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- Members of the Texas Instruments
 Widebus™ Family
- State-of-the-Art Advanced BiCMOS Technology (ABT) Design for 3.3-V Operation and Low Static-Power Dissipation
- Support Mixed-Mode Signal Operation (5-V Input and Output Voltages With 3.3-V V_{CC})
- Support Unregulated Battery Operation Down to 2.7 V
- Typical V_{OLP} (Output Ground Bounce)
 0.8 V at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C
- I_{off} and Power-Up 3-State Support Hot Insertion
- Bus Hold on Data Inputs Eliminates the Need for External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors
- Distributed V_{CC} and GND Pin Configuration Minimizes High-Speed Switching Noise
- Flow-Through Architecture Optimizes PCB Layout
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 500 mA Per JESD 17
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Package Options Include Plastic Shrink Small-Outline (DL) and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG) Packages and 380-mil Fine-Pitch Ceramic Flat (WD) Package Using 25-mil Center-to-Center Spacings

SN54LVTH16835 . . . WD PACKAGE SN74LVTH16835 . . . DGG OR DL PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



NC - No internal connection

description

The 'LVTH16835 devices are 18-bit universal bus drivers designed for low-voltage (3.3-V) V_{CC} operation, but with the capability to provide a TTL interface to a 5-V system environment.

Data flow from A to Y is controlled by the output-enable (\overline{OE}) input. These devices operate in the transparent mode when the latch-enable (LE) input is high. The A data is latched if the clock (CLK) input is held at a high or low logic level. If LE is low, the A data is stored in the latch/flip-flop on the low-to-high transition of the clock. When \overline{OE} is high, the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

Active bus-hold circuitry is provided to hold unused or floating data inputs at a valid logic level.

When V_{CC} is between 0 and 1.5 V, the devices are in the high-impedance state during power up or power down. However, to ensure the high-impedance state above 1.5 V, \overline{OE} should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

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description (continued)

These devices are fully specified for hot-insertion applications using I_{off} and power-up 3-state. The I_{off} circuitry disables the outputs, preventing damaging current backflow through the devices when they are powered down. The power-up 3-state circuitry places the outputs in the high-impedance state during power up and power down, which prevents driver conflict.

The SN54LVTH16835 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of -55° C to 125° C. The SN74LVTH16835 is characterized for operation from -40° C to 85° C.

FUNCTION TABLE

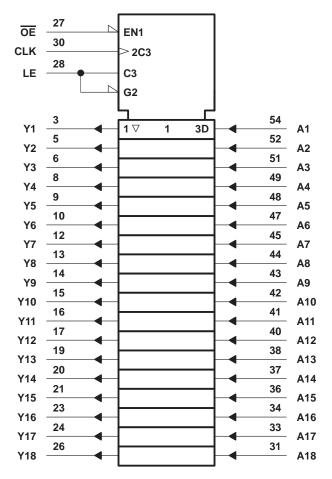
	OUTPUT			
OE	LE	CLK	Α	Y
Н	Х	Х	Χ	Z
L	Н	Χ	L	L
L	Н	X	Н	Н
L	L	\uparrow	L	L
L	L	\uparrow	Н	Н
L	L	Н	Χ	Y ₀ †
L	L	L	Χ	Y ₀ ‡

[†] Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established, provided that CLK is high before LE goes low



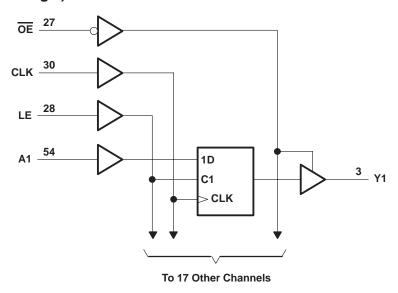
[‡] Output level before the indicated steady-state input conditions were established

logic symbol†



[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

logic diagram (positive logic)



