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SN74AUP1G57

SCES503J-NOVEMBER 2003-REVISED JUNE 2015

## SN74AUP1G57 Low-Power Configurable Multiple-Function Gate

#### 1 Features

- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoStar™ Packages
- Low Static-Power Consumption  $(I_{CC} = 0.9 \ \mu A \ Maximum)$
- Low Dynamic-Power Consumption  $(C_{pd} = 4.3 \text{ pF Typical at 3.3 V})$
- Low Input Capacitance ( $C_i = 1.5 \text{ pF Typical}$ )
- Low Noise Overshoot and Undershoot • <10% of V<sub>CC</sub>
- Ioff Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- **Includes Schmitt-Trigger Inputs**
- Wide Operating V<sub>CC</sub> Range of 0.8 V to 3.6 V
- Optimized for 3.3-V Operation
- 3.6-V I/O Tolerant to Support Mixed-Mode Signal Operation
- $t_{pd} = 5.3$  ns Maximum at 3.3 V
- Suitable for Point-to-Point Applications
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

#### 2 Applications

- Active Noise Cancellation (ANC)
- **Barcode Scanners**
- **Blood Pressure Monitors**
- **CPAP Machines**
- **Cable Solutions**
- E-Books
- Embedded PCs
- Field Transmitter: Temperature or Pressure Sensors
- HVAC: Heating, Ventilating, and Air Conditioning
- Network-Attached Storage (NAS)
- Server Motherboard and PSU
- Software Defined Radio (SDR)
- TV: High-Definition (HDTV), LCD, and Digital
- Video Communications Systems

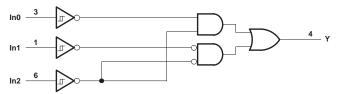
## 3 Description

The SN74AUP1G57 device features configurable multiple functions. The output state is determined by eight patterns of 3-bit input. The user can choose the logic functions AND, OR, NAND, NOR, XNOR, inverter, and noninverter. All inputs can be connected to V<sub>CC</sub> or GND.

Device Information <sup>(1)</sup>									
PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)							
SN74AUP1G57YFP	DSBGA (6)	1.16 x 0.76 mm							
SN74AUP1G57YZP	DSBGA (6)	1.388 x 0.888 mm							
SN74AUP1G57DRY	SON (6)	1.00 x 1.45 mm							
SN74AUP1G57DSF	SON (6)	1.00 x 1.00 mm							
SN74AUP1G57DBV	SOT-23 (6)	2.80 x 2.90 mm							
SN74AUP1G57DCK	SC70 (6)	2.10 x 2.00 mm							
SN74AUP1G57DRL	SOT (6)	1.60 x 1.60 mm							

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

### Functional Block Diagram (Positive Logic)





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## **4** Revision History

#### Changes from Revision I (May 2010) to Revision J

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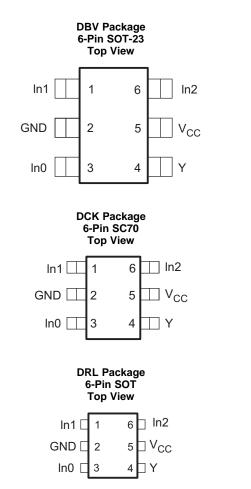
Added Pin Configuration and Functions section, ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional • Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device 

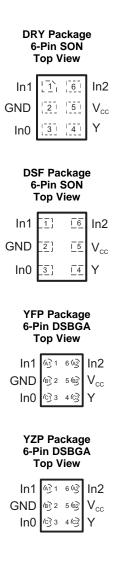


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### 5 Pin Configuration and Functions





### **Pin Functions**

	PIN			
NAME	SOT-23, SC70, SOT	DSBGA	I/O	DESCRIPTION
ln1	1	A1	I	Logic input 1
GND	2	B1	_	Ground
ln0	3	C1	I	Logic input 0
Y	4	C2	0	Logic output
V <sub>CC</sub>	5	B2	_	Power
ln2	6	A2	I	Logic input 2

### 6 Specifications

#### 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		-0.5	4.6	V
VI	Input voltage <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.5	4.6	V
Vo	Voltage applied to any output in the high-imper	dance or power-off state <sup>(2)</sup>	-0.5	4.6	V
Vo	Output voltage in the high or low state <sup>(2)</sup>		-0.5	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>1</sub> < 0		-50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0		-50	mA
lo	Continuous output current			±20	mA
	Continuous current through $V_{CC}$ or GND			±50	mA
TJ	Junction temperature	Junction temperature		150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature		-65	150	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The input negative-voltage and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

