$R_L = 10 \ k\Omega, \ C_L = 200$	pF	25°C		1		MHz	
Φ _m	Phase margin	$R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$		25°C		72		0	
G _m	Gain margin	$R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$		25°C		20		dB	
Vn	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 1 kHz		25°C		40		nV/\sqrt{Hz}	
l _n	Equivalent input noise current	f = 1 kHz		25°C		0.001		pA/√Hz	
THD	Total harmonic distortion	$ f = 1 \text{ kHz}, \text{A}_{\text{V}} = 1, \\ \text{R}_{\text{L}} = 600 \Omega, \text{V}_{\text{I}} = 1 \text{V}_{\text{Pf}} $		25°C		0.017%			

(3) Connected as voltage follower with 2-V_{PP} step input. Number specified is the slower of the positive and negative slew rates.

6.6 Electrical Characteristics: V₊ = 5 V

 V_{+} = 5 V, GND = 0 V, V_{IC} = V_{O} = $V_{+}/2,$ R_{L} > 1 M Ω (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT	
V	Input offset voltage		25°C		0.25	4	mV	
V _{IO}	input onset voltage		Full range			4.5	mv	
α_{VIO}	Average temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		Full range		1.9		µV/°C	
			25°C		1	200	~ ^	
I _{IB}	Input bias current		-40°C to 85°C			375	рА	
			-40°C to 125°C			5	nA	
I _{IO}	Input offset current		25°C		6.6		fA	
	Common mode sole stice setie	$0 \le V_{ICR} \le 4 V$	25°C	56	86		٩D	
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	$0 \le V_{ICR} \le 3.9 V$	Full range	50			dB	
1.			25°C	65	82		٩D	
k _{SVR}	Supply-voltage rejection ratio	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{+} \leq 5 \text{ V}$	Full range	60			dB	
	Common-mode input	Lower range, CMRR ≥ 50 dB	25°C		-0.2	0	ν.	
V _{ICR}	voltage range	Upper range, CMRR ≥ 50 dB	25°C	4	4.2		V	
			25°C	78	116			
•		$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ to } 2.5 \text{ V}$	Full range	70			10	
A _V	Large-signal voltage gain ⁽²⁾		25°C	72	107		dB	
		$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ to 2.5 V	Full range	64				

(1) Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm.

(2) $\dot{\text{GND}} + 0.2 \text{ V} \le \dot{\text{V}_0} \le \text{V}_+ - 0.2 \text{ V}$



Electrical Characteristics: V₊ = 5 V (continued)

 V_{+} = 5 V, GND = 0 V, V_{IC} = V_{O} = $V_{+}/2,$ R_{L} > 1 M Ω (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDIT	IONS	T _A	MIN	TYP ⁽¹⁾	MAX	UNIT
			Low level	25°C		32	60	
			LOW level	Full range			95	
		$R_L = 2 k\Omega$ to 2.5 V	Link Invel	25°C		34	60	
V	Output swing		High level	Full range			95	m)/
Vo	(delta from supply rails)		Low level	25°C		7	30	mV
			LOW level	Full range			40	
		$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega \text{ to } 2.5 \text{ V}$	High loval	25°C		7	30	
		High level		Full range			40	
			25°C		107	200		
I _{CC}	Supply current (per channel)		Full range			260	μA	
	Output short-circuit current	Sourcing	LMV341, LMV342		85	113		
I _{OS}			LMV344	25°C	85	113		mA
		Sinking	Sinking			75		
SR	Slew rate	$R_{L} = 10 \ k\Omega^{(3)}$		25°C		1		V/µs
GBM	Unity-gain bandwidth	$R_L = 10 \ k\Omega, \ C_L = 200$	pF	25°C		1		MHz
Φ _m	Phase margin	$R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$		25°C		70		o
G _m	Gain margin	$R_L = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$		25°C		20		dB
Vn	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 1 kHz		25°C		39		nV/√ Hz
l _n	Equivalent input noise current	f = 1 kHz		25°C		0.001		pA/√Hz
THD	Total harmonic distortion		P	25°C		0.012%		

(3) Connected as voltage follower with 2-V_{PP} step input. Number specified is the slower of the positive and negative slew rates.

