

# LOW-POWER DUAL 2-INPUT POSITIVE-NOR GATE

Check for Samples: SN74AUP2G02

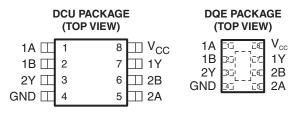
#### **FEATURES**

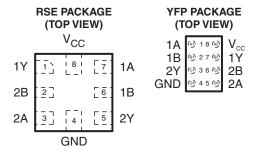
- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoStar™ **Package**
- **Low Static-Power Consumption**  $(I_{CC} = 0.9 \mu A Maximum)$
- **Low Dynamic-Power Consumption**  $(C_{pd} = 4.3 pF Typ at 3.3 V)$
- Low Input Capacitance ( $C_i = 1.5 pF Typical$ )
- Low Noise Overshoot and Undershoot <10% of  $V_{CC}$
- I<sub>off</sub> Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- Wide Operating V<sub>CC</sub> Range of 0.8 V to 3.6 V



**Optimized for 3.3-V Operation** 

- 3.6-V I/O Tolerant to Support Mixed-Mode Signal Operation
- $t_{pd}$  = 4.3 ns Maximum at 3.3 V
- Suitable for Point-to-Point Applications
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- **ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22** 
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

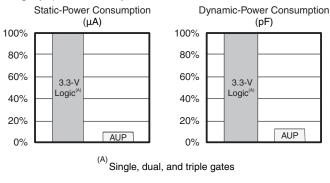


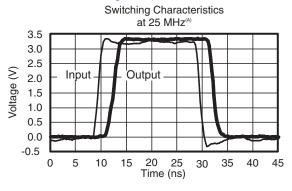


See mechanical drawings for dimensions.

### DESCRIPTION/ORDERING INFORMATION

The AUP family is TI's premier solution to the industry's low-power needs in battery-powered portable applications. This family ensures a very low static- and dynamic-power consumption across the entire V<sub>CC</sub> range of 0.8 V to 3.6 V, resulting in increased battery life (see Figure 1). This product also maintains excellent signal integrity (see the very low undershoot and overshoot characteristics shown in Figure 2).





<sup>(A)</sup> SN74AUP2Gxx data at  $C_1 = 15 \text{ pF}$ .

Figure 1. AUP – The Lowest-Power Family

Figure 2. Excellent Signal Integrity

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.



The SN74AUP2G02 performs the Boolean function  $Y = \overline{A + B}$  or  $Y = \overline{A} \cdot \overline{B}$  in positive logic.

NanoStar™ package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using  $I_{\text{off}}$ . The  $I_{\text{off}}$  circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

### ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

| T <sub>A</sub> | PACKAGE <sup>(2)</sup>   |              | ORDERABLE PART NUMBER | TOP-SIDE MARKING (3) |  |
|----------------|--|--------------|-----------------------|----------------------|--|
|                | NanoStar™ – WCSP (DSBGA)<br>0.23-mm Large Bump – YFP (Pb-free) | Reel of 3000 | SN74AUP2G02YFPR       | HB_                  |  |
| -40°C to 85°C  | uQFN – DQE   | Reel of 5000 | SN74AUP2G02DQER       | PP                   |  |
|                | QFN - RSE  | Reel of 5000 | SN74AUP2G02RSER       | PP                   |  |
|                | SSOP - DCU   | Reel of 3000 | SN74AUP2G02DCUR       | H02_                 |  |

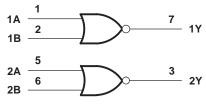
- (1) For the most current package and ordering information, see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI web site at www.ti.com.
- 2) Package drawings, thermal data, and symbolization are available at www.ti.com/packaging.
- (3) DCU: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the wafer fab/assembly site.

  YFP: The actual top-side marking has three preceding characters to denote year, month, and sequence code, and one following character to designate the wafer fab/assembly site. Pin 1 identifier indicates solder-bump composition (1 = SnPb, = Pb-free).

# FUNCTION TABLE (EACH GATE)

| INPL | INPUTS |   |  |
|------|--------|---|--|
| Α    | В      | Υ |  |
| Н    | Χ      | L |  |
| X    | Н      | L |  |
| L    | L      | Н |  |

### **LOGIC DIAGRAM (POSITIVE LOGIC)**



Pin number shown are for DCU and DQE packages.



# ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS(1)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                  |   |  | MIN  | MAX                   | UNIT   |
|------------------|---|--|------|-----------------------|--------|
| V <sub>CC</sub>  | Supply voltage range                              |  | -0.5 | 4.6                   | V      |
| VI               | Input voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>                |  | -0.5 | 4.6                   | V      |
| Vo               | Voltage range applied to any output in the h      | nigh-impedance or power-off state <sup>(2)</sup>             | -0.5 | 4.6                   | V      |
| Vo               | Output voltage range in the high or low stat      | Output voltage range in the high or low state <sup>(2)</sup> |      | V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 | V      |
| I <sub>IK</sub>  | Input clamp current                               | V <sub>I</sub> < 0   |      | -50                   | mA     |
| I <sub>OK</sub>  | Output clamp current                              | V <sub>O</sub> < 0   |      | -50                   | mA     |
| Io               | Continuous output current                         |  |      | ±20                   | mA     |
|                  | Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND |  |      | ±50                   | mA     |
|                  |   | DCU package  |      | 220                   |        |
| 0                | Deal - 1 (3)                                      | RSE package  |      | 253                   | 00/14/ |
| $\theta_{JA}$    | Package thermal impedance (3)                     | YFP package  |      | 132                   | °C/W   |
|                  |   | DQE package  |      | 261                   |        |
| T <sub>stg</sub> | Storage temperature range                         |  | -65  | 150                   | °C     |

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

<sup>(2)</sup> The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

<sup>(3)</sup> The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.



# RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS(1)

|                 |                                    |   | MIN                  | MAX                    | UNIT |  |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------|------|--|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | Supply voltage                     |   | 0.8                  | 3.6                    | V    |  |
|                 |                                    | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V                     | V <sub>CC</sub>      |                        |      |  |
| V               | High level input valtage           | $V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V to } 1.95 \text{ V}$ | $0.65 \times V_{CC}$ |                        | V    |  |
| $V_{IH}$        | High-level input voltage           | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$  | 1.6                  |                        | V    |  |
|                 |                                    | $V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$    | 2                    |                        |      |  |
|                 |                                    | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V                     |                      | 0                      |      |  |
| .,              | Laur laural imput valtages         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V to 1.95 V           |                      | 0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub> | V    |  |
| $V_{IL}$        | Low-level input voltage            | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V to } 2.7 \text{ V}$  |                      | 0.7                    | V    |  |
|                 |                                    | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V to 3.6 V              |                      | 0.9                    |      |  |
| VI              | Input voltage                      |   | 0                    | 3.6                    | V    |  |
| Vo              | Output voltage                     |   | 0                    | V <sub>CC</sub>        | V    |  |
|                 |                                    | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V                     |                      | -20                    | μΑ   |  |
|                 |                                    | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V                     |                      | -1.1                   |      |  |
|                 | LPak Israel autorit aussaut        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.4 V                     |                      | -1.7                   |      |  |
| I <sub>OH</sub> | High-level output current          | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65                      |                      | -1.9                   | 9 mA |  |
|                 |                                    | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$                    |                      | -3.1                   |      |  |
|                 |                                    | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V                       |                      | -4                     |      |  |
|                 |                                    | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V                     |                      | 20                     | μΑ   |  |
|                 |                                    | $V_{CC} = 1.1 \text{ V}$                    |                      | 1.1                    |      |  |
|                 | Low lovel output ourrent           | $V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V}$                    | 1.7                  |                        |      |  |
| l <sub>OL</sub> | Low-level output current           | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V                    |                      | 1.9                    |      |  |
|                 |                                    | $V_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V}$                    |                      |                        |      |  |
|                 |                                    | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V                       |                      |                        |      |  |
| Δt/Δν           | Input transition rise or fall rate | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V to 3.6 V            |                      | 200                    | ns/V |  |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Operating free-air temperature     |   | -40                  | 85                     | °C   |  |

<sup>(1)</sup> All unused inputs of the device must be held at  $V_{CC}$  or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