#### 6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT	
		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 <sup>(1)</sup>	2000		1
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 $^{\rm (2)}$	1000	V	

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

#### 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>(1)</sup>

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage		0.8	3.6	V
VI	Input voltage		0	3.6	V
Vo	Output voltage		0	$V_{CC}$	V
		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$		-20	μA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V		-1.1	
	High lovel output ourrest	$V_{CC} = 1.4 V$		-1.7	mA
ЮН	High-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65		-1.9	
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		-3.1		
		$V_{CC} = 3 V$		-4	
I <sub>OH</sub>		$V_{CC} = 0.8 V$		20	μA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.1 V		1.1	
		$V_{CC} = 1.4 V$		1.7	
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		1.9	mA
	$V_{CC} = 2.3 V$			3.1	
			4		
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C

(1) All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. See the TI application report *Implications* of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, SCBA004.

#### 6.4 Thermal Information

				SN74AU	JP1G57				
THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>		DBV (SOT-23)	DCK (SC70)	DRL (SOT)	DSF (SON)	DRY (SON)	YFP/YZP (DSBGA)	UNIT	
		6 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS	6 PINS		
	R <sub>0JA</sub> Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	165	259	142	300	234	123	°C/W	

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

#### 6.5 Electrical Characteristics

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

DADAMETED	TEST CONDITIONS	V	T <sub>A</sub>	= 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C	UNIT		
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>cc</sub>	MIN	TYP MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
		0.8 V	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.6		
M		1.1 V	0.53	0.9	0.53	0.9		
V <sub>T+</sub> Positive-going		1.4 V	0.74	1.11	0.74	1.11	V	
input threshold		1.65 V	0.91	1.29	0.91	1.29	v	
voltage		2.3 V	1.37	1.77	1.37	1.77		
		3 V	1.88	2.29	1.88	2.29		
		0.8 V	0.1	0.6	0.1	0.6		
N/		1.1 V	0.26	0.65	0.26	0.65		
V <sub>T-</sub> Negative-going		1.4 V	0.39	0.75	0.39	0.75	V	
input threshold		1.65 V	0.47	0.84	0.47	0.84	v	
voltage		2.3 V	0.69	1.04	0.69	1.04		
		3 V	0.88	1.24	0.88	1.24		
		0.8 V	0.07	0.5	0.07	0.5		
		1.1 V	0.08	0.46	0.08	0.46		
ΔV <sub>T</sub>		1.4 V	0.18	0.56	0.18	0.56		
Hysteresis (V <sub>T+</sub> – V <sub>T–</sub> )		1.65 V	0.27	0.66	0.27	0.66	V	
		2.3 V	0.53	0.92	0.53	0.92		
		3 V	0.79	1.31	0.79	1.31		
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -20 μA	0.8 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1		V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1			
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.1 mA	1.1 V	0.75 × V <sub>CC</sub>		0.7 × V <sub>CC</sub>			
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.7 mA	1.4 V	1.11		1.03			
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -1.9 mA	1.65 V	1.32		1.3		N/	
V <sub>OH</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -2.3 mA	221	2.05		1.97		V	
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -3.1 mA	2.3 V	1.9		1.85			
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -2.7 mA	2.1/	2.72		2.67			
	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	3 V	2.6		2.55			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 20 μA	0.8 V to 3.6 V		0.1		0.1		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.1 mA	1.1 V		0.3 × V <sub>CC</sub>		$0.3 \times V_{CC}$		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.7 mA	1.4 V		0.31		0.37		
V <sub>OL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.9 mA	1.65 V		0.31		0.35	V	
01	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.3 mA	2.2.1		0.31		0.33		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 3.1 mA	2.3 V		0.44		0.45		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.7 mA	2.14		0.31		0.33		
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	3 V		0.44		0.45		
I <sub>I</sub> (all inputs)	$V_I = GND$ to 3.6 V	0 V to 3.6 V		0.1		0.5	μA	
I <sub>off</sub>	$V_1 \text{ or } V_0 = 0 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	0 V		0.2		0.6	μA	

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UNIT

μA

μΑ

μΑ pF

pF

#### **Electrical Characteristics (continued)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V	T <sub>A</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			o 85°C
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		V <sub>cc</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX
Δl <sub>off</sub>	$V_{I}$ or $V_{O}$ = 0 V to 3.6 V		0 V to 0.2 V			0.2		0.6
I <sub>CC</sub>	$V_I = GND \text{ or } (V_{CC} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}),$	$I_{O} = 0$	0.8 V to 3.6 V			0.5		0.9
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.6 V^{(1)},$	$I_{O} = 0$	3.3 V			40		50
0			0 V		1.5			
Ci	$V_{I} = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$		3.6 V		1.5			
Co	V <sub>O</sub> = GND		0 V		3			