6.7 Shutdown Characteristics: V₊ = 2.7 V

 V_{+} = 2.7 V, GND = 0 V, V_{IC} = V_{O} = $V_{+}/2,$ R_{L} > 1 M Ω (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	Supply current in shutdown mode	$\lambda = 0 \lambda $	25°C		0.045	1000	nA
ICC(SHDN)	Supply current in shutdown mode	$V_{SD} = 0 V$	Full range			1.5	μA
t _(on)	Amplifier turnon time		25°C		5		μs
V	Decommended obuildown nin veltage renge	ON mode	25°C	2.4		2.7	V
V _{SD}	Recommended shutdown pin voltage range	Shutdown mode	2510	0		0.8	v

6.8 Shutdown Characteristics: V₊ = 5 V

 $V_{+} = 5 \text{ V}, \text{ GND} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{ }V_{IC} = V_{O} = V_{+}/2, \text{ }R_{L} > 1 \text{ }M\Omega \text{ (unless otherwise noted)}$

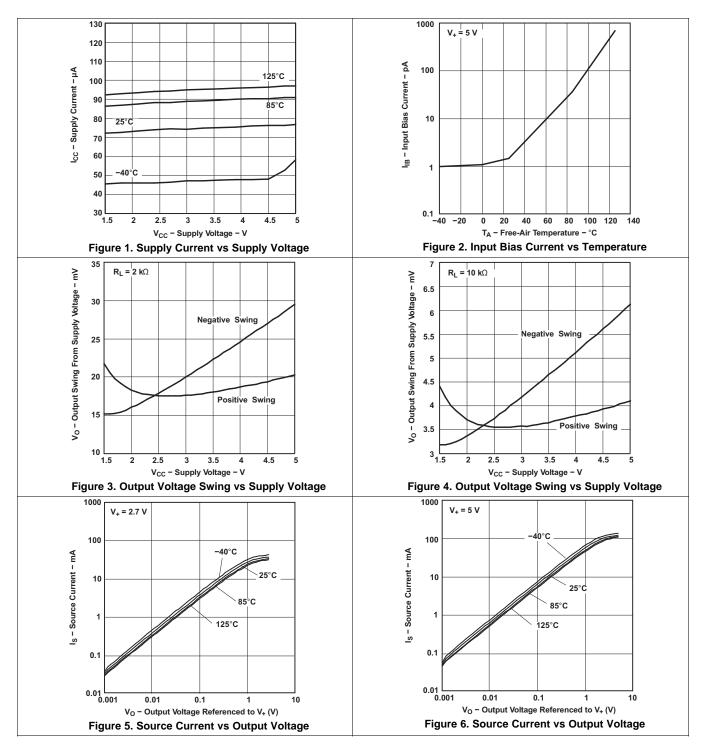
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNIT
	Supply surrent in shutdown mode	V 0.V	25°C		0.033	1	
CC(SHDN)	Supply current in shutdown mode	$V_{SD} = 0 V$	Full range			1.5	μA
t _(on)	Amplifier turnon time		25°C		5		μs
V	Decommended obvitdown pip voltage repar	ON mode	25°C	4.5		5	N/
V _{SD}	Recommended shutdown pin voltage range	Shutdown mode	250	0		0.8	v

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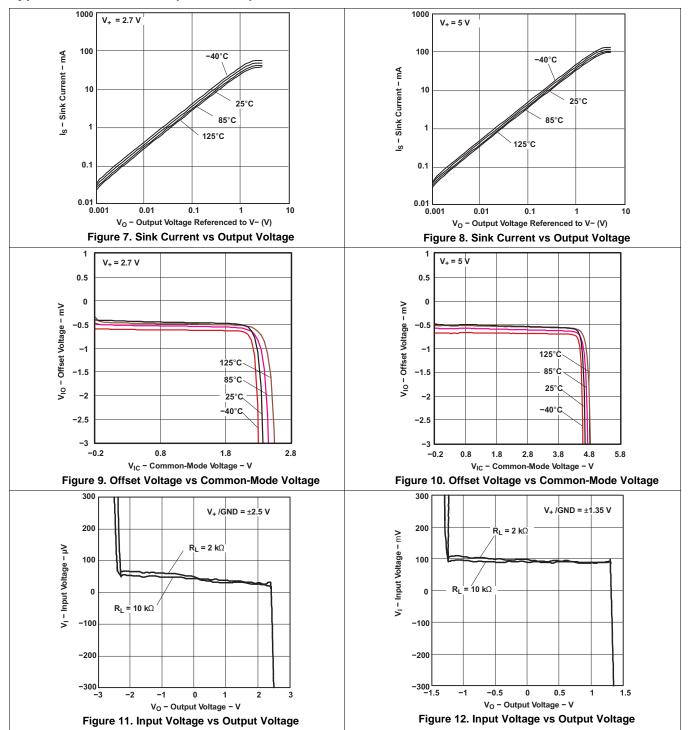


