

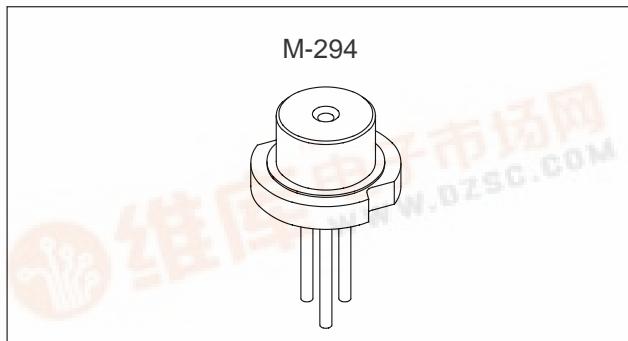
SONY

SLD1135VS

650nm Index-Guided Red Laser Diode

Description

The SLD1135VS is a index-guided red laser diode for Laser pointer. The wavelength is 20nm shorter than SLD1122VS.



Features

- Small astigmatism (7 μ m typ.)
- Small package (ϕ 5.6mm)
- Single longitudinal mode
- Low operating voltage (2.5V Max)
- Max operating temperature = 40°C (Case temperature)

Applications

Laser pointer

Structure

- AlGaInP MQW laser diode
- PIN photodiode to monitor laser beam output

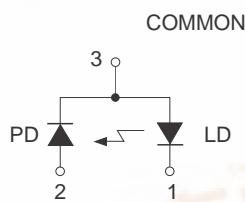
Recommend Optical Power Output

5mW

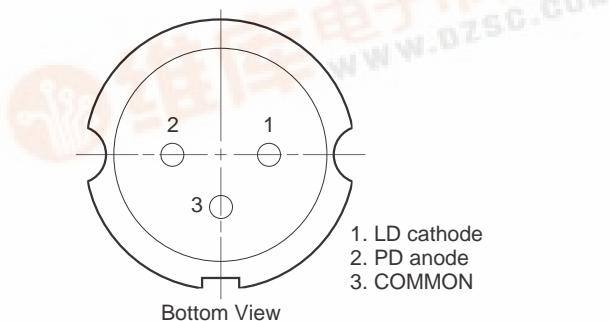
Absolute Maximum Ratings ($T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

• Optical power output	Po	5	mW	
• Reverse voltage	V _R	LD	2	V
		PD	15	V
• Operating temperature	T _{opr}	-10 to +40		°C
• Storage temperature	T _{stg}	-40 to +85		°C

Connection Diagram



Pin Configuration



Electrical and Optical Characteristics ($T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Tc: Case temperature

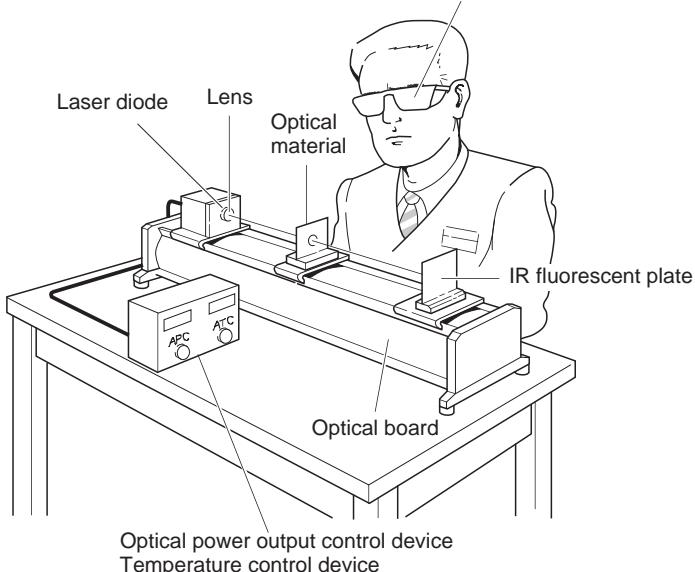
Item	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
Threshold current	I_{th}			30	40	mA	
Operating current	I_{op}	$P_o = 5\text{mW}$		35	45	mA	
Operating voltage	V_{op}	$P_o = 5\text{mW}$		2.2	2.5	V	
Wavelength	λ_p	$P_o = 5\text{mW}$		650	660	nm	
Radiation angle	Perpendicular	$\theta \perp$	$P_o = 5\text{mW}$	22	30	40	degree
	Parallel	$\theta //$		5	7	12	degree
Positional accuracy	Position	$\Delta X, \Delta Y, \Delta Z$	$P_o = 5\text{mW}$			± 150	μm
	Angle	$\Delta \phi //$				± 3	degree
		$\Delta \phi \perp$				± 3	degree
Differential efficiency	η_D	$P_o = 5\text{mW}$	0.3	0.6	0.9	mW/mA	
Astigmatism	A_s	$P_o = 5\text{mW}$		7	15	μm	
Monitor current	I_{mon}	$P_o = 5\text{mW}, V_R = 5\text{V}$	0.05	0.1	0.25	mA	