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

(1) One input at  $V_{CC}$  – 0.6 V, other inputs at  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

#### 6.6 Switching Characteristics, $C_L = 5 \text{ pF}$

over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C<sub>L</sub> = 5 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2 and Figure 3)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>cc</sub>	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C		UNIT
	(INPUT)			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
		Y	0.8 V		28.6				
	In0, In1, or In2		1.2 V ± 0.1 V	2.6	9.5	13.6	2.1	17.1	20
+			1.5 V ± 0.1 V	1.9	6.4	9.1	1.4	11.1	
t <sub>pd</sub>			1.8 V ± 0.15 V	1.4	5.2	7.1	0.9	8.9	ns
			2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1.1	3.6	5.3	0.6	6.3	1
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1	2.9	4.4	0.5	5.3	

### 6.7 Switching Characteristics, C<sub>L</sub> = 10 pF

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2 and Figure 3)

DADAMETED	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	v	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$	to 85°C	UNIT
PARAMETER	(INPUT)		V <sub>cc</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
		Y	0.8 V		32.8				
	In0, In1, or In2		1.2 V ± 0.1 V	2.6	11	15.1	2.1	18.1	
			1.5 V ± 0.1 V	1.9	7.4	10.3	1.4	12.4	20
t <sub>pd</sub>			1.8 V ± 0.15 V	1.4	6	8.1	0.9	10	ns
			2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1.1	4.3	6.1	0.6	7.3	
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1	3.5	5.1	0.5	6.1	

### 6.8 Switching Characteristics, C<sub>L</sub> = 15 pF

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 15 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2 and Figure 3)

PARAMETER	FROM	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>cc</sub> -	TA	= 25°C		T <sub>A</sub> = −40°C t	UNIT	
FARAMETER	(INPUT)			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
			0.8 V		37				
		Y	1.2 V ± 0.1 V	3.6	12.3	16.8	3.1	20.1	
+			1.5 V ± 0.1 V	2.8	8.3	11.4	2.3	13.7	20
t <sub>pd</sub>	In0, In1, or In2		1.8 V ± 0.15 V	2.1	6.7	9	1.6	11.1	ns
			2.5 V ± 0.2 V	1.7	4.9	6.8	1.2	8.1	
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	1.5	3.9	5.6	1	6.7	



### 6.9 Switching Characteristics, C<sub>L</sub> = 30 pF

over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 2 and Figure 3)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	V	Τ,	∖ = 25°C	;	T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C	UNIT	
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	V <sub>cc</sub>	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
			0.8 V		49.3				
		Y	1.2 V ± 0.1 V	5	15.7	21.4	4.5	26.5	-
+			1.5 V ± 0.1 V	3.9	10.8	14.4	3.4	17.4	
t <sub>pd</sub>	In0, In1, or In2		1.8 V ± 0.15 V	3.1	8.8	11.4	2.6	14	ns
			$2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	2.6	6.4	8.4	2.1	10.1	
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.3	5.3	7	1.8	8.4	

### 6.10 Operating Characteristics

 $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>cc</sub>	TYP	UNIT
			0.8 V	4	
			1.2 V ± 0.1 V	4	pF
	Devues dissinction conscious	6 40 MUL	1.5 V ± 0.1 V	4	
C <sub>pd</sub>	Power dissipation capacitance	f = 10 MHz	1.8 V ± 0.15 V	4	
			2.5 V ± 0.2 V	4.1	
			3.3 V ± 0.3 V	4.3	

### 6.11 Typical Characteristics

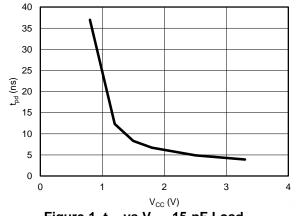


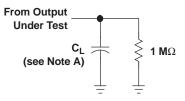
Figure 1. t<sub>pd</sub> vs V<sub>CC</sub>, 15-pF Load

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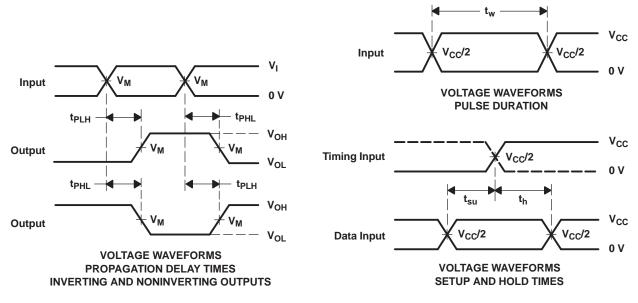
#### 7 Parameter Measurement Information

### 7.1 Propagation Delays, Setup and Hold Times, and Pulse Duration



#### LOAD CIRCUIT

	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	$V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ $\pm 0.3 \text{ V}$
CL	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF	5, 10, 15, 30 pF
V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2
VI	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>



NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>O</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , slew rate  $\geq$  1 V/ns.

C. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.

D.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .

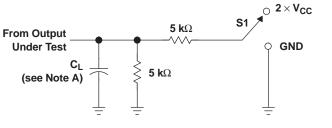
E. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 2. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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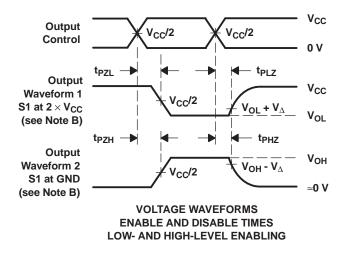
#### 7.2 Enable and Disable Times



TEST	S1
t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	$2 \times V_{CC}$
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	GND

	CIDCUIT
LUAD	CIRCUIT

	V <sub>CC</sub> = 0.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.2 V ± 0.1 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.5 V ± 0.1 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V	$V_{CC}$ = 2.5 V $\pm$ 0.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V
CL V <sub>M</sub> VI	5, 10, 15, 30 pF V <sub>CC</sub> /2 V <sub>CC</sub>	5, 10, 15, 30 pF V <sub>CC</sub> /2 V <sub>CC</sub>	5, 10, 15, 30 pF V <sub>CC</sub> /2 V <sub>CC</sub>	5, 10, 15, 30 pF V <sub>CC</sub> /2 V <sub>CC</sub>	5, 10, 15, 30 pF V <sub>CC</sub> /2 V <sub>CC</sub>	5, 10, 15, 30 pF V <sub>CC</sub> /2 V <sub>CC</sub>
$V_{\Delta}$	0.1 V	0.1 V	0.1 V	0.15 V	0.15 V	0.3 V



- NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>Q</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , slew rate  $\geq$  1 V/ns.
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
  - E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - G. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

#### Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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### 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

The AUP family is TI's premier solution to the low-power needs of the industry in battery-powered portable applications. This family ensures a very low static and dynamic power consumption across the entire  $V_{CC}$  range of 0.8 V to 3.6 V, resulting in an increased battery life. This product also maintains excellent signal integrity, which produces very low undershoot and overshoot characteristics.

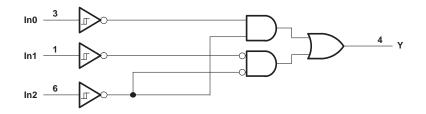
The SN74AUP1G57 features configurable multiple functions. The output state is determined by eight patterns of 3-bit input. The user can choose the logic functions AND, OR, NAND, NOR, XNOR, inverter, and noninverter. All inputs can be connected to  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

The device functions as an independent gate with Schmitt-trigger inputs, which allow for slow input transition and better switching noise immunity at the input.

NanoStar package technology is a major breakthrough in IC packaging concepts, using the die as the package.

This device is fully specified for partial-power-down applications using I<sub>off</sub>. The I<sub>off</sub> circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the device when it is powered down.

#### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



#### 8.3 Feature Description

This part is available in the TI NanoStar package. It has low static-power consumption with  $I_{CC} = 0.9 \ \mu A$  maximum and low dynamic power consumption ( $C_{pd} = 4.3 \ pF$ , Typical at 3.3 V).

The inputs have low capacitance, with typical  $C_i = 1.5 \text{ pF}$ .

This part has low noise, with overshoot and undershoot less than 10% of  $V_{CC}$ .

This part supports partial-power-down mode operation. When this part is powered down ( $V_{CC} = 0 V$ ), the leakage current into the device is characterized by  $I_{off}$ .

Schmitt-trigger inputs provide hysterisis and consistency in  $V_{IH} / V_{IL}$ .

It has a wide operating V<sub>CC</sub> range of 0.8 V to 3.6 V, and has been optimized for 3.3-V operation.

3.6-V I/O tolerant to support mixed-mode signal operation.

It has a low propagation delay of 5.3 ns at 3.3 V.

It is suitable for point-to-point applications.