# **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| DADAMETED                   | TEST CONDITIONS  | V               | T <sub>A</sub>         | = 25°C     |                       | T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C | to 85°C               | LINUT |  |  |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------|------------------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|-------|--|--|
| PARAMETER                   | TEST CONDITIONS  | V <sub>cc</sub> | MIN                    | TYP        | MAX                   | MIN                    | MAX                   | UNIT  |  |  |
|                             | I <sub>OH</sub> = -20 μA   | 0.8 V to 3.6 V  | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1  |            |                       | V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1  |                       |       |  |  |
|                             | I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.1 mA  | 1.1 V           | 0.75 × V <sub>CC</sub> |            |                       | 0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub>  |                       |       |  |  |
|                             | I <sub>OH</sub> = −1.7 mA  | 1.4 V           | 1.11                   |            |                       | 1.03                   |                       |       |  |  |
| V                           | I <sub>OH</sub> = −1.9 mA  | 1.65 V          | 1.32                   |            |                       | 1.3                    |                       |       |  |  |
| V <sub>OH</sub>             | I <sub>OH</sub> = -2.3 mA  | 221/            | 2.05                   |            |                       | 1.97                   |                       | V     |  |  |
|                             | I <sub>OH</sub> = -3.1 mA  | 2.3 V           | 1.9                    |            |                       | 1.85                   |                       |       |  |  |
|                             | I <sub>OH</sub> = -2.7 mA  | 0.1/            | 2.72                   |            |                       | 2.67                   |                       |       |  |  |
|                             | $I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$   | 3 V             | 2.6                    |            |                       | 2.55                   |                       |       |  |  |
|                             | I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 μA  | 0.8 V to 3.6 V  |                        |            | 0.1                   |                        | 0.1                   |       |  |  |
|                             | I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.1 mA   | 1.1 V           |                        | C          | ).3 × V <sub>CC</sub> |                        | 0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub> | V     |  |  |
|                             | I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.7 mA   | 1.4 V           |                        |            | 0.31                  |                        | 0.37                  |       |  |  |
| V <sub>OL</sub>             | I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.9 mA   | 1.65 V          |                        |            | 0.31                  |                        | 0.35                  |       |  |  |
|                             | I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.3 mA   | 221/            |                        |            | 0.31                  |                        | 0.33                  | V     |  |  |
|                             | I <sub>OL</sub> = 3.1 mA   | 2.3 V           |                        |            | 0.44                  |                        | 0.45                  |       |  |  |
|                             | I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.7 mA   | 2.1/            |                        |            | 0.31                  |                        | 0.33                  |       |  |  |
|                             | I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA   | 3 V             |                        |            | 0.44                  |                        | 0.45                  |       |  |  |
| I <sub>I</sub> A or B input | $V_I = GND \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$  | 0 V to 3.6 V    |                        |            | 0.1                   |                        | 0.5                   | μА    |  |  |
| l <sub>off</sub>            | $V_{I}$ or $V_{O} = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$                           | 0 V             |                        |            | 0.2                   |                        | 0.6                   | μА    |  |  |
| Δl <sub>off</sub>           | $V_1 \text{ or } V_0 = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$                        | 0 V to 0.2 V    |                        |            | 0.2                   |                        | 0.6                   | μΑ    |  |  |
| I <sub>CC</sub>             | V <sub>I</sub> = GND or<br>(V <sub>CC</sub> to 3.6 V),<br>I <sub>O</sub> = 0 | 0.8 V to 3.6 V  |                        |            | 0.5                   |                        | 0.9                   | μΑ    |  |  |
| ΔI <sub>CC</sub>            | $V_I = V_{CC} - 0.6 V^{(1)},$<br>$I_O = 0$                                   | 3.3 V           |                        |            | 40                    |                        | 50                    | μА    |  |  |
| C <sub>i</sub>              | V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND                                      | 0 V<br>3.6 V    |                        | 1.5<br>1.5 |                       |                        |                       | pF    |  |  |
| C <sub>o</sub>              | V <sub>O</sub> = GND   | 0 V             |                        | 3          |                       |                        |                       | pF    |  |  |

<sup>(1)</sup> One input at  $V_{CC}$  – 0.6 V, other input at  $V_{CC}$  or GND

### **SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C<sub>L</sub> = 5 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3 and Figure 4)

| DADAMETED       | FROM    | то       | V <sub>CC</sub> | T,  | <sub>4</sub> = 25°C | ;    | $T_A = -40$ °C t | o 85°C | LINUT |
|-----------------|---------|----------|-----------------|-----|---------------------|------|------------------|--------|-------|
| PARAMETER       | (INPUT) | (OUTPUT) |                 | MIN | TYP                 | MAX  | MIN              | MAX    | UNIT  |
|                 |         |          | 0.8 V           |     | 18                  |      |                  |        |       |
|                 |         |          | 1.2 V ± 0.1 V   | 2.6 | 7.3                 | 12.8 | 2.1              | 15.6   |       |
|                 | A D     |          | 1.5 V ± 0.1 V   | 1.4 | 5.2                 | 8.7  | 0.9              | 10.3   |       |
| t <sub>pd</sub> | A or B  | Y        | 1.8 V ± 0.15 V  | 1   | 4.2                 | 6.6  | 0.5              | 8.2    | ns    |
|                 |         |          | 2.5 V ± 0.2 V   | 1   | 3                   | 4.4  | 0.5              | 5.5    |       |
|                 |         |          | 3.3 V ± 0.3 V   | 1   | 2.4                 | 3.5  | 0.5              | 4.3    |       |