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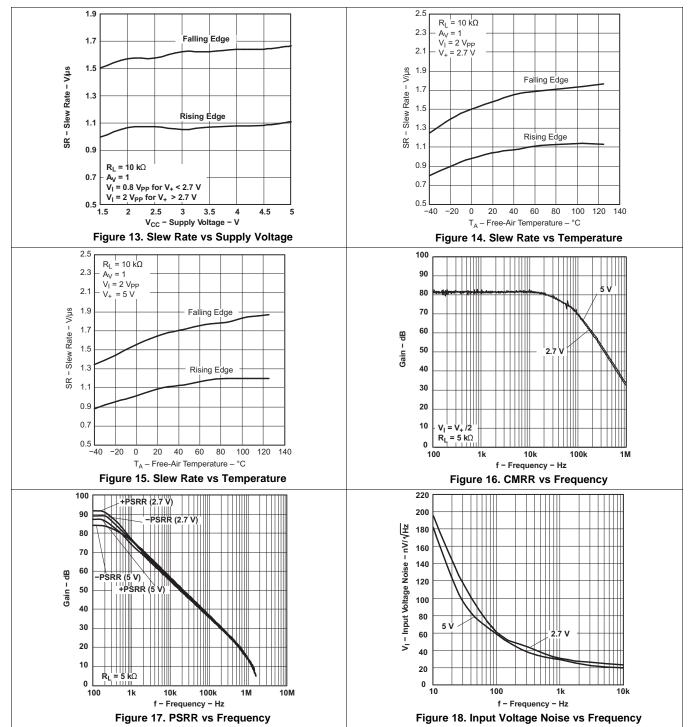
6.9 Typical Characteristics