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 lists all the functional modes of the SN74AUP1G57.

	INPUTS	OUTPUT								
In2	In1	In0	Y							
L	L	L	Н							
L	L	Н	L							
L	н	L	Н							

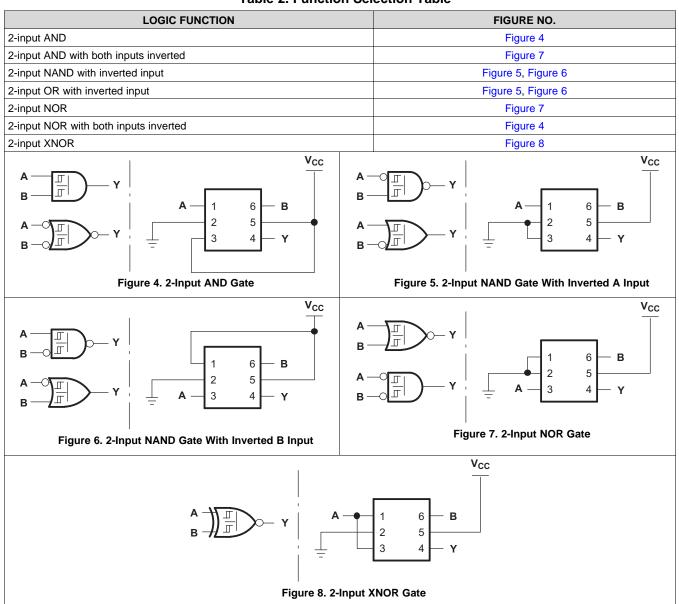
#### Table 1. Function Table

	INPUTS	OUTPUT			
In2	In1	In0	Y		
L	Н	Н	L		
н	L	L	L		
н	L	Н	L		
н	Н	L	Н		
Н	Н	Н	Н		

#### Table 1. Function Table (continued)

#### 8.4.1 Logic Configurations

Table 2 lists all the logic functions of the SN74AUP1G57.



#### Table 2. Function Selection Table



### 9 Application and Implementation

#### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

#### 9.1 Application Information

The SN74AUP1G57 features configurable multiple functions. The output state is determined by eight patterns of 3-bit input. The user can choose the logic functions AND, NAND, NOR, XNOR, inverter, and noninverter. All inputs can be connected to  $V_{CC}$  or GND.

This part can be used in any application where an equivalent single gate would work. The biggest benefit to this part is that it can be used for multiple functions on the same board, reducing the total number of part numbers to be used.

#### 9.2 Typical Application

This application shows how the SN74AUP1G57 can be configured to work as an AND logic gate. This part can The capacitor shown is 0.1 uF and should be placed as close as possible to the part.

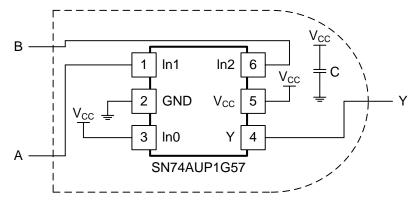


Figure 9. Schematic for AND Gate Configuration of SN74AUP1G57

#### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

This device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Take care to avoid bus contention because it can drive currents that would exceed maximum limits.

#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

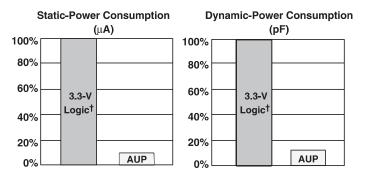
- 1. Recommended Input conditions
  - Rise time and fall time specs. See ( $\Delta t/\Delta V$ ) in *Recommended Operating Conditions*
  - Specified high and low levels. See (VIH and VIL) in Recommended Operating Conditions
  - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as 4.6 V at any valid  $V_{CC}$
- 2. Recommend output conditions
  - Load currents should not exceed 20 mA on the output and 50 mA total for the part
  - Outputs should not be pulled above  $V_{CC}$  + 0.5 V.



#### **Typical Application (continued)**

#### 9.2.3 Application Curve

The AUP family of single gate logic makes excellent translators for the new lower voltage microprocessors that typically are powered from 0.8 V to 1.2 V. They can drop the voltage of peripheral drivers and accessories that are still powered by 3.3 V to the new microcontroller power levels.



<sup>†</sup> Single, dual, and triple gates.

Figure 10. AUP – The Lowest-Power Family

### **10** Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the minimum and maximum supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions*.

