











SN74LVC112A

SCAS289M - JANUARY 1993-REVISED DECEMBER 2014

# SN74LVC112A Dual Negative-Edge-Triggered J-K Flip-Flop With Clear And Preset

#### **Features**

- Operates From 1.65 V to 3.6 V
- Inputs Accept Voltages to 5.5 V
- Max  $t_{pd}$  of 4.8 ns at 3.3 V
- Typical V<sub>OLP</sub> (Output Ground Bounce)  $< 0.8 \text{ V at V}_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Typical V<sub>OHV</sub> (Output V<sub>OH</sub> Undershoot)  $> 2 \text{ V at V}_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
  - 3000-V Human-Body Model
  - 200-V Machine Model
  - 1500-V Charged-Device Model

## 2 Applications

- Servers
- **PCs**
- **Notebooks**
- Network switches
- Toys
- I/O Expanders
- Electronic Points of Sale

## 3 Description

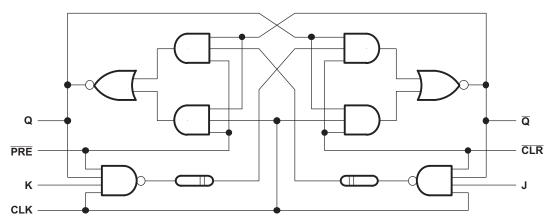
This dual negative-edge-triggered J-K flip-flop is designed for 1.65-V to 3.6-V  $V_{CC}$  operation.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)
	SSOP (16)	6.50 mm x 5.30 mm
	TSSOP (16)	5.00 mm x 4.40 mm
	TVSOP (16)	3.60 mm x 4.40 mm
SN74LVC112A	SOP (16)	10.20 mm x 5.30 mm
	SOIC (16)	9.00 mm x 3.90 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

## Simplified Schematic





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# 5 Revision History

## Changes from Revision L (August 2004) to Revision M

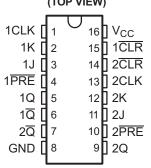
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•	Added Applications, Device Information table, Pin Functions table, ESD Ratings table, Thermal Information table, Typical Characteristics, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section.	. 1
•	Deleted Ordering Information table.	. 1
	Changed MAX operating temperature to 125°C in Recommended Operating Conditions table.	
•	Added –40°C to 125°C temperature range to <i>Electrical Specifications</i> table.	. 6
•	Added Timing Requirements table for –40°C to 125°C temperature range	. 6
	Added Switching Characteristics table for -40°C to 125°C temperature range.	
		_



# 6 Pin Configuration and Functions

# D, DB, DGV, NS, OR PW PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



#### **Pin Functions**

	PIN	TVDE	DECORIDATION
NO.	NAME	TYPE	DESCRIPTION
1	1CLK	I	1 Clock
2	1K	1	1K Input
3	1J	1	1J Input
4	1PRE	I	1 Preset
5	1Q	0	1Q Output. Pull low to set 1Q high and $1\overline{Q}$ low upon power-up.
6	1Q	0	1Q Output
7	2Q	0	2Q Output
8	GND	_	Ground Pin
9	2Q	0	2Q Output
10	2PRE	I	2 Preset
11	2J	1	2J Input. Pull low to set 2Q high and 2Q low upon power-up.
12	2K	1	2K Input
13	2CLK	1	2 Clock
14	2CLR	1	2 Clear
15	1 <del>CLR</del>	I	1 Clear. Pull low to set 2Q low and 2Q high upon power-up.
16	V <sub>CC</sub>	_	Power Pin. Pull low to set 1Q low and $1\overline{Q}$ high upon power-up.



### 7 Specifications

#### 7.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

				MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage range			-0.5	6.5	V
VI	Input voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>			-0.5	6.5	V
Vo	Output voltage range <sup>(2) (3)</sup>					V
I <sub>IK</sub>	Input clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0			-50	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	Output clamp current	V <sub>O</sub> < 0			-50	mA
Io	Continuous output current				±50	mA
	Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND				±100	mA
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range				150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### 7.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins (1)	3000	
V <sub>(ESD)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins (2)	1500	V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

<sup>(2)</sup> The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

<sup>(3)</sup> The value of V<sub>CC</sub> is provided in the Recommended Operating Conditions table.