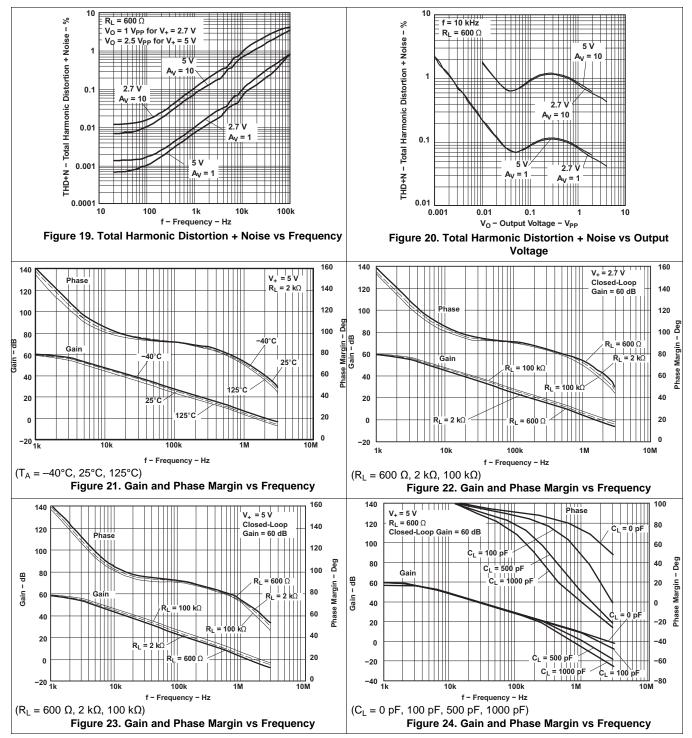




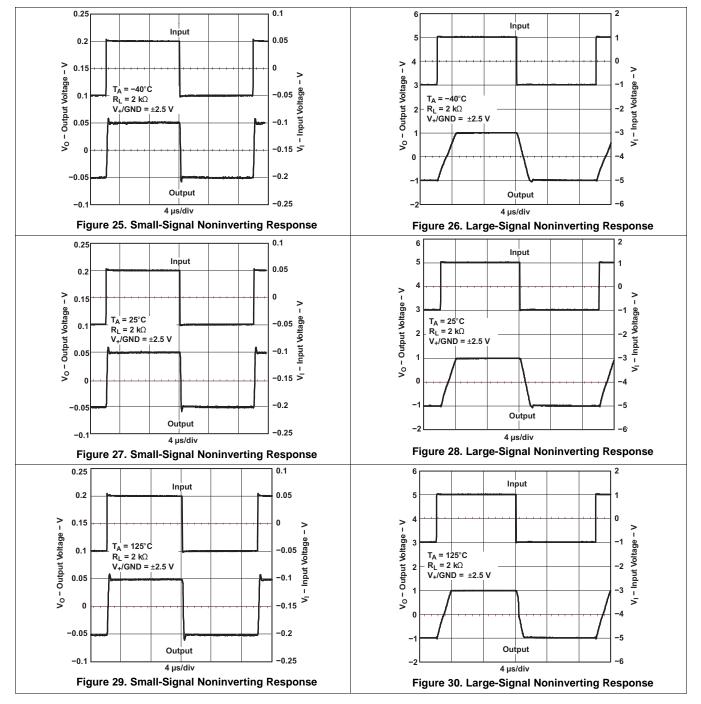




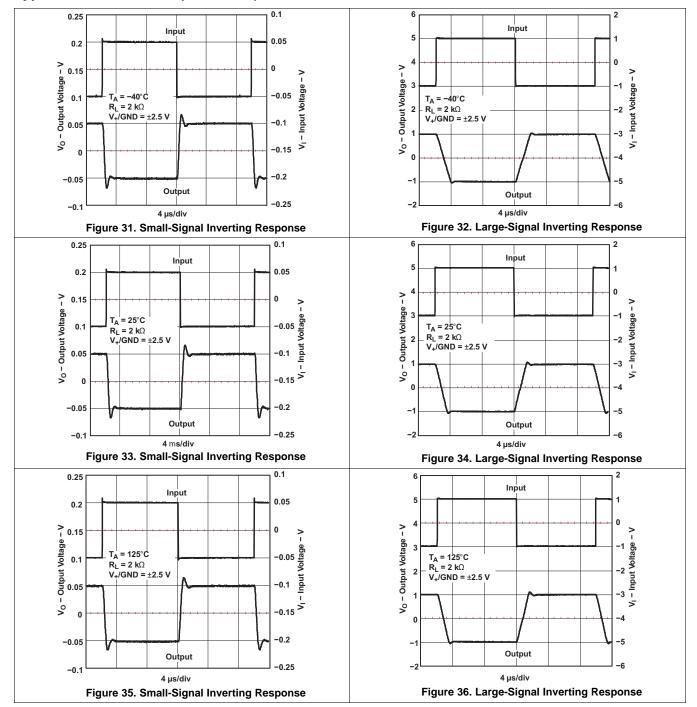












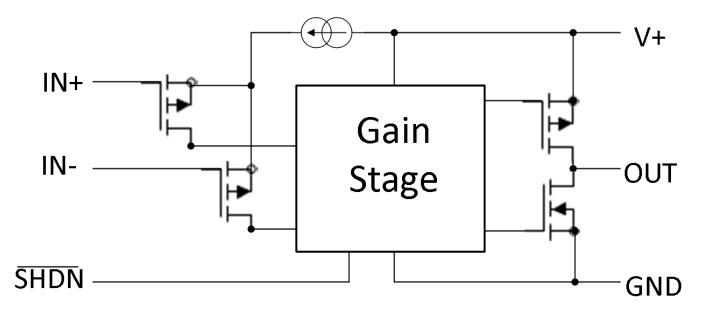
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7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The LMV34x devices are precision operational amplifiers with CMOS inputs for very low input bias current. Output is rail-to-rail and input common-mode includes ground. LMV341 has a shutdown mode for very low supply current.