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V _{CC}	
Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance	
or power-off state, V _O (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 7 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high state, V _O (see Note 1)—0	$0.5 \text{ V to V}_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$
Current into any output in the low state, IO: SN54LVTH16835	96 mA
SN74LVTH16835	
Current into any output in the high state, IO (see Note 2): SN54LVTH16835	48 mA
SN74LVTH16835	64 mA
Input clamp current, I _{IK} (V _I < 0)	–50 mA
Output clamp current, I_{OK} ($V_O < 0$)	
Package thermal impedance, θ _{JA} (see Note 3): DGG package	81°C/W
DL package	
Storage temperature range, T _{stg}	

[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
 - 2. This current flows only when the output is in the high state and $V_O > V_{CC}$.
 - 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

		SN54LVTI	H16835	SN74LVTI	UNIT		
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
Vcc	Supply voltage		2.7	3.6	2.7	3.6	V
VIH	High-level input voltage		2	Ž	2		V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			8.0		0.8	V
VI	Input voltage		4	5.5		5.5	V
loh	High-level output current		1	-24		-32	mA
loL	Low-level output current		3	48		64	mA
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs enabled	0,0	10		10	ns/V
Δt/ΔV _{CC}	Power-up ramp rate		200		200		μs/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		-55	125	-40	85	°C

NOTE 4: All unused control inputs of the device must be held at V_{CC} or GND to ensure proper device operation. Refer to the TI application report, Implications of Slow or Floating CMOS Inputs, literature number SCBA004.



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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			4LVTH16	6835	SN7	UNIT				
PAI	RAMETER	1531 (4	UNDITIONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT		
٧ _{IK}		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$	$CC = 2.7 \text{ V}, \qquad I_{\parallel} = -18 \text{ mA}$			-1.2			-1.2	V		
VOH		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V},$	I _{OH} = -100 μA	V _{CC} -0.2			V _{CC} -0	V _{CC} -0.2				
		$V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V},$	$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.4			2.4			V		
		VCC = 3 V	I _{OH} = -24 mA	2						v		
		VCC = 3 V	I _{OH} = -32 mA				2					
		V _{CC} = 2.7 V	I _{OL} = 100 μA			0.2			0.2			
		VCC = 2.7 V	I _{OL} = 24 mA			0.5			0.5			
Vol			I _{OL} = 16 mA			0.4			0.4	V		
VOL		V _{CC} = 3 V	$I_{OL} = 32 \text{ mA}$			0.5			v			
		\(\(\text{CC} = 3\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	I _{OL} = 48 mA			0.55						
			I _{OL} = 64 mA						0.55			
	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 0 \text{ or } 3.6 \text{ V},$	V _I = 5.5 V			10			10			
	Control inputs	$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND			±1		±1				
l _l	A inputs	VCC = 3.6 V	$V_I = V_{CC}$		S.	1			1	μΑ		
			V _I = 5.5 V	10			10					
			V _I = 0		5	- 5			– 5			
l _{off}		$V_{CC} = 0$,	V_I or $V_O = 0$ to 4.5 V	4	3				±100	μΑ		
		V _{CC} = 3 V	V _I = 0.8 V	75)		75					
I _I (hold)	A inputs		V _I = 2 V	= 2 V -75 -7						μΑ		
		$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V}^{\ddagger}, \qquad V_{I} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$					±500					
lozh		$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$	VO = 3 V			5			5	μΑ		
lozL		$V_{CC} = 3.6 \text{ V},$	V _O = 0.5 V			- 5			- 5	μΑ		
lozpu		$\frac{V_{CC}}{OE} = 0$ to 1.5 V, $V_{O} = 0$	0.5 V to 3 V,			±100*			±100	μΑ		
l _{OZPD}	$\frac{V_{CC}}{OE} = 1.5 \text{ V to } 0, V_{O} = 0$ $OE = \text{don't care}$		0.5 V to 3 V,			±100*			±100	μΑ		
		V _{CC} = 3.6 V,	Outputs high			0.19		-	0.19			
ICC		$I_{O} = 0$,	Outputs low			5			5	mA		
		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	Outputs disabled	0.19					0.19			
Δl _{CC} §		V_{CC} = 3 V to 3.6 V, One input at V_{CC} – 0.6 V, Other inputs at V_{CC} or GND				0.2			0.2	mA		
Ci		V _I = 3 V or 0			3.5			3.5		pF		
Co		V _O = 3 V or 0			9			9		pF		



^{*} On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter is not production tested.