Handling Precautions

Safety goggles for protection from laser beam

(1) Eye protection against laser beams

The optical output of laser diodes ranges from several mW to 4W. However the optical power density of the laser beam at the diode chip reaches $1\text{MW}/\text{cm}^2$. Unlike gas lasers, since laser diode beams are divergent, uncollimated laser diode beams are fairly safe at a laser diode. For observing laser beams, ALWAYS use safety goggles that block infrared rays. Usage of IR scopes, IR cameras and fluorescent plates is also recommended for monitoring laser beams safely.



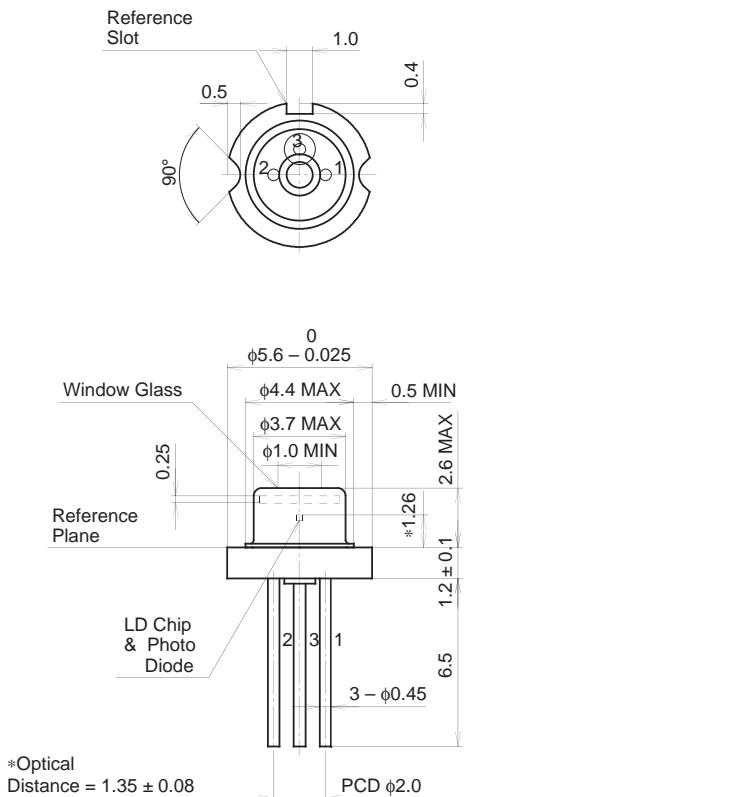
(2) Prevention of surge current and electrostatic discharge

Laser diode is most sensitive to electrostatic discharge among semiconductors. When a large current is passed through the laser diode even for an extremely short time (in the order of nanosecond), the strong light emitted from the laser diode promotes deterioration and then laser diodes are destroyed. Therefore, note that the surge current should not flow the laser diode driving circuit from switches and others. Also, if the laser diode is handled carelessly, it may be destructed instantly because electrostatic discharge is easily applied by a human body. Be great careful about excess current and electrostatic discharge.

Package Outline

Unit: mm

M-294



SONY CODE	M-294
EIAJ CODE	
JEDEC CODE	

PACKAGE WEIGHT	0.3g
----------------	------