7.2 Functional Block Diagram



7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 PMOS Input Stage

PMOS Input Stage supports a lower input range that includes ground. Upper range limit is $V_{+} - 1 V_{-}$

7.3.2 CMOS Output Stage

The CMOS drain output topology allows rail-to-rail output swing.

7.3.3 Shutdown

LMV341 includes a shutdown pin. During shutdown, I_{CC} is nearly zero and the output becomes high impedance. The typical turnon time coming out of shutdown is 5 μ s.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

The LMV34x devices have two modes of operation:

- Normal operation when \overline{SHDN} pin is at V₊ level or the \overline{SHDN} pin is not present
- Shutdown mode when SHDN is at GND level; I_{CC} is very low and output is high impedance.





8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

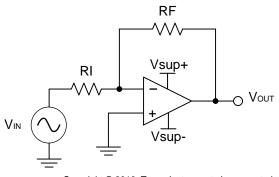
Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

LMV34x devices have rail-to-rail output and input range from ground to VCC – 1 V. CMOS inputs provide very low input current. Shutdown capability is an option in dual amplifier version. Operation from 2.5-V to 5.5-V is possible.

8.2 Typical Application

A typical application for an operational amplifier in an inverting amplifier. This amplifier takes a positive voltage on the input, and makes it a negative voltage of the same magnitude. In the same manner, it also makes negative voltages positive.



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Figure 37. Application Schematic

8.2.1 Design Requirements

The supply voltage must be chosen such that it is larger than the input voltage range and output range. For instance, this application scales a signal of ± 0.5 V to ± 1.8 V. Setting the supply at ± 2 V is sufficient to accommodate this application. The supplies can power up in any order; however, neither supply can be of opposite polarity relative to ground at any time; otherwise, a large current can flow though the input ESD diodes. To limit current in such an occurrence, TI highly recommends adding a series resistor to the grounded input. Vsup+ must be more positive than Vsup- at all times; otherwise, a large reverse supply current may flow.

8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

Determine the gain required by the inverting amplifier using Equation 1 and Equation 2.

$$A_{v} = \frac{VOUT}{VIN}$$
(1)
$$A_{v} = \frac{1.8}{-0.5} = -3.6$$
(2)

Once the desired gain is determined, choose a value for RI or RF. Choosing a value in the k Ω range is desirable because the amplifier circuit uses currents in the mA range. This ensures the part does not draw too much current. For this example, choose 10 k Ω for RI, which means 36 k Ω is used for RF. This was determined by Equation 3.

$$A_{\nu} = -\frac{RF}{RI} \tag{3}$$

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Typical Application (continued)

8.2.3 Application Curve

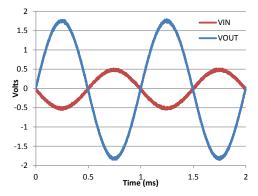


Figure 38. Input and Output Voltages of the Inverting Amplifier

9 Power Supply Recommendations

CAUTION

Supply voltages larger than 5.5 V for a single supply can permanently damage the device (see the *Absolute Maximum Ratings*).

Place 0.1-µF bypass capacitors close to the power-supply pins to reduce errors coupling in from noisy or high-impedance power supplies.

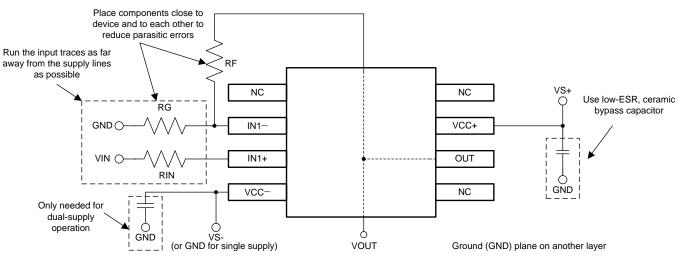


10 Layout

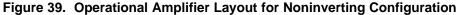
10.1 Layout Guidelines

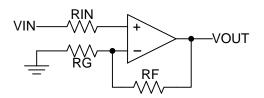
For best operational performance of the device, use good PCB layout practices, including:

- Noise can propagate into analog circuitry through the power pins of the circuit as a whole, as well as the
 operational amplifier. Bypass capacitors are used to reduce the coupled noise by providing low-impedance
 power sources local to the analog circuitry.
 - Connect low-ESR, 0.1-µF ceramic bypass capacitors between each supply pin and ground, placed as close to the device as possible. A single bypass capacitor from V₊ to ground is applicable for single-supply applications.
- Separate grounding for analog and digital portions of circuitry is one of the simplest and most effective methods of noise suppression. One or more layers on multilayer PCBs are usually devoted to ground planes. A ground plane helps distribute heat and reduces EMI noise pickup. Make sure to physically separate digital and analog grounds, and pay attention to the flow of the ground current.
- To reduce parasitic coupling, run the input traces as far away from the supply or output traces as possible. If it is not possible to keep them separate, it is much better to cross the sensitive trace perpendicular as opposed to in parallel with the noisy trace.
- Place the external components as close to the device as possible. Keeping RF and RG close to the inverting input minimizes parasitic capacitance, as shown in *Layout Examples*.
- Keep the length of input traces as short as possible. Always remember that the input traces are the most sensitive part of the circuit.
- Consider a driven, low-impedance guard ring around the critical traces. A guard ring can significantly reduce leakage currents from nearby traces that are at different potentials.



10.2 Layout Examples







FXAS

www.ti.com

11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Related Links

The table below lists guick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY
LMV341	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
LMV342	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here
LMV344	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here

Table 1. Related Links

11.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E[™] Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support TI's Design Support Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

11.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
LMV341IDBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(RC9A ~ RC9E)	Samples
LMV341IDBVRE4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(RC9A ~ RC9E)	Samples
LMV341IDBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(RC9A ~ RC9E)	Samples
LMV341IDCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(R4A ~ R4E)	Samples
LMV341IDCKRG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	(R4A ~ R4E)	Samples
LMV342ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	MV342I	Samples
LMV342IDGKR	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	RPA	Samples
LMV342IDGKRG4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	RPA	Samples
LMV342IDGKT	PREVIEW	VSSOP	DGK	8	250	TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 125		
LMV342IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	MV342I	Samples
LMV342IDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	MV342I	Samples
LMV344ID	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LMV344I	Samples
LMV344IDG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LMV344I	Samples
LMV344IDR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LMV344I	Samples
LMV344IDRE4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LMV344I	Samples
LMV344IDRG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	14	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LMV344I	Samples
LMV344IPW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	MV344I	Samples



6-Jun-2016

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	•	Pins	•	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
LMV344IPWG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	MV344I	Samples
LMV344IPWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	MV344I	Samples
LMV344IPWRE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	MV344I	Samples
LMV344IPWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	MV344I	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and package die adhesive used between the die and package die adhesive used between the die adhesive used between the die adhesive us

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

⁽⁵⁾ Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

6-Jun-2016

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OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF LMV341, LMV344 :

Automotive: LMV341-Q1, LMV344-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

• Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

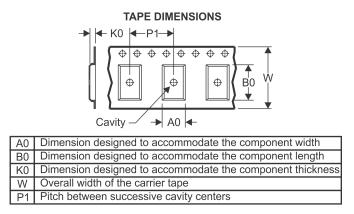
PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
LMV341IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
LMV341IDCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	8.4	2.41	2.41	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
LMV342IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
LMV342IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
LMV344IDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	9.0	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
LMV344IPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

11-Feb-2016



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
LMV341IDBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
LMV341IDCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
LMV342IDGKR	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	358.0	335.0	35.0
LMV342IDR	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6
LMV344IDR	SOIC	D	14	2500	367.0	367.0	38.0
LMV344IPWR	TSSOP	PW	14	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0

DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
 - A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
 - E Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.



LAND PATTERN DATA



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



DGK (S-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 per end.

- D Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.50 per side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation AA, except interlead flash.



DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
 - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AB.



LAND PATTERN DATA



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



D (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AB.





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



PW (R-PDSO-G14)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



A. An integration of the information o

Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.

Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.

E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



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