Each V<sub>CC</sub> terminal should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, a 0.1- $\mu$ F bypass capacitor is recommended. If there are multiple pins labeled V<sub>CC</sub>, then a 0.01- $\mu$ F or 0.022- $\mu$ F capacitor is recommended for each V<sub>CC</sub> because the V<sub>CC</sub> pins will be tied together internally. For devices with dual supply pins operating at different voltages, for example V<sub>CC</sub> and V<sub>DD</sub>, a 0.1- $\mu$ F bypass capacitor is recommended for each supply pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass capacitors to reject different frequencies of noise. 0.1- $\mu$ F and 1- $\mu$ F capacitors are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power terminal as possible for best results.

### 11 Layout

#### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

Reflections and matching are closely related to the loop antenna theory but are different enough to be discussed separately from the theory. When a PCB trace turns a corner at a 90° angle, a reflection can occur. A reflection occurs primarily because of the change of width of the trace. At the apex of the turn, the trace width increases to 1.414 times the width. This increase upsets the transmission-line characteristics, especially the distributed capacitance and self–inductance of the trace which results in the reflection. Not all PCB traces can be straight and therefore some traces must turn corners. Figure 11 shows progressively better techniques of rounding corners. Only the last example (BEST) maintains constant trace width and minimizes reflections.

#### SN74AUP1G57

SCES503J-NOVEMBER 2003-REVISED JUNE 2015

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**ISTRUMENTS** 

TXAS

#### 11.2 Layout Example

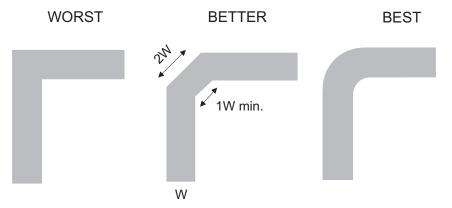


Figure 11. Trace Example

### **12 Device and Documentation Support**

#### **12.1 Community Resources**

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E<sup>™</sup> Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

**Design Support TI's Design Support** Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

#### 12.2 Trademarks

NanoStar, E2E are trademarks of Texas Instruments. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 12.3 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

#### 12.4 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

### 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



12-Sep-2016

## PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	•	Pins	•	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
SN74AUP1G57DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HA7R	Samples
SN74AUP1G57DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HA7R	Samples
SN74AUP1G57DCKR	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HHR	Samples
SN74AUP1G57DCKRE4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HHR	Samples
SN74AUP1G57DCKRG4	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HHR	Samples
SN74AUP1G57DCKT	ACTIVE	SC70	DCK	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	HHR	Samples
SN74AUP1G57DRLR	ACTIVE	SOT	DRL	6	4000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(HH7 ~ HHR)	Samples
SN74AUP1G57DRLRG4	ACTIVE	SOT	DRL	6	4000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(HH7 ~ HHR)	Samples
SN74AUP1G57DRYR	ACTIVE	SON	DRY	6	5000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	НН	Samples
SN74AUP1G57DSFR	ACTIVE	SON	DSF	6	5000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU   CU NIPDAUAG	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	НН	Samples
SN74AUP1G57YFPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM		(HH2 ~ HHN)	Samples
SN74AUP1G57YZPR	ACTIVE	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	SNAGCU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	(HH7 ~ HHN)	Samples

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.



12-Sep-2016

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

<sup>(3)</sup> MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

<sup>(4)</sup> There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

(6) Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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### TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74AUP1G57DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AUP1G57DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	180.0	8.4	3.23	3.17	1.37	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AUP1G57DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	180.0	8.4	2.41	2.41	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AUP1G57DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	180.0	8.4	2.41	2.41	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AUP1G57DRLR	SOT	DRL	6	4000	180.0	9.5	1.78	1.78	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AUP1G57DRLR	SOT	DRL	6	4000	180.0	8.4	1.98	1.78	0.69	4.0	8.0	Q3
SN74AUP1G57DRYR	SON	DRY	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.15	1.6	0.75	4.0	8.0	Q1
SN74AUP1G57DSFR	SON	DSF	6	5000	180.0	9.5	1.16	1.16	0.5	4.0	8.0	Q2
SN74AUP1G57YFPR	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	178.0	9.2	0.89	1.29	0.62	4.0	8.0	Q1
SN74AUP1G57YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	178.0	9.2	1.02	1.52	0.63	4.0	8.0	Q1

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## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