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### **SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3 and Figure 4)

| PARAMETER       | FROM    | то            | V               | T,  | <sub>λ</sub> = 25°C | ;    | T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C | to 85°C | UNIT |
|-----------------|---------|---------------|-----------------|-----|---------------------|------|------------------------|---------|------|
| PARAMETER       | (INPUT) | (OUTPUT)      | V <sub>cc</sub> | MIN | TYP                 | MAX  | MIN                    | MAX     | UNII |
|                 |         |               | 0.8 V           |     | 21                  |      |                        |         |      |
|                 |         |               | 1.2 V ± 0.1 V   | 1.5 | 8.5                 | 14.7 | 1                      | 17.2    |      |
|                 | A == D  | V             | 1.5 V ± 0.1 V   | 1   | 6.2                 | 10   | 0.5                    | 11.3    |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub> | A or B  | Ť             | 1.8 V ± 0.15 V  | 1   | 5                   | 7.7  | 0.5                    | 9       | ns   |
|                 |         |               | 2.5 V ± 0.2 V   | 1   | 3.6                 | 5.2  | 0.5                    | 6.1     |      |
|                 |         | 3.3 V ± 0.3 V | 1               | 2.9 | 4.2                 | 0.5  | 4.7                    |         |      |

### **SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C<sub>L</sub> = 15 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3 and Figure 4)

| PARAMETER       | FROM    | то       | V <sub>cc</sub> | T,  | 4 = 25°C | ;    | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C t$ | o 85°C | UNIT |
|-----------------|---------|----------|-----------------|-----|----------|------|------------------------|--------|------|
| PARAMETER       | (INPUT) | (OUTPUT) |                 | MIN | TYP      | MAX  | MIN                    | MAX    | UNII |
|                 |         |          | 0.8 V           |     | 24       |      |                        |        |      |
|                 |         |          | 1.2 V ± 0.1 V   | 3.6 | 9.9      | 16.3 | 3.1                    | 19.9   |      |
|                 | A D     |          | 1.5 V ± 0.1 V   | 2.3 | 7.2      | 11.1 | 1.8                    | 13.2   | 20   |
| t <sub>pd</sub> | A or B  | Y        | 1.8 V ± 0.15 V  | 1.6 | 5.8      | 8.7  | 1.1                    | 10.6   | ns   |
|                 |         |          | 2.5 V ± 0.2 V   | 1   | 4.3      | 5.9  | 0.5                    | 7.3    |      |
|                 |         |          | 3.3 V ± 0.3 V   | 1   | 3.4      | 4.8  | 0.5                    | 5.9    |      |

### **SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS**

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3 and Figure 4)

| PARAMETER       | FROM    | то       | V                                 | T   | ( = 25°C | ;    | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to | 85°C | UNIT |
|-----------------|---------|----------|-----------------------------------|-----|----------|------|-------------------------|------|------|
| PARAMETER       | (INPUT) | (OUTPUT) | V <sub>CC</sub>                   | MIN | TYP      | MAX  | MIN                     | MAX  | UNIT |
|                 |         |          | 0.8 V                             |     | 32.8     |      |                         |      |      |
|                 |         |          | 1.2 V ± 0.1 V                     | 4.9 | 13.1     | 20.9 | 4.4                     | 25.5 |      |
|                 | A or B  | Y        | 1.5 V ± 0.1 V                     | 3.4 | 9.5      | 14.2 | 2.9                     | 16.9 |      |
| t <sub>pd</sub> | AUID    | Ť        | 1.8 V ± 0.15 V                    | 2.5 | 7.7      | 11   | 2                       | 13.5 | ns   |
|                 |         |          | 2.5 V ± 0.2 V                     | 1.8 | 5.7      | 7.6  | 1.3                     | 9.4  |      |
|                 |         |          | $3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | 1.5 | 4.7      | 6.2  | 1                       | 7.5  |      |