## 7.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
.,	Complementaria	Operating	1.65	3.6	1/
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage  High-level input voltage  Low-level input voltage  Input voltage  Output voltage  High-level output current	Data retention only	1.5		V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>		
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V	1.7		V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	2		
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V to 1.95 V		0.35 × V <sub>CC</sub>	
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V to 2.7 V		0.7	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V		0.8	
VI	Input voltage		0	5.5	V
Vo	Output voltage		0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		-4	
	High level cutout current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		8–	mA
I <sub>OH</sub>	nigri-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		-12	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		-24	
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.65 V		4	
	Low lovel output ourrent	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.3 V		8	A
I <sub>OL</sub>	Low-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		12	mA
		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		24	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate			10	ns/V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-40	125	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> All unused inputs of the device must be held at V<sub>CC</sub> or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, *Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs* (SCBA004).

#### 7.4 Thermal Information

	mormar imormation									
		SN74LVC112A								
	THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>	NS	PW	UNIT						
		24 PINS								
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	90.6	107.1	129.0	90.7	122.6				
R <sub>θJC(to</sub> p)	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	50.9	59.6	52.1	48.3	51.4				
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	44.8	54.4	62.0	49.4	64.4	°C/W			
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	14.7	20.5	6.5	14.6	6.7				
$\Psi_{JB}$	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	44.5	53.8	61.3	49.1	63.8				

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.



#### 7.5 Electrical Characteristics

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	TEST SOUDITIONS	.,	T <sub>A</sub>	= 25°C		-40°C to 8	35°C	-40°C to 1	25°C	
PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub>	MIN	TYP <sup>(1)</sup>	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	1.65 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2			V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		
	$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$	1.65 V	1.2			1.2		1.2		
$V_{OH}$	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V	1.7			1.7		1.7		V
	10 1	2.7 V	2.2			2.2		2.2		
	$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	3 V	2.4			2.4		2.4		
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA	3 V	2.2			2.2		2.2		
	Ι <sub>ΟL</sub> = 100 μΑ	1.65 V to 3.6 V			0.2		0.2		0.2	
$V_{OL}$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 4 mA	1.65 V			0.45		0.45		0.45	V
• OL	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$	2.3 V			0.7		0.7		0.7	•
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7 V			0.4		0.4		0.4	
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3 V			0.55		0.55		0.55	
I <sub>I</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = 5.5 V or GND	3.6 V			±5		±5		±5	μA
I <sub>cc</sub>	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or $I_O = 0$	3.6 V			10		10		10	μΑ
ΔI <sub>CC</sub>	One input at $V_{CC} - 0.6 \text{ V}$ , Other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or GND	2.7 V to 3.6 V			500		500		500	μA
C <sub>i</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	3.3 V		4.5						pF

<sup>(1)</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

#### 7.6 Timing Requirements, -40°C to 85°C

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

			V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f <sub>clock</sub>	Clock frequency		120		150		150		150	MHz	
t <sub>w</sub>	Pulse duration, CLK high or low		4.2		3.3		3.3		3.3		ns
	Setup time	Data before CLK↓	5.8		3.2		3.1		2.3		ns
t <sub>su</sub>		PRE or CLR inactive	5		2.8		2.4		1.1		
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time, data after CLK↓		6.2		4.4		2.5		0.7		ns

## 7.7 Timing Requirements, -40°C to 125°C

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

				V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		UNIT	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
f <sub>clock</sub>	Clock frequency			120		150		150		150	MHz
t <sub>w</sub>	Pulse duration, CLK high of	r low	4.1		3.3		3.3		3.3		ns
	Setup time	Data before CLK↓	6		3.2		3.1		2.3		ns
t <sub>su</sub>		PRE or CLR inactive	5		2.8		2.4		1.1		
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time, data after CLK↓		6.2		4.7		2.5		0.7		ns



## 7.8 Switching Characteristics, -40°C to 85°C

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 3)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V ± 0.15 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V ± 0.2 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$			UNIT
	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
f <sub>max</sub>			150		150		150		150			MHz
	CLR or PRE	Q or Q		5.9		4.1		5.5	1	3.4	4.8	20
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	QorQ		5.6		4		7.1	1	3.5	5.9	ns

## 7.9 Switching Characteristics, -40°C to 125°C

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1 ± 0.1		V <sub>CC</sub> = 1 ± 0.2	2.5 V 2 V	V <sub>CC</sub> =	2.7 V	V <sub>CC</sub> =	3.3 V ± (	).3 V	UNIT
	(INFOT)	(0011-01)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
f <sub>max</sub>			120		150		150		150			MHz
	CLR or PRE	Q or Q		6.2		4		6	1	3.4	5.3	20
t <sub>pd</sub>	CLK	QorQ		6.2		4.1		7.6	1	3.5	6.4	ns