7-Sep-2016



*All dimensions are nominal							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74AUP1G57DBVR	SOT-23	DBV	6	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74AUP1G57DBVT	SOT-23	DBV	6	250	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74AUP1G57DCKR	SC70	DCK	6	3000	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74AUP1G57DCKT	SC70	DCK	6	250	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74AUP1G57DRLR	SOT	DRL	6	4000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74AUP1G57DRLR	SOT	DRL	6	4000	202.0	201.0	28.0
SN74AUP1G57DRYR	SON	DRY	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74AUP1G57DSFR	SON	DSF	6	5000	184.0	184.0	19.0
SN74AUP1G57YFPR	DSBGA	YFP	6	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0
SN74AUP1G57YZPR	DSBGA	YZP	6	3000	220.0	220.0	35.0

DRL (R-PDSO-N6)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994. B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

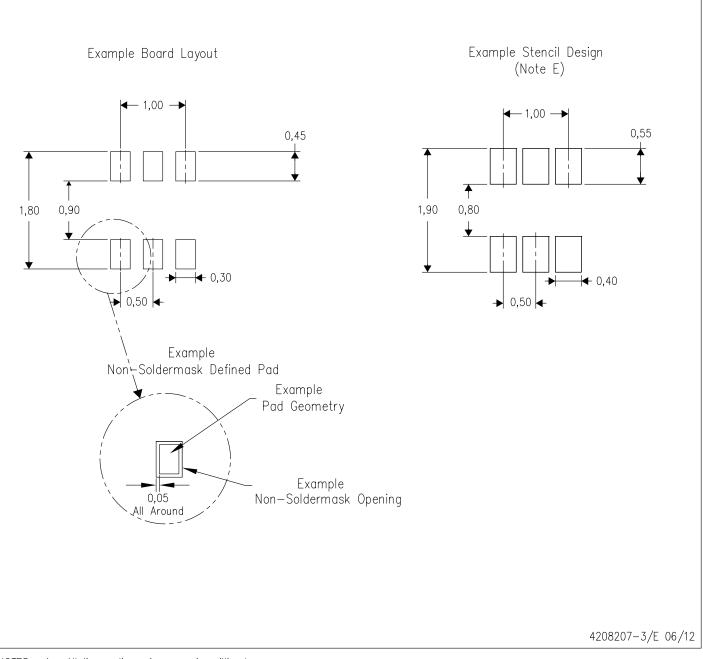
🖄 Body dimensions do not include mold flash, interlead flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, interlead flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 per end or side.

D. JEDEC package registration is pending.



DRL (R-PDSO-N6)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,127 mm (5 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Side aperture dimensions over-print land for acceptable area ratio > 0.66. Customer may reduce side aperture dimensions if stencil manufacturing process allows for sufficient release at smaller opening.



DBV (R-PDSO-G6)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
  - A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
  - D. Leads 1,2,3 may be wider than leads 4,5,6 for package orientation.
  - E Falls within JEDEC MO-178 Variation AB, except minimum lead width.



## LAND PATTERN DATA



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Customers should place a note on the circuit board fabrication drawing not to alter the center solder mask defined pad.
- D. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Example stencil design based on a 50% volumetric metal load solder paste. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.



DCK (R-PDSO-G6)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
  - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-203 variation AB.



## **MECHANICAL DATA**



- C. SON (Small Outline No-Lead) package configuration.
- $\Delta$  The exposed lead frame feature on side of package may or may not be present due to alternative lead frame designs.
- E. This package complies to JEDEC MO-287 variation UFAD.
- 🖄 See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the pin 1 identifier shape.



DRY (R-PUSON-N6)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,127 mm (5 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Side aperture dimensions over-print land for acceptable area ratio > 0.66. Customer may reduce side aperture dimensions if stencil manufacturing process allows for sufficient release at smaller opening.

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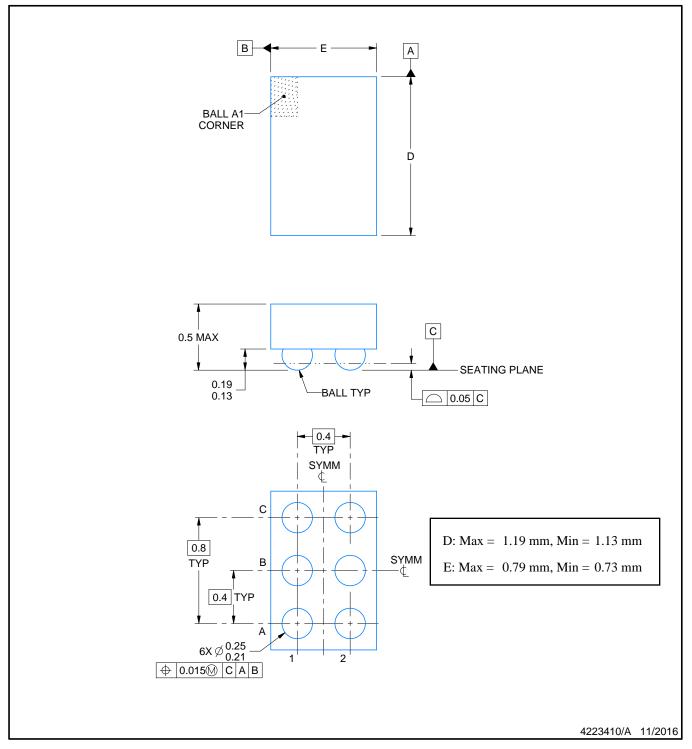
## **YFP0006**