### **OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS**

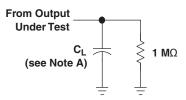
 $T_{\Delta} = 25^{\circ}C$ 

|                 | PARAMETER                     | TEST CONDITIONS | V <sub>CC</sub> | TYP | UNIT |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----|------|
|                 |                               |                 | 0.8 V           | 4   | pF   |
|                 |                               |                 | 1.2 V ± 0.1 V   | 4   |      |
|                 | Dower discinction conscitones | f = 10 MHz      | 1.5 V ± 0.1 V   | 4   |      |
| C <sub>pd</sub> | Power dissipation capacitance | I = IO MHZ      | 1.8 V ± 0.15 V  | 4   |      |
|                 |                               |                 | 2.5 V ± 0.2 V   | 4.1 |      |
|                 |                               |                 | 3.3 V ± 0.3 V   | 4.3 |      |

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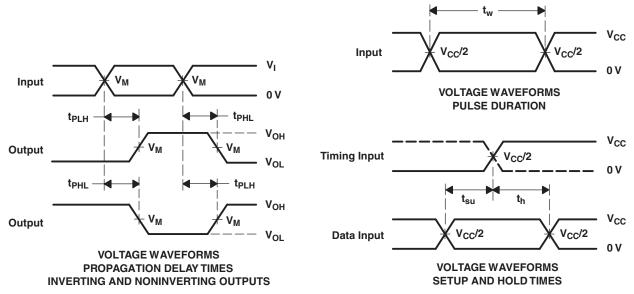


# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (Propagation Delays, Setup and Hold Times, and Pulse Width)



**LOAD CIRCUIT** 

|                | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V<br>± 0.1 V | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.5 V<br>± 0.1 V | $V_{CC}$ = 1.8 V $\pm$ 0.15 V | $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V<br>± 0.3 V |
|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| C <sub>L</sub> | 5, 10, 15, 30 pF        | 5, 10, 15, 30 pF                   | 5, 10, 15, 30 pF                   | 5, 10, 15, 30 pF              | 5, 10, 15, 30 pF             | 5, 10, 15, 30 pF                   |
| V <sub>M</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> /2      | V <sub>CC</sub> /2                 | V <sub>CC</sub> /2                 | V <sub>CC</sub> /2            | V <sub>CC</sub> /2           | V <sub>CC</sub> /2                 |
| V <sub>I</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub>         | V <sub>CC</sub>                    | V <sub>CC</sub>                    | V <sub>CC</sub>               | V <sub>CC</sub>              | V <sub>CC</sub>                    |

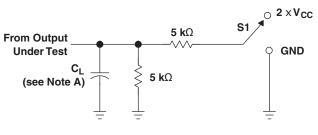


- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ , for propagation delays  $t_t/t_f = 3$  ns, for setup and hold times and pulse width  $t_t/t_f = 1.2$  ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .
- F. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



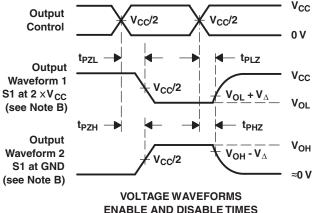
# PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION (Enable and Disable Times)



| TEST                               | S1                  |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|
| t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub> | 2 × V <sub>CC</sub> |
| t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub> | GND                 |

LOAD CIRCUIT

|                | V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V<br>± 0.1 V | V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.5 V<br>± 0.1 V | $V_{CC}$ = 1.8 V<br>$\pm$ 0.15 V | $V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V<br>± 0.3 V |
|----------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| C <sub>L</sub> | 5, 10, 15, 30 pF        | 5, 10, 15, 30 pF                   | 5, 10, 15, 30 pF                   | 5, 10, 15, 30 pF                 | 5, 10, 15, 30 pF             | 5, 10, 15, 30 pF                   |
| V <sub>M</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub> /2      | V <sub>CC</sub> /2                 | V <sub>CC</sub> /2                 | V <sub>CC</sub> /2               | V <sub>CC</sub> /2           | V <sub>CC</sub> /2                 |
| V <sub>I</sub> | V <sub>CC</sub>         | V <sub>CC</sub>                    | V <sub>CC</sub>                    | V <sub>CC</sub>                  | V <sub>CC</sub>              | V <sub>CC</sub>                    |
| V <sub>∆</sub> | 0.1 V                   | 0.1 V                              | 0.1 V                              | 0.15 V                           | 0.15 V                       | 0.3 V                              |



- ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES LOW- AND HIGH-LEVEL ENABLING
- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \ \Omega$ ,  $t_r/t_f = 3 \ ns$ .
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
- F. t<sub>PLH</sub> and t<sub>PHL</sub> are the same as t<sub>pd</sub>.
- G. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 4. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

Submit Documentation Feedback





17-Aug-2015

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan                   | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp      | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking<br>(4/5) | Samples |
|------------------|--------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------|
| SN74AUP2G02DCUR  | ACTIVE | VSSOP        | DCU                | 8    | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU        | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | H02R                    | Samples |
| SN74AUP2G02DQER  | ACTIVE | X2SON        | DQE                | 8    | 5000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAUAG      | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | PP                      | Samples |
| SN74AUP2G02RSER  | ACTIVE | UQFN         | RSE                | 8    | 5000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAUAG      | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | PP                      | Samples |
| SN74AUP2G02YFPR  | ACTIVE | DSBGA        | YFP                | 8    | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | SNAGCU           | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | (HB2 ~ HBN)             | Samples |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.



# **PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM**

17-Aug-2015

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# PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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# TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





|    | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width     |
|----|---|
|    | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length    |
|    | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W  | Overall width of the carrier tape                         |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers                   |

# QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

| All differsions are norminal |       |                    |   |      |                          |                          |            |            |            |            |           |                  |
|------------------------------|-------|--------------------|---|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| Device                       |       | Package<br>Drawing |   | SPQ  | Reel<br>Diameter<br>(mm) | Reel<br>Width<br>W1 (mm) | A0<br>(mm) | B0<br>(mm) | K0<br>(mm) | P1<br>(mm) | W<br>(mm) | Pin1<br>Quadrant |
| SN74AUP2G02DCUR              | VSSOP | DCU                | 8 | 3000 | 180.0                    | 8.4                      | 2.25       | 3.35       | 1.05       | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q3               |
| SN74AUP2G02DQER              | X2SON | DQE                | 8 | 5000 | 180.0                    | 8.4                      | 1.2        | 1.6        | 0.55       | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q1               |
| SN74AUP2G02RSER              | UQFN  | RSE                | 8 | 5000 | 180.0                    | 8.4                      | 1.7        | 1.7        | 0.7        | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q2               |
| SN74AUP2G02YFPR              | DSBGA | YFP                | 8 | 3000 | 178.0                    | 9.2                      | 0.9        | 1.75       | 0.6        | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q1               |

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\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device          | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| SN74AUP2G02DCUR | VSSOP        | DCU             | 8    | 3000 | 202.0       | 201.0      | 28.0        |
| SN74AUP2G02DQER | X2SON        | DQE             | 8    | 5000 | 202.0       | 201.0      | 28.0        |
| SN74AUP2G02RSER | UQFN         | RSE             | 8    | 5000 | 202.0       | 201.0      | 28.0        |
| SN74AUP2G02YFPR | DSBGA        | YFP             | 8    | 3000 | 220.0       | 220.0      | 35.0        |

# DCU (R-PDSO-G8)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
  - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation CA.



DCU (S-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



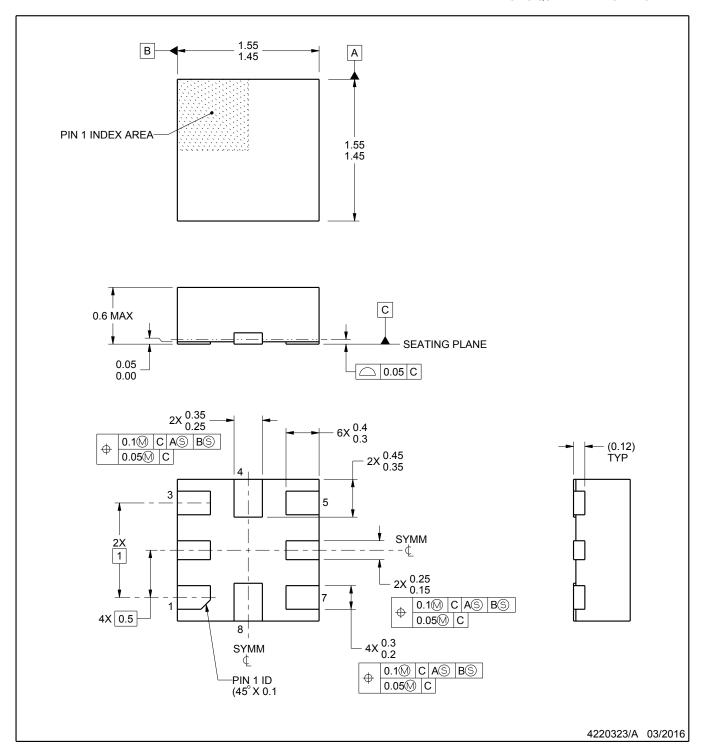
NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.





PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

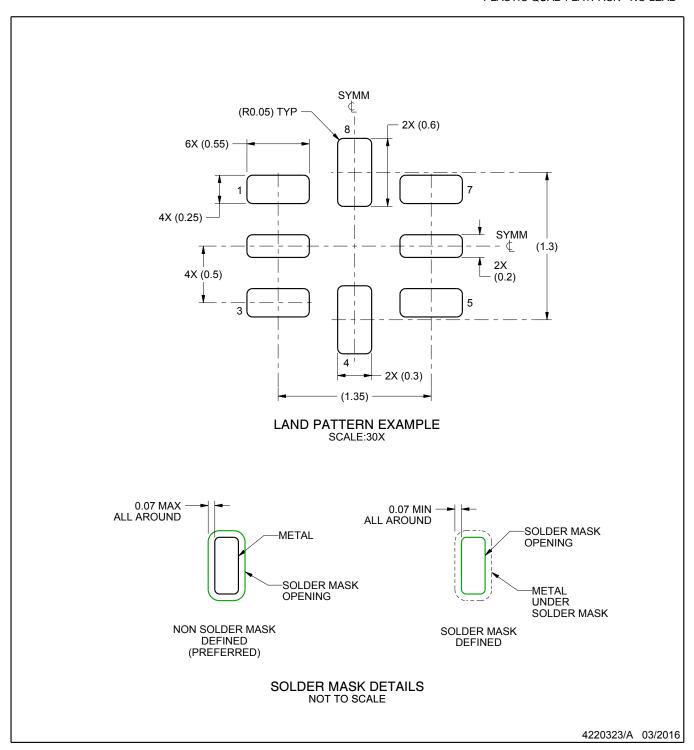


# NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD

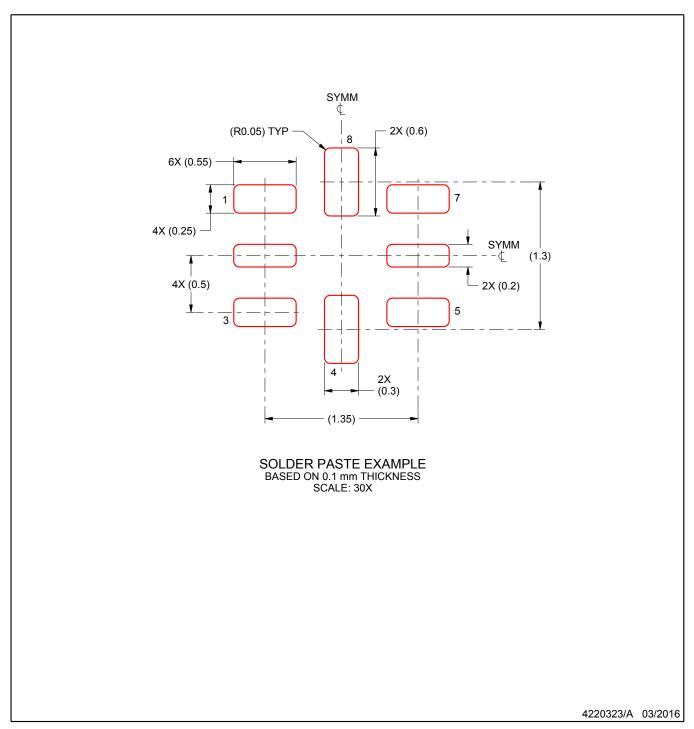


NOTES: (continued)

3. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



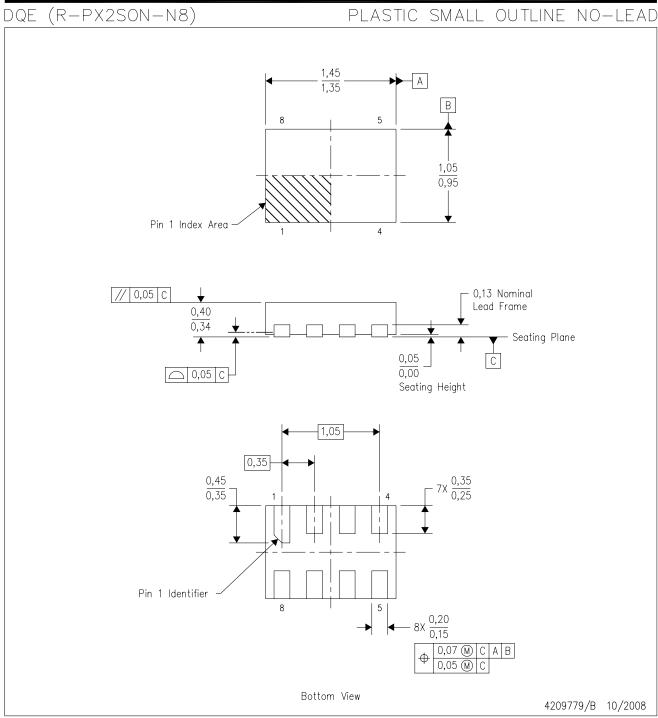
PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD



NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.





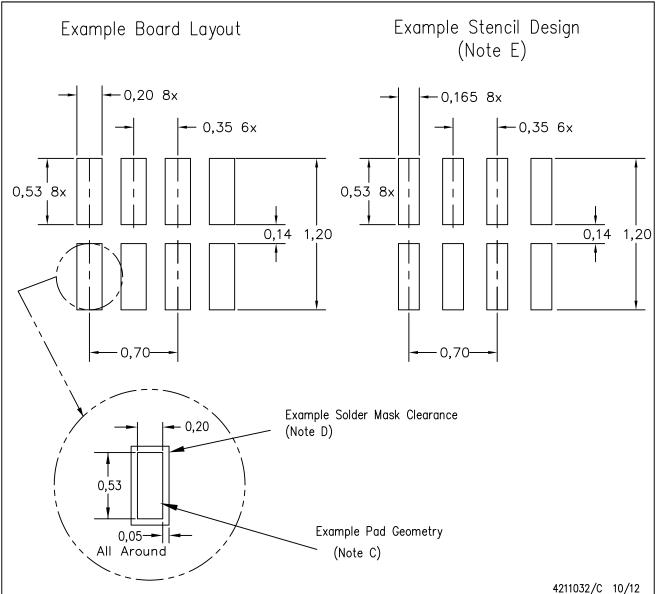
NOTES: All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  C. SON (Small Outline No-Lead) package configuration.
  D. This package complies to JEDEC MO-287 variation X2EAF.



# DQE (R-PX2SON-N8)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



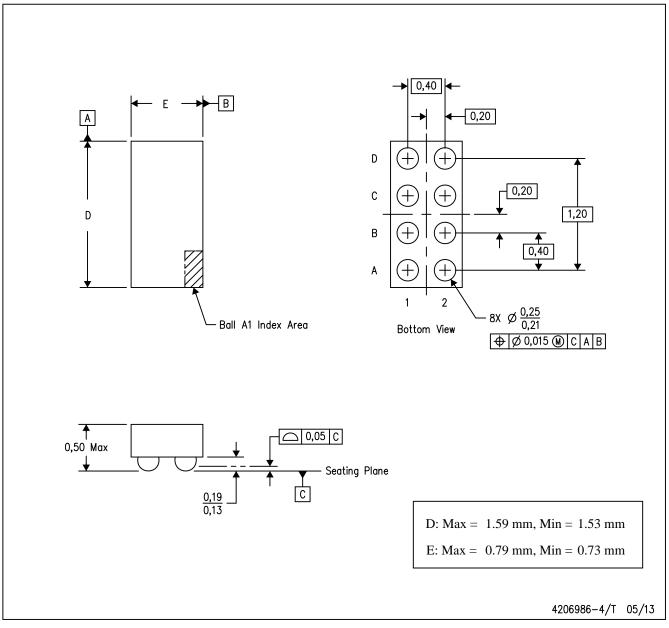
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads. If 2 mil solder mask is outside PCB vendor capability, it is advised to omit solder mask.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,1016 mm (4 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Over—printing land for acceptable area ratio is not viable due to land width and bridging potential. Customer may further reduce side aperture dimensions if stencil manufacturing process allows for sufficient release at smaller opening.
- H. Suggest stencils cut with lasers such as Fiber Laser that produce the greatest positional accuracy.
- I. Component placement force should be minimized to prevent excessive paste block deformation.



YFP (R-XBGA-N8)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. NanoFree™ package configuration.

NanoFree is a trademark of Texas Instruments



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