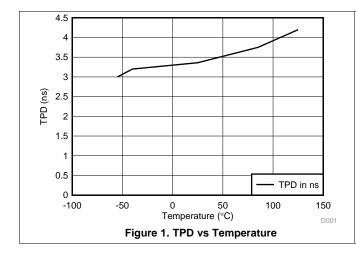
## 7.10 Operating Characteristics

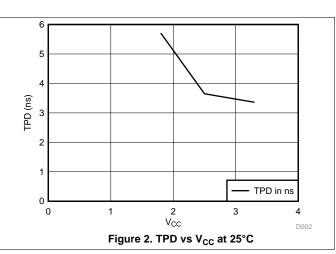
 $T_A = 25$ °C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V	UNIT
	17117111121211	1201 001121110110	TYP	TYP	TYP	0
$C_{pd}$	Power dissipation capacitance	f = 10 MHz	See <sup>(1)</sup>	See <sup>(1)</sup>	24	pF

<sup>(1)</sup> This information was not available at the time of publication.

# 7.11 Typical Characteristics

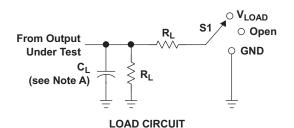




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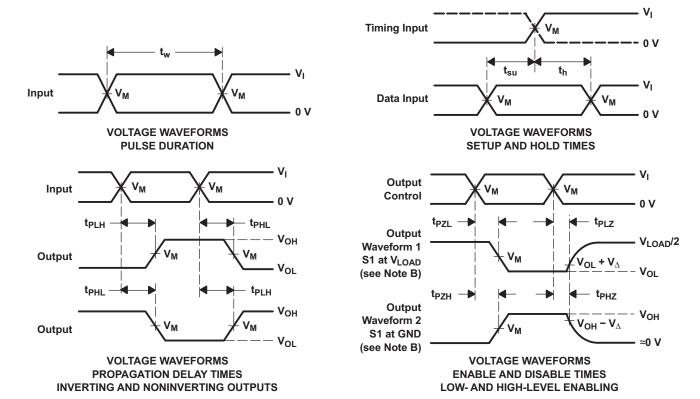


#### 8 Parameter Measurement Information



TEST	S1
t <sub>PLH</sub> /t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>PLZ</sub> /t <sub>PZL</sub>	$V_{LOAD}$
t <sub>PHZ</sub> /t <sub>PZH</sub>	GND

	INI	PUTS		.,		_	.,
V <sub>CC</sub>	VI	t <sub>r</sub> /t <sub>f</sub>	V <sub>M</sub>	V <sub>LOAD</sub>	CL	R <sub>L</sub>	$oldsymbol{V}_{\!\Delta}$
1.8 V ± 0.15 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2 × V <sub>CC</sub>	30 pF	<b>1 k</b> Ω	0.15 V
2.5 V ± 0.2 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	≤2 ns	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	2 × V <sub>CC</sub>	30 pF	<b>500</b> Ω	0.15 V
2.7 V	2.7 V	≤2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	50 pF	<b>500</b> Ω	0.3 V
3.3 V ± 0.3 V	2.7 V	≤2.5 ns	1.5 V	6 V	50 pF	<b>500</b> Ω	0.3 V



NOTES: A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_0$  = 50  $\Omega$ .
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
- F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
- G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .
- H. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 3. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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## 9 Detailed Description

#### 9.1 Overview

This dual negative-edge-triggered J-K flip-flop is designed for 1.65-V to 3.6-V V<sub>CC</sub> operation.

A low level at the preset (PRE) or clear (CLR) inputs sets or resets the outputs, regardless of the levels of the other inputs. When PRE and CLR are inactive (high), data at the J and K inputs meeting the setup-time requirements is transferred to the outputs on the negative-going edge of the clock pulse. Clock triggering occurs at a voltage level and is not directly related to the rise time of the clock pulse. Following the hold-time interval, data at the J and K inputs can be changed without affecting the levels at the outputs. The SN74LVC112A can perform as a toggle flip-flop by tying J and K high.

Inputs can be driven from either 3.3-V or 5-V devices. This feature allows the use of these devices as translators in a mixed 3.3-V/5-V system environment.