## **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

## DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

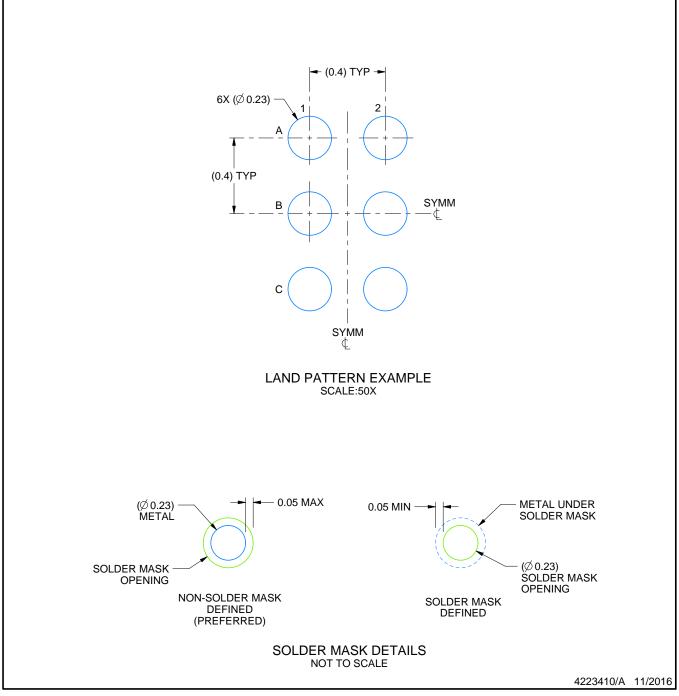


## YFP0006

## **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

## DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

3. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SNVA009 (www.ti.com/lit/snva009).



## YFP0006

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

## DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



## MECHANICAL DATA

### PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



NOTES:

DSF (S-PX2SON-N6)

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing Per ASME Y14.5M.
   This drawing is subject to change without notice.
   Reference JEDEC registration MO-287, variation X2AAF.





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads. If 2 mil solder mask is outside PCB vendor capability, it is advised to omit solder mask.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,1016 mm (4 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Suggest stencils cut with lasers such as Fiber Laser that produce the greatest positional accuracy.
- H. Component placement force should be minimized to prevent excessive paste block deformation.



# **YZP0006**



## **PACKAGE OUTLINE**

## DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES:

NanoFree Is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M. 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- 3. NanoFree<sup>™</sup> package configuration.



## YZP0006

## **EXAMPLE BOARD LAYOUT**

## DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

4. Final dimensions may vary due to manufacturing tolerance considerations and also routing constraints. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SBVA017 (www.ti.com/lit/sbva017).



# YZP0006

# **EXAMPLE STENCIL DESIGN**

## DSBGA - 0.5 mm max height

DIE SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: (continued)

5. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release.



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In some cases, TI components may be promoted specifically to facilitate safety-related applications. With such components, TI's goal is to help enable customers to design and create their own end-product solutions that meet applicable functional safety standards and requirements. Nonetheless, such components are subject to these terms.

No TI components are authorized for use in FDA Class III (or similar life-critical medical equipment) unless authorized officers of the parties have executed a special agreement specifically governing such use.

Only those TI components which TI has specifically designated as military grade or "enhanced plastic" are designed and intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments. Buyer acknowledges and agrees that any military or aerospace use of TI components which have *not* been so designated is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that Buyer is solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI has specifically designated certain components as meeting ISO/TS16949 requirements, mainly for automotive use. In any case of use of non-designated products, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet ISO/TS16949.

Products		Applications	
Audio	www.ti.com/audio	Automotive and Transportation	www.ti.com/automotive
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com	Communications and Telecom	www.ti.com/communications
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com	Computers and Peripherals	www.ti.com/computers
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