† All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C.

‡ This is the bus-hold maximum dynamic current. It is the minimum overdrive current required to switch the input from one state to another.

[§] This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than VCC or GND.

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timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

				SN54LVTH16835				SN74LVTH16835					
				V _{CC} =		VCC =	2.7 V	V _{CC} =		VCC =	2.7 V	UNIT	
				MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
fclock	Clock frequency				150	_	150		150		150	MHz	
	t _W Pulse duration	LE high		3.3		3.3		3.3		3.3		20	
١W		CLK high or low		3.3		3.3		3.3		3.3		ns	
		Data before CLK↑		2.2		2.5		2.1		2.4			
t _{su}	su Setup time	Setup time Data before LE↓	CLK high	2.5	ζ	1.7		2.3		1.5		ns	
	Data before LEV	CLK low	1.5	200	0.5		1.5		0.5				
+.	Hold time	Data after CLK↑		1	Z.	0		1		0		Τ	
t _h Hold time	i loid time	old time Data after LE↓		0.8		0.8		0.8		0.8		ns	

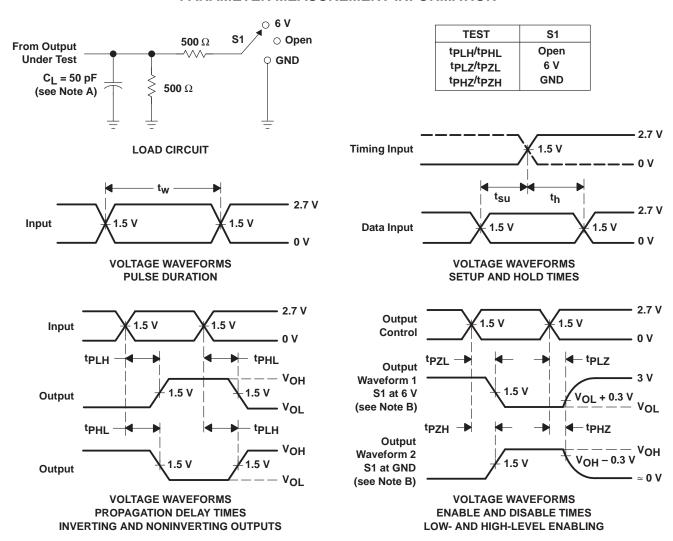
switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, C_L = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

	FROM (INPUT)			SN54LV	TH16835								
PARAMETER			V _{CC} = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V _{CC} = 2.7 V		V _{CC} = 3.3 ± 0.3 V				2.7 V	UNIT	
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	TYP†	MAX	MIN	MAX		
f _{max}			150		150		150			150		MHz	
t _{PLH}	А	Y	1.2	3.9		4.3	1.3	2.6	3.7		4	ns	
^t PHL	1 ^	T T	1.2	3.9	2	4.3	1.3	2.4	3.7		4	115	
^t PLH		Y	1.4	5.3	Z	5.9	1.5	3.2	5.1		5.7	ns	
t _{PHL}	LE		1.4	5.3	75/2	5.9	1.5	3.3	5.1		5.7	115	
^t PLH	CLK	Y	1.4	5.3		5.9	1.5	3.5	5.1		5.7	ns	
t _{PHL}	CLK	ī	1.4	5.3		5.9	1.5	3.4	5.1		5.7	115	
^t PZH	ŌĒ	Y	1.2	O 5		5.9	1.3	2.9	4.6		5.5	ns	
t _{PZL}	OE .	1	1.2	Q 5		5.9	1.3	3	4.6		5.5	115	
^t PHZ	ŌĒ	Y	1.6	6		6.5	1.7	4.2	5.8		6.3	ns	
tPLZ		OE	OE .	1	1.6	6		6.5	1.7	3.7	5.8		6.3

 $^{^{\}dagger}$ All typical values are at V_{CC} = 3.3 V, T_A = 25°C.

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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. C_I includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR \leq 10 MHz, Z_O = 50 Ω , $t_f \leq$ 2.5 ns. $t_f \leq$ 2.5 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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