#### 9.2 Functional Block Diagram

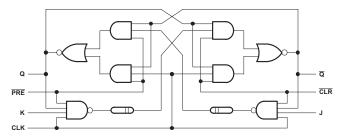


Figure 4. Logic Diagram, Each Flip-Flop (Positive Logic)

#### 9.3 Feature Description

- · Wide operating voltage range
  - Operates from 1.65 V to 3.6 V
- Allows down voltage translation
  - Inputs accept voltages to 5.5 V
- I<sub>off</sub> feature
  - Allows voltages on the inputs and outputs when V<sub>CC</sub> is 0 V

#### 9.4 Device Functional Modes

**Table 1. Function Table** 

		OUTI	PUTS			
PRE	CLR	CLK	J	K	Q	Q
L	Н	Χ	Χ	Χ	Н	L
Н	L	Χ	Χ	X	L	Н
L	L	Χ	X	X	H <sup>(1)</sup>	H <sup>(1)</sup>
Н	Н	$\downarrow$	L	L	$Q_0$	$\overline{Q}_0$
Н	Н	$\downarrow$	Н	L	Н	L
Н	Н	$\downarrow$	L	Н	L	Н
Н	Н	$\downarrow$	Н	Н	Tog	gle
Н	Н	Н	Χ	Χ	$Q_0$	$\overline{Q}_0$

<sup>(1)</sup> The output levels in this configuration may not meet the minimum levels for V<sub>OH</sub>. Furthermore, this configuration is nonstable; that is, it does not persist when either PRE or CLR returns to its inactive (high) level.

Product Folder Links: SN74LVC112A



### 10 Application and Implementation

#### 10.1 Application Information

SN74LVC112A is a high-drive CMOS device that can be used for a multitude of bus interface type applications where the data needs to be retained or latched. It can produce 24 mA of drive current at 3.3 V, making it Ideal for driving multiple outputs and good for high-speed applications up to 150 MHz. The inputs are 5.5-V tolerant allowing it to translate down to  $V_{\rm CC}$ .

#### 10.2 Typical Application

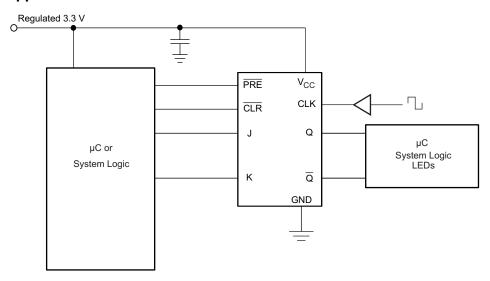


Figure 5. Typical Application Schematic

#### 10.2.1 Design Requirements

This device uses CMOS technology and has balanced output drive. Care should be taken to avoid bus contention because it can drive currents that would exceed maximum limits. The high drive will also create fast edges into light loads, so routing and load conditions should be considered to prevent ringing.

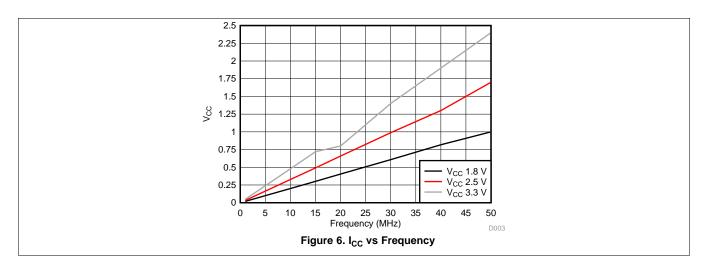
#### 10.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

- 1. Recommended Input Conditions
  - For rise time and fall time specifications, see  $\Delta t/\Delta V$  in the Recommended Operating Conditions table.
  - For specified High and low levels, see V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub> in the Recommended Operating Conditions table.
  - Inputs are overvoltage tolerant allowing them to go as high as 5.5 V at any valid V<sub>CC</sub>.
- 2. Recommend Output Conditions
  - Load currents should not exceed 50 mA per output and 100 mA total for the part.
  - Outputs should not be pulled above V<sub>CC</sub>.



### **Typical Application (continued)**

#### 10.2.3 Application Curves



## 11 Power Supply Recommendations

The power supply can be any voltage between the MIN and MAX supply voltage rating located in the *Recommended Operating Conditions* table.

Each  $V_{CC}$  pin should have a good bypass capacitor to prevent power disturbance. For devices with a single supply, 0.1  $\mu$ F is recommended. If there are multiple  $V_{CC}$  pins, 0.01  $\mu$ F or 0.022  $\mu$ F is recommended for each power pin. It is acceptable to parallel multiple bypass caps to reject different frequencies of noise. A 0.1  $\mu$ F and 1  $\mu$ F are commonly used in parallel. The bypass capacitor should be installed as close to the power pin as possible for best results.



## 12 Layout

#### 12.1 Layout Guidelines

When using multiple bit logic devices, inputs should not float. In many cases, functions or parts of functions of digital logic devices are unused. Some examples are when only two inputs of a triple-input AND gate are used, or when only 3 of the 4-buffer gates are used. Such input pins should not be left unconnected because the undefined voltages at the outside connections result in undefined operational states.

Specified in Figure 7 are rules that must be observed under all circumstances. All unused inputs of digital logic devices must be connected to a high or low bias to prevent them from floating. The logic level that should be applied to any particular unused input depends on the function of the device. Generally they will be tied to GND or V<sub>CC</sub>, whichever makes more sense or is more convenient. It is acceptable to float outputs unless the part is a transceiver..

#### 12.2 Layout Example

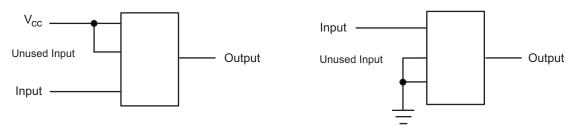


Figure 7. Layout Diagram

## 13 Device and Documentation Support

#### 13.1 Trademarks

All trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 13.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

#### 13.3 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 14 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.





9-Jan-2015

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type		Pins		Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
SN74LVC112AD	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LVC112A	Sample
SN74LVC112ADBLE	OBSOLETE	SSOP	DB	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85		
SN74LVC112ADBR	ACTIVE	SSOP	DB	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LC112A	Sample
SN74LVC112ADG4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	40	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LVC112A	Sample
SN74LVC112ADGVR	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LC112A	Sample
SN74LVC112ADGVRG4	ACTIVE	TVSOP	DGV	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LC112A	Sample
SN74LVC112ADR	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LVC112A	Sample
SN74LVC112ADT	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	16	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LVC112A	Sample
SN74LVC112ANSR	ACTIVE	SO	NS	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LVC112A	Sample
SN74LVC112APW	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LC112A	Sample
SN74LVC112APWE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	90	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LC112A	Sample
SN74LVC112APWLE	OBSOLETE	TSSOP	PW	16		TBD	Call TI	Call TI	-40 to 85		
SN74LVC112APWR	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LC112A	Sample
SN74LVC112APWRE4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LC112A	Sample
SN74LVC112APWRG4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LC112A	Sample
SN74LVC112APWT	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	16	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	LC112A	Sample

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows: **ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.



### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

9-Jan-2015

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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## **PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION**

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





_		
		Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
	В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
	K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
	W	Overall width of the carrier tape
ı	P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

#### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
SN74LVC112ADBR	SSOP	DB	16	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	6.6	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LVC112ADGVR	TVSOP	DGV	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.8	4.0	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74LVC112ADR	SOIC	D	16	2500	330.0	16.4	6.5	10.3	2.1	8.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LVC112ANSR	SO	NS	16	2000	330.0	16.4	8.2	10.5	2.5	12.0	16.0	Q1
SN74LVC112APWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1
SN74LVC112APWT	TSSOP	PW	16	250	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

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\*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
SN74LVC112ADBR	SSOP	DB	16	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
SN74LVC112ADGVR	TVSOP	DGV	16	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
SN74LVC112ADR	SOIC	D	16	2500	333.2	345.9	28.6
SN74LVC112ANSR	SO	NS	16	2000	367.0	367.0	38.0
SN74LVC112APWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	367.0	367.0	35.0
SN74LVC112APWT	TSSOP	PW	16	250	367.0	367.0	35.0

## DGV (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

#### **24 PINS SHOWN**

#### **PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15 per side.

D. Falls within JEDEC: 24/48 Pins – MO-153 14/16/20/56 Pins – MO-194

# D (R-PDS0-G16)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AC.



# D (R-PDSO-G16)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



PW (R-PDSO-G16)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M—1994.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
- Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
- E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153



# PW (R-PDSO-G16)

# PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



## DB (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

## PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE

#### **28 PINS SHOWN**



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion not to exceed 0,15.

D. Falls within JEDEC MO-150

## **MECHANICAL DATA**

## NS (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

# 14-PINS SHOWN

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0